Pune District Education Association's

Shankarrao Ursal College of Pharmaceutical Sciences & Research Centre, Kharadi, Pune-14.

2.6: Student Performance and Learning Outcomes

2.6.1: Programme Outcomes (POs) and Course Outcomes (COs) for all Programmes offered by the institution are stated and displayed on website.

Pune District Education Association's

Shankarrao Ursal College of Pharmaceutical Sciences & Research Centre, Kharadi, Pune-14.

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Dr. V. U. Barge
Coordinator

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Shankarrao Ursal College of Pharmaceutical Sciences & Research Centre, Kharadi, Pune-14.

A. Programme Outcomes (POs)

PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

1. **PO1: Pharmacy Knowledge:** Possess knowledge and comprehension of the core and basic knowledge associated with the profession of pharmacy, including biomedical sciences; pharmaceutical sciences; behavioral, social, and administrative pharmacy sciences; and manufacturing practices.
2. **PO2: Planning Abilities:** Demonstrate effective planning abilities including time management, resource management, delegation skills and organizational skills. Develop and implement plans and organize work to meet deadlines.
3. **PO3: Problem Analysis:** Utilize the principles of scientific enquiry, thinking analytically, clearly and critically, while solving problems and making decisions during daily practice. Find, analyze, evaluate and apply information systematically and shall make defensible decisions.
4. **PO4: Modern Tool Usage:** Learn, select, and apply appropriate methods and procedures, resources, and modern pharmacy-related computing tools with an understanding of the limitations.
5. **PO5: Leadership Skills:** Understand and consider the human reaction to change, motivation issues, leadership and team-building when planning changes required for fulfillment of practice, professional and societal responsibilities. Assume participatory roles as responsible citizens or leadership roles when appropriate to facilitate improvement in health and well- being.
6. **PO6: Professional Identity:** Understand, analyze and communicate the value of their professional roles in society (e.g. health care professionals, promoters of health, educators, managers, employers, employees).
7. **PO7: Pharmaceutical Ethics:** Honour personal values and apply ethical principles in professional and social contexts. Demonstrate behavior that recognizes cultural and personal variability in values, communication and lifestyles. Use ethical frameworks; apply ethical principles while making decisions and take responsibility for the outcomes associated with the decisions.
8. **PO8: Communication:** Communicate effectively with the pharmacy community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports, make effective presentations and documentation, and give and receive clear instructions.

9. **PO9: The Pharmacist and Society:** Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety and legal issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional pharmacy practice.
10. **PO10: Environment and Sustainability:** Understand the impact of the professional pharmacy solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.
11. **PO11: Life-long learning:** Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change. Self- assess and use feedback effectively from others to identify learning needs and to satisfy these needs on an ongoing basis.

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B. Course Outcomes (COs) for B. Pharm and M. Pharm Programmes (A.Y. 2018-19 to 2022-23)

B.1. Course Outcomes (COs) for B. Pharm and M. Pharm Programmes (A.Y. 2022-23)

Course Outcomes F. Y. B. Pharm (Semester-I)
Academic Year 2022-23

Sr. No.	Course	Course Code	Course Outcome Number	Course Outcome
				Upon completion of the course student will be able to
1.	Human Anatomy and Physiology-I (2019 Pattern)	BP101T	BP101T1	Define and explain the anatomy and physiology, various levels of organizations basic homeostatic mechanism.
			BP101T2	Explain the morphology, physiology of skeletal system along with the physiology of muscle contraction in co-ordination with the joints, theirarticulation and skin.
			BP101T3	Explain and describe the composition, function of various body fluids like blood and lymph, their significance and related disorders.
			BP101T4	Classify the peripheral nervous system, nerves and morphology ofspecial senses.
			BP101T5	Explain the anatomy and physiology and parameters related to CVS and related disorders.
2.	Human Anatomy and Physiology-I (2019 Pattern)	BP107P	BP107P1	Utilize effectively the microscope for microscopic study of varioustissues.
			BP107P2	Identify axial and appendicular bones of human skeleton.
			BP107P3	Explain the gross morphology, structure and functions of variousorgans of human body.
			BP107P4	Identify different tissues and organs of different systems of human body.
			BP107P5	Perform the haematological tests like blood cell count, haemoglobinestimation, bleeding/clotting time, etc.
			BP107P6	Record the blood pressure, heart rate, pulse rate and respiratory volume.
3.	Pharmaceutical Analysis I (2019 Pattern)	BP102T	BP102T1	Understand fundamentals of analytical chemistry, principles of volumetric and electrochemical analysis. Carry out various volumetric and electrochemical titrations. Develop analytical skills.
			BP102T2	Differentiate between various types of volumetric titrations like acid base titration, precipitation titration, complexometric titration, redox titration as well as able to perform Gravimetric quantitative determination method.

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			BP102T3	Illustrate about different electro chemical methods of analysis like conductometry, potentiometry, polarography, refractometry.
4.	Pharmaceutical Analysis I (2019 Pattern)	BP108P	BP108P1	Acquire knowledge about how to carry out various volumetric and electrochemical titrations.
			BP108P2	Perform standardization of various secondary standard substances
			BP108P3	Perform assays of compounds based on different types of volumetric titrations.
			BP108P4	Utilize equipments like conductivity meter, potentiometer, refractometer etc. for the determination of normality and refractive index.
5.	Pharmaceutics I (2019 Pattern)	BP103T	BP103T1	Know the history of profession of pharmacy.
			BP103T2	Understand the basics of different dosage forms, pharmaceutical incompatibilities and pharmaceutical calculations.
			BP103T3	Understand the professional way of handling the prescription.
			BP103T4	Prepare various conventional dosage forms.
6.	Pharmaceutics I (2019 Pattern)	BP109P	BP109P1	State the correct use of various equipments in Pharmaceutics laboratory relevant to practicals.
			BP109P2	Explain formulation, evaluation and labelling of aromatic water, glycerides, syrups, elixirs and powder preparations.
			BP109P3	Perform pharmaceutical calculations to determine evaluation parameters like density, viscosity, specific gravity, angle of repose, Carr's index, Hausner ratio of preparations.
			BP109P4	Describe use of ingredients in formulation and category of formulation & Perform pharmaceutical calculations.
			BP109P5	Use equipments and apparatus needed for the preparation as per SOP, select the suitable packaging material (container-closure) for the preparation and draw the labels in neat way including all the component/parts.
			BP109P6	Summarize the principles of formulation and evaluation, predict the special requirements of preparations regarding the use, handling and storage conditions.
7.	Pharmaceutical Inorganic Chemistry (2019 Pattern)	BP104T	BP104T1	Understand sources of impurities and methods to determine the impurities in inorganic drugs and pharmaceuticals.
			BP104T2	Understand the basic concepts of acidity /basicity, buffers and tonicity applicable in pharmaceuticals.
			BP104T3	Understand the medicinal and pharmaceutical applications of inorganic compounds.

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			BP104T4	Understand the concepts and principles of radiopharmaceuticals.
8	Pharmaceutical Inorganic Chemistry (2019 Pattern)	BP110P	BP110P1	Develop skills to perform limit test and for given sample.
			BP110P2	Perform identification of different inorganic compounds through various qualitative tests.
			BP110P3	Perform tests for purity for different compounds as per official compendia.
			BP110P4	Acquire knowledge and skills to prepare inorganic salts such as boric acid, potash alum and ferrous sulphate.
9	Communication Skills (2019 Pattern)	BP105T	BP105T1	Understand the behavioural needs for a Pharmacist to function effectively in the areas of pharmaceutical operation.
			BP105T2	Communicate effectively (Verbal and Non Verbal).
			BP105T3	Effectively manage the team as a team player.
			BP105T4	Develop interview skills.
			BP105T5	Develop Leadership qualities and essentials.
11.	Remedial Biology (2019 Pattern)	BP106 RBT	BP106RBT1	Understand the components of living world.
			BP106RBT2	Know the classification and salient features of five kingdoms of life.
			BP106RBT3	Understand the basic components of anatomy & physiology of plant.
			BP106RBT4	Illustrate the basic components of anatomy & physiology animal with special reference to human.
12	Remedial Biology (2019 Pattern)	BP112RBP	BP112RBP1	Understand the components of living Cell.
			BP112RBP2	Know the classification and salient features of cell and its types.
			BP112RBP3	Understand the basic components of anatomy & physiology of plant.
			BP112RBP4	Illustrate the basic components of anatomy & physiology animal with special reference to human.
13.	Remedial Mathematics (2019 Pattern)	BP106RMT	BP106RMT1	Know the theory and their application in Pharmacy.
			BP106RMT2	Solve the different types of problems by applying theory.
			BP106RMT3	Appreciate the important application of mathematics in Pharmacy.

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Course Outcomes F. Y. B. Pharm (Semester-II)
Academic Year 2022-23

Sr. No.	Course	Course Code	Course Outcome Number	Course Outcome
				Upon completion of the course student will be able to
1	Human Anatomy and Physiology-II (2019 Pattern)	BP201T	BP201T1	Explain the anatomy and physiology and parameters related to digestive system and related disorders.
			BP201T2	Explain the anatomy and physiology and parameters related to nervous system and ANS.
			BP201T3	Explain the anatomy and physiology and parameters related to Urinary system.
			BP201T4	Explain the anatomy and physiology and parameters related Endocrine system.
			BP201T5	Explain the anatomy and physiology and parameters related Reproductive system.
			BP201T6	Explain the anatomy and physiology and parameters related Respiratory system.
2	Human Anatomy and Physiology-II (2019 Pattern)	BP207P	BP207P1	Record the body temperature and Basal Mass Index.
			BP207P2	Explain Reflex and Visual activity.
			BP207P3	Explain positive and negative feedback mechanism.
			BP207P4	Explain the gross morphology, structure and functions of various organs system of human body.
			BP207P5	Perform the hematological test like total blood count.
			BP207P6	Perform the tidal volume and vital capacity.
3	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-I (2019 Pattern)	BP202T	BP202T1	Understand the basic principles of organic chemistry and Classification, IUPAC Nomenclature of organic compounds and Structural Isomerism
			BP202T2	Gain knowledge about different types of elimination and substitution reactions of alkenes, alkyl halides and conjugated dienes
			BP202T3	Gain the knowledge about reactivity & stability of different organic compounds
			BP202T4	Understand qualitative tests, structure, and uses of different organic compounds like alcohols, aldehydes, ketones, carboxylic acids and amines.
4	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-I	BP208P	BP208P1	Understand safety measures in an organic chemistry laboratory.

	(2019 Pattern)		BP208P2	Differentiate in between techniques like M.P, B.P determination, crystallization and various types of distillation.
			BP208P3	Perform the qualitative analysis of given organic compound.
			BP208P4	Perform synthesis of the selected organic compounds and understand the reaction mechanism involved in it.
			BP208P5	Understand the concept of building of molecular models of structures containing various functional groups.
5	Biochemistry (2019 Pattern)	BP203T	BP203T1	Understand classification, chemical nature, biological role and metabolism of biomolecules.
			BP203T2	Understand the metabolism of nutrient molecules in physiological and pathological conditions.
			BP203T3	Understand the genetic organization of mammalian genome and functions of DNA in the synthesis of RNAs and proteins.
			BP203T4	Understand the catalytic role of enzymes and importance of enzyme in biochemical process
6	Biochemistry (2019 Pattern)	BP209P	BP208P1	Learn quantitative analysis test of carbohydrates, amino acids and proteins
			BP208P2	Understand qualitative analysis of urine for normal and abnormal constituents.
			BP208P3	Study procedure and principle for determination of serum total cholesterol, blood sugar and blood creatinine.
			BP208P4	Understand preparation of buffer solution and measurement of pH.
			BP208P5	Understand the effect of temperature and substrate concentration on salivary amylase activity.
7	Pathophysiology (2019 Pattern)	BP204T	BP204T1	Describe the etiology and pathogenesis of disease.
			BP204T2	Understand the sign and symptoms of disease with its pathophysiological mechanism.
			BP204T3	Understand the pharmacological treatment of disease.
			BP204T4	Discuss about laboratory techniques and diagnostic test.
8	Computer Applications in Pharmacy (2019 Pattern)	BP205T	BP205T1	Know the various types of application of computers in pharmacy.
			BP205T2	Know the various types of databases.
			BP205T3	Know the various applications of databases in pharmacy.
9	Computer Applications in Pharmacy (2019 Pattern)	BP210P	BP210P1	Create a HTML web page to show personal information.
			BP210P2	Design a form in MS Access to view, add, delete and modify the patient record in the data base.
			BP210P3	Create and work with the queries in MS Access and export tables, queries, forms and reports to web pages.
10	Environmental Sciences (2019 Pattern)	BP206T	BP206T1	Elaborate the natural resources available, their advantages and disadvantages on the human and animal health and plants.

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			BP206T2	Explain the ecology, energy flow and various ecosystems in the environment describing the biodiversity of state and India.
			BP206T3	Describe various environmental pollution, roll of individual in the pollution and disaster management.

Sood.
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Course Outcomes S. Y. B. Pharm (Semester-III)
Academic Year 2022-23

Sr. No.	Course	Course Code	Course Outcome Number	Course Outcome
				Upon completion of the course, student will be able to
1	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-II (2019 Pattern)	BP301T	BP301T1	Write the structure, name and the type of isomerism of the organic compound.
			BP301T2	Write the reaction, name the reaction and orientation of reactions
			BP301T3	Account for reactivity/stability of compounds.
			BP301T4	Prepare small organic compounds.
2	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-II (2019 Pattern)	BP305P	BP305P1	Recall the various laboratory techniques involved in the synthesis process.
			BP305P2	Perform experiment with the separation of organic binary mixture.
			BP305P3	Determine the saponification value of oils.
			BP305P4	Perform synthesis, recrystallization and understand reaction mechanisms involved in synthesis of important organic compounds such as Benzanilide, Benzil etc.
3	Physical Pharmaceutics I (2019 Pattern)	BP302T	BP302T1	Ability to apply the knowledge of solubility, diffusion and distribution in pharmaceutical preparations.
			BP302T2	Investigate and apply various theories, laws and equations related to different states of matter.
			BP302T3	Demonstrate use of physicochemical properties of drugs in the formulation development and evaluation of dosage forms.
			BP302T4	Apply the concept of interfacial phenomena in pharmaceutical preparations.
			BP302T5	Distinguish the principles of complexation/ protein binding & to use them for calculations of drug release and stability constant.
			BP302T6	Understand the importance of pH, buffers and tonicity in pharmaceutical and biological system.
4	Physical Pharmaceutics I (2019 Pattern)	BP306P	BP306P1	Determine physicochemical properties of drugs in the formulation development and evaluation of dosage forms.
			BP306P2	Determine and apply the concept of interfacial phenomena in pharmaceutical preparations.

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			BP306P3	Distinguish the principles of complexation/ protein binding & to use them for calculations of drug release and stability constant.
			BP306P4	Determine thermodynamic parameters using solubility studies.
5	Pharmaceutical Microbiology (2019 Pattern)	BP303T	BP303T1	Understand methods of identification, cultivation and preservation of various microorganisms.
			BP303T2	Understand the importance and implementation of sterilization in pharmaceutical processing and industry.
			BP303T3	Learn sterility testing of pharmaceutical products.
			BP303T4	Perform microbiological standardization of Pharmaceuticals.
			BP303T5	Understand the cell culture technology and its applications in pharmaceutical industries.
6	Pharmaceutical Microbiology (2019 Pattern)	BP307P	BP307P1	Understand mechanism of equipments.
			BP307P2	Students will be able to formulate culture media.
			BP307P3	Students will be able to identify bacteria by staining method.
			BP307P4	Students will be able to isolate bacteria along with motility determination and assay of antibiotics.
7	Pharmaceutical Engineering (2019 Pattern)	BP304T	BP304T1	Know various unit operations used in pharmaceutical industries.
			BP304T2	Understand the material handling techniques.
			BP304T3	Perform various processes involved in the pharmaceutical manufacturing process.
			BP304T4	Carry out various test to prevent environmental pollution, appreciate and comprehend significance of plant lay out design for optimum use of resources.
			BP304T5	Appreciate the various preventive methods used for corrosion control in pharmaceutical industries.
8	Pharmaceutical Engineering (2019 Pattern)	BP308P	BP308P1	Understand the overall heat transfer coefficient, efficiency of steam distillation.
			BP308P2	Perform construction of drying rate curve, determination of moisture content and loss on drying.
			BP308P3	Perform tablet analysis, (size analysis) by sieving method.
			BP308P4	Understand the construction, working, application of pharmaceutical machinery such as Rotary tablet machine, Autoclave, Hot Air Oven.

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Course Outcomes S. Y. B. Pharm (Semester-IV)
Academic Year 2022-23

Sr. No.	Course	Course Code	Course Outcome Number	Course Outcome
				Upon completion of the course student will be able to
1	Pharmaceutical organic chemistry-III (2019 Pattern)	BP401T	BP401T1	Understand the concept of stereoisomerism, resolution of racemic mixture and asymmetric synthesis
			BP401T2	Elaborate principle of geometrical isomerism, stereospecific and stereoselective reactions.
			BP401T3	Explain the synthesis, reactions and medicinal uses pyrrole, furan, and thiophene derivatives
			BP401T4	Explain the synthesis, reactions and medicinal Pyrazole, Imidazole, Oxazole and Thiazole Pyridine, Quinoline, Isoquinoline, Acridine and Indole derivatives.
			BP401T5	Explain the principle and pharmaceutical application of metal hydride reduction, Clemmensen reduction, Birch reduction, Wolff Kishner reduction, Oppenauer-oxidation, Dakin, Beckmanns rearrangement, Schmidt rearrangement and Claisen-Schmidt condensation reactions.
2	Medicinal Chemistry-I (2019 Pattern)	BP402T	BP402T1	Understand and relate the physicochemical properties of drug molecules with drug activity.
			BP402T2	Explain the concept of Drug Metabolism.
			BP402T3	Discuss biosynthesis of Adrenaline and Acetyl choline, ANS agonist and antagonist with respect to their structure, IUPAC nomenclature, SAR, mode of action, metabolism, synthesis and rational development.
			BP402T4	Know rational development of various categories of drugs like CNS stimulants and depressant, psychotherapeutic drugs and General anaesthetic agents.
			BP402T5	Acquire knowledge about centrally acting analgesics (Narcotic, non-narcotic, anti-inflammatory agents) with respect to structure, IUPAC nomenclature, SAR, mode of action, metabolism, synthesis and rational development.
3	Medicinal Chemistry-I (2019 Pattern)	BP406P	BP406P1	Develop skills in various purification techniques of solvents/liquids used in synthesis.
			BP406P2	Perform synthesis, recrystallization and understand reaction mechanisms involved in synthesis of medicinally important organic compounds such as Benzocaine, Phenytoin etc.
			BP406P3	Perform the Purification of synthesized compounds by Column chromatography.

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			BP406P4	Determine the partition coefficient and Ionisation constant of medicinal compounds.
4	Physical Pharmaceutics II (2019 Pattern)	BP403T	BP403T1	Relate various physicochemical properties of drug and excipient molecules in designing the dosage forms.
			BP403T2	Apply the concept of rheology and deformation in pharmaceutical formulation.
			BP403T3	Distinguish the principles of chemical kinetics & to use them for stability testing and determination of expiry date of formulations.
			BP403T4	Investigate and apply micromeritic in pharmaceutical dosage forms.
5	Physical Pharmaceutics II (2019 Pattern)	BP407P	BP407P1	Investigate and apply micromeritic in pharmaceutical dosage forms.
			BP407P2	Determine and apply the concept of rheology in pharmaceutical preparations.
			BP407P3	Study rate of reaction for stability testing and determination of expiry date of formulations.
			BP407P4	Determine physiochemical properties and stability of excipients and drug for preparation dosage form.
6	Pharmacology- I (2019 Pattern)	BP404T	BP404T1	Define the fundamental concepts of pharmacology and pharmacokinetics.
			BP404T2	Understand the basics of pharmacodynamics, adverse reactions, drug interactions and drug discovery.
			BP404T3	Identify the role of neurohumoral transmission and drugs acting on peripheral nervous system.
			BP404T4	Analyse the functions of neurotransmitters and drugs acting on central nervous system.
			BP404T5	Appraise the pharmacology of Psychopharmacological agents.
			BP404T6	Predict the effects of drugs against neurodegenerative disorders and to elaborate the concepts of drug addiction/abuse/tolerance/ dependence.
7	Pharmacology- I (2019 Pattern)	BP408P	BP408P1	Learn about basic instruments, common laboratory animals used in experimental pharmacology and to organize animal house as per the CPCSEA guidelines.
			BP408P2	Demonstrate the common laboratory techniques like routes of administration, blood withdrawal, anaesthetics and euthanasia used for animal studies.
			BP408P3	Interpret the effects of various drugs on rabbit eye and ciliary motility of frog oesophagus in correlation with humans.
			BP408P4	Analyse the effect of drugs acting as enzyme inducers, skeletal muscle relaxants and affecting locomotor activity in laboratory animals.
			BP408P5	Evaluate the stereotype and anticatatonic activity of drugs in rats/mice.
			BP408P6	Predict various screening models for anticonvulsant and anxiolytic activity.

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8	Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry-I (2019 Pattern)	BP405T	BP405T1	Understand fundamentals of Pharmacognosy like scope, classification of crude drugs.
			BP405T2	Describe techniques in the cultivation and production of crude drugs.
			BP405T3	Identify crude drugs and explain their uses and chemical nature.
			BP405T4	Understand evaluation techniques for the herbal drugs.
9	Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry-I (2019 Pattern)	BP409P	BP409P1	Understand fundamentals of Pharmacognosy with the evaluation techniques for the herbal drugs.
			BP409P2	Carry out the microscopic and morphological evaluation of crude drugs.
			BP409P3	Explain concept of adulteration of crude drugs and its identification.
			BP409P4	Illustrate handling and uses of instruments required for evaluation of the herbal drugs.

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Course Outcomes T. Y. B. Pharm (Semester-V)
Academic Year 2022-23

Sr. No.	Course	Course Code	Course Outcome Number	Course Outcome
				Upon completion of the course student will be able to
1	Medicinal Chemistry-II (2019 Pattern)	BP501T	BP501T1	Understand the chemistry of drugs with respect to their pharmacological activity.
			BP501T2	Understand the drug metabolic pathways, adverse effect and therapeutic value of drugs.
			BP501T3	Know the Structural Activity Relationship of different class of drugs.
			BP501T4	Study the chemical synthesis of selected drugs.
2	Formulative Pharmacy (2019 Pattern)	BP502T	BP502T1	Describe various factors to be considered in development of pharmaceutical dosage forms
			BP502T2	Formulate solid, liquid, semisolid dosage forms and evaluate them for their quality.
			BP502T3	Formulate cosmetic preparations, Pharmaceutical Aerosols and evaluate them for their quality.
			BP502T4	Describe stability aspects and quality control tests of packaging materials.
3	Formulative Pharmacy (2019 Pattern)	BP506 P	BP506P1	Illustrate various pharmaceutical dosage forms and their manufacturing techniques.
			BP506P2	Describe various factors to be considered in development of pharmaceutical dosage forms.
			BP506P3	Formulate solid, liquid and semisolid dosage forms and evaluate them for their quality.
			BP506P4	Formulate cosmetics and evaluate them for their quality.
4	Pharmacology- II (2019 Pattern)	BP503T	BP503T1	Explain the pharmacology of drugs acting on Cardiovascular system for various conditions.
			BP503T2	Explain the pharmacology of drugs acting on Urinary System.
			BP503T3	Explain the various autocoids and drugs acting on endocrine system.
			BP503T4	Explain Bioassays.
5	Pharmacology- II (2019 Pattern)	BP507P	BP507P1	Handle the laboratory equipment's and apply techniques used in experimental pharmacology. N=Introduction to Physiological Salt Solution
			BP507P2	Understand the Effect of drugs on isolated frog heart, blood pressure and heart rate of dog and diuretic activity of drugs using rats/mice.

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			BP507P3	Perform recording of CRC/DRC of Acetylcholine/Histamine on suitable isolated tissue preparation.
			BP507P4	Explain and perform matching point, bracketing and interpolation bioassay to find unknown concentration of Acetylcholine/histamine.
			BP507P5	Explain Clinical Case study.
6	Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry-II (2019 Pattern)	BP504T	BP504T1	Understand the concept of Biosynthesis in formation of secondary metabolites and Radioactive tracer techniques used in plants for determining the Process of formation of secondary metabolites.
			BP504T2	Study chemistry, classification, and uses of secondary metabolites along with the medicinal plants associated with it.
			BP504T3	Know the modern techniques associated with extraction, characterization and identification of phytoconstituents.
			BP504T4	Study different methods of isolation, separation and spectroscopically methods used for the structural elucidation of the phytoconstituents.
7	Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry-II (2019 Pattern)	BP508P	BP508P1	Evaluate crude drugs by its Morphological, Microscopical and powder Characteristics.
			BP508P2	Study different methods of Extraction of phytoconstituents and volatile oil.
			BP508P3	Study the principle and procedure for separation and isolation of phytoconstituents by chromatography.
			BP508P4	Study the principle and procedure for separation and isolation of phytoconstituents by non-chromatography methods.
8	Pharm. Jurisprudence (2019 Pattern)	BP505T	BP505T1	Understand pharmaceutical legislations and their implications in the development and marketing of pharmaceuticals.
			BP505T2	Study various Indian pharmaceutical Acts and Laws.
			BP505T3	Acquire knowledge of regulatory authorities and agencies governing the manufacture and sale of pharmaceuticals.
			BP505T4	Follow code of ethics during the pharmaceutical practice.

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Course Outcomes T. Y. B. Pharm (Semester-VI)
Academic Year 2022-23

Sr. No.	Course	Course Code	Course Outcome Number	Course Outcome
				Upon completion of the course, student will be able to
1	Medicinal Chemistry-III (2019 Pattern)	BP601T	BP601T1	Explain the Drugs used for various infectious diseases caused by pathogens.
			BP601T2	Explain the Drugs used for the treatment of cancer.
			BP601T3	Explain physicochemical properties related to QSAR.
			BP601T4	Describe various approaches and designing of drug molecules including prodrug and Combinatorial chemistry.
2	Medicinal Chemistry-III (2019 Pattern)	BP607P	BP607P1	Perform synthesis, recrystallization understand reaction mechanisms involved in the synthesis of medicinally important compounds.
			BP607P2	Comprehend the techniques of microwave-assisted synthesis and explain applications of microwave-assisted synthesis in pharmaceutical research.
			BP607P3	Draw structures and reactions using Chem draw.
			BP607P4	Determine physicochemical properties such as logP, clogP, MR, Molecular weight.
			BP607P5	Handle drug design software.
3	Pharmacology-III (2019 Pattern)	BP602T	BP602T1	Understand the essential pharmacotherapy and pharmacological features of common and important drugs used in respiratory disorders.
			BP602T2	Explain pharmacology of various drugs used in treatment of GI disorders.
			BP602T3	Explain pharmacology of drugs used in the treatment of various infectious diseases and Immunopharmacology.
			BP602T4	Discuss the various principles and management of toxicology, and concept of Chrono pharmacology.
4	Pharmacology-III (2019 Pattern)	BP608P	BP608P1	Recall the dose calculations in pharmacological experiments, and to relate the antiallergic activity / anti-ulcer activity in rat models.
			BP608P2	Demonstrate of effect of drugs on gastrointestinal motility and the effect of agonists/antagonists on guinea pig ileum.
			BP608P3	Construct serum biochemical parameters by using semi auto analyzer.

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			BP608P4	Analyze effect of saline purgative on frog intestine, insulin hypoglycemic effect and test for pyrogens using rabbit method.
			BP608P5	Evaluate acute oral toxicity (LD50), acute skin irritation / corrosion and acute eye irritation/corrosion of a test substance.
			BP608P6	Predict the pharmacokinetic parameters and adapt the biostatistics methods in experimental pharmacology.
5	Herbal Drug Technology (2019 Pattern)	BP603T	BP603T1	Understand the concept of herbs as a source of raw materials, concept of Biodynamic farming and principals involved in different traditional systems of Medicines.
			BP603T2	Gain knowledge about Herbal cosmetics, Natural sweeteners and Nutraceuticals.
			BP603T3	Acquaint with guidelines framed by W.H.O., I.C.H, and G.M.P for evaluation herbal drugs.
			BP603T4	Gain knowledge about herbal Industry and understand the importance of patenting of herbal drugs.
6	Herbal Drug Technology (2019 Pattern)	BP609P	BP609P1	Understand concept of extraction and preliminary phytochemical screening of Phytoconstituents.
			BP609P2	Understand concept for extraction and preliminary phytochemical screening of Phytoconstituents.
			BP609P3	Evaluate and standardize herbal formulation.
			BP609P4	Acquire primary knowledge about structural elucidation by analyzing and studying of drug monographs from natural origin.
7	Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics (2019 Pattern)	BP604T	BP604T1	Understand the basic concepts in biopharmaceutics and pharmacokinetics and their Significance.
			BP604T2	Use plasma drug concentration-time data to calculate the pharmacokinetic parameters to describe the kinetics of drug absorption, distribution, metabolism, excretion, elimination.
			BP604T3	Understand the concepts of bioavailability and bioequivalence of drug products and their Significance.
			BP604T4	Understand the concept of dissolution and application of in vitro in vivo correlation in drug product development.
8	Pharmaceutical Biotechnology (2019 Pattern)	BP605T	BP605T1	Explain Brief introduction of Biotechnology, Enzyme Biotechnology, Biosensor, Protein Engineering, Basic principles of genetic engineering.
			BP605T2	Tell Cloning vectors, Recombinant DNA technology, Application of genetic engineering and r DNA technology, PCR139.
			BP605T3	Describe Types of immunity, Structure Immunoglobulins and MHC, Preparation methods of vaccines, antitoxins, serum, Hybridoma technology, Storage condition and stability of official vaccines.
			BP605T4	Explain Immuno blotting techniques- ELISA, Western blotting, Southern blotting, Microbial genetics Transformation, transduction, conjugation, plasmid, transposons. Types of Mutation/mutants.

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			BP605T5	Describe Fermentation methods and general requirements, large scale fermenter design and various controls, Study of production of Penicillin, Vit.B12, Glutamic acid. Blood products.
9	Quality Assurance (2019 Pattern)	BP606T	BP606T1	Understand The CGMP Aspects in the Pharmaceutical Industry.
			BP606T2	Appreciate The Importance of Documentation.
			BP606T3	Understand The Scope of Quality Certifications Applicable to Pharmaceutical Industries.
			BP606T4	Understand The Responsibilities of QA and QC Departments.
			BP606T5	Understand The CGMP Aspects in Pharmaceutical Industry.

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Course Outcomes Final Y. B. Pharm (Semester-VII)
Academic Year 2022-23

Sr. No.	Course	Course Code	Course Outcome Number	Course Outcome
				Upon completion of the course, student will be able to
1	Instrumental Methods of Analysis (2019 Pattern)	BP701T	BP701T1	Illustrate the basic principle, instrumentation and applications of UV Visible Spectroscopy, Fluorimetry.
			BP701T2	Demonstrate understanding of principles, instrumentation and application of Infra-red spectroscopy, FTIR, Flame Photometry, Atomic Absorption Spectroscopy, Nepheloturbidimetry.
			BP701T3	Understand principle, theory, instrumentation and applications of Adsorption and Partition Column Chromatography, Paper Chromatography, Thin Layer Chromatography, High Performance Thin Layer Chromatography, Ion Exchange Chromatography, Gel Chromatography.
			BP701T4	Differentiate between principles, theory, instrumentation and applications of Gas Chromatography and High Performance Liquid Chromatography.
2	Instrumental Methods of Analysis (2019 Pattern)	BP705 P	BP705P1	Understand the interaction of matter with electromagnetic radiations and its applications in drug analysis.
			BP705P2	Understand the chromatographic separation and analysis of drugs.
			BP705P3	Perform quantitative & qualitative analysis of drugs/API using various analytical instruments.
			BP705P4	Take appropriate safety measures while handling instruments, chemicals and apparatus.
3	Industrial Pharmacy-II (2019 Pattern)	BP702T	BP702T1	Know the process of pilot plant and scale up of pharmaceutical dosage forms.
			BP702T2	Classify the process of technology transfer from lab scale to commercial batch.
			BP702T3	Explain different Laws and Acts that regulate pharmaceutical industry.
			BP702T4	Understand the approval process and regulatory requirements for drug products.
4	Pharmacy Practice (2019 Pattern)	BP703T	BP703T1	Demonstrate knowledge of and ability to use principles of therapeutics, quality improvement, communication, economics, health behaviour, social and administrative aspects, health policy and legal issues in the practice of pharmacy.
			BP703T2	Use knowledge of drug distribution methods in hospital and apply it in the practice of pharmacy.

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			BP703T3	Apply principles of drug store management and inventory control to medication use.
			BP703T4	Provide patient-centered care to diverse patients using the best available evidence and monitor drug therapy of patient through medication chart review, obtain medication history interview and counsel the patients, identify drug related problems.
			BP703T5	Engage in innovative activities by making use of the knowledge of clinical trials.
			BP703T6	Exhibit professional ethics by producing safe and appropriate medication use throughout society.
5	Novel Drug Delivery System (2019 Pattern)	BP704T	BP704T1	Explain the principles and technology used in the design of sustained release and controlled release drug delivery systems.
			BP704T2	Learn the criteria for selection of a drugs and polymers for the development of Novel drug delivery systems.
			BP704T3	Learn the various approaches for development of novel drug delivery systems.
			BP704T4	Explain the formulation and characterization of Microencapsulation, Implementable and Mucosal Drug Delivery system.
			BP704T5	Explain the formulation and characterization of transdermal drug Delivery systems.
			BP704T6	Learn the formulation and evaluation of Gastroretentive and Nasopulmonary drug delivery systems.
			BP704T7	Discuss various approaches for the development of targeted drug Delivery systems.
			BP704T8	Explain development of ocular formulations and intra uterine devices (IUDs) and it's applications.
6	Practice School (2019 Pattern)	BP706PS	BP706T1	Recognize the significance of practical training through experience in a variety of fields, including formulation development and evaluation, analytical method development and validation, clinical research, pharmacovigilance and isolation and characterization of natural product phytoconstituents.
			BP706T2	Advance technical and planning skills through hands-on training in a chosen field.
			BP706T3	Assess the issues encountered during practical training and to suggest theoretical knowledge to address those issues.
			BP706T4	Utilize the knowledge they gained through hands-on training while working in various fields.

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Course Outcomes Final Y. B. Pharm (Semester-VIII)
Academic Year 2022-23

Sr. No.	Course	Course Code	Course Outcome Number	Course Outcome
				Upon completion of the course student will be able to
1	Biostatistics and Research Methodology (2019 Pattern)	BP801T	BP801T1	Know the operation of M.S. Excel, SPSS, R and MINITAB®, DoE (Design of Experiment).
			BP801T2	Know the various statistical techniques to solve statistical problems.
			BP801T3	Understand meaning and applications of correlation regression, probability, parametric and non-parametric tests, blocking and confounding.
2	Social and Preventive Pharmacy (2019 Pattern)	BP802T	BP802T1	Understand the concept of Health and prevention and control of disease, social causes of diseases, impact of urbanization on health and disease, Poverty and health, Personal hygiene and health care
			BP802T2	Acquire high consciousness/realization of current issues related to health and pharmaceutical problems within the country and worldwide.
			BP802T3	Develop a critical way of thinking based on current healthcare development.
			BP802T4	Know about National health intervention programme for mother and child, National family welfare programme, National tobacco control programme, National Malaria Prevention Program.
			BP802T5	Evaluate alternative ways of solving problems related to health and pharmaceutical issues.
3	Pharmacovigilance (2019 Pattern)	BP805ET	BP805T1	Understand history and development of pharmacovigilance.
			BP805T2	Understand Dictionaries, coding and terminologies used in pharmacovigilance.
			BP805T3	Acquire knowledge of detection of new adverse drug reactions and their assessment.
			BP805T4	Know adverse drug reaction reporting systems and

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				communication in pharmacovigilance.
			BP805T5	Know Pharmacovigilance Program of India, requirement for ADR reporting in India.
			BP806T6	Understand ICH guidelines for ICSR, PSUR, expedited reporting, pharmacovigilance planning.
4	Cosmetic Science (2019 Pattern)	BP809ET	BP809ET1	Understand the concepts of cosmetics, anatomy of skin and hair.
			BP809ET2	Explain the concept of cosmeceuticals, history, difference between cosmetics and cosmeceutical agents.
			BP809ET3	Know different Laws and Acts that regulate pharmaceutical industry
			BP809ET4	Understand the approval process and regulatory requirements for drug products.
5	Project Work (2019 Pattern)	BP812PW	BP812PW1	Determine their areas of interest and acquire literature survey skills.
			BP812PW2	Plan and execute necessary experimental procedures.
			BP812PW3	Communicate and defend their findings in the form of thesis and seminar.

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Course Outcomes

F. Y. M. Pharm (Semester-I)

Pharmaceutics

Academic Year 2022-23

Sr. No.	Course	Course Code	Course Outcome Number	Course Outcome
				Upon completion of the course, student will be able to
1	Modern Pharmaceutical Analytical Techniques (2019 Pattern)	MPAT101T	MPAT101T1	Understand the basic principle, theory and applications of various analytical techniques and the fundamentals on conventional analytical methods of drug analysis used in laboratories.
			MPAT101T2	Acquire knowledge about instrumentation and sufficient skills in handling of equipments or procedures for estimation of pharmaceuticals.
			MPAT101T3	Comprehend analytical techniques for identification, characterization and quantification of drugs.
			MPAT101T4	Utilize/Develop new technology and method for qualitative and quantitative analysis of pharmaceutical compound from organic, inorganic and herbal origin with cost effective approach.
			MPAT101T5	Elucidate structure of organic compounds using spectroscopic tools.
2	Drug Delivery System (2019 Pattern)	MPH102T	MPH102T1	Understand the various approaches for development of novel drug delivery systems.
			MPH102T2	Acquire knowledge of criteria for selection of drugs and polymers for the development of delivering system.
			MPH102T3	Understand the formulation and evaluation of Novel drug delivery systems.
3	Modern Pharmaceutics (2019 Pattern)	MPH103T	MPH103T1	Understand the elements of preformulation studies.
			MPH103T2	Understand the Active Pharmaceutical Ingredients and Generic Drug Product development.
			MPH103T3	Know Industrial Management and GMP Considerations.
			MPH103T4	Learn Optimization Techniques & Pilot Plant Scale Up Techniques
			MPH103T5	Perform Stability Testing, sterilization process & packaging of dosage forms.
4	Regulatory Affair (2019 Pattern)	MPH104T	MPH104T1	Understand the Concepts of innovator and generic drugs. drug development process.
			MPH104T2	Understand The Regulatory guidance's and guidelines for filing and approval process.

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			MPH104T3	Understand Preparation of Dossiers and their submission to regulatory agencies in different countries.
			MPH104T4	Recognize the Post approval regulatory requirements for actives and drug products and submission of global documents in CTD/ eCTD formats.
			MPH104T5	Know the Submission of global documents in CTD/ eCTD formats. And clinical trials requirements for approvals for conducting clinical trials.
5	Pharmaceutics Practical I (2019 Pattern)	MPH105P	MPH105P1	Analyze various drugs in single and combination dosage forms for development of theoretical and practical skills of the analytical instruments.
			MPH105P2	Understand various approaches for development and evaluation of novel drug delivery systems.
			MPH105P3	Know the criteria for selection of drugs and polymers for the development of drug delivering system.
			MPH105P4	Investigate and apply micromeritic in pharmaceutical dosage forms.

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Course Outcomes

F. Y. M. Pharm (Semester-II)

Pharmaceutics

Academic Year 2022-23

Sr. No.	Course	Course Code	Course Outcome Number	Course Outcome
				Upon completion of the course, student will be able to
1	Molecular Pharmaceutics (Nano Tech and Targeted DDS) (2019 Pattern)	MPH201T	MPH201T1	The various approaches for development of novel drug delivery systems.
			MPH201T2	The criteria for selection of drugs and polymers for the development of NTDS.
			MPH201T3	The formulation and evaluation of novel drug delivery systems.
2	Advanced Biopharmaceutics & Pharmacokinetics (2019 Pattern)	MPH202T	MPH202T1	Explain mechanism of drug absorption &various factors affecting drug absorption.
			MPH202T2	Learn various biopharmaceutic factors affecting drug bioavailability.
			MPH202T3	Understand basic considerations of pharmacokinetic models.
			MPH202T4	Explain the design and evaluation of dosage regimens of the drugs using pharmacokinetic and biopharmaceutic parameters.
			MPH202T5	Learn different types of drug interactions which alter the pharmacokinetics of such as drug-protein /drug-tissue binding interactions
3	Computer Aided Drug Delivery System	MPH203T	MPH203T1	Explain Computers in Pharmaceutical Research and Development.
			MPH203T2	Understand and operate Computers in Preclinical Development, Clinical Development and Market Analysis.
			MPH203T3	Create Optimization Techniques in Pharmaceutical Formulation.
			MPH203T4	Understand and apply artificial intelligence (AI) and robotics computational fluid dynamics (CFD) in pharmaceutical preparation.
4	Cosmetic and Cosmeceuticals (2019 Pattern)	MPH204T	MPH204T1	Acquire knowledge about key ingredients used in cosmetics and cosmeceuticals.
			MPH204T2	Acquire knowledge about key building blocks for various formulations.
			MPH204T3	Learn current technologies in the market.

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			MPH204T4	Understand use of various key ingredients and basic science to develop cosmetics and cosmeceuticals.
			MPH204T5	Acquire scientific knowledge to develop cosmetics and cosmeceuticals with desired safety, stability, and efficacy.
5	Pharmaceutics Practical II (2019 Pattern)	MPH205P	MPH205P1	Acquire scientific knowledge to develop and evaluate the various cosmetics and cosmeceuticals formulations with desired safety, stability, and efficacy.
			MPH205P2	Perform formulation and evaluation of various novel drug delivery system with desired safety, stability, and efficacy.
			MPH205P3	Understand various case studies of bioavailability, pharmacokinetic, in vitro cell studies, computer simulations in pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamics, sensitivity analysis, population modeling and computational modeling of drug disposition.
			MPH205P4	Understand the concept of dissolution kinetics, improvement of dissolution by solid dispersion technique, comparison of dissolution of two different marketed products & protein binding studies.
			MPH205P5	Acquire scientific knowledge of design of experiment for any formulation using and formulation data analysis using design expert® software and use of quality-by-design in pharmaceutical development.

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Course Outcomes

F. Y. M. Pharm (Semester-I)

Pharmaceutical Quality Assurance

Academic Year 2022-23

Sr. No.	Course	Course Code	Course Outcome Number	Course Outcome
				Upon completion of the course, student will be able to
1	Modern Pharmaceutical Analytical Techniques (2019 Pattern)	MQA101 T	MPAT101T1	Understand the basic principle, theory and applications of various analytical techniques and the fundamentals on conventional analytical methods of drug analysis used in laboratories.
			MPAT101T2	Acquire knowledge about instrumentation and sufficient skills in handling of equipments or procedures for estimation of pharmaceuticals.
			MPAT101T3	Comprehend analytical techniques for identification, characterization and quantification of drugs.
			MPAT101T4	Utilize/Develop new technology and method for qualitative and quantitative analysis of pharmaceutical compound from organic, inorganic and herbal origin with cost effective approach.
			MPAT101T5	Elucidate structure of organic compounds using spectroscopic tools.
2	Quality Management System (2019 Pattern)	MQA102 T	MQA 102T1	Understand the importance of quality.
			MQA 102T2	Explain ISO management system.
			MQA 102T3	Know tools for quality improvement.
			MQA 102T4	Understand analysis of issues in quality.
			MQA 102T5	Discuss quality evaluation of pharmaceuticals.
			MQA 102T6	Understand stability testing of drug and drug substances.
			MQA 102T7	Understand statistical approaches for quality.
3	Quality Control and Quality Assurance (2019 Pattern)	MQA103 T	MQA103 T1	Understand the cGMP aspects in a pharmaceutical industry.
			MQA103 T2	Understand GLP and regulatory Affairs.
			MQA103 T3	Appreciate the importance of documentation.
			MQA103 T4	Understand the responsibilities of QA and QC departments.
			MQA103 T5	Appreciate the importance of documentation.
4	Product Development	MQA104 T	MQA 104T1	Acquire knowledge about new product development process, Development and informational content for

	and Technology Transfer (2019 Pattern)			INDA, NDA, ANDA, SNDA, SUPAC and BACPAC, Product registration guidelines – CDSCO, USFDA.
			MQA 104T2	Acquire knowledge about preformulation study, solubility & methods to improve solubility of drugs.
			MQA 104T3	Understand concept, significance, design, layout of pilot plant, scale up study, large scale manufacturing techniques and different types of pharmaceutical packaging materials available along with quality control tests for the same.
			MQA 104T4	Understand Development of technology by R & D, Technology transfer from R & D to production and documentation involved in technology transfer.
5	Pharmaceutical Quality Assurance Practical I (2019 Pattern)	MQA105P	MQA105P1	Understand principles, instrumentation, working of UV-VIS Spectrophotometry, Fluorimetry, Atomic absorption Spectrophotometry, Flame Photometry, their applications for analysis of pharmaceutical compounds, raw materials, related and foreign substances in drugs and will have practical skills of instrument handling.
			MQA105P2	Acquire knowledge of safety measures while handling instruments, chemicals and apparatus.
			MQA105P3	Comprehend Six Sigma, Total Quality management etc. after performing case studies.
			MQA105P4	Perform preformulation study for tablets, parenterals as per regulatory requirements and in process and finished product quality control tests for various pharmaceutical dosage forms and their packaging materials.
			MQA 105P5	Understand stability study protocol, accelerated stability studies, factors affecting solubility and problem solving skills related to solubility, determination of pKa and Log P values of drugs.

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Course Outcomes

F. Y. M. Pharm (Semester-II)

Pharmaceutical Quality Assurance

Academic Year 2022-23

Sr. No.	Course	Course Code	Course Outcome No.	Course Outcome
				Upon completion of the course student will be able to
1	Hazards and Safety Management (2019 Pattern)	MQA201T	MQA 201T1	Understand basic knowledge about the environment and its allied problems and also develop an attitude of concern for the industry environment.
			MQA 201T2	Demonstrate safety standards in pharmaceutical industry and knowledge on the safety management.
			MQA 201T3	Understand the knowledge of mechanism and management in different kinds of hazards like Air based hazards, chemical based hazards, Fire & explosion etc.
			MQA 201T4	Illustrate ICH guidelines on risk assessment and risk management methods and Tools, safety programme and safety management, Physicochemical measurements of effluents, BOD, COD, Effluent treatment procedure.
2	Pharmaceutical Validation (2019 Pattern)	MQA202T	MQA 202T1	Understand the concepts of calibration, qualification and validation.
			MQA 202T2	Know about the qualification of various pharmaceutical equipment's and instruments.
			MQA 202T3	Study the Process validation of different dosage forms.
			MQA 202T4	Understand Validation of analytical method for estimation of drugs.
			MQA 202T5	Understand Cleaning validation of equipments employed in the manufacture of pharmaceuticals.
			MQA 202T6	Understand Intellectual property rights and patent filing.
			MQA 202T7	Know about the concept of Qualification of laboratory instruments
3	Audits and Regulatory Compliance (2019 Pattern)	MQA203T	MQA203T1	Understand the importance of auditing in pharmaceuticals.
			MQA203T2	Understand the methodology of auditing for pharmaceutical industry.

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			MQA203T3	Prepare the check list for auditing.
			MQA203T4	Carry out the audit process.
4	Pharmaceutical Manufacturing Technology (2019 Pattern)	MQA204T	MQA204T1	Understand the common practice in the pharmaceutical industry developments, plant layout and production planning.
			MQA204T2	Be familiar with the principles and practices of aseptic process technology, advanced sterile and nonsterile manufacturing process technology.
			MQA204T3	Comprehend the practices of packaging technology.
			MQA204T4	Acquire knowledge of principles and implementation of Quality by design (QbD) and process analytical technology (PAT) in pharmaceutical manufacturing.
5	Pharmaceutical Quality Assurance Practical II (2019 Pattern)	MQA205P	MQA205P1	Analyse contaminant residue, poisonous gas, chemical weapon (disinfectant) in work environment using analytical instrument and will have gained the knowledge of safety measures while handling instruments, chemicals and apparatus.
			MQA205P2	Validate/Qualify various pharmaceutical testing and analytical equipments.
			MQA205P3	Design plant layout and perform validation of processing area, process validation of pharmaceutical dosage form and cleaning validation of equipment.
			MQA205P4	Qualify bulk pharmaceutical vendors, tableting production, sterile production area and water for injection.
			MQA205P5	Comprehend applications of QbD and PAT after performing case studies.

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Course Outcomes

S. Y. M. Pharm (Semester-III)

Pharmaceutics and Pharmaceutical Quality Assurace

Academic Year 2022-23

Sr. No.	Course	Course Code	Course Outcome Number	Course Outcome
				Upon completion of the course, student will be able to
1	Research Methodology & Biostatistics (Pattern 2019)	MRM 301T	MRM 301T1	Understand the fundamental knowledge for selection and conducting research.
			MRM 301T2	Acquire basic understanding about importance of biostatistics in compiling the data.
			MRM 301T3	Gain knowledge about the importance of ethics knowledge in conducting research.
			MRM 301T4	Understand guidelines for design of animal experiments and basic principles for medical research.

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B.2. Course Outcomes (COs) for B. Pharm and M. Pharm Programmes (A.Y. 2021-22)

Course Outcomes F. Y. B. Pharm (Semester-I)
Academic Year 2021-2022

Sr. No.	Course	Course Code	Course Outcome Number	Course Outcome
				Upon completion of the course, student will be able to
1.	Human Anatomy and Physiology-I (2019 Pattern)	BP101T	BP101T1	Define and explain the anatomy and physiology, various levels of organizations basic homeostatic mechanism.
			BP101T2	Explain the morphology, physiology of skeletal system along with the physiology of muscle contraction in co-ordination with the joints, theirarticulation and skin.
			BP101T3	Explain and describe the composition, function of various body fluids like blood and lymph, their significance and related disorders.
			BP101T4	Classify the peripheral nervous system, nerves and morphology ofspecial senses.
			BP101T5	Explain the anatomy and physiology and parameters related to CVS and related disorders.
2.	Human Anatomy and Physiology-I (2019 Pattern)	BP107P	BP107P1	Utilize effectively the microscope for microscopic study of varioustissues.
			BP107P2	Identify axial and appendicular bones of human skeleton.
			BP107P3	Explain the gross morphology, structure and functions of variousorgans of human body.
			BP107P4	Identify different tissues and organs of different systems of human body.
			BP107P5	Perform the haematological tests like blood cell count, haemoglobinestimation, bleeding/clotting time, etc.
			BP107P6	Record the blood pressure, heart rate, pulse rate and respiratory volume.
3.	Pharmaceutical Analysis I (2019 Pattern)	BP102T	BP102T1	Understand fundamentals of analytical chemistry, principles of volumetric and electrochemical analysis. Carry out various volumetric and electrochemical titrations. Develop analytical skills.
			BP102T2	Differentiate between various types of volumetric titrations like acid base titration, precipitation titration, complexometric titration, redox titration as well as able to perform Gravimetric quantitative determination method.

			BP102T3	Illustrate about different electro chemical methods of analysis like conductometry, potentiometry, polarography, refractometry.
4.	Pharmaceutical Analysis I (2019 Pattern)	BP108P	BP108P1	Acquire knowledge about how to carry out various volumetric and electrochemical titrations.
			BP108P2	Perform standardization of various secondary standard substances
			BP108P3	Perform assays of compounds based on different types of volumetric titrations.
			BP108P4	Utilize equipments like conductivity meter, potentiometer, refractometer etc. for the determination of normality and refractive index.
5.	Pharmaceutics I (2019 Pattern)	BP103T	BP103T1	Know the history of profession of pharmacy.
			BP103T2	Understand the basics of different dosage forms, pharmaceutical incompatibilities and pharmaceutical calculations.
			BP103T3	Understand the professional way of handling the prescription.
			BP103T4	Prepare various conventional dosage forms.
6.	Pharmaceutics I (2019 Pattern)	BP109P	BP109P1	State the correct use of various equipments in Pharmaceutics laboratory relevant to practicals.
			BP109P2	Explain formulation, evaluation and labelling of aromatic water, glycerides, syrups, elixirs and powder preparations.
			BP109P3	Perform pharmaceutical calculations to determine evaluation parameters like density, viscosity, specific gravity, angle of repose, Carr's index, Hausner ratio of preparations.
			BP109P4	Describe use of ingredients in formulation and category of formulation & Perform pharmaceutical calculations.
			BP109P5	Use equipments and apparatus needed for the preparation as per SOP, select the suitable packaging material (container-closure) for the preparation and draw the labels in neat way including all the component/parts.
			BP109P6	Summarize the principles of formulation and evaluation, predict the special requirements of preparations regarding the use, handling and storage conditions.
7.	Pharmaceutical Inorganic Chemistry (2019 Pattern)	BP104T	BP104T1	Understand sources of impurities and methods to determine the impurities in inorganic drugs and pharmaceuticals.
			BP104T2	Understand the basic concepts of acidity /basicity, buffers and tonicity applicable in pharmaceuticals.
			BP104T3	Understand the medicinal and pharmaceutical applications of inorganic compounds.
			BP104T4	Understand the concepts and principles of radiopharmaceuticals.

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8	Pharmaceutical Inorganic Chemistry (2019 Pattern)	BP110P	BP110P1	Develop skills to perform limit test and for given sample.
			BP110P2	Perform identification of different inorganic compounds through various qualitative tests.
			BP110P3	Perform tests for purity for different compounds as per official compendia.
			BP110P4	Acquire knowledge and skills to prepare inorganic salts such as boric acid, potash alum and ferrous sulphate.
9	Communication Skills (2019 Pattern)	BP105T	BP105T1	Understand the behavioural needs for a Pharmacist to function effectively in the areas of pharmaceutical operation.
			BP105T2	Communicate effectively (Verbal and Non Verbal).
			BP105T3	Effectively manage the team as a team player.
			BP105T4	Develop interview skills.
			BP105T5	Develop Leadership qualities and essentials.
11.	Remedial Biology (2019 Pattern)	BP106 RBT	BP106RBT1	Understand the components of living world.
			BP106RBT2	Know the classification and salient features of five kingdoms of life.
			BP106RBT3	Understand the basic components of anatomy & physiology of plant.
			BP106RBT4	Illustrate the basic components of anatomy & physiology animal with special reference to human.
12	Remedial Biology (2019 Pattern)	BP112RBP	BP112RBP1	Understand the components of living Cell.
			BP112RBP2	Know the classification and salient features of cell and its types.
			BP112RBP3	Understand the basic components of anatomy & physiology of plant.
			BP112RBP4	Illustrate the basic components of anatomy & physiology animal with special reference to human.
13.	Remedial Mathematics (2019 Pattern)	BP106RMT	BP106RMT1	Know the theory and their application in Pharmacy.
			BP106RMT2	Solve the different types of problems by applying theory.
			BP106RMT3	Appreciate the important application of mathematics in Pharmacy.

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Course Outcomes F. Y. B. Pharm (Semester-II)
Academic Year 2021-2022

Sr. No.	Course	Course Code	Course Outcome Number	Course Outcome
				Upon completion of the course, student will be able to
1	Human Anatomy and Physiology-II (2019 Pattern)	BP201T	BP201T1	Explain the anatomy and physiology and parameters related to digestive system and related disorders.
			BP201T2	Explain the anatomy and physiology and parameters related to nervous system and ANS.
			BP201T3	Explain the anatomy and physiology and parameters related to Urinary system.
			BP201T4	Explain the anatomy and physiology and parameters related Endocrine system.
			BP201T5	Explain the anatomy and physiology and parameters related Reproductive system.
			BP201T6	Explain the anatomy and physiology and parameters related Respiratory system.
2	Human Anatomy and Physiology-II (2019 Pattern)	BP207P	BP207P1	Record the body temperature and Basal Mass Index.
			BP207P2	Explain Reflex and Visual activity.
			BP207P3	Explain positive and negative feedback mechanism.
			BP207P4	Explain the gross morphology, structure and functions of various organs system of human body.
			BP207P5	Perform the hematological test like total blood count.
			BP207P6	Perform the tidal volume and vital capacity.
3	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-I (2019 Pattern)	BP202T	BP202T1	Understand the basic principles of organic chemistry and Classification, IUPAC Nomenclature of organic compounds and Structural Isomerism
			BP202T2	Gain knowledge about different types of elimination and substitution reactions of alkenes, alkyl halides and conjugated dienes
			BP202T3	Gain the knowledge about reactivity & stability of different organic compounds
			BP202T4	Understand qualitative tests, structure, and uses of different organic compounds like alcohols, aldehydes, ketones, carboxylic acids and amines.
4	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-I	BP208P	BP208P1	Understand safety measures in an organic chemistry laboratory.

	(2019 Pattern)		BP208P2	Differentiate in between techniques like M.P, B.P determination, crystallization and various types of distillation.
			BP208P3	Perform the qualitative analysis of given organic compound.
			BP208P4	Perform synthesis of the selected organic compounds and understand the reaction mechanism involved in it.
			BP208P5	Understand the concept of building of molecular models of structures containing various functional groups.
5	Biochemistry (2019 Pattern)	BP203T	BP203T1	Understand classification, chemical nature, biological role and metabolism of biomolecules.
			BP203T2	Understand the metabolism of nutrient molecules in physiological and pathological conditions.
			BP203T3	Understand the genetic organization of mammalian genome and functions of DNA in the synthesis of RNAs and proteins.
			BP203T4	Understand the catalytic role of enzymes and importance of enzyme in biochemical process
6	Biochemistry (2019 Pattern)	BP209P	BP208P1	Learn quantitative analysis test of carbohydrates, amino acids and proteins
			BP208P2	Understand qualitative analysis of urine for normal and abnormal constituents.
			BP208P3	Study procedure and principle for determination of serum total cholesterol, blood sugar and blood creatinine.
			BP208P4	Understand preparation of buffer solution and measurement of pH.
			BP208P5	Understand the effect of temperature and substrate concentration on salivary amylase activity.
7	Pathophysiology (2019 Pattern)	BP204T	BP204T1	Describe the etiology and pathogenesis of disease.
			BP204T2	Understand the sign and symptoms of disease with its pathophysiological mechanism.
			BP204T3	Understand the pharmacological treatment of disease.
			BP204T4	Discuss about laboratory techniques and diagnostic test.
8	Computer Applications in Pharmacy (2019 Pattern)	BP205T	BP205T1	Know the various types of application of computers in pharmacy.
			BP205T2	Know the various types of databases.
			BP205T3	Know the various applications of databases in pharmacy.
9	Computer Applications in Pharmacy (2019 Pattern)	BP210P	BP210P1	Create a HTML web page to show personal information.
			BP210P2	Design a form in MS Access to view, add, delete and modify the patient record in the data base.
			BP210P3	Create and work with the queries in MS Access and export tables, queries, forms and reports to web pages.
10	Environmental Sciences (2019 Pattern)	BP206T	BP206T1	Elaborate the natural resources available, their advantages and disadvantages on the human and animal health and plants.

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			BP206T2	Explain the ecology, energy flow and various ecosystems in the environment describing the biodiversity of state and India.
			BP206T3	Describe various environmental pollution, roll of individual in the pollution and disaster management.

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Course Outcomes S. Y. B. Pharm (Semester-III)
Academic Year 2021-2022

Sr. No.	Course	Course Code	Course Outcome Number	Course Outcome
				Upon completion of the course, student will be able to
1	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-II (2019 Pattern)	BP301T	BP301T1	Write the structure, name and the type of isomerism of the organic compound.
			BP301T2	Write the reaction, name the reaction and orientation of reactions
			BP301T3	Account for reactivity/stability of compounds.
			BP301T4	Prepare small organic compounds.
2	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-II (2019 Pattern)	BP305P	BP305P1	Recall the various laboratory techniques involved in the synthesis process.
			BP305P2	Perform experiment with the separation of organic binary mixture.
			BP305P3	Determine the saponification value of oils.
			BP305P4	Perform synthesis, recrystallization and understand reaction mechanisms involved in synthesis of important organic compounds such as Benzanilide, Benzil etc.
3	Physical Pharmaceutics I (2019 Pattern)	BP302T	BP302T1	Ability to apply the knowledge of solubility, diffusion and distribution in pharmaceutical preparations.
			BP302T2	Investigate and apply various theories, laws and equations related to different states of matter.
			BP302T3	Demonstrate use of physicochemical properties of drugs in the formulation development and evaluation of dosage forms.
			BP302T4	Apply the concept of interfacial phenomena in pharmaceutical preparations.
			BP302T5	Distinguish the principles of complexation/ protein binding & to use them for calculations of drug release and stability constant.
			BP302T6	Understand the importance of pH, buffers and tonicity in pharmaceutical and biological system.
4	Physical Pharmaceutics I (2019 Pattern)	BP306P	BP306P1	Determine physicochemical properties of drugs in the formulation development and evaluation of dosage forms.
			BP306P2	Determine and apply the concept of interfacial phenomena in pharmaceutical preparations.

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			BP306P3	Distinguish the principles of complexation/ protein binding & to use them for calculations of drug release and stability constant.
			BP306P4	Determine thermodynamic parameters using solubility studies.
5	Pharmaceutical Microbiology (2019 Pattern)	BP303T	BP303T1	Understand methods of identification, cultivation and preservation of various microorganisms.
			BP303T2	Understand the importance and implementation of sterilization in pharmaceutical processing and industry.
			BP303T3	Learn sterility testing of pharmaceutical products.
			BP303T4	Perform microbiological standardization of Pharmaceuticals.
			BP303T5	Understand the cell culture technology and its applications in pharmaceutical industries.
6	Pharmaceutical Microbiology (2019 Pattern)	BP307P	BP307P1	Understand mechanism of equipments.
			BP307P2	Students will be able to formulate culture media.
			BP307P3	Students will be able to identify bacteria by staining method.
			BP307P4	Students will be able to isolate bacteria along with motility determination and assay of antibiotics.
7	Pharmaceutical Engineering (2019 Pattern)	BP304T	BP304T1	Know various unit operations used in pharmaceutical industries.
			BP304T2	Understand the material handling techniques.
			BP304T3	Perform various processes involved in the pharmaceutical manufacturing process.
			BP304T4	Carry out various test to prevent environmental pollution, appreciate and comprehend significance of plant lay out design for optimum use of resources.
			BP304T5	Appreciate the various preventive methods used for corrosion control in pharmaceutical industries.
8	Pharmaceutical Engineering (2019 Pattern)	BP308P	BP308P1	Understand the overall heat transfer coefficient, efficiency of steam distillation.
			BP308P2	Perform construction of drying rate curve, determination of moisture content and loss on drying.
			BP308P3	Perform tablet analysis, (size analysis) by sieving method.
			BP308P4	Understand the construction, working, application of pharmaceutical machinery such as Rotary tablet machine, Autoclave, Hot Air Oven.

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Course Outcomes S. Y. B. Pharm (Semester-IV)
Academic Year 2021-2022

Sr. No.	Course	Course Code	Course Outcome No.	Course Outcome
				Upon completion of the course student will be able to
1	Pharmaceutical organic chemistry-III (2019 Pattern)	BP401T	BP401T1	Understand the concept of stereoisomerism, resolution of racemic mixture and asymmetric synthesis
			BP401T2	Elaborate principle of geometrical isomerism, stereospecific and stereoselective reactions.
			BP401T3	Explain the synthesis, reactions and medicinal uses pyrrole, furan, and thiophene derivatives
			BP401T4	Explain the synthesis, reactions and medicinal Pyrazole, Imidazole, Oxazole and Thiazole Pyridine, Quinoline, Isoquinoline, Acridine and Indole derivatives.
			BP401T5	Explain the principle and pharmaceutical application of metal hydride reduction, Clemmensen reduction, Birch reduction, Wolff Kishner reduction, Oppenauer-oxidation, Dakin, Beckmanns rearrangement, Schmidt rearrangement and Claisen-Schmidt condensation reactions.
2	Medicinal Chemistry-I (2019 Pattern)	BP402T	BP402T1	Understand and relate the physicochemical properties of drug molecules with drug activity.
			BP402T2	Explain the concept of Drug Metabolism.
			BP402T3	Discuss biosynthesis of Adrenaline and Acetyl choline, ANS agonist and antagonist with respect to their structure, IUPAC nomenclature, SAR, mode of action, metabolism, synthesis and rational development.
			BP402T4	Know rational development of various categories of drugs like CNS stimulants and depressant, psychotherapeutic drugs and General anaesthetic agents.
			BP402T5	Acquire knowledge about centrally acting analgesics (Narcotic, non-narcotic, anti-

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				inflammatory agents) with respect to structure, IUPAC nomenclature, SAR, mode of action, metabolism, synthesis and rational development.
3	Medicinal Chemistry-I (2019 Pattern)	BP406P	BP406P1	Develop skills in various purification techniques of solvents/liquids used in synthesis.
			BP406P2	Perform synthesis, recrystallization and understand reaction mechanisms involved in synthesis of medicinally important organic compounds such as Benzocaine, Phenytoin etc.
			BP406P3	Perform the Purification of synthesized compounds by Column chromatography.
			BP406P4	Determine the partition coefficient and Ionisation constant of medicinal compounds.
4	Physical Pharmaceutics II (2019 Pattern)	BP403T	BP403T1	Relate various physicochemical properties of drug and excipient molecules in designing the dosage forms.
			BP403T2	Apply the concept of rheology and deformation in pharmaceutical formulation.
			BP403T3	Distinguish the principles of chemical kinetics & to use them for stability testing and determination of expiry date of formulations.
			BP403T4	Investigate and apply micromeritic in pharmaceutical dosage forms.
5	Physical Pharmaceutics II (2019 Pattern)	BP407P	BP407P1	Investigate and apply micromeritic in pharmaceutical dosage forms.
			BP407P2	Determine and apply the concept of rheology in pharmaceutical preparations.
			BP407P3	Study rate of reaction for stability testing and determination of expiry date of formulations.
			BP407P4	Determine physiochemical properties and stability of excipients and drug for preparation dosage form.
6	Pharmacology- I (2019 Pattern)	BP404T	BP404T1	Define the fundamental concepts of pharmacology and pharmacokinetics.
			BP404T2	Understand the basics of pharmacodynamics, adverse reactions, drug interactions and drug discovery.
			BP404T3	Identify the role of neurohumoral transmission and drugs acting on peripheral nervous system.
			BP404T4	Analyse the functions of neurotransmitters and drugs acting on central nervous system.

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			BP404T5	Appraise the pharmacology of Psychopharmacological agents.
			BP404T6	Predict the effects of drugs against neurodegenerative disorders and to elaborate the concepts of drug addiction/abuse/tolerance/ dependence.
7	Pharmacology- I (2019 Pattern)	BP408P	BP408P1	Learn about basic instruments, common laboratory animals used in experimental pharmacology and to organize animal house as per the CPCSEA guidelines.
			BP408P2	Demonstrate the common laboratory techniques like routes of administration, blood withdrawal, anaesthetics and euthanasia used for animal studies.
			BP408P3	Interpret the effects of various drugs on rabbit eye and ciliary motility of frog oesophagus in correlation with humans.
			BP408P4	Analyse the effect of drugs acting as enzyme inducers, skeletal muscle relaxants and affecting locomotor activity in laboratory animals.
			BP408P5	Evaluate the stereotype and anticatatonic activity of drugs in rats/mice.
			BP408P6	Predict various screening models for anticonvulsant and anxiolytic activity.
8	Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry-I (2019 Pattern)	BP405T	BP405T1	Understand fundamentals of Pharmacognosy like scope, classification of crude drugs.
			BP405T2	Describe techniques in the cultivation and production of crude drugs.
			BP405T3	Identify crude drugs and explain their uses and chemical nature.
			BP405T4	Understand evaluation techniques for the herbal drugs.
9	Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry-I (2019 Pattern)	BP409P	BP409P1	Understand fundamentals of Pharmacognosy with the evaluation techniques for the herbal drugs.
			BP409P2	Carry out the microscopic and morphological evaluation of crude drugs.
			BP409P3	Explain concept of adulteration of crude drugs and its identification.
			BP409P4	Illustrate handling and uses of instruments required for evaluation of the herbal drugs.

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Course Outcomes T. Y. B. Pharm (Semester-V)
Academic Year 2021-2022

Sr. No.	Course	Course Code	Course Outcome Number	Course Outcome
				Upon completion of the course student will be able to
1	Medicinal Chemistry-II (2019 Pattern)	BP501T	BP501T1	Understand the chemistry of drugs with respect to their pharmacological activity.
			BP501T2	Understand the drug metabolic pathways, adverse effect and therapeutic value of drugs.
			BP501T3	Know the Structural Activity Relationship of different class of drugs.
			BP501T4	Study the chemical synthesis of selected drugs.
2	Formulative Pharmacy (2019 Pattern)	BP502T	BP502T1	Describe various factors to be considered in development of pharmaceutical dosage forms
			BP502T2	Formulate solid, liquid, semisolid dosage forms and evaluate them for their quality.
			BP502T3	Formulate cosmetic preparations, Pharmaceutical Aerosols and evaluate them for their quality.
			BP502T4	Describe stability aspects and quality control tests of packaging materials.
3	Formulative Pharmacy (2019 Pattern)	BP506 P	BP506P1	Illustrate various pharmaceutical dosage forms and their manufacturing techniques.
			BP506P2	Describe various factors to be considered in development of pharmaceutical dosage forms.
			BP506P3	Formulate solid, liquid and semisolid dosage forms and evaluate them for their quality.
			BP506P4	Formulate cosmetics and evaluate them for their quality.
4	Pharmacology- II (2019 Pattern)	BP503T	BP503T1	Explain the pharmacology of drugs acting on Cardiovascular system for various conditions.
			BP503T2	Explain the pharmacology of drugs acting on Urinary System.
			BP503T3	Explain the various autocoids and drugs acting on endocrine system.
			BP503T4	Explain Bioassays.
5	Pharmacology- II (2019 Pattern)	BP507P	BP507P1	Handle the laboratory equipment's and apply techniques used in experimental pharmacology. N=Introduction to Physiological Salt Solution
			BP507P2	Understand the Effect of drugs on isolated frog heart, blood pressure and heart rate of dog and diuretic activity of drugs using rats/mice.

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			BP507P3	Perform recording of CRC/DRC of Acetylcholine/Histamine on suitable isolated tissue preparation.
			BP507P4	Explain and perform matching point, bracketing and interpolation bioassay to find unknown concentration of Acetylcholine/histamine.
			BP507P5	Explain Clinical Case study.
6	Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry-II (2019 Pattern)	BP504T	BP504T1	Understand the concept of Biosynthesis in formation of secondary metabolites and Radioactive tracer techniques used in plants for determining the Process of formation of secondary metabolites.
			BP504T2	Study chemistry, classification, and uses of secondary metabolites along with the medicinal plants associated with it.
			BP504T3	Know the modern techniques associated with extraction, characterization and identification of phytoconstituents.
			BP504T4	Study different methods of isolation, separation and spectroscopically methods used for the structural elucidation of the phytoconstituents.
7	Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry-II (2019 Pattern)	BP508P	BP508P1	Evaluate crude drugs by its Morphological, Microscopical and powder Characteristics.
			BP508P2	Study different methods of Extraction of phytoconstituents and volatile oil.
			BP508P3	Study the principle and procedure for separation and isolation of phytoconstituents by chromatography.
			BP508P4	Study the principle and procedure for separation and isolation of phytoconstituents by non-chromatography methods.
8	Pharm. Jurisprudence (2019 Pattern)	BP505T	BP505T1	Understand pharmaceutical legislations and their implications in the development and marketing of pharmaceuticals.
			BP505T2	Study various Indian pharmaceutical Acts and Laws.
			BP505T3	Acquire knowledge of regulatory authorities and agencies governing the manufacture and sale of pharmaceuticals.
			BP505T4	Follow code of ethics during the pharmaceutical practice.

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Course Outcomes T. Y. B. Pharm (Semester-VI)
Academic Year 2021-2022

Sr. No.	Course	Course Code	Course Outcome Number	Course Outcome
				Upon completion of the course, student will be able to
1	Medicinal Chemistry-III (2019 Pattern)	BP601T	BP601T1	Explain the Drugs used for various infectious diseases caused by pathogens.
			BP601T2	Explain the Drugs used for the treatment of cancer.
			BP601T3	Explain physicochemical properties related to QSAR.
			BP601T4	Describe various approaches and designing of drug molecules including prodrug and Combinatorial chemistry.
2	Medicinal Chemistry-III (2019 Pattern)	BP607P	BP607P1	Perform synthesis, recrystallization understand reaction mechanisms involved in the synthesis of medicinally important compounds.
			BP607P2	Comprehend the techniques of microwave-assisted synthesis and explain applications of microwave-assisted synthesis in pharmaceutical research.
			BP607P3	Draw structures and reactions using Chem draw.
			BP607P4	Determine physicochemical properties such as logP, clogP, MR, Molecular weight.
			BP607P5	Handle drug design software.
3	Pharmacology-III (2019 Pattern)	BP602T	BP602T1	Understand the essential pharmacotherapy and pharmacological features of common and important drugs used in respiratory disorders.
			BP602T2	Explain pharmacology of various drugs used in treatment of GI disorders.
			BP602T3	Explain pharmacology of drugs used in the treatment of various infectious diseases and Immunopharmacology.
			BP602T4	Discuss the various principles and management of toxicology, and concept of Chrono pharmacology.
4	Pharmacology-III (2019 Pattern)	BP608P	BP608P1	Recall the dose calculations in pharmacological experiments, and to relate the antiallergic activity / anti-ulcer activity in rat models.
			BP608P2	Demonstrate of effect of drugs on gastrointestinal motility and the effect of agonists/antagonists on guinea pig ileum.
			BP608P3	Construct serum biochemical parameters by using semi auto analyzer.

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			BP608P4	Analyze effect of saline purgative on frog intestine, insulin hypoglycemic effect and test for pyrogens using rabbit method.
			BP608P5	Evaluate acute oral toxicity (LD50), acute skin irritation / corrosion and acute eye irritation/corrosion of a test substance.
			BP608P6	Predict the pharmacokinetic parameters and adapt the biostatistics methods in experimental pharmacology.
5	Herbal Drug Technology (2019 Pattern)	BP603T	BP603T1	Understand the concept of herbs as a source of raw materials, concept of Biodynamic farming and principals involved in different traditional systems of Medicines.
			BP603T2	Gain knowledge about Herbal cosmetics, Natural sweeteners and Nutraceuticals.
			BP603T3	Acquaint with guidelines framed by W.H.O., I.C.H, and G.M.P for evaluation herbal drugs.
			BP603T4	Gain knowledge about herbal Industry and understand the importance of patenting of herbal drugs.
6	Herbal Drug Technology (2019 Pattern)	BP609P	BP609P1	Understand concept of extraction and preliminary phytochemical screening of Phytoconstituents.
			BP609P2	Understand concept for extraction and preliminary phytochemical screening of Phytoconstituents.
			BP609P3	Evaluate and standardize herbal formulation.
			BP609P4	Acquire primary knowledge about structural elucidation by analyzing and studying of drug monographs from natural origin.
7	Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics (2019 Pattern)	BP604T	BP604T1	Understand the basic concepts in biopharmaceutics and pharmacokinetics and their Significance.
			BP604T2	Use plasma drug concentration-time data to calculate the pharmacokinetic parameters to describe the kinetics of drug absorption, distribution, metabolism, excretion, elimination.
			BP604T3	Understand the concepts of bioavailability and bioequivalence of drug products and their Significance.
			BP604T4	Understand the concept of dissolution and application of in vitro in vivo correlation in drug product development.
8	Pharmaceutical Biotechnology (2019 Pattern)	BP605T	BP605T1	Explain Brief introduction of Biotechnology, Enzyme Biotechnology, Biosensor, Protein Engineering, Basic principles of genetic engineering.
			BP605T2	Tell Cloning vectors, Recombinant DNA technology, Application of genetic engineering and r DNA technology, PCR139.
			BP605T3	Describe Types of immunity, Structure Immunoglobulins and MHC, Preparation methods of vaccines, antitoxins, serum, Hybridoma technology, Storage condition and stability of official vaccines.
			BP605T4	Explain Immuno blotting techniques- ELISA, Western blotting, Southern blotting, Microbial genetics Transformation, transduction, conjugation, plasmid, transposons. Types of Mutation/mutants.

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			BP605T5	Describe Fermentation methods and general requirements, large scale fermenter design and various controls, Study of production of Penicillin, Vit.B12, Glutamic acid. Blood products.
9	Quality Assurance (2019 Pattern)	BP606T	BP606T1	Understand The CGMP Aspects in the Pharmaceutical Industry.
			BP606T2	Appreciate The Importance of Documentation.
			BP606T3	Understand The Scope of Quality Certifications Applicable to Pharmaceutical Industries.
			BP606T4	Understand The Responsibilities of QA and QC Departments.
			BP606T5	Understand The CGMP Aspects in Pharmaceutical Industry.

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Course Outcomes Final Y. B. Pharm (Semester-VII)
Academic Year 2021-2022

Sr. No.	Course	Course Code	Course Outcome Number	Course Outcome
				Upon completion of the course, student will be able to
1	Instrumental Methods of Analysis (2018 Pattern)	BP701T	BP701T1	Illustrate the basic principle, instrumentation and applications of UV Visible Spectroscopy, Fluorimetry.
			BP701T2	Demonstrate understanding of principles, instrumentation and application of Infra-red spectroscopy, FTIR, Flame Photometry, Atomic Absorption Spectroscopy, Nepheloturbidimetry.
			BP701T3	Understand principle, theory, instrumentation and applications of Adsorption and Partition Column Chromatography, Paper Chromatography, Thin Layer Chromatography, High Performance Thin Layer Chromatography, Ion Exchange Chromatography, Gel Chromatography.
			BP701T4	Differentiate between principles, theory, instrumentation and applications of Gas Chromatography and High Performance Liquid Chromatography.
2	Instrumental Methods of Analysis (2018 Pattern)	BP705 P	BP705P1	Understand the interaction of matter with electromagnetic radiations and its applications in drug analysis.
			BP705P2	Understand the chromatographic separation and analysis of drugs.
			BP705P3	Perform quantitative & qualitative analysis of drugs/API using various analytical instruments.
			BP705P4	Take appropriate safety measures while handling instruments, chemicals and apparatus.
3	Industrial Pharmacy-II (2018 Pattern)	BP702T	BP702T1	Know the process of pilot plant and scale up of pharmaceutical dosage forms.
			BP702T2	Classify the process of technology transfer from lab scale to commercial batch.
			BP702T3	Explain different Laws and Acts that regulate pharmaceutical industry.
			BP702T4	Understand the approval process and regulatory requirements for drug products.
4	Pharmacy Practice (2018 Pattern)	BP703T	BP703T1	Demonstrate knowledge of and ability to use principles of therapeutics, quality improvement, communication, economics, health behaviour, social and administrative

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				aspects, health policy and legal issues in the practice of pharmacy.
			BP703T2	Use knowledge of drug distribution methods in hospital and apply it in the practice of pharmacy.
			BP703T3	Apply principles of drug store management and inventory control to medication use.
			BP703T4	Provide patient-centered care to diverse patients using the best available evidence and monitor drug therapy of patient through medication chart review, obtain medication history interview and counsel the patients, identify drug related problems.
			BP703T5	Engage in innovative activities by making use of the knowledge of clinical trials.
			BP703T6	Exhibit professional ethics by producing safe and appropriate medication use throughout society.
5	Novel Drug Delivery System (2018 Pattern)	BP704T	BP704T1	Explain the principles and technology used in the design of sustained release and controlled release drug delivery systems.
			BP704T2	Learn the criteria for selection of a drugs and polymers for the development of Novel drug delivery systems.
			BP704T3	Learn the various approaches for development of novel drug delivery systems.
			BP704T4	Explain the formulation and characterization of Microencapsulation, Implementable and Mucosal Drug Delivery system.
			BP704T5	Explain the formulation and characterization of transdermal drug Delivery systems.
			BP704T6	Learn the formulation and evaluation of Gastroretentive and Nasopulmonary drug delivery systems.
			BP704T7	Discuss various approaches for the development of targeted drug Delivery systems.
			BP704T8	Explain development of ocular formulations and intra uterine devices (IUDs) and it's applications.
6	Practice School (2018 Pattern)	BP706PS	BP706T1	Recognize the significance of practical training through experience in a variety of fields, including formulation development and evaluation, analytical method development and validation, clinical research, pharmacovigilance and isolation and characterization of natural product phytoconstituents.
			BP706T2	Advance technical and planning skills through hands-on training in a chosen field.
			BP706T3	Assess the issues encountered during practical training and to suggest theoretical knowledge to address those issues.
			BP706T4	Utilize the knowledge they gained through hands-on training while working in various fields.

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Kharadi, Pune

PRINCIPAL
P. D. E. A's
Shankarrao Ursal College of
Pharmaceutical Sciences & Research Centre
Kharadi, Pune-411014

Course Outcomes Final Y. B. Pharm (Semester-VIII)
Academic Year 2021-2022

Sr. No.	Course	Course Code	Course Outcome No.	Course Outcome
				Upon completion of the course student will be able to
1	Biostatistics and Research Methodology (2018 Pattern)	BP801T	BP801T1	Know the operation of M.S. Excel, SPSS, R and MINITAB®, DoE (Design of Experiment).
			BP801T2	Know the various statistical techniques to solve statistical problems.
			BP801T3	Understand meaning and applications of correlation regression, probability, parametric and non-parametric tests, blocking and confounding.
2	Social and Preventive Pharmacy (2018 Pattern)	BP802T	BP8Q2T1	Understand the concept of Health and prevention and control of disease, social causes of diseases, impact of urbanization on health and disease, Poverty and health, Personal hygiene and health care
			BP802T2	Acquire high consciousness/realization of current issues related to health and pharmaceutical problems within the country and worldwide.
			BP802T3	Develop a critical way of thinking based on current healthcare development.
			BP802T4	Know about National health intervention programme for mother and child, National family welfare programme, National tobacco control programme, National Malaria Prevention Program.
			BP802T5	Evaluate alternative ways of solving problems related to health and pharmaceutical issues.
3	Pharmacovigilance (2018 Pattern)	BP805ET	BP805T1	Understand history and development of pharmacovigilance.
			BP805T2	Understand Dictionaries, coding and

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				terminologies used in pharmacovigilance.
			BP805T3	Acquire knowledge of detection of new adverse drug reactions and their assessment.
			BP805T4	Know adverse drug reaction reporting systems and communication in pharmacovigilance.
			BP805T5	Know Pharmacovigilance Program of India, requirement for ADR reporting in India.
			BP806T6	Understand ICH guidelines for ICSR, PSUR, expedited reporting, pharmacovigilance planning.
4	Cosmetic Science (2018 Pattern)	BP809ET	BP809ET1	Understand the concepts of cosmetics, anatomy of skin and hair.
			BP809ET2	Explain the concept of cosmeceuticals, history, difference between cosmetics and cosmeceutical agents.
			BP809ET3	Know different Laws and Acts that regulate pharmaceutical industry
			BP809ET4	Understand the approval process and regulatory requirements for drug products.
5	Project Work (2018 Pattern)	BP812PW	BP812PW1	Determine their areas of interest and acquire literature survey skills.
			BP812PW2	Plan and execute necessary experimental procedures.
			BP812PW3	Communicate and defend their findings in the form of thesis and seminar.

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Co-ordinator

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Course Outcomes

F. Y. M. Pharm (Semester-I)

Pharmaceutics

Academic Year 2021-2022

Sr. No.	Course	Course Code	Course Outcome Number	Course Outcome
				Upon completion of the course, student will be able to
1	Modern Pharmaceutical Analytical Techniques (2019 Pattern)	MPAT101T	MPAT101T1	Understand the basic principle, theory and applications of various analytical techniques and the fundamentals on conventional analytical methods of drug analysis used in laboratories.
			MPAT101T2	Acquire knowledge about instrumentation and sufficient skills in handling of equipments or procedures for estimation of pharmaceuticals.
			MPAT101T3	Comprehend analytical techniques for identification, characterization and quantification of drugs.
			MPAT101T4	Utilize/Develop new technology and method for qualitative and quantitative analysis of pharmaceutical compound from organic, inorganic and herbal origin with cost effective approach.
			MPAT101T5	Elucidate structure of organic compounds using spectroscopic tools.
2	Drug Delivery System (2019 Pattern)	MPH102T	MPH102T1	Understand the various approaches for development of novel drug delivery systems.
			MPH102T2	Acquire knowledge of criteria for selection of drugs and polymers for the development of delivering system.
			MPH102T3	Understand the formulation and evaluation of Novel drug delivery systems.
3	Modern Pharmaceutics (2019 Pattern)	MPH103T	MPH103T1	Understand the elements of preformulation studies.
			MPH103T2	Understand the Active Pharmaceutical Ingredients and Generic Drug Product development.
			MPH103T3	Know Industrial Management and GMP Considerations.
			MPH103T4	Learn Optimization Techniques & Pilot Plant Scale Up Techniques
			MPH103T5	Perform Stability Testing, sterilization process & packaging of dosage forms.
4	Regulatory Affair (2019 Pattern)	MPH104T	MPH104T1	Understand the Concepts of innovator and generic drugs, drug development process.
			MPH104T2	Understand The Regulatory guidance's and guidelines for filing and approval process.

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			MPH104T3	Understand Preparation of Dossiers and their submission to regulatory agencies in different countries.
			MPH104T4	Recognize the Post approval regulatory requirements for actives and drug products and submission of global documents in CTD/ eCTD formats.
			MPH104T5	Know the Submission of global documents in CTD/ eCTD formats. And clinical trials requirements for approvals for conducting clinical trials.
5	Pharmaceutics Practical I (2019 Pattern)	MPH105P	MPH105P1	Analyze various drugs in single and combination dosage forms for development of theoretical and practical skills of the analytical instruments.
			MPH105P2	Understand various approaches for development and evaluation of novel drug delivery systems.
			MPH105P3	Know the criteria for selection of drugs and polymers for the development of drug delivering system.
			MPH105P4	Investigate and apply micromeritic in pharmaceutical dosage forms.

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Course Outcomes

F. Y. M. Pharm (Semester-II)

Pharmaceutics

Academic Year 2021-2022

Sr. No.	Course	Course Code	Course Outcome Number	Course Outcome
				Upon completion of the course, student will be able to
1	Molecular Pharmaceutics (Nano Tech and Targeted DDS) (2019 Pattern)	MPH201T	MPH201T1	The various approaches for development of novel drug delivery systems.
			MPH201T2	The criteria for selection of drugs and polymers for the development of NTDS.
			MPH201T3	The formulation and evaluation of novel drug delivery systems.
2	Advanced Biopharmaceutics & Pharmacokinetics (2019 Pattern)	MPH202T	MPH202T1	Explain mechanism of drug absorption &various factors affecting drug absorption.
			MPH202T2	Learn various biopharmaceutic factors affecting drug bioavailability.
			MPH202T3	Understand basic considerations of pharmacokinetic models.
			MPH202T4	Explain the design and evaluation of dosage regimens of the drugs using pharmacokinetic and biopharmaceutic parameters.
			MPH202T5	Learn different types of drug interactions which alter the pharmacokinetics of such as drug-protein /drug-tissue binding interactions
3	Computer Aided Drug Delivery System	MPH203T	MPH203T1	Explain Computers in Pharmaceutical Research and Development.
			MPH203T2	Understand and operate Computers in Preclinical Development, Clinical Development and Market Analysis.
			MPH203T3	Create Optimization Techniques in Pharmaceutical Formulation.
			MPH203T4	Understand and apply artificial intelligence (AI) and robotics computational fluid dynamics (CFD) in pharmaceutical preparation.
4	Cosmetic and Cosmeceuticals (2019 Pattern)	MPH204T	MPH204T1	Acquire knowledge about key ingredients used in cosmetics and cosmeceuticals.
			MPH204T2	Acquire knowledge about key building blocks for various formulations.
			MPH204T3	Learn current technologies in the market.

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			MPH204T4	Understand use of various key ingredients and basic science to develop cosmetics and cosmeceuticals.
			MPH204T5	Acquire scientific knowledge to develop cosmetics and cosmeceuticals with desired safety, stability, and efficacy.
5	Pharmaceutics Practical II (2019 Pattern)	MPH205P	MPH205P1	Acquire scientific knowledge to develop and evaluate the various cosmetics and cosmeceuticals formulations with desired safety, stability, and efficacy.
			MPH205P2	Perform formulation and evaluation of various novel drug delivery system with desired safety, stability, and efficacy.
			MPH205P3	Understand various case studies of bioavailability, pharmacokinetic, in vitro cell studies, computer simulations in pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamics, sensitivity analysis, population modeling and computational modeling of drug disposition.
			MPH205P4	Understand the concept of dissolution kinetics, improvement of dissolution by solid dispersion technique, comparison of dissolution of two different marketed products & protein binding studies.
			MPH205P5	Acquire scientific knowledge of design of experiment for any formulation using and formulation data analysis using design expert® software and use of quality-by-design in pharmaceutical development.

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Course Outcomes

F. Y. M. Pharm (Semester-I)

Pharmaceutical Quality Assurance

Academic Year 2021-2022

Sr. No.	Course	Course Code	Course Outcome Number	Course Outcome
				Upon completion of the course, student will be able to
1	Modern Pharmaceutical Analytical Techniques (2019 Pattern)	MQA101 T	MPAT101T1	Understand the basic principle, theory and applications of various analytical techniques and the fundamentals on conventional analytical methods of drug analysis used in laboratories.
			MPAT101T2	Acquire knowledge about instrumentation and sufficient skills in handling of equipments or procedures for estimation of pharmaceuticals.
			MPAT101T3	Comprehend analytical techniques for identification, characterization and quantification of drugs.
			MPAT101T4	Utilize/Develop new technology and method for qualitative and quantitative analysis of pharmaceutical compound from organic, inorganic and herbal origin with cost effective approach.
			MPAT101T5	Elucidate structure of organic compounds using spectroscopic tools.
2	Quality Management System (2019 Pattern)	MQA102 T	MQA 102T1	Understand the importance of quality.
			MQA 102T2	Explain ISO management system.
			MQA 102T3	Know tools for quality improvement.
			MQA 102T4	Understand analysis of issues in quality.
			MQA 102T5	Discuss quality evaluation of pharmaceuticals.
			MQA 102T6	Understand stability testing of drug and drug substances.
			MQA 102T7	Understand statistical approaches for quality.
3	Quality Control and Quality Assurance (2019 Pattern)	MQA103 T	MQA103 T1	Understand the cGMP aspects in a pharmaceutical industry.
			MQA103 T2	Understand GLP and regulatory Affairs.
			MQA103 T3	Appreciate the importance of documentation.
			MQA103 T4	Understand the responsibilities of QA and QC departments.
			MQA103 T5	Appreciate the importance of documentation.
4	Product Development	MQA104 T	MQA 104T1	Acquire knowledge about new product development process, Development and Informational content for

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	and Technology Transfer (2019 Pattern)			INDA, NDA, ANDA, SNDA, SUPAC and BACPAC, Product registration guidelines – CDSCO, USFDA.
			MQA 104T2	Acquire knowledge about preformulation study, solubility & methods to improve solubility of drugs.
			MQA 104T3	Understand concept, significance, design, layout of pilot plant, scale up study, large scale manufacturing techniques and different types of pharmaceutical packaging materials available along with quality control tests for the same.
			MQA 104T4	Understand Development of technology by R & D, Technology transfer from R & D to production and documentation involved in technology transfer.
5	Pharmaceutical Quality Assurance Practical I (2019 Pattern)	MQA105P	MQA105P1	Understand principles, instrumentation, working of UV-VIS Spectrophotometry, Fluorimetry, Atomic absorption Spectrophotometry, Flame Photometry, their applications for analysis of pharmaceutical compounds, raw materials, related and foreign substances in drugs and will have practical skills of instrument handling.
			MQA105P2	Acquire knowledge of safety measures while handling instruments, chemicals and apparatus.
			MQA105P3	Comprehend Six Sigma, Total Quality management etc. after performing case studies.
			MQA105P4	Perform preformulation study for tablets, parenterals as per regulatory requirements and in process and finished product quality control tests for various pharmaceutical dosage forms and their packaging materials.
			MQA 105P5	Understand stability study protocol, accelerated stability studies, factors affecting solubility and problem solving skills related to solubility, determination of pKa and Log P values of drugs.

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Course Outcomes

F. Y. M. Pharm (Semester-II)

Pharmaceutical Quality Assurance

Academic Year 2021-2022

Sr. No.	Course	Course Code	Course Outcome No.	Course Outcome
				Upon completion of the course student will be able to
1	Hazards and Safety Management (2019 Pattern)	MQA201T	MQA 201T1	Understand basic knowledge about the environment and its allied problems and also develop an attitude of concern for the industry environment.
			MQA 201T2	Demonstrate safety standards in pharmaceutical industry and knowledge on the safety management.
			MQA 201T3	Understand the knowledge of mechanism and management in different kinds of hazards like Air based hazards, chemical based hazards, Fire & explosion etc.
			MQA 201T4	Illustrate ICH guidelines on risk assessment and risk management methods and Tools, safety programme and safety management, Physicochemical measurements of effluents, BOD, COD, Effluent treatment procedure.
2	Pharmaceutical Validation (2019 Pattern)	MQA202T	MQA 202T1	Understand the concepts of calibration, qualification and validation.
			MQA 202T2	Know about the qualification of various pharmaceutical equipment's and instruments.
			MQA 202T3	Study the Process validation of different dosage forms.
			MQA 202T4	Understand Validation of analytical method for estimation of drugs.
			MQA 202T5	Understand Cleaning validation of equipments employed in the manufacture of pharmaceuticals.
			MQA 202T6	Understand Intellectual property rights and patent filing.
			MQA 202T7	Know about the concept of Qualification of laboratory instruments.
3	Audits and Regulatory Compliance (2019 Pattern)	MQA203T	MQA203T1	Understand the importance of auditing in pharmaceuticals.
			MQA203T2	Understand the methodology of auditing for pharmaceutical industry.

			MQA203T3	Prepare the check list for auditing.
			MQA203T4	Carry out the audit process.
4	Pharmaceutical Manufacturing Technology (2019 Pattern)	MQA204T	MQA204T1	Understand the common practice in the pharmaceutical industry developments, plant layout and production planning.
			MQA204T2	Be familiar with the principles and practices of aseptic process technology, advanced sterile and nonsterile manufacturing process technology.
			MQA204T3	Comprehend the practices of packaging technology.
			MQA204T4	Acquire knowledge of principles and implementation of Quality by design (QbD) and process analytical technology (PAT) in pharmaceutical manufacturing.
5	Pharmaceutical Quality Assurance Practical II (2019 Pattern)	MQA205P	MQA205P1	Analyse contaminant residue, poisonous gas, chemical weapon (disinfectant) in work environment using analytical instrument and will have gained the knowledge of safety measures while handling instruments, chemicals and apparatus.
			MQA205P2	Validate/Qualify various pharmaceutical testing and analytical equipments.
			MQA205P3	Design plant layout and perform validation of processing area, process validation of pharmaceutical dosage form and cleaning validation of equipment.
			MQA205P4	Qualify bulk pharmaceutical vendors, tableting production, sterile production area and water for injection.
			MQA205P5	Comprehend applications of QbD and PAT after performing case studies.

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Course Outcomes

S. Y. M. Pharm (Semester-III)

Pharmaceutics and Pharmaceutical Quality Assurace

Academic Year 2021-22

Sr. No.	Course	Course Code	Course Outcome Number	Course Outcome
				Upon completion of the course, student will be able to
1	Research Methodology & Biostatistics (Pattern 2019)	MRM 301T	MRM 301T1	Understand the fundamental knowledge for selection and conducting research.
			MRM 301T2	Acquire basic understanding about importance of biostatistics in compiling the data.
			MRM 301T3	Gain knowledge about the importance of ethics knowledge in conducting research.
			MRM 301T4	Understand guidelines for design of animal experiments and basic principles for medical research.

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B.3. Course Outcomes (COs) for B. Pharm and M. Pharm Programmes (A.Y. 2020-21)

Course Outcomes F. Y. B. Pharm (Semester-I)
Academic Year 2020-21

Sr. No.	Course	Course Code	Course Outcome Number	Course Outcome
				Upon completion of the course, student will be able to
1.	Human Anatomy and Physiology-I (2019 Pattern)	BP101T	BP101T1	Define and explain the anatomy and physiology, various levels of organizations basic homeostatic mechanism.
			BP101T2	Explain the morphology, physiology of skeletal system along with the physiology of muscle contraction in co-ordination with the joints, theirarticulation and skin.
			BP101T3	Explain and describe the composition, function of various body fluids like blood and lymph, their significance and related disorders.
			BP101T4	Classify the peripheral nervous system, nerves and morphology ofspecial senses.
			BP101T5	Explain the anatomy and physiology and parameters related to CVS and related disorders.
2.	Human Anatomy and Physiology-I (2019 Pattern)	BP107P	BP107P1	Utilize effectively the microscope for microscopic study of varioustissues.
			BP107P2	Identify axial and appendicular bones of human skeleton.
			BP107P3	Explain the gross morphology, structure and functions of variousorgans of human body.
			BP107P4	Identify different tissues and organs of different systems of human body.
			BP107P5	Perform the haematological tests like blood cell count, haemoglobinestimation, bleeding/clotting time, etc.
			BP107P6	Record the blood pressure, heart rate, pulse rate and respiratory volume.
3.	Pharmaceutical Analysis I (2019 Pattern)	BP102T	BP102T1	Understand fundamentals of analytical chemistry, principles of volumetric and electrochemical analysis. Carry out various volumetric and electrochemical titrations. Develop analytical skills.
			BP102T2	Differentiate between various types of volumetric titrations like acid base titration, precipitation titration, complexometric titration, redox titration as well as able to perform Gravimetric quantitative determination method.

			BP102T3	Illustrate about different electro chemical methods of analysis like conductometry, potentiometry, polarography, refractometry.
4.	Pharmaceutical Analysis I (2019 Pattern)	BP108P	BP108P1	Acquire knowledge about how to carry out various volumetric and electrochemical titrations.
			BP108P2	Perform standardization of various secondary standard substances
			BP108P3	Perform assays of compounds based on different types of volumetric titrations.
			BP108P4	Utilize equipments like conductivity meter, potentiometer, refractometer etc. for the determination of normality and refractive index.
5.	Pharmaceutics I (2019 Pattern)	BP103T	BP103T1	Know the history of profession of pharmacy.
			BP103T2	Understand the basics of different dosage forms, pharmaceutical incompatibilities and pharmaceutical calculations.
			BP103T3	Understand the professional way of handling the prescription.
			BP103T4	Prepare various conventional dosage forms.
6.	Pharmaceutics I (2019 Pattern)	BP109P	BP109P1	State the correct use of various equipments in Pharmaceutics laboratory relevant to practicals.
			BP109P2	Explain formulation, evaluation and labelling of aromatic water, glycerides, syrups, elixirs and powder preparations.
			BP109P3	Perform pharmaceutical calculations to determine evaluation parameters like density, viscosity, specific gravity, angle of repose, Carr's index, Hausner ratio of preparations.
			BP109P4	Describe use of ingredients in formulation and category of formulation & Perform pharmaceutical calculations.
			BP109P5	Use equipments and apparatus needed for the preparation as per SOP, select the suitable packaging material (container-closure) for the preparation and draw the labels in neat way including all the component/parts.
			BP109P6	Summarize the principles of formulation and evaluation, predict the special requirements of preparations regarding the use, handling and storage conditions.
7.	Pharmaceutical Inorganic Chemistry (2019 Pattern)	BP104T	BP104T1	Understand sources of impurities and methods to determine the impurities in inorganic drugs and pharmaceuticals.
			BP104T2	Understand the basic concepts of acidity /basicity, buffers and tonicity applicable in pharmaceuticals.
			BP104T3	Understand the medicinal and pharmaceutical applications of inorganic compounds.

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			BP104T4	Understand the concepts and principles of radiopharmaceuticals.
8	Pharmaceutical Inorganic Chemistry (2019 Pattern)	BP110P	BP110P1	Develop skills to perform limit test and for given sample.
			BP110P2	Perform identification of different inorganic compounds through various qualitative tests.
			BP110P3	Perform tests for purity for different compounds as per official compendia.
			BP110P4	Acquire knowledge and skills to prepare inorganic salts such as boric acid, potash alum and ferrous sulphate.
9	Communication Skills (2019 Pattern)	BP105T	BP105T1	Understand the behavioural needs for a Pharmacist to function effectively in the areas of pharmaceutical operation.
			BP105T2	Communicate effectively (Verbal and Non Verbal).
			BP105T3	Effectively manage the team as a team player.
			BP105T4	Develop interview skills.
			BP105T5	Develop Leadership qualities and essentials.
11.	Remedial Biology (2019 Pattern)	BP106 RBT	BP106RBT1	Understand the components of living world.
			BP106RBT2	Know the classification and salient features of five kingdoms of life.
			BP106RBT3	Understand the basic components of anatomy & physiology of plant.
			BP106RBT4	Illustrate the basic components of anatomy & physiology animal with special reference to human.
12	Remedial Biology (2019 Pattern)	BP112RBP	BP112RBP1	Understand the components of living Cell.
			BP112RBP2	Know the classification and salient features of cell and its types.
			BP112RBP3	Understand the basic components of anatomy & physiology of plant.
			BP112RBP4	Illustrate the basic components of anatomy & physiology animal with special reference to human.
13.	Remedial Mathematics (2019 Pattern)	BP106RMT	BP106RMT1	Know the theory and their application in Pharmacy.
			BP106RMT2	Solve the different types of problems by applying theory.
			BP106RMT3	Appreciate the important application of mathematics in Pharmacy.

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Course Outcomes F. Y. B. Pharm (Semester-II)
Academic Year 2020-21

Sr. No.	Course	Course Code	Course Outcome Number	Course Outcome
				Upon completion of the course student will be able to
1	Human Anatomy and Physiology-II (2019 Pattern)	BP201T	BP201T1	Explain the anatomy and physiology and parameters related to digestive system and related disorders.
			BP201T2	Explain the anatomy and physiology and parameters related to nervous system and ANS.
			BP201T3	Explain the anatomy and physiology and parameters related to Urinary system.
			BP201T4	Explain the anatomy and physiology and parameters related Endocrine system.
			BP201T5	Explain the anatomy and physiology and parameters related Reproductive system.
			BP201T6	Explain the anatomy and physiology and parameters related Respiratory system.
2	Human Anatomy and Physiology-II (2019 Pattern)	BP207P	BP207P1	Record the body temperature and Basal Mass Index.
			BP207P2	Explain Reflex and Visual activity.
			BP207P3	Explain positive and negative feedback mechanism.
			BP207P4	Explain the gross morphology, structure and functions of various organs system of human body.
			BP207P5	Perform the hematological test like total blood count.
			BP207P6	Perform the tidal volume and vital capacity.
3	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-I (2019 Pattern)	BP202T	BP202T1	Understand the basic principles of organic chemistry and Classification, IUPAC Nomenclature of organic compounds and Structural Isomerism
			BP202T2	Gain knowledge about different types of elimination and substitution reactions of alkenes, alkyl halides and conjugated dienes
			BP202T3	Gain the knowledge about reactivity & stability of different organic compounds
			BP202T4	Understand qualitative tests, structure, and uses of different organic compounds like alcohols, aldehydes, ketones, carboxylic acids and amines.
4	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-I	BP208P	BP208P1	Understand safety measures in an organic chemistry laboratory.

	(2019 Pattern)		BP208P2	Differentiate in between techniques like M.P, B.P determination, crystallization and various types of distillation.
			BP208P3	Perform the qualitative analysis of given organic compound.
			BP208P4	Perform synthesis of the selected organic compounds and understand the reaction mechanism involved in it.
			BP208P5	Understand the concept of building of molecular models of structures containing various functional groups.
5	Biochemistry (2019 Pattern)	BP203T	BP203T1	Understand classification, chemical nature, biological role and metabolism of biomolecules.
			BP203T2	Understand the metabolism of nutrient molecules in physiological and pathological conditions.
			BP203T3	Understand the genetic organization of mammalian genome and functions of DNA in the synthesis of RNAs and proteins.
			BP203T4	Understand the catalytic role of enzymes and importance of enzyme in biochemical process
6	Biochemistry (2019 Pattern)	BP209P	BP208P1	Learn quantitative analysis test of carbohydrates, amino acids and proteins
			BP208P2	Understand qualitative analysis of urine for normal and abnormal constituents.
			BP208P3	Study procedure and principle for determination of serum total cholesterol, blood sugar and blood creatinine.
			BP208P4	Understand preparation of buffer solution and measurement of pH.
			BP208P5	Understand the effect of temperature and substrate concentration on salivary amylase activity.
7	Pathophysiology (2019 Pattern)	BP204T	BP204T1	Describe the etiology and pathogenesis of disease.
			BP204T2	Understand the sign and symptoms of disease with its pathophysiological mechanism.
			BP204T3	Understand the pharmacological treatment of disease.
			BP204T4	Discuss about laboratory techniques and diagnostic test.
8	Computer Applications in Pharmacy (2019 Pattern)	BP205T	BP205T1	Know the various types of application of computers in pharmacy.
			BP205T2	Know the various types of databases.
			BP205T3	Know the various applications of databases in pharmacy.
9	Computer Applications in Pharmacy (2019 Pattern)	BP210P	BP210P1	Create a HTML web page to show personal information.
			BP210P2	Design a form in MS Access to view, add, delete and modify the patient record in the data base.
			BP210P3	Create and work with the queries in MS Access and export tables, queries, forms and reports to web pages.
10	Environmental Sciences (2019 Pattern)	BP206T	BP206T1	Elaborate the natural resources available, their advantages and disadvantages on the human and animal health and plants.

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			BP206T2	Explain the ecology, energy flow and various ecosystems in the environment describing the biodiversity of state and India.
			BP206T3	Describe various environmental pollution, roll of individual in the pollution and disaster management.

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Course Outcomes S. Y. B. Pharm (Semester-III)
Academic Year 2020-21

Sr. No.	Course	Course Code	Course Outcome Number	Course Outcome
				Upon completion of the course, student will be able to
1	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-II (2019 Pattern)	BP301T	BP301T1	Write the structure, name and the type of isomerism of the organic compound.
			BP301T2	Write the reaction, name the reaction and orientation of reactions
			BP301T3	Account for reactivity/stability of compounds.
			BP301T4	Prepare small organic compounds.
2	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-II (2019 Pattern)	BP305P	BP305P1	Recall the various laboratory techniques involved in the synthesis process.
			BP305P2	Perform experiment with the separation of organic binary mixture.
			BP305P3	Determine the saponification value of oils.
			BP305P4	Perform synthesis, recrystallization and understand reaction mechanisms involved in synthesis of important organic compounds such as Benzanilide, Benzil etc.
3	Physical Pharmaceutics I (2019 Pattern)	BP302T	BP302T1	Ability to apply the knowledge of solubility, diffusion and distribution in pharmaceutical preparations.
			BP302T2	Investigate and apply various theories, laws and equations related to different states of matter.
			BP302T3	Demonstrate use of physicochemical properties of drugs in the formulation development and evaluation of dosage forms.
			BP302T4	Apply the concept of interfacial phenomena in pharmaceutical preparations.
			BP302T5	Distinguish the principles of complexation/ protein binding & to use them for calculations of drug release and stability constant.
			BP302T6	Understand the importance of pH, buffers and tonicity in pharmaceutical and biological system.
4	Physical Pharmaceutics I (2019 Pattern)	BP306P	BP306P1	Determine physicochemical properties of drugs in the formulation development and evaluation of dosage forms.
			BP306P2	Determine and apply the concept of interfacial phenomena in pharmaceutical preparations.

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			BP306P3	Distinguish the principles of complexation/ protein binding & to use them for calculations of drug release and stability constant.
			BP306P4	Determine thermodynamic parameters using solubility studies.
5	Pharmaceutical Microbiology (2019 Pattern)	BP303T	BP303T1	Understand methods of identification, cultivation and preservation of various microorganisms.
			BP303T2	Understand the importance and implementation of sterilization in pharmaceutical processing and industry.
			BP303T3	Learn sterility testing of pharmaceutical products.
			BP303T4	Perform microbiological standardization of Pharmaceuticals.
			BP303T5	Understand the cell culture technology and its applications in pharmaceutical industries.
6	Pharmaceutical Microbiology (2019 Pattern)	BP307P	BP307P1	Understand mechanism of equipments.
			BP307P2	Students will be able to formulate culture media.
			BP307P3	Students will be able to identify bacteria by staining method.
			BP307P4	Students will be able to isolate bacteria along with motility determination and assay of antibiotics.
7	Pharmaceutical Engineering (2019 Pattern)	BP304T	BP304T1	Know various unit operations used in pharmaceutical industries.
			BP304T2	Understand the material handling techniques.
			BP304T3	Perform various processes involved in the pharmaceutical manufacturing process.
			BP304T4	Carry out various test to prevent environmental pollution, appreciate and comprehend significance of plant lay out design for optimum use of resources.
			BP304T5	Appreciate the various preventive methods used for corrosion control in pharmaceutical industries.
8	Pharmaceutical Engineering (2019 Pattern)	BP308P	BP308P1	Understand the overall heat transfer coefficient, efficiency of steam distillation.
			BP308P2	Perform construction of drying rate curve, determination of moisture content and loss on drying.
			BP308P3	Perform tablet analysis, (size analysis) by sieving method.
			BP308P4	Understand the construction, working, application of pharmaceutical machinery such as Rotary tablet machine, Autoclave, Hot Air Oven.

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Course Outcomes S. Y. B. Pharm (Semester-IV)
Academic Year 2020-21

Sr. No.	Course	Course Code	Course Outcome Number	Course Outcome
				Upon completion of the course, student will be able to
1	Pharmaceutical organic chemistry-III (2019 Pattern)	BP401T	BP401T1	Understand the concept of stereoisomerism, resolution of racemic mixture and asymmetric synthesis
			BP401T2	Elaborate principle of geometrical isomerism, stereospecific and stereoselective reactions.
			BP401T3	Explain the synthesis, reactions and medicinal uses pyrrole, furan, and thiophene derivatives
			BP401T4	Explain the synthesis, reactions and medicinal Pyrazole, Imidazole, Oxazole and Thiazole Pyridine, Quinoline, Isoquinoline, Acridine and Indole derivatives.
			BP401T5	Explain the principle and pharmaceutical application of metal hydride reduction, Clemmensen reduction, Birch reduction, Wolff Kishner reduction, Oppenauer-oxidation, Dakin, Beckmanns rearrangement, Schmidt rearrangement and Claisen-Schmidt condensation reactions.
2	Medicinal Chemistry-I (2019 Pattern)	BP402T	BP402T1	Understand and relate the physicochemical properties of drug molecules with drug activity.
			BP402T2	Explain the concept of Drug Metabolism.
			BP402T3	Discuss biosynthesis of Adrenaline and Acetyl choline, ANS agonist and antagonist with respect to their structure, IUPAC nomenclature, SAR, mode of action, metabolism, synthesis and rational development.
			BP402T4	Know rational development of various categories of drugs like CNS stimulants and depressant, psychotherapeutic drugs and General anaesthetic agents.
			BP402T5	Acquire knowledge about centrally acting analgesics (Narcotic, non-narcotic, anti-inflammatory agents) with respect to structure, IUPAC nomenclature, SAR, mode of action, metabolism, synthesis and rational development.
3	Medicinal Chemistry-I (2019 Pattern)	BP406P	BP406P1	Develop skills in various purification techniques of solvents/liquids used in synthesis.
			BP406P2	Perform synthesis, recrystallization and understand reaction mechanisms involved in synthesis of medicinally important organic compounds such as Benzocaine, Phenytoin etc.

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			BP406P3	Perform the Purification of synthesized compounds by Column chromatography.
			BP406P4	Determine the partition coefficient and Ionisation constant of medicinal compounds.
4	Physical Pharmaceutics II (2019 Pattern)	BP403T	BP403T1	Relate various physicochemical properties of drug and excipient molecules in designing the dosage forms.
			BP403T2	Apply the concept of rheology and deformation in pharmaceutical formulation.
			BP403T3	Distinguish the principles of chemical kinetics & to use them for stability testing and determination of expiry date of formulations.
			BP403T4	Investigate and apply micromeritic in pharmaceutical dosage forms.
5	Physical Pharmaceutics II (2019 Pattern)	BP407P	BP407P1	Investigate and apply micromeritic in pharmaceutical dosage forms.
			BP407P2	Determine and apply the concept of rheology in pharmaceutical preparations.
			BP407P3	Study rate of reaction for stability testing and determination of expiry date of formulations.
			BP407P4	Determine physiochemical properties and stability of excipients and drug for preparation dosage form.
6	Pharmacology- I (2019 Pattern)	BP404T	BP404T1	Define the fundamental concepts of pharmacology and pharmacokinetics.
			BP404T2	Understand the basics of pharmacodynamics, adverse reactions, drug interactions and drug discovery.
			BP404T3	Identify the role of neurohumoral transmission and drugs acting on peripheral nervous system.
			BP404T4	Analyse the functions of neurotransmitters and drugs acting on central nervous system.
			BP404T5	Appraise the pharmacology of Psychopharmacological agents.
			BP404T6	Predict the effects of drugs against neurodegenerative disorders and to elaborate the concepts of drug addiction/abuse/tolerance/ dependence.
7	Pharmacology- I (2019 Pattern)	BP408P	BP408P1	Learn about basic instruments, common laboratory animals used in experimental pharmacology and to organize animal house as per the CPCSEA guidelines.
			BP408P2	Demonstrate the common laboratory techniques like routes of administration, blood withdrawal, anaesthetics and euthanasia used for animal studies.
			BP408P3	Interpret the effects of various drugs on rabbit eye and ciliary motility of frog oesophagus in correlation with humans.
			BP408P4	Analyse the effect of drugs acting as enzyme inducers, skeletal muscle relaxants and affecting locomotor activity in laboratory animals
			BP408P5	Evaluate the stereotype and anticatatonic activity of drugs in rats/mice.

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			BP408P6	Predict various screening models for anticonvulsant and anxiolytic activity.
8	Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry-I (2019 Pattern)	BP405T	BP405T1	Understand fundamentals of Pharmacognosy like scope, classification of crude drugs.
			BP405T2	Describe techniques in the cultivation and production of crude drugs.
			BP405T3	Identify crude drugs and explain their uses and chemical nature.
			BP405T4	Understand evaluation techniques for the herbal drugs.
9	Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry-I (2019 Pattern)	BP409P	BP409P1	Understand fundamentals of Pharmacognosy with the evaluation techniques for the herbal drugs.
			BP409P2	Carry out the microscopic and morphological evaluation of crude drugs.
			BP409P3	Explain concept of adulteration of crude drugs and its identification.
			BP409P4	Illustrate handling and uses of instruments required for evaluation of the herbal drugs.

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Course Outcomes T. Y. B. Pharm (Semester-V)
Academic Year 2020-21

Sr. No.	Course	Course Code	Course Outcome Number	Course Outcome
				Upon completion of the course student will be able to
1	Medicinal Chemistry-II (2018 Pattern)	BP501T	BP501T1	Understand the chemistry of drugs with respect to their pharmacological activity.
			BP501T2	Understand the drug metabolic pathways, adverse effect and therapeutic value of drugs.
			BP501T3	Know the Structural Activity Relationship of different class of drugs.
			BP501T4	Study the chemical synthesis of selected drugs.
2	Formulative Pharmacy (2018 Pattern)	BP502T	BP502T1	Describe various factors to be considered in development of pharmaceutical dosage forms
			BP502T2	Formulate solid, liquid, semisolid dosage forms and evaluate them for their quality.
			BP502T3	Formulate cosmetic preparations, Pharmaceutical Aerosols and evaluate them for their quality.
			BP502T4	Describe stability aspects and quality control tests of packaging materials.
3	Formulative Pharmacy (2018 Pattern)	BP506 P	BP506P1	Illustrate various pharmaceutical dosage forms and their manufacturing techniques.
			BP506P2	Describe various factors to be considered in development of pharmaceutical dosage forms.
			BP506P3	Formulate solid, liquid and semisolid dosage forms and evaluate them for their quality.
			BP506P4	Formulate cosmetics and evaluate them for their quality.
4	Pharmacology- II (2018 Pattern)	BP503T	BP503T1	Explain the pharmacology of drugs acting on Cardiovascular system for various conditions.
			BP503T2	Explain the pharmacology of drugs acting on Urinary System.
			BP503T3	Explain the various autocoids and drugs acting on endocrine system.
			BP503T4	Explain Bioassays.
5	Pharmacology- II (2018 Pattern)	BP507P	BP507P1	Handle the laboratory equipment's and apply techniques used in experimental pharmacology. N=Introduction to Physiological Salt Solution
			BP507P2	Understand the Effect of drugs on isolated frog heart, blood pressure and heart rate of dog and diuretic activity of drugs using rats/mice.

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			BP507P3	Perform recording of CRC/DRC of Acetylcholine/Histamine on suitable isolated tissue preparation.
			BP507P4	Explain and perform matching point, bracketing and interpolation bioassay to find unknown concentration of Acetylcholine/histamine.
			BP507P5	Explain Clinical Case study.
6	Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry-II (2018 Pattern)	BP504T	BP504T1	Understand the concept of Biosynthesis in formation of secondary metabolites and Radioactive tracer techniques used in plants for determining the Process of formation of secondary metabolites.
			BP504T2	Study chemistry, classification, and uses of secondary metabolites along with the medicinal plants associated with it.
			BP504T3	Know the modern techniques associated with extraction, characterization and identification of phytoconstituents.
			BP504T4	Study different methods of isolation, separation and spectroscopically methods used for the structural elucidation of the phytoconstituents.
7	Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry-II (2018 Pattern)	BP508P	BP508P1	Evaluate crude drugs by its Morphological, Microscopical and powder Characteristics.
			BP508P2	Study different methods of Extraction of phytoconstituents and volatile oil.
			BP508P3	Study the principle and procedure for separation and isolation of phytoconstituents by chromatography.
			BP508P4	Study the principle and procedure for separation and isolation of phytoconstituents by non-chromatography methods.
8	Pharm. Jurisprudence (2018 Pattern)	BP505T	BP505T1	Understand pharmaceutical legislations and their implications in the development and marketing of pharmaceuticals.
			BP505T2	Study various Indian pharmaceutical Acts and Laws.
			BP505T3	Acquire knowledge of regulatory authorities and agencies governing the manufacture and sale of pharmaceuticals.
			BP505T4	Follow code of ethics during the pharmaceutical practice.

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Course Outcomes T. Y. B. Pharm (Semester-VI)
Academic Year 2020-21

Sr. No.	Course	Course Code	Course Outcome Number	Course Outcome
				Upon completion of the course, student will be able to
1	Medicinal Chemistry-III (2018 Pattern)	BP601T	BP601T1	Explain the Drugs used for various infectious diseases caused by pathogens.
			BP601T2	Explain the Drugs used for the treatment of cancer.
			BP601T3	Explain physicochemical properties related to QSAR.
			BP601T4	Describe various approaches and designing of drug molecules including prodrug and Combinatorial chemistry.
2	Medicinal Chemistry-III (2018 Pattern)	BP607P	BP607P1	Perform synthesis, recrystallization understand reaction mechanisms involved in the synthesis of medicinally important compounds.
			BP607P2	Comprehend the techniques of microwave-assisted synthesis and explain applications of microwave-assisted synthesis in pharmaceutical research.
			BP607P3	Draw structures and reactions using Chem draw.
			BP607P4	Determine physicochemical properties such as logP, clogP, MR, Molecular weight.
			BP607P5	Handle drug design software.
3	Pharmacology-III (2018 Pattern)	BP602T	BP602T1	Understand the essential pharmacotherapy and pharmacological features of common and important drugs used in respiratory disorders.
			BP602T2	Explain pharmacology of various drugs used in treatment of GI disorders.
			BP602T3	Explain pharmacology of drugs used in the treatment of various infectious diseases and Immunopharmacology.
			BP602T4	Discuss the various principles and management of toxicology, and concept of Chrono pharmacology.
4	Pharmacology-III (2018 Pattern)	BP608P	BP608P1	Recall the dose calculations in pharmacological experiments, and to relate the antiallergic activity / anti-ulcer activity in rat models.
			BP608P2	Demonstrate of effect of drugs on gastrointestinal motility and the effect of agonists/antagonists on guinea pig ileum.
			BP608P3	Construct serum biochemical parameters by using semi auto analyzer.

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			BP608P4	Analyze effect of saline purgative on frog intestine, insulin hypoglycemic effect and test for pyrogens using rabbit method.
			BP608P5	Evaluate acute oral toxicity (LD50), acute skin irritation / corrosion and acute eye irritation/corrosion of a test substance.
			BP608P6	Predict the pharmacokinetic parameters and adapt the biostatistics methods in experimental pharmacology.
5	Herbal Drug Technology (2018 Pattern)	BP603T	BP603T1	Understand the concept of herbs as a source of raw materials, concept of Biodynamic farming and principals involved in different traditional systems of Medicines.
			BP603T2	Gain knowledge about Herbal cosmetics, Natural sweeteners and Nutraceuticals.
			BP603T3	Acquaint with guidelines framed by W.H.O., I.C.H, and G.M.P for evaluation herbal drugs.
			BP603T4	Gain knowledge about herbal Industry and understand the importance of patenting of herbal drugs.
6	Herbal Drug Technology (2018 Pattern)	BP609P	BP609P1	Understand concept of extraction and preliminary phytochemical screening of Phytoconstituents.
			BP609P2	Understand concept for extraction and preliminary phytochemical screening of Phytoconstituents.
			BP609P3	Evaluate and standardize herbal formulation.
			BP609P4	Acquire primary knowledge about structural elucidation by analyzing and studying of drug monographs from natural origin.
7	Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics (2018 Pattern)	BP604T	BP604T1	Understand the basic concepts in biopharmaceutics and pharmacokinetics and their Significance.
			BP604T2	Use plasma drug concentration-time data to calculate the pharmacokinetic parameters to describe the kinetics of drug absorption, distribution, metabolism, excretion, elimination.
			BP604T3	Understand the concepts of bioavailability and bioequivalence of drug products and their Significance.
			BP604T4	Understand the concept of dissolution and application of in vitro in vivo correlation in drug product development.
8	Pharmaceutical Biotechnology (2018 Pattern)	BP605T	BP605T1	Explain Brief introduction of Biotechnology, Enzyme Biotechnology, Biosensor, Protein Engineering, Basic principles of genetic engineering.
			BP605T2	Tell Cloning vectors, Recombinant DNA technology, Application of genetic engineering and r DNA technology, PCR139.
			BP605T3	Describe Types of immunity, Structure Immunoglobulins and MHC, Preparation methods of vaccines, antitoxins, serum, Hybridoma technology, Storage condition and stability of official vaccines.
			BP605T4	Explain Immuno blotting techniques- ELISA, Western blotting, Southern blotting, Microbial genetics Transformation, transduction, conjugation, plasmid, transposons. Types of Mutation/mutants.

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			BP605T5	Describe Fermentation methods and general requirements, large scale fermenter design and various controls, Study of production of Penicillin, Vit.B12, Glutamic acid. Blood products.
9	Quality Assurance (2018 Pattern)	BP606T	BP606T1	Understand The CGMP Aspects in the Pharmaceutical Industry.
			BP606T2	Appreciate The Importance of Documentation.
			BP606T3	Understand The Scope of Quality Certifications Applicable to Pharmaceutical Industries.
			BP606T4	Understand The Responsibilities of QA and QC Departments.
			BP606T5	Understand The CGMP Aspects in Pharmaceutical Industry.

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Course Outcomes Final Y. B. Pharm (Semester-VII)
Academic Year 2020-21

Sr. No.	Course	Course Code	Course Outcome Number	Course Outcome
				Upon completion of the course, student will be able to
1	Sterile Products (2015 Pattern)	471T	471T1	Understand the general requirements, routes of administration, significance of tonicity adjustment and sterility and Pre-formulation of sterile products.
			471T2	Explain various packaging materials used, types, choice of containers, official quality control tests and methods of evaluation.
			471T3	Describe the GMP and design and layout of Parenteral Production Facility, environmental control zones, heating ventilation air conditioning (HVAC), HEPA filter and laminar area flow systems.
			471T4	Understand Classification, formulation, processing and manufacturing of SVPs and Pilot plant scale up.
			471T5	Understand large volume parenteral and lyophilization process.
			471T6	Explain ophthalmic products, Blood Products and Surgical Dressings and parenteral devices.
2	Sterile Products (2015 Pattern)	471P	471P1	Formulate, develop and evaluate SVPs, LVPs and ophthalmic preparations.
			471P2	Acquire knowledge in sealing of ampoules.
			471P3	Study pharmacopoeial evaluation of packaging materials.
			471P4	Perform evaluation of marketed preparations and validation of aseptic area.
			471P5	Study significance and Accelerated stability testing of marketed samples.
3	Pharmaceutical Analysis –V (2015 Pattern)	472T	472T1	Understand the basic principle, instrumentation and applications of Infra-red (FTIR), Near Infrared (NIR) & Raman spectroscopy.
			472T2	Describe the basic principle, instrumentation and applications of Scanning Electron Microscopy (SEM) and Transmission Electron Microscopy (TEM).
			472T3	Acquire knowledge of the basic principle, instrumentation of HPLC, and their application for

				quality control of API & Formulations.
			472T4	Explain principle and advantages of UPLC over HPLC.
			472T5	Comprehend the basic principle, instrumentation, sample handling, derivatisation, quantitation and application of Gas Chromatography.
4	Pharmaceutical Analysis –V (2015 Pattern)	472P	472P1	Independently operate, calibrate UV visible spectrophotometer for the two component formulation by simultaneous equation method, Q-method.
			472P2	Record the IR spectra of compounds having different functional groups.
			472P3	Interpret the data from IR spectra and report the results as per regulatory requirements.
			472P4	Acquire knowledge of safety measures while handling instruments, chemicals and apparatus.
			472P5	Learn handling of Gas Chromatography/ Atomic Absorption Spectrophotometry/ SEM
5	Medicinal Chemistry-III (2015 Pattern)	473T	473T1	Understand the mechanism of action, adverse effects, therapeutic uses and recent developments of antibiotics
			473T2	Acquire the knowledge about Mechanism of action, adverse effects, therapeutic uses and recent developments of chemotherapeutic agents.
			473T3	Understand the mechanism of action, adverse effects, therapeutic uses and recent developments of Sulphonamide derivatives, Antitubercular, Antileprotic agents, Antifungal agents, Antimalarials and Antiamebic agent.
			473T4	Understand the mechanism of action, adverse effects, therapeutic uses and recent developments of Trypanosomicidal drugs, drugs acting against leishmaniasis, Anthelmintics and Antiviral agents including antiretroviral.
6	Medicinal Chemistry-III (2015 Pattern)	473P	473P1	Acquire the knowledge about the use of various equipments & take safety measures while working in medicinal chemistry laboratory.
			473P2	Modify the skills involved in thin layer chromatography techniques and purification of synthesized compounds by column chromatography.
			473P3	Understand reaction mechanisms involved in synthesis of medicinally important compounds.
			473P4	Interpret the spectral characterizations made by IR and 1H-NMRs of synthesized compounds.
7	Pharmacology-IV (2015 Pattern)	474 T	474T1	Understand classification, mechanism of action, antibacterial spectrum, resistance, therapeutic uses, adverse effects and contraindications of various antibiotics
			474T2	Understand the knowledge of various endocrine

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				hormones, its types, receptors involved and mechanisms involved.
			474T3	Get in depth knowledge of biosynthesis, Mechanism of action, Pharmacology and regulation of Thyroid, antithyroid drugs and Parathyroid hormones
			474T4	Get in depth knowledge of Biosynthesis, Secretion, Mechanism of action, Pharmacology of insulin and glucagon and Pharmacotherapy of Diabetes Mellitus
			474T5	Understand the pharmacology of Androgens, Estrogens, Progestin and oral contraceptives
8	Pharmacology-IV (2015 Pattern)	474P	474P1	Understand the use of isolated tissue preparation for bioassay methods.
			474P2	Analyze the rational and irrational fixed dose combinations based on various parameters.
			474P3	Understand the prescription pattern and rational use of drug by performing case study or doing hospital visit.
			474P4	To do Prescription audit with the help of case report
9	Natural Drug Technology (2015 Pattern)	475T	475T1	Understand plant metabolites and its production with tissue culture.
			475T2	Explain the herbal new drug delivery systems like liposomes, phytosomes, nanoparticles and vesicles.
			475T3	Understand guidelines issued by WHO in relation with cultivation, collection and storage of crude drugs.
			475T4	Study structural elucidation and *in-vitro* screening methods of natural products.
10	Natural Drug Technology (2015 Pattern)	475P	475P1	Understand theoretical and practical knowledge for evaluation herbal formulation.
			475P2	Define preformulation parameters for herbal formulations.
			475P3	Conduct *in vitro* assays of herbal compounds.
			475P4	Handle equipment's and develop skills during standardization of natural product and formulation.
11	Bio-Pharmaceutics & Pharmacokinetics (2015 Pattern)	476 T	476T1	Understand the concept of biopharmaceutics and its application in formulation development.
			476T2	Describe pharmacokinetic processes and their relevance in efficacy of dosage form.
			476T3	Learn the concept of bioavailability and bioequivalence.
			476T4	Learn various compartment model and non compartment analysis method.
			476T5	Understand concept and mechanism of dissolution and in vitro in vivo correlation.
12	Pharmaceutical Jurisprudence (2015 Pattern)	477T	477T1	Understand basic principles, purpose, significance and relevance of Pharmaceutical laws in India and effectiveness of medicine and quality of product.

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Course Outcomes Final Y. B. Pharm (Semester-VIII)
Academic Year 2020-21

Sr. No.	Course	Course Code	Course Outcome Number	Course Outcome
				Upon completion of the course, student will be able to
1	Advanced Drug Delivery System (2015 Pattern)	481T	481T1	Students will describe fundamental concept of modified drug release along with different approaches and classification.
			481T2	Students will able to describe introduction, formulation, merits, demerits, applications of novel drug delivery system.
			481T3	Able to learn about microencapsulation technique.
			481T4	Able to learn optimization technique.
			481T5	Students will able to explain therapeutic aerosols along with typical formulation, metered dose, topical application.
2	Advanced Drug Delivery System (2015 Pattern)	481P	481P1	Understand the properties of polymers.
			481P2	Formulate sustained release formulations.
			481P3	Formulate microcapsules.
			481P4	Formulate gastro-retentive formulations.
3	Cosmetic Science (2015 Pattern)	482T	482T1	Understand the concepts of cosmetics; anatomy of skin v/s hair, general excipients used in cosmetics.
			482T2	Explain formulation of cosmetics for skin, manufacturing, equipments & evaluation of creams like cold cream, vanishing cream etc. & powder cosmetics.
			482T3	Explain formulation of cosmetics for hair, manufacturing & evaluation of hair shampoos, tonics, etc.
			482T4	Describe formulation of cosmetics for eyes, manufacturing & evaluation of eye mascara, shadow, etc.
			482T5	Understand formulation of manicure products like nail lacquer, remover, etc.
			482T6	Learn formulation, manufacture & evaluation of baby cosmetics like baby oils, Powders, etc.
			482T7	Explain the concept of cosmeceuticals, history, difference between cosmetics & cosmeceuticals & cosmeceuticals agents.

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4	Cosmetic Science (2015 Pattern)	482P	482P1	State the correct use of various equipments in Pharmaceutics laboratory relevant to cosmetics.
			482P2	Perform formulation, evaluation and labelling of cosmetics like moisturizing cream, vanishing cream, cold cream, sunscreen cream/lotion.
			482P3	Perform formulation, evaluation of eye cosmetics.
			482P4	Perform formulation, evaluation of nail lacquer, shampoo, face pack, face powder, tooth paste & lip stick.
			482P5	Perform formulation, evaluation & labelling of shaving cream, after shave & baby products.
			482P6	Describe use of ingredients in formulation and category of formulation and Prepare labels as per regulatory requirements.
5	Pharmaceutical Analysis –VI (2015 Pattern)	483T	483T1	Acquire knowledge about the basic principle, instrumentation, application of Nuclear Magnetic Resonance (NMR) spectroscopy
			483T2	Explain the basic principle and instrumentation of Electron Spin Resonance (ESR).
			483T3	Comprehend the basic principle, instrumentation, applications of Ion Exchange Chromatography and learnt introduction of Automated methods of analysis.
			483T4	Describe basic principle, instrumentation of Flash Chromatography and Super Critical Fluid Chromatography.
			483T5	Understand the basic principle, instrumentation, application of Mass Spectrometry.
6	Pharmaceutical Analysis –VI (2015 Pattern)	483P	483P1	Validate of analytical methods by UV, HPLC as per ICH or USP Guideline.
			483P2	Understand system suitability parameters for HPLC as per IP/BP/USP.
			483P3	Interpret the data from UV, IR, NMR, Mass spectra and report the results as per regulatory requirements.
			483P4	Acquire the knowledge of Quantitation techniques in HPLC.
7	Medicinal Chemistry-IV (2015 Pattern)	484T	484T1	Know the general aspects of design of the drugs, structure activity relationship (SAR), mechanism of action, therapeutic uses, adverse effects and recent developments in the antihistaminic, proton pump inhibitors, Serotonergic agents and Autacoids.
			484T2	Describe the mechanism of action, adverse effects, therapeutic uses and recent developments in NSAIDs.
			484T3	Recognize the mechanism of action, adverse effects, therapeutic uses and recent developments in steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs, narcotic & non-narcotic analgesics.
			484T4	Discuss about the steroidal drugs and Harmones.

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			484T5	Discuss about the Insulin & Oral Anti-hyperglycemic drugs (Metformin, Tolbutamide)
			484T6	Discuss about the Diagnostic agents: Radio opaque diagnostic agents and agents for organ function tests.
8	Medicinal Chemistry-IV (2015 Pattern)	484P	484P1	Synthesize, recrystallize and understand reaction mechanisms involved in synthesis of medicinally important organic compounds.
			484P2	Develop skills involved in thin layer chromatography techniques and purification of synthesized compounds by column chromatography.
			484P3	Interpret the spectral characterizations made by IR and 1H-NMRs of synthesized compounds.
			48.P4	Demonstrate the High Vacuum Distillation and CADD.
9	Pharmacology V (Including Biostatistics PATTERN 2015)	485T	485T1	Understand important aspect, classification, mechanism of drug-drug interaction and ADRs.
			485T2	Explain basic aspects of drug safety and Pharmacovigilance in relation to monitoring and reporting of ADRs.
			485T3	Know Functioning and role of hospital pharmacy and practice of rational drug therapy and methods of assessment of patient compliance and non-compliance
			485T4	Know Clinical trials, ethics and practice of Good Clinical Practice involved in clinical trials
			485T5	Understand Process, working and personnel involved in clinical data management and their roles.
10	Pharmacology V (Including Biostatistics 2015 Pattern)	485P	485P1	Understand concepts of statistics, its application and importance.
			485P2	Calculate PA2 or PD2 value of given drugs using suitable isolated tissue preparation.
			485P3	Observe neurobehavioral characterization of test drugs
			485P4	Understand Calculation of Analysis of Variance (ANOVA), Student 't' test.
11	Natural Products: Commerce, Industry & Regulations (2015 Pattern)	486T	486T1	Understand of different segments in trade market, export & import of Indian herbal drug industry in global contest.
			486T2	Understand and realize the market potential of natural products.
			486T3	Learn entrepreneurship skills to grab opportunities available in herbal market.
			486T4	Justify Pharmacovigilance systems and WHO guidelines in of natural products.
12	Quality Assurance Techniques (2015 Pattern)	487T	487T1	Understand the significance of quality in pharmaceutical manufacturing, QA & QC department responsibilities.
			487T2	Understand the Role of Regulatory Agencies in deciding Quality Standards, significance of validation in quality assurance.

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			487T3	Know the calibration process and equipment qualification.
			487T4	Know and follow cGMP, GLP and GDP while working in pharmaceutical industry and pharmaceutical quality management system and quality risk management.
			487T5	Know about pharmaceutical validation parameters and regulatory agencies.
			487T6	Know the concept of QbD.

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Course Outcomes

F. Y. M. Pharm (Semester-I)

Pharmaceutics

Academic Year 2020-21

Sr. No.	Course	Course Code	Course Outcome Number	Course Outcome
				Upon completion of the course, student will be able to
1	Modern Pharmaceutical Analytical Techniques (2019 Pattern)	MPAT101T	MPAT101T1	Understand the basic principle, theory and applications of various analytical techniques and the fundamentals on conventional analytical methods of drug analysis used in laboratories.
			MPAT101T2	Acquire knowledge about instrumentation and sufficient skills in handling of equipments or procedures for estimation of pharmaceuticals.
			MPAT101T3	Comprehend analytical techniques for identification, characterization and quantification of drugs.
			MPAT101T4	Utilize/Develop new technology and method for qualitative and quantitative analysis of pharmaceutical compound from organic, inorganic and herbal origin with cost effective approach.
			MPAT101T5	Elucidate structure of organic compounds using spectroscopic tools.
2	Drug Delivery System (2019 Pattern)	MPH102T	MPH102T1	Understand the various approaches for development of novel drug delivery systems.
			MPH102T2	Acquire knowledge of criteria for selection of drugs and polymers for the development of delivering system.
			MPH102T3	Understand the formulation and evaluation of Novel drug delivery systems.
3	Modern Pharmaceutics (2019 Pattern)	MPH103T	MPH103T1	Understand the elements of preformulation studies.
			MPH103T2	Understand the Active Pharmaceutical Ingredients and Generic Drug Product development.
			MPH103T3	Know Industrial Management and GMP Considerations.
			MPH103T4	Learn Optimization Techniques & Pilot Plant Scale Up Techniques
			MPH103T5	Perform Stability Testing, sterilization process & packaging of dosage forms.
4	Regulatory Affair (2019 Pattern)	MPH104T	MPH104T1	Understand the Concepts of innovator and generic drugs, drug development process.
			MPH104T2	Understand The Regulatory guidance's and guidelines for filing and approval process.

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			MPH104T3	Understand Preparation of Dossiers and their submission to regulatory agencies in different countries.
			MPH104T4	Recognize the Post approval regulatory requirements for actives and drug products and submission of global documents in CTD/ eCTD formats.
			MPH104T5	Know the Submission of global documents in CTD/ eCTD formats. And clinical trials requirements for approvals for conducting clinical trials.
5	Pharmaceutics Practical I (2019 Pattern)	MPH105P	MPH105P1	Analyze various drugs in single and combination dosage forms for development of theoretical and practical skills of the analytical instruments.
			MPH105P2	Understand various approaches for development and evaluation of novel drug delivery systems.
			MPH105P3	Know the criteria for selection of drugs and polymers for the development of drug delivering system.
			MPH105P4	Investigate and apply micromeritic in pharmaceutical dosage forms.

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Course Outcomes

F. Y. M. Pharm (Semester-II)

Pharmaceutics

Academic Year 2020-21

Sr. No.	Course	Course Code	Course Outcome Number	Course Outcome
				Upon completion of the course, student will be able to
1	Molecular Pharmaceutics (Nano Tech and Targeted DDS) (2019 Pattern)	MPH201T	MPH201T1	The various approaches for development of novel drug delivery systems.
			MPH201T2	The criteria for selection of drugs and polymers for the development of NTDS.
			MPH201T3	The formulation and evaluation of novel drug delivery systems.
2	Advanced Biopharmaceutics & Pharmacokinetics (2019 Pattern)	MPH202T	MPH202T1	Explain mechanism of drug absorption &various factors affecting drug absorption.
			MPH202T2	Learn various biopharmaceutic factors affecting drug bioavailability.
			MPH202T3	Understand basic considerations of pharmacokinetic models.
			MPH202T4	Explain the design and evaluation of dosage regimens of the drugs using pharmacokinetic and biopharmaceutic parameters.
			MPH202T5	Learn different types of drug interactions which alter the pharmacokinetics of such as drug-protein /drug-tissue binding interactions
3	Computer Aided Drug Delivery System	MPH203T	MPH203T1	Explain Computers in Pharmaceutical Research and Development.
			MPH203T2	Understand and operate Computers in Preclinical Development, Clinical Development and Market Analysis.
			MPH203T3	Create Optimization Techniques in Pharmaceutical Formulation.
			MPH203T4	Understand and apply artificial intelligence (AI) and robotics computational fluid dynamics (CFD) in pharmaceutical preparation.
4	Cosmetic and Cosmeceuticals (2019 Pattern)	MPH204T	MPH204T1	Acquire knowledge about key ingredients used in cosmetics and cosmeceuticals.
			MPH204T2	Acquire knowledge about key building blocks for various formulations.
			MPH204T3	Learn current technologies in the market.

			MPH204T4	Understand use of various key ingredients and basic science to develop cosmetics and cosmeceuticals.
			MPH204T5	Acquire scientific knowledge to develop cosmetics and cosmeceuticals with desired safety, stability, and efficacy.
5	Pharmaceutics Practical II (2019 Pattern)	MPH205P	MPH205P1	Acquire scientific knowledge to develop and evaluate the various cosmetics and cosmeceuticals formulations with desired safety, stability, and efficacy.
			MPH205P2	Perform formulation and evaluation of various novel drug delivery system with desired safety, stability, and efficacy.
			MPH205P3	Understand various case studies of bioavailability, pharmacokinetic, in vitro cell studies, computer simulations in pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamics, sensitivity analysis, population modeling and computational modeling of drug disposition.
			MPH205P4	Understand the concept of dissolution kinetics, improvement of dissolution by solid dispersion technique, comparison of dissolution of two different marketed products & protein binding studies.
			MPH205P5	Acquire scientific knowledge of design of experiment for any formulation using and formulation data analysis using design expert® software and use of quality-by-design in pharmaceutical development.

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Course Outcomes

F. Y. M. Pharm (Semester-I)

Pharmaceutical Quality Assurance

Academic Year 2020-21

Sr. No.	Course	Course Code	Course Outcome Number	Course Outcome
				Upon completion of the course, student will be able to
1	Modern Pharmaceutical Analytical Techniques (2019 Pattern)	MQA101 T	MPAT101T1	Understand the basic principle, theory and applications of various analytical techniques and the fundamentals on conventional analytical methods of drug analysis used in laboratories.
			MPAT101T2	Acquire knowledge about instrumentation and sufficient skills in handling of equipments or procedures for estimation of pharmaceuticals.
			MPAT101T3	Comprehend analytical techniques for identification, characterization and quantification of drugs.
			MPAT101T4	Utilize/Develop new technology and method for qualitative and quantitative analysis of pharmaceutical compound from organic, inorganic and herbal origin with cost effective approach.
			MPAT101T5	Elucidate structure of organic compounds using spectroscopic tools.
2	Quality Management System (2019 Pattern)	MQA102 T	MQA 102T1	Understand the importance of quality.
			MQA 102T2	Explain ISO management system.
			MQA 102T3	Know tools for quality improvement.
			MQA 102T4	Understand analysis of issues in quality.
			MQA 102T5	Discuss quality evaluation of pharmaceuticals.
			MQA 102T6	Understand stability testing of drug and drug substances.
			MQA 102T7	Understand statistical approaches for quality.
3	Quality Control and Quality Assurance (2019 Pattern)	MQA103 T	MQA103 T1	Understand the cGMP aspects in a pharmaceutical industry.
			MQA103 T2	Understand GLP and regulatory Affairs.
			MQA103 T3	Appreciate the importance of documentation.
			MQA103 T4	Understand the responsibilities of QA and QC departments.
			MQA103 T5	Appreciate the importance of documentation.
4	Product Development	MQA104 T	MQA 104T1	Acquire knowledge about new product development process, Development and informational content for

	and Technology Transfer (2019 Pattern)			INDA, NDA, ANDA, SNDA, SUPAC and BACPAC, Product registration guidelines – CDSCO, USFDA.
			MQA 104T2	Acquire knowledge about preformulation study, solubility & methods to improve solubility of drugs.
			MQA 104T3	Understand concept, significance, design, layout of pilot plant, scale up study, large scale manufacturing techniques and different types of pharmaceutical packaging materials available along with quality control tests for the same.
			MQA 104T4	Understand Development of technology by R & D, Technology transfer from R & D to production and documentation involved in technology transfer.
5	Pharmaceutical Quality Assurance Practical I (2019 Pattern)	MQA105P	MQA105P1	Understand principles, instrumentation, working of UV-VIS Spectrophotometry, Fluorimetry, Atomic absorption Spectrophotometry, Flame Photometry, their applications for analysis of pharmaceutical compounds, raw materials, related and foreign substances in drugs and will have practical skills of instrument handling.
			MQA105P2	Acquire knowledge of safety measures while handling instruments, chemicals and apparatus.
			MQA105P3	Comprehend Six Sigma, Total Quality management etc. after performing case studies.
			MQA105P4	Perform preformulation study for tablets, parenterals as per regulatory requirements and in process and finished product quality control tests for various pharmaceutical dosage forms and their packaging materials.
			MQA 105P5	Understand stability study protocol, accelerated stability studies, factors affecting solubility and problem solving skills related to solubility, determination of pKa and Log P values of drugs.

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Course Outcomes

F. Y. M. Pharm (Semester-II)

Pharmaceutical Quality Assurance

Academic Year 2020-21

Sr. No.	Course	Course Code	Course Outcome No.	Course Outcome
				Upon completion of the course student will be able to
1	Hazards and Safety Management (2019 Pattern)	MQA201T	MQA 201T1	Understand basic knowledge about the environment and its allied problems and also develop an attitude of concern for the industry environment.
			MQA 201T2	Demonstrate safety standards in pharmaceutical industry and knowledge on the safety management.
			MQA 201T3	Understand the knowledge of mechanism and management in different kinds of hazards like Air based hazards, chemical based hazards, Fire & explosion etc.
			MQA 201T4	Illustrate ICH guidelines on risk assessment and risk management methods and Tools, safety programme and safety management, Physicochemical measurements of effluents, BOD, COD, Effluent treatment procedure.
2	Pharmaceutical Validation (2019 Pattern)	MQA202T	MQA 202T1	Understand the concepts of calibration, qualification and validation.
			MQA 202T2	Know about the qualification of various pharmaceutical equipment's and instruments.
			MQA 202T3	Study the Process validation of different dosage forms.
			MQA 202T4	Understand Validation of analytical method for estimation of drugs.
			MQA 202T5	Understand Cleaning validation of equipments employed in the manufacture of pharmaceuticals.
			MQA 202T6	Understand Intellectual property rights and patent filing.
			MQA 202T7	Know about the concept of Qualification of laboratory instruments.
3	Audits and Regulatory Compliance (2019 Pattern)	MQA203T	MQA203T1	Understand the importance of auditing in pharmaceuticals.
			MQA203T2	Understand the methodology of auditing for pharmaceutical industry.

			MQA203T3	Prepare the check list for auditing.
			MQA203T4	Carry out the audit process.
4	Pharmaceutical Manufacturing Technology (2019 Pattern)	MQA204T	MQA204T1	Understand the common practice in the pharmaceutical industry developments, plant layout and production planning.
			MQA204T2	Be familiar with the principles and practices of aseptic process technology, advanced sterile and nonsterile manufacturing process technology.
			MQA204T3	Comprehend the practices of packaging technology.
			MQA204T4	Acquire knowledge of principles and implementation of Quality by design (QbD) and process analytical technology (PAT) in pharmaceutical manufacturing.
5	Pharmaceutical Quality Assurance Practical II (2019 Pattern)	MQA205P	MQA205P1	Analyse contaminant residue, poisonous gas, chemical weapon (disinfectant) in work environment using analytical instrument and will have gained the knowledge of safety measures while handling instruments, chemicals and apparatus.
			MQA205P2	Validate/Qualify various pharmaceutical testing and analytical equipments.
			MQA205P3	Design plant layout and perform validation of processing area, process validation of pharmaceutical dosage form and cleaning validation of equipment.
			MQA205P4	Qualify bulk pharmaceutical vendors, tableting production, sterile production area and water for injection.
			MQA205P5	Comprehend applications of QbD and PAT after performing case studies.

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Course Outcomes

S. Y. M. Pharm (Semester-III)

Pharmaceutics and Pharmaceutical Quality Assurace

Academic Year 2020-21

Sr. No.	Course	Course Code	Course Outcome Number	Course Outcome
				Upon completion of the course, student will be able to
I	Research Methodology & Biostatistics (Pattern 2019)	MRM 301T	MRM 301T1	Understand the fundamental knowledge for selection and conducting research.
			MRM 301T2	Acquire basic understanding about importance of biostatistics in compiling the data.
			MRM 301T3	Gain knowledge about the importance of ethics knowledge in conducting research.
			MRM 301T4	Understand guidelines for design of animal experiments and basic principles for medical research.

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B.4. Course Outcomes (COs) for B. Pharm and M. Pharm Programmes (A.Y. 2019-20)

Course Outcomes F. Y. B. Pharm (Semester-I)
Academic Year 2019-20

Sr. No.	Course	Course Code	Course Outcome Number	Course Outcome
				Upon completion of the course student will be able to
1.	Human Anatomy and Physiology-I (2019 Pattern)	BP101T	BP101T1	Define and explain the anatomy and physiology, various levels of organizations basic homeostatic mechanism.
			BP101T2	Explain the morphology, physiology of skeletal system along with the physiology of muscle contraction in co-ordination with the joints, theirarticulation and skin.
			BP101T3	Explain and describe the composition, function of various body fluids like blood and lymph, their significance and related disorders.
			BP101T4	Classify the peripheral nervous system, nerves and morphology ofspecial senses.
			BP101T5	Explain the anatomy and physiology and parameters related to CVS and related disorders.
2.	Human Anatomy and Physiology-I (2019 Pattern)	BP107P	BP107P1	Utilize effectively the microscope for microscopic study of varioustissues.
			BP107P2	Identify axial and appendicular bones of human skeleton.
			BP107P3	Explain the gross morphology, structure and functions of variousorgans of human body.
			BP107P4	Identify different tissues and organs of different systems of human body.
			BP107P5	Perform the haematological tests like blood cell count, haemoglobinestimation, bleeding/clotting time, etc.
			BP107P6	Record the blood pressure, heart rate, pulse rate and respiratory volume.
3.	Pharmaceutical Analysis I (2019 Pattern)	BP102T	BP102T1	Understand fundamentals of analytical chemistry, principles of volumetric and electrochemical analysis. Carry out various volumetric and electrochemical titrations. Develop analytical skills.
			BP102T2	Differentiate between various types of volumetric titrations like acid base titration, precipitation titration, complexometric titration, redox titration as well as able to perform Gravimetric quantitative determination method.

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			BP102T3	Illustrate about different electro chemical methods of analysis like conductometry, potentiometry, polarography, refractometry.
4.	Pharmaceutical Analysis I (2019 Pattern)	BP108P	BP108P1	Acquire knowledge about how to carry out various volumetric and electrochemical titrations.
			BP108P2	Perform standardization of various secondary standard substances
			BP108P3	Perform assays of compounds based on different types of volumetric titrations.
			BP108P4	Utilize equipments like conductivity meter, potentiometer, refractometer etc. for the determination of normality and refractive index.
5.	Pharmaceutics I (2019 Pattern)	BP103T	BP103T1	Know the history of profession of pharmacy.
			BP103T2	Understand the basics of different dosage forms, pharmaceutical incompatibilities and pharmaceutical calculations.
			BP103T3	Understand the professional way of handling the prescription.
			BP103T4	Prepare various conventional dosage forms.
6.	Pharmaceutics I (2019 Pattern)	BP109P	BP109P1	State the correct use of various equipments in Pharmaceutics laboratory relevant to practicals.
			BP109P2	Explain formulation, evaluation and labelling of aromatic water, glycerides, syrups, elixirs and powder preparations.
			BP109P3	Perform pharmaceutical calculations to determine evaluation parameters like density, viscosity, specific gravity, angle of repose, Carr's index, Hausner ratio of preparations.
			BP109P4	Describe use of ingredients in formulation and category of formulation & Perform pharmaceutical calculations.
			BP109P5	Use equipments and apparatus needed for the preparation as per SOP, select the suitable packaging material (container-closure) for the preparation and draw the labels in neat way including all the component/parts.
			BP109P6	Summarize the principles of formulation and evaluation, predict the special requirements of preparations regarding the use, handling and storage conditions.
7.	Pharmaceutical Inorganic Chemistry (2019 Pattern)	BP104T	BP104T1	Understand sources of impurities and methods to determine the impurities in inorganic drugs and pharmaceuticals.
			BP104T2	Understand the basic concepts of acidity /basicity, buffers and tonicity applicable in pharmaceuticals.
			BP104T3	Understand the medicinal and pharmaceutical applications of inorganic compounds.

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			BP104T4	Understand the concepts and principles of radiopharmaceuticals.
8	Pharmaceutical Inorganic Chemistry (2019 Pattern)	BP110P	BP110P1	Develop skills to perform limit test and for given sample.
			BP110P2	Perform identification of different inorganic compounds through various qualitative tests.
			BP110P3	Perform tests for purity for different compounds as per official compendia.
			BP110P4	Acquire knowledge and skills to prepare inorganic salts such as boric acid, potash alum and ferrous sulphate.
9	Communication Skills (2019 Pattern)	BP105T	BP105T1	Understand the behavioural needs for a Pharmacist to function effectively in the areas of pharmaceutical operation.
			BP105T2	Communicate effectively (Verbal and Non Verbal).
			BP105T3	Effectively manage the team as a team player.
			BP105T4	Develop interview skills.
			BP105T5	Develop Leadership qualities and essentials.
11.	Remedial Biology (2019 Pattern)	BP106 RBT	BP106RBT1	Understand the components of living world.
			BP106RBT2	Know the classification and salient features of five kingdoms of life.
			BP106RBT3	Understand the basic components of anatomy & physiology of plant.
			BP106RBT4	Illustrate the basic components of anatomy & physiology animal with special reference to human.
12	Remedial Biology (2019 Pattern)	BP112RBP	BP112RBP1	Understand the components of living Cell.
			BP112RBP2	Know the classification and salient features of cell and its types.
			BP112RBP3	Understand the basic components of anatomy & physiology of plant.
			BP112RBP4	Illustrate the basic components of anatomy & physiology animal with special reference to human.
13.	Remedial Mathematics (2019 Pattern)	BP106RMT	BP106RMT1	Know the theory and their application in Pharmacy.
			BP106RMT2	Solve the different types of problems by applying theory.
			BP106RMT3	Appreciate the important application of mathematics in Pharmacy.

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Course Outcomes F. Y. B. Pharm (Semester-II)
Academic Year 2019-20

Sr. No.	Course	Course Code	Course Outcome Number	Course Outcome
				Upon completion of the course student will be able to
1	Human Anatomy and Physiology-II (2019 Pattern)	BP201T	BP201T1	Explain the anatomy and physiology and parameters related to digestive system and related disorders.
			BP201T2	Explain the anatomy and physiology and parameters related to nervous system and ANS.
			BP201T3	Explain the anatomy and physiology and parameters related to Urinary system.
			BP201T4	Explain the anatomy and physiology and parameters related Endocrine system.
			BP201T5	Explain the anatomy and physiology and parameters related Reproductive system.
			BP201T6	Explain the anatomy and physiology and parameters related Respiratory system.
2	Human Anatomy and Physiology-II (2019 Pattern)	BP207P	BP207P1	Record the body temperature and Basal Mass Index.
			BP207P2	Explain Reflex and Visual activity.
			BP207P3	Explain positive and negative feedback mechanism.
			BP207P4	Explain the gross morphology, structure and functions of various organs system of human body.
			BP207P5	Perform the hematological test like total blood count.
			BP207P6	Perform the tidal volume and vital capacity.
3	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-I (2019 Pattern)	BP202T	BP202T1	Understand the basic principles of organic chemistry and Classification, IUPAC Nomenclature of organic compounds and Structural Isomerism
			BP202T2	Gain knowledge about different types of elimination and substitution reactions of alkenes, alkyl halides and conjugated dienes
			BP202T3	Gain the knowledge about reactivity & stability of different organic compounds
			BP202T4	Understand qualitative tests, structure, and uses of different organic compounds like alcohols, aldehydes, ketones, carboxylic acids and amines.
4	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-I	BP208P	BP208P1	Understand safety measures in an organic chemistry laboratory.

	(2019 Pattern)		BP208P2	Differentiate in between techniques like M.P, B.P determination, crystallization and various types of distillation.
			BP208P3	Perform the qualitative analysis of given organic compound.
			BP208P4	Perform synthesis of the selected organic compounds and understand the reaction mechanism involved in it.
			BP208P5	Understand the concept of building of molecular models of structures containing various functional groups.
5	Biochemistry (2019 Pattern)	BP203T	BP203T1	Understand classification, chemical nature, biological role and metabolism of biomolecules.
			BP203T2	Understand the metabolism of nutrient molecules in physiological and pathological conditions.
			BP203T3	Understand the genetic organization of mammalian genome and functions of DNA in the synthesis of RNAs and proteins.
			BP203T4	Understand the catalytic role of enzymes and importance of enzyme in biochemical process
6	Biochemistry (2019 Pattern)	BP209P	BP208P1	Learn quantitative analysis test of carbohydrates, amino acids and proteins
			BP208P2	Understand qualitative analysis of urine for normal and abnormal constituents.
			BP208P3	Study procedure and principle for determination of serum total cholesterol, blood sugar and blood creatinine.
			BP208P4	Understand preparation of buffer solution and measurement of pH.
			BP208P5	Understand the effect of temperature and substrate concentration on salivary amylase activity.
7	Pathophysiology (2019 Pattern)	BP204T	BP204T1	Describe the etiology and pathogenesis of disease.
			BP204T2	Understand the sign and symptoms of disease with its pathophysiological mechanism.
			BP204T3	Understand the pharmacological treatment of disease.
			BP204T4	Discuss about laboratory techniques and diagnostic test.
8	Computer Applications in Pharmacy (2019 Pattern)	BP205T	BP205T1	Know the various types of application of computers in pharmacy.
			BP205T2	Know the various types of databases.
			BP205T3	Know the various applications of databases in pharmacy.
9	Computer Applications in Pharmacy (2019 Pattern)	BP210P	BP210P1	Create a HTML web page to show personal information.
			BP210P2	Design a form in MS Access to view, add, delete and modify the patient record in the data base.
			BP210P3	Create and work with the queries in MS Access and export tables, queries, forms and reports to web pages.
10	Environmental Sciences (2019 Pattern)	BP206T	BP206T1	Elaborate the natural resources available, their advantages and disadvantages on the human and animal health and plants.

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			BP206T2	Explain the ecology, energy flow and various ecosystems in the environment describing the biodiversity of state and India.
			BP206T3	Describe various environmental pollution, roll of individual in the pollution and disaster management.

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Course Outcomes S. Y. B. Pharm (Semester-III)
Academic Year 2019-20

Sr. No.	Course	Course Code	Course Outcome Number	Course Outcome
				Upon completion of the course, student will be able to
1	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-II (2018 Pattern)	BP301T	BP301T1	Write the structure, name and the type of isomerism of the organic compound.
			BP301T2	Write the reaction, name the reaction and orientation of reactions
			BP301T3	Account for reactivity/stability of compounds.
			BP301T4	Prepare small organic compounds.
2	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-II (2018 Pattern)	BP305P	BP305P1	Recall the various laboratory techniques involved in the synthesis process.
			BP305P2	Perform experiment with the separation of organic binary mixture.
			BP305P3	Determine the saponification value of oils.
			BP305P4	Perform synthesis, recrystallization and understand reaction mechanisms involved in synthesis of important organic compounds such as Benzanilide, Benzil etc.
3	Physical Pharmaceutics I (2018 Pattern)	BP302T	BP302T1	Ability to apply the knowledge of solubility, diffusion and distribution in pharmaceutical preparations.
			BP302T2	Investigate and apply various theories, laws and equations related to different states of matter.
			BP302T3	Demonstrate use of physicochemical properties of drugs in the formulation development and evaluation of dosage forms.
			BP302T4	Apply the concept of interfacial phenomena in pharmaceutical preparations.
			BP302T5	Distinguish the principles of complexation/ protein binding & to use them for calculations of drug release and stability constant.
			BP302T6	Understand the importance of pH, buffers and tonicity in pharmaceutical and biological system.
4	Physical Pharmaceutics I (2018 Pattern)	BP306P	BP306P1	Determine physicochemical properties of drugs in the formulation development and evaluation of dosage forms.
			BP306P2	Determine and apply the concept of interfacial phenomena in pharmaceutical preparations.

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			BP306P3	Distinguish the principles of complexation/ protein binding & to use them for calculations of drug release and stability constant.
			BP306P4	Determine thermodynamic parameters using solubility studies.
5	Pharmaceutical Microbiology (2018 Pattern)	BP303T	BP303T1	Understand methods of identification, cultivation and preservation of various microorganisms.
			BP303T2	Understand the importance and implementation of sterilization in pharmaceutical processing and industry.
			BP303T3	Learn sterility testing of pharmaceutical products.
			BP303T4	Perform microbiological standardization of Pharmaceuticals.
			BP303T5	Understand the cell culture technology and its applications in pharmaceutical industries.
6	Pharmaceutical Microbiology (2018 Pattern)	BP307P	BP307P1	Understand mechanism of equipments.
			BP307P2	Students will be able to formulate culture media.
			BP307P3	Students will be able to identify bacteria by staining method.
			BP307P4	Students will be able to isolate bacteria along with motility determination and assay of antibiotics.
7	Pharmaceutical Engineering (2018 Pattern)	BP304T	BP304T1	Know various unit operations used in pharmaceutical industries.
			BP304T2	Understand the material handling techniques.
			BP304T3	Perform various processes involved in the pharmaceutical manufacturing process.
			BP304T4	Carry out various test to prevent environmental pollution, appreciate and comprehend significance of plant lay out design for optimum use of resources.
			BP304T5	Appreciate the various preventive methods used for corrosion control in pharmaceutical industries.
8	Pharmaceutical Engineering (2018 Pattern)	BP308P	BP308P1	Understand the overall heat transfer coefficient, efficiency of steam distillation.
			BP308P2	Perform construction of drying rate curve, determination of moisture content and loss on drying.
			BP308P3	Perform tablet analysis, (size analysis) by sieving method.
			BP308P4	Understand the construction, working, application of pharmaceutical machinery such as Rotary tablet machine, Autoclave, Hot Air Oven.

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Course Outcomes S. Y. B. Pharm (Semester-IV)
Academic Year 2019-20

Sr. No.	Course	Course Code	Course Outcome Number	Course Outcome
				Upon completion of the course, student will be able to
1	Pharmaceutical organic chemistry-III (2018 Pattern)	BP401T	BP401T1	Understand the concept of stereoisomerism, resolution of racemic mixture and asymmetric synthesis
			BP401T2	Elaborate principle of geometrical isomerism, stereospecific and stereoselective reactions.
			BP401T3	Explain the synthesis, reactions and medicinal uses pyrrole, furan, and thiophene derivatives
			BP401T4	Explain the synthesis, reactions and medicinal Pyrazole, Imidazole, Oxazole and Thiazole Pyridine, Quinoline, Isoquinoline, Acridine and Indole derivatives.
			BP401T5	Explain the principle and pharmaceutical application of metal hydride reduction, Clemmensen reduction, Birch reduction, Wolff Kishner reduction, Oppenauer-oxidation, Dakin, Beckmanns rearrangement, Schmidt rearrangement and Claisen-Schmidt condensation reactions.
2	Medicinal Chemistry-I (2018 Pattern)	BP402T	BP402T1	Understand and relate the physicochemical properties of drug molecules with drug activity.
			BP402T2	Explain the concept of Drug Metabolism.
			BP402T3	Discuss biosynthesis of Adrenaline and Acetyl choline, ANS agonist and antagonist with respect to their structure, IUPAC nomenclature, SAR, mode of action, metabolism, synthesis and rational development.
			BP402T4	Know rational development of various categories of drugs like CNS stimulants and depressant, psychotherapeutic drugs and General anaesthetic agents.
			BP402T5	Acquire knowledge about centrally acting analgesics (Narcotic, non-narcotic, anti-inflammatory agents) with respect to structure, IUPAC nomenclature, SAR, mode of action, metabolism, synthesis and rational development.
3	Medicinal Chemistry-I (2018 Pattern)	BP406P	BP406P1	Develop skills in various purification techniques of solvents/liquids used in synthesis.
			BP406P2	Perform synthesis, recrystallization and understand reaction mechanisms involved in synthesis of medicinally important organic compounds such as Benzocaine, Phenytoin etc.
			BP406P3	Perform the Purification of synthesized compounds by Column chromatography.

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			BP406P4	Determine the partition coefficient and Ionisation constant of medicinal compounds.
4	Physical Pharmaceutics II (2018 Pattern)	BP403T	BP403T1	Relate various physicochemical properties of drug and excipient molecules in designing the dosage forms.
			BP403T2	Apply the concept of rheology and deformation in pharmaceutical formulation.
			BP403T3	Distinguish the principles of chemical kinetics & to use them for stability testing and determination of expiry date of formulations.
			BP403T4	Investigate and apply micromeritic in pharmaceutical dosage forms.
5	Physical Pharmaceutics II (2018 Pattern)	BP407P	BP407P1	Investigate and apply micromeritic in pharmaceutical dosage forms.
			BP407P2	Determine and apply the concept of rheology in pharmaceutical preparations.
			BP407P3	Study rate of reaction for stability testing and determination of expiry date of formulations.
			BP407P4	Determine physiochemical properties and stability of excipients and drug for preparation dosage form.
6	Pharmacology- I (2018 Pattern)	BP404T	BP404T1	Define the fundamental concepts of pharmacology and pharmacokinetics.
			BP404T2	Understand the basics of pharmacodynamics, adverse reactions, drug interactions and drug discovery.
			BP404T3	Identify the role of neurohumoral transmission and drugs acting on peripheral nervous system.
			BP404T4	Analyse the functions of neurotransmitters and drugs acting on central nervous system.
			BP404T5	Appraise the pharmacology of Psychopharmacological agents.
			BP404T6	Predict the effects of drugs against neurodegenerative disorders and to elaborate the concepts of drug addiction/abuse/tolerance/ dependence.
7	Pharmacology- I (2018 Pattern)	BP408P	BP408P1	Learn about basic instruments, common laboratory animals used in experimental pharmacology and to organize animal house as per the CPCSEA guidelines.
			BP408P2	Demonstrate the common laboratory techniques like routes of administration, blood withdrawal, anaesthetics and euthanasia used for animal studies.
			BP408P3	Interpret the effects of various drugs on rabbit eye and ciliary motility of frog oesophagus in correlation with humans.
			BP408P4	Analyse the effect of drugs acting as enzyme inducers, skeletal muscle relaxants and affecting locomotor activity in laboratory animals.
			BP408P5	Evaluate the stereotype and anticatatonic activity of drugs in rats/mice.
			BP408P6	Predict various screening models for anticonvulsant and anxiolytic activity.

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8	Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry-I (2018 Pattern)	BP405T	BP405T1	Understand fundamentals of Pharmacognosy like scope, classification of crude drugs.
			BP405T2	Describe techniques in the cultivation and production of crude drugs.
			BP405T3	Identify crude drugs and explain their uses and chemical nature.
			BP405T4	Understand evaluation techniques for the herbal drugs.
9	Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry-I (2018 Pattern)	BP409P	BP409P1	Understand fundamentals of Pharmacognosy with the evaluation techniques for the herbal drugs.
			BP409P2	Carry out the microscopic and morphological evaluation of crude drugs.
			BP409P3	Explain concept of adulteration of crude drugs and its identification.
			BP409P4	Illustrate handling and uses of instruments required for evaluation of the herbal drugs.

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Course Outcomes Third Y. B. Pharm (Semester-V)
Academic Year 2019-20

Sr. No.	Course	Course Code	Course Outcome Number	Course Outcome
				Upon completion of the course, student will be able to
1	Industrial Pharmacy-I (2015 Pattern)	351T	351T1	Understand the concepts of solid dosage form design and formulation strategies.
			351T2	Explain tablets as a dosage form, physico-chemical principles guiding tablet formulation, various tablet additives.
			351T3	Learn the concept, types, pharmacopoeial specifications, techniques and equipments used in tablet coating.
			351T4	Describe capsule types, additives, size selection, manufacturing and evaluation, equipments and defects.
			351T5	Understand the concept of technology transfer.
			351T6	State the correct use of various equipments in Pharmaceutics laboratory relevant to tablets, capsules and coating.
2	Industrial Pharmacy-I (2015 Pattern)	351P	351P1	Study tablet press and its parts.
			351P2	Understand direct compression technique, Wet granulation and Dry granulation
			351P3	Learn preparation and evaluation of mouth dissolving tablets/chewable tablets.
			351P4	Understand Filling and evaluation of hard gelatin capsule.
			351P5	Evaluation of marketed soft gelatin capsule and in-vitro dissolution test for tablet or capsule.
			351P6	Understand packaging and its labelling, materials of solid dosage forms and perform leak test for blister/strip pack.
3	Pharmaceutical Analysis –III (2015 Pattern)	352T	352T1	Know the different types of instrumental analytical techniques available for quality control of APIs & Pharmaceutical dosage forms.
			352T2	Know various sampling techniques employed in analysis of solid, semisolid and liquids dosage forms.
			352T3	Understand principles, instrumentation and applications of UV-VIS, Fluorimetry, Atomic absorption, atomic emission, Spectroscopy's, Flame photometry, Phosphorimetry and Nepheloturbidimetry.

			352T4	Independently operate, calibrate various analytical instruments for the assay of various APIs and formulations as per Pharmacopoeial standards.
			352T5	Independently process, interpret the data obtained through experimentation and report the results as per regulatory requirements.
4	Pharmaceutical Analysis –III (2015 Pattern)	352P	352P1	Understand the Calibration of UV-VIS Spectrophotometer.
			352P2	Evaluate Determination of Beers law, Limits and calculations of different absorptivity constraints.
			352P3	Calculate λmax by Woodward rule and estimate Na, K, Ca, Li from pharmaceutical formulations by flame photometry.
			352P4	Perform assay of APIs and formulations by UV Spectrophotometry using calibration curve method, Single point standardization, Double point standardization, and A 1% 1cm method.
			352P5	Perform assay of APIs & formulations by Fluorimetry and assay of APIs and formulations by Nepheloturbidimetry.
5	Medicinal Chemistry-I (2015 Pattern)	353T	353T1	Understand and relate the physicochemical properties of drug molecules with drug activity.
			353T2	Explain the concept of metabolism with its types and applications.
			353T3	Acquire knowledge about the different types of receptors, forces involved in drug receptor interaction and a signal transduction mechanism.
			353T4	Discuss biosynthesis of Adrenaline and Acetyl choline, ANS agonist and antagonist with respect to their structure, IUPAC nomenclature, SAR, mode of action, metabolism, synthesis and rational development.
			353T5	Acquire knowledge about the CVS and Diuretic agent with respect to structure, IUPAC nomenclature, SAR, mode of action, metabolism, synthesis and rational development.
6	Medicinal Chemistry-I (2015 Pattern)	353P	353P1	Develop skills in various purification techniques of solvents/liquids used in synthesis.
			353P2	Students should be able to prepare hydrochloric acid, phosphoric acid salt of piperazine evaluate their physicochemical properties.
			353P3	Determine the partition coefficient and dissociation constant of medicinal compounds.
			353P4	Develop the skills involved in thin layer chromatography techniques and purification of synthesized compounds by column chromatography.
			353P5	Perform synthesis and purification by recrystallization of medicinal compounds for example sulfanilamide, 1, 2, 3, 4-tetrhydrocarbazole etc.

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7	Pharmacology- II (2015 Pattern)	354T	354T1	Explain the Neurotransmitters involved in the autonomic nervous system, there Synthesis and metabolism.
			354T2	Describe various adrenoreceptors and cholinoceptor, their subtypes and the clinical spectrum of their general and selective agonist and antagonist.
			354T3	Explain the agents that stimulate or relax skeletal muscle, including the cholinergic neuromuscular agonists and antagonists as well as the neuromuscular agents acting at noncholinergic sites.
			354T4	Know the essential pharmacotherapy and pharmacological features of common and important drugs used in cardiovascular diseases and respiratory disorders.
8	Pharmacology- II (2015 Pattern)	354P	354P1	Handle the laboratory equipments and apply techniques used in experimental pharmacology.
			354P2	Identify various laboratory animals and describe CPCSEA guidelines for care and handling and care of laboratory animals.
			354P3	Explain various routes of drug administration, various methods for collection of blood, body fluids and urine from experimental animals.
			354P4	Perform bioassays along with their principals, drug agonism and antagonism.
			354P5	Perform recording of CRC/DRC of Acetylcholine/Histamine on suitable isolated tissue preparation.
9	Analytical Pharmacognosy & Extraction Technology (2015 Pattern)	355T	355T1	Understand knowledge about herbs and applications in pharmaceutical sciences.
			355T2	Study chemistry of natural product and isolation methods.
			355T3	Explain crude drug characteristics and their standardization.
			355T4	Understand natural product identification and significance quantification with applications.
10	Analytical Pharmacognosy & Extraction Technology (2015 Pattern)	355P	355P1	Handle inflammable solvents and corrosive chemicals in laboratory.
			355P2	Understand and apply micrometric analysis for evaluation of the crude drugs.
			355P3	Study extraction methods and techniques used in laboratory.
			355P4	Upgrade understanding ability of Good Laboratory Practices and raise logical query during laboratory work.
11	Pharmaceutical Business Management & Disaster Management (2015 Pattern)	356T	36T1	Understand the Pharmaceutical business and management strategy.
			356T2	Understand knowledge of marketing research, product management.
			356T3	Learn about human resource and development needs.
			356T4	Learn about the disaster management, preparedness and mitigation.

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12	Active Pharmaceutical Ingredients Technology (2015 Pattern)	357T	357T1	Know overview of API and fine chemical industry.
			357T2	Understand basics of chemical process kinetics, some classes of reactions with examples of API for each unit process.
			357T3	Understand chemical process, reaction system, equipment used in API manufacturing and layout design for API manufacturing.
			357T4	Explain manufacturing techniques of some chiral APIs and polymorphism in APIs.
			357T5	Practice Quality Assurance (QA), Quality Control (QC) and follow GMP in API manufacturing including ICH Q7, Q7A and Q11 while working in API industry.

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Course Outcomes Third Y. B. Pharm (Semester-VI)
Academic Year 2019-20

Sr. No.	Course	Course Code	Course Outcome Number	Course Outcome
				Upon completion of the course, student will be able to
1	Industrial Pharmacy -II (2015 Pattern)	361T	361T1	Understand the Disperse systems, its classification, theories of disperse systems, thermodynamic v/s kinetic stability considerations.
			361T2	Learn the details of Suspensions, types, formulation development, manufacturing, and excipients used, evaluation of suspensions etc.
			361T3	Gain the knowledge of the concept, Emulsions, their physico-chemical properties, theory of emulsification, HLB value & phase inversion temperature, Kraft point, cloud point, excipients, formulation & evaluation of emulsions; cracking, coalescence, stability & stress testing.
			361T4	Know about the basic principle of semi-solids, anatomy & physiology of skin, selection of bases; penetration enhancers, formulation development, Percutaneous absorption, flux measurement & evaluation.
			361T	The student is able to explain the, Layout for manufacturing of suspensions, emulsions & semi-solids as per schedule M.
2	Industrial Pharmacy -II (2015 Pattern)	361 P	361P1	Demonstrate skills of using equipment in pharmaceutics laboratory relevant to semi-solids & prepare BMR. Prepare semisolids: Pain balm, Antifungal ointment/cream, Medicated Gel, Antiacne preparation, Non staining Iodine ointment with Methyl Salicylate & evaluation.
			361P2	Describe use of ingredients in formulation and category of formulation.
			361P3	Prepare the labels so as to suit the regulatory requirements.
3	Pharmaceutical Analysis –IV (2015 Pattern)	362 T	362T1	Understand details of Column Chromatography.
			362T2	Summarize Paper Chromatography, Thin Layer Chromatography, High Performance Thin Layer Chromatography (HPTLC).
			362T3	Explain principle, instrumentation and various types of developments of electrophoresis.
			362T4	Acquire knowledge of Thermal Methods of Analysis such as DSC, DTA and TGA.
4		362 P	352P1	Perform Calibration of UV-VIS Spectrophotometer.

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	Pharmaceutical Analysis –IV (2015 Pattern)		352P2	Evaluate Determination of Beers law, Limit and calculations of different absorptivity constants.
			352P3	Calculate λmax by Woodward rule. Estimation of Na, K, Ca, Li from Pharmaceutical formulations by flame photometry.
			352P4	Perform assay of APIs and formulations by UV Spectrophotometry including calibration curve method, Single point standardization, Double point standardization and A 1% 1cm method.
			352P5	Perform assay of APIs & formulations by Fluorimetry. Assay of APIs & formulations by Nepheloturbidimetry.
5	Medicinal Chemistry-II (2015 Pattern)	363T	363T1	Extrapolate the local anaesthetics and general anaesthetics.
			363T2	Specify metabolism of some medicinal compounds along with application of drug metabolism in drug discovery.
			363T3	Introduce to rational development of various categories of drugs like CNS stimulants and depressant, psychotherapeutic drugs, Diagnostic agents.
			363T4	Discuss SAR and Mechanism of Action MOA of oral hypoglycemic agents.
6	Medicinal Chemistry-II (2015 Pattern)	363P	363P1	Generalize molar refractivity of compounds.
			363P2	Summarize separation of solvents by Steam distillation technique.
			363P3	Know the mechanism and carry out Dean stark azeotropic water separation.
			363P4	Perform synthesis, recrystallization and understand reaction mechanisms involved in synthesis of medicinally important organic compounds such as Benzocaine, Phenytoin etc.
			363P5	Synthesize medicinally important organic compounds using microwave assisted organic synthesis.
7	Pharmacology- III (2015 Pattern)	364T	364T1	Categorize different drugs depending upon their pharmacological role and mechanism of action in any disease.
			364T2	Explain pharmacology of various anesthetic agents, psychotropic agents, various drugs used in treatment of CNS disorders, Parkinson's disease and Alzheimer's disease.
			364T3	Explain pharmacology of drugs used in the treatment of G.I. tract disorders, Rheumatoid arthritis, Osteoarthritis and Gout.
8	Pharmacology- III (2015 Pattern)	364P	364P1	Demonstrate the dissection of G.I. tract of chicken to isolate ileum.
			364P2	Explain and perform matching point, bracketing and interpolation bioassay to find unknown concentration of Acetylcholine/histamine.
			364P3	Demonstrate and discuss recording of effects of CNS acting drugs in rats/mice using Actophotometer and anti-

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				epileptic activity using Convulsiometer with the help of software.
			364P4	Demonstrate recording of effects of skeletal muscle relaxant drugs in rats/mice using Rota-rod apparatus and Analgesic activity using Eddy's Hot Plate with the help of software.
9	Natural Product Chemistry (2015 Pattern)	365T	365T1	Understand & explain techniques needs to study of biosynthetic pathways in plant.
			365T2	Understand & explain new drugs discovery and their contribution in modern drug discovery.
			365T3	Explain natural drugs from marine origin.
			365T4	Explain natural colouring, sweetening agents, Polymers and Pesticides with pharmaceutical applications.
10	Natural Product Chemistry (2015 Pattern)	365P	365P1	Study strategic separation of natural components.
			365P2	Learn characterization of plant phytocomponents.
			365P3	Understand concept and perform isolation of natural compound using column chromatography.
			365P4	Analyse natural compound by UV/IR spectroscopy & interpret them.
			365P5	Perform the evaluation and identification of isolated phytoconstituents.
11	Bio-Organic Chemistry and Drug Design (2015 Pattern)	366T	366T1	Understand the significance of Bioorganic Chemistry and establish its relevance in drug design & discovery.
			366T2	Explain approaches in rational drug design.
			366T3	Understand various drug targets, their biochemical features, physiological & pathophysiological roles and significance in drug design.
			366T4S	Explain biotransformation of pro-drug design aspect in drug design.
12	Pharmaceutical Biotechnology (2015 Pattern)	367T	367T1	Know basics of biotechnology techniques and the various systems used in pharmacy.
			367T2	Know the method of genetic engineering for production of r-DNA products including monoclonal antibodies.
			367T3	Understand the concept of enzymes and their uses by immobilization.
			367T4	State the application of fermenter process in production of vitamins and antibiotics.
			367T5	Understand the concept and applications of genetic engineering, transgenic animals and biological products.

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Course Outcomes Final Y. B. Pharm (Semester-VII)
Academic Year 2019-20

Sr. No.	Course	Course Code	Course Outcome Number	Course Outcome
				Upon completion of the course, student will be able to
1	Sterile Products (2015 Pattern)	471T	471T1	Understand the general requirements, routes of administration, significance of tonicity adjustment and sterility and Pre-formulation of sterile products.
			471T2	Explain various packaging materials used, types, choice of containers, official quality control tests and methods of evaluation.
			471T3	Describe the GMP and design and layout of Parenteral Production Facility, environmental control zones, heating ventilation air conditioning (HVAC), HEPA filter and laminar area flow systems.
			471T4	Understand Classification, formulation, processing and manufacturing of SVPs and Pilot plant scale up.
			471T5	Understand large volume parenteral and lyophilization process.
			471T6	Explain ophthalmic products, Blood Products and Surgical Dressings and parenteral devices.
2	Sterile Products (2015 Pattern)	471P	471P1	Formulate, develop and evaluate SVPs, LVPs and ophthalmic preparations.
			471P2	Acquire knowledge in sealing of ampoules.
			471P3	Study pharmacopoeial evaluation of packaging materials.
			471P4	Perform evaluation of marketed preparations and validation of aseptic area.
			471P5	Study significance and Accelerated stability testing of marketed samples.
3	Pharmaceutical Analysis –V (2015 Pattern)	472T	472T1	Understand the basic principle, instrumentation and applications of Infra-red (FTIR), Near Infrared (NIR) & Raman spectroscopy.
			472T2	Describe the basic principle, instrumentation and applications of Scanning Electron Microscopy (SEM) and Transmission Electron Microscopy (TEM).
			472T3	Acquire knowledge of the basic principle, instrumentation of HPLC, and their application for

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				quality control of API & Formulations.
			472T4	Explain principle and advantages of UPLC over HPLC.
			472T5	Comprehend the basic principle, instrumentation, sample handling, derivatisation, quantitation and application of Gas Chromatography.
4	Pharmaceutical Analysis –V (2015 Pattern)	472P	472P1	Independently operate, calibrate UV visible spectrophotometer for the two component formulation by simultaneous equation method, Q-method.
			472P2	Record the IR spectra of compounds having different functional groups.
			472P3	Interpret the data from IR spectra and report the results as per regulatory requirements.
			472P4	Acquire knowledge of safety measures while handling instruments, chemicals and apparatus.
			472P5	Learn handling of Gas Chromatography/ Atomic Absorption Spectrophotometry/ SEM
5	Medicinal Chemistry-III (2015 Pattern)	473T	473T1	Understand the mechanism of action, adverse effects, therapeutic uses and recent developments of antibiotics
			473T2	Acquire the knowledge about Mechanism of action, adverse effects, therapeutic uses and recent developments of chemotherapeutic agents.
			473T3	Understand the mechanism of action, adverse effects, therapeutic uses and recent developments of Sulphonamide derivatives, Antitubercular, Antileprotic agents, Antifungal agents, Antimalarials and Antiamebic agent.
			473T4	Understand the mechanism of action, adverse effects, therapeutic uses and recent developments of Trypanosomicidal drugs, drugs acting against leishmaniasis, Anthelmintics and Antiviral agents including antiretroviral.
6	Medicinal Chemistry-III (2015 Pattern)	473P	473P1	Acquire the knowledge about the use of various equipments & take safety measures while working in medicinal chemistry laboratory.
			473P2	Modify the skills involved in thin layer chromatography techniques and purification of synthesized compounds by column chromatography.
			473P3	Understand reaction mechanisms involved in synthesis of medicinally important compounds.
			473P4	Interpret the spectral characterizations made by IR and 1H-NMRs of synthesized compounds.
7	Pharmacology-IV (2015 Pattern)	474 T	474T1	Understand classification, mechanism of action, antibacterial spectrum, resistance, therapeutic uses, adverse effects and contraindications of various antibiotics
			474T2	Understand the knowledge of various endocrine

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				hormones, its types, receptors involved and mechanisms involved.
			474T3	Get in depth knowledge of biosynthesis, Mechanism of action, Pharmacology and regulation of Thyroid, antithyroid drugs and Parathyroid hormones
			474T4	Get in depth knowledge of Biosynthesis, Secretion, Mechanism of action, Pharmacology of insulin and glucagon and Pharmacotherapy of Diabetes Mellitus
			474T5	Understand the pharmacology of Androgens, Estrogens, Progestin and oral contraceptives
8	Pharmacology-IV (2015 Pattern)	474P	474P1	Understand the use of isolated tissue preparation for bioassay methods.
			474P2	Analyze the rational and irrational fixed dose combinations based on various parameters.
			474P3	Understand the prescription pattern and rational use of drug by performing case study or doing hospital visit.
			474P4	To do Prescription audit with the help of case report
9	Natural Drug Technology (2015 Pattern)	475T	475T1	Understand plant metabolites and its production with tissue culture.
			475T2	Explain the herbal new drug delivery systems like liposomes, phytosomes, nanoparticles and vesicles.
			475T3	Understand guidelines issued by WHO in relation with cultivation, collection and storage of crude drugs.
			475T4	Study structural elucidation and *in-vitro* screening methods of natural products.
10	Natural Drug Technology (2015 Pattern)	475P	475P1	Understand theoretical and practical knowledge for evaluation herbal formulation.
			475P2	Define preformulation parameters for herbal formulations.
			475P3	Conduct *in vitro* assays of herbal compounds.
			475P4	Handle equipment's and develop skills during standardization of natural product and formulation.
11	Bio-Pharmaceutics & Pharmacokinetics (2015 Pattern)	476 T	476T1	Understand the concept of biopharmaceutics and its application in formulation development.
			476T2	Describe pharmacokinetic processes and their relevance in efficacy of dosage form.
			476T3	Learn the concept of bioavailability and bioequivalence.
			476T4	Learn various compartment model and non compartment analysis method.
			476T5	Understand concept and mechanism of dissolution and in vitro in vivo correlation.
12	Pharmaceutical Jurisprudence (2015 Pattern)	477T	477T1	Understand basic principles, purpose, significance and relevance of Pharmaceutical laws in India and effectiveness of medicine and quality of product.

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			477T2	Discuss the purpose of the Board and qualifications required for membership and the make-up of the Board.
			477T3	Understand significance of Schedule of drugs the regulatory system for safety.
			477T4	Acquire knowledge of Patents, procedure for patent application and IPR.

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Course Outcomes Final Y. B. Pharm (Semester-VIII)
Academic Year 2019-20

Sr. No.	Course	Course Code	Course Outcome Number	Course Outcome
				Upon completion of the course, student will be able to
1	Advanced Drug Delivery System (2015 Pattern)	481T	481T1	Students will describe fundamental concept of modified drug release along with different approaches and classification.
			481T2	Students will able to describe introduction, formulation, merits, demerits, applications of novel drug delivery system.
			481T3	Able to learn about microencapsulation technique.
			481T4	Able to learn optimization technique.
			481T5	Students will able to explain therapeutic aerosols along with typical formulation, metered dose, topical application.
2	Advanced Drug Delivery System (2015 Pattern)	481P	481P1	Understand the properties of polymers.
			481P2	Formulate sustained release formulations.
			481P3	Formulate microcapsules.
			481P4	Formulate gastro-retentive formulations.
3	Cosmetic Science (2015 Pattern)	482T	482T1	Understand the concepts of cosmetics; anatomy of skin v/s hair, general excipients used in cosmetics.
			482T2	Explain formulation of cosmetics for skin, manufacturing, equipments & evaluation of creams like cold cream, vanishing cream etc. & powder cosmetics.
			482T3	Explain formulation of cosmetics for hair, manufacturing & evaluation of hair shampoos, tonics, etc.
			482T4	Describe formulation of cosmetics for eyes, manufacturing & evaluation of eye mascara, shadow, etc.
			482T5	Understand formulation of manicure products like nail lacquer, remover, etc.
			482T6	Learn formulation, manufacture & evaluation of baby cosmetics like baby oils, Powders, etc.
			482T7	Explain the concept of cosmeceuticals, history, difference between cosmetics & cosmeceuticals & cosmeceuticals agents.

4	Cosmetic Science (2015 Pattern)	482P	482P1	State the correct use of various equipments in Pharmaceutics laboratory relevant to cosmetics.
			482P2	Perform formulation, evaluation and labelling of cosmetics like moisturizing cream, vanishing cream, cold cream, sunscreen cream/lotion.
			482P3	Perform formulation, evaluation of eye cosmetics.
			482P4	Perform formulation, evaluation of nail lacquer, shampoo, face pack, face powder, tooth paste & lip stick.
			482P5	Perform formulation, evaluation & labelling of shaving cream, after shave & baby products.
			482P6	Describe use of ingredients in formulation and category of formulation and Prepare labels as per regulatory requirements.
5	Pharmaceutical Analysis –VI (2015 Pattern)	483T	483T1	Acquire knowledge about the basic principle, instrumentation, application of Nuclear Magnetic Resonance (NMR) spectroscopy
			483T2	Explain the basic principle and instrumentation of Electron Spin Resonance (ESR).
			483T3	Comprehend the basic principle, instrumentation, applications of Ion Exchange Chromatography and learnt introduction of Automated methods of analysis.
			483T4	Describe basic principle, instrumentation of Flash Chromatography and Super Critical Fluid Chromatography.
			483T5	Understand the basic principle, instrumentation, application of Mass Spectrometry.
6	Pharmaceutical Analysis –VI (2015 Pattern)	483P	483P1	Validate of analytical methods by UV, HPLC as per ICH or USP Guideline.
			483P2	Understand system suitability parameters for HPLC as per IP/BP/USP.
			483P3	Interpret the data from UV, IR, NMR, Mass spectra and report the results as per regulatory requirements.
			483P4	Acquire the knowledge of Quantitation techniques in HPLC.
7	Medicinal Chemistry-IV (2015 Pattern)	484T	484T1	Know the general aspects of design of the drugs, structure activity relationship (SAR), mechanism of action, therapeutic uses, adverse effects and recent developments in the antihistaminic, proton pump inhibitors, Serotonergic agents and Autacoids.
			484T2	Describe the mechanism of action, adverse effects, therapeutic uses and recent developments in NSAIDs.
			484T3	Recognize the mechanism of action, adverse effects, therapeutic uses and recent developments in steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs, narcotic & non-narcotic analgesics.
			484T4	Discuss about the steroidal drugs and Harmones.

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			484T5	Discuss about the Insulin & Oral Anti-hyperglycemic drugs (Metformin, Tolbutamide)
			484T6	Discuss about the Diagnostic agents: Radio opaque diagnostic agents and agents for organ function tests.
8	Medicinal Chemistry-IV (2015 Pattern)	484P	484P1	Synthesize, recrystallize and understand reaction mechanisms involved in synthesis of medicinally important organic compounds.
			484P2	Develop skills involved in thin layer chromatography techniques and purification of synthesized compounds by column chromatography.
			484P3	Interpret the spectral characterizations made by IR and 1H-NMRs of synthesized compounds.
			48.P4	Demonstrate the High Vacuum Distillation and CADD.
9	Pharmacology V (Including Biostatistics PATTERN 2015)	485T	485T1	Understand important aspect, classification, mechanism of drug-drug interaction and ADRs.
			485T2	Explain basic aspects of drug safety and Pharmacovigilance in relation to monitoring and reporting of ADRs.
			485T3	Know Functioning and role of hospital pharmacy and practice of rational drug therapy and methods of assessment of patient compliance and non-compliance
			485T4	Know Clinical trials, ethics and practice of Good Clinical Practice involved in clinical trials
			485T5	Understand Process, working and personnel involved in clinical data management and their roles.
10	Pharmacology V (Including Biostatistics 2015 Pattern)	485P	485P1	Understand concepts of statistics, its application and importance.
			485P2	Calculate PA2 or PD2 value of given drugs using suitable isolated tissue preparation.
			485P3	Observe neurobehavioral characterization of test drugs
			485P4	Understand Calculation of Analysis of Variance (ANOVA), Student 't' test.
11	Natural Products: Commerce, Industry & Regulations (2015 Pattern)	486T	486T1	Understand of different segments in trade market, export & import of Indian herbal drug industry in global contest.
			486T2	Understand and realize the market potential of natural products.
			486T3	Learn entrepreneurship skills to grab opportunities available in herbal market.
			486T4	Justify Pharmacovigilance systems and WHO guidelines in of natural products.
12	Quality Assurance Techniques (2015 Pattern)	487T	487T1	Understand the significance of quality in pharmaceutical manufacturing, QA & QC department responsibilities.
			487T2	Understand the Role of Regulatory Agencies in deciding Quality Standards, significance of validation in quality assurance.

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			487T3	Know the calibration process and equipment qualification.
			487T4	Know and follow cGMP, GLP and GDP while working in pharmaceutical industry and pharmaceutical quality management system and quality risk management.
			487T5	Know about pharmaceutical validation parameters and regulatory agencies.
			487T6	Know the concept of QbD.

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Course Outcomes

F. Y. M. Pharm (Semester-I)

Pharmaceutics

Academic Year 2019-20

Sr. No.	Course	Course Code	Course Outcome Number	Course Outcome
				Upon completion of the course, student will be able to
1	Modern Pharmaceutical Analytical Techniques (2019 Pattern)	MPAT101T	MPAT101T1	Understand the basic principle, theory and applications of various analytical techniques and the fundamentals on conventional analytical methods of drug analysis used in laboratories.
			MPAT101T2	Acquire knowledge about instrumentation and sufficient skills in handling of equipments or procedures for estimation of pharmaceuticals.
			MPAT101T3	Comprehend analytical techniques for identification, characterization and quantification of drugs.
			MPAT101T4	Utilize/Develop new technology and method for qualitative and quantitative analysis of pharmaceutical compound from organic, inorganic and herbal origin with cost effective approach.
			MPAT101T5	Elucidate structure of organic compounds using spectroscopic tools.
2	Drug Delivery System (2019 Pattern)	MPH102T	MPH102T1	Understand the various approaches for development of novel drug delivery systems.
			MPH102T2	Acquire knowledge of criteria for selection of drugs and polymers for the development of delivering system.
			MPH102T3	Understand the formulation and evaluation of Novel drug delivery systems.
3	Modern Pharmaceutics (2019 Pattern)	MPH103T	MPH103T1	Understand the elements of preformulation studies.
			MPH103T2	Understand the Active Pharmaceutical Ingredients and Generic Drug Product development.
			MPH103T3	Know Industrial Management and GMP Considerations.
			MPH103T4	Learn Optimization Techniques & Pilot Plant Scale Up Techniques
			MPH103T5	Perform Stability Testing, sterilization process & packaging of dosage forms.
4	Regulatory Affair (2019 Pattern)	MPH104T	MPH104T1	Understand the Concepts of innovator and generic drugs, drug development process.
			MPH104T2	Understand The Regulatory guidance's and guidelines for filing and approval process.

			MPH104T3	Understand Preparation of Dossiers and their submission to regulatory agencies in different countries.
			MPH104T4	Recognize the Post approval regulatory requirements for actives and drug products and submission of global documents in CTD/ eCTD formats.
			MPH104T5	Know the Submission of global documents in CTD/ eCTD formats. And clinical trials requirements for approvals for conducting clinical trials.
5	Pharmaceutics Practical I (2019 Pattern)	MPH105P	MPH105P1	Analyze various drugs in single and combination dosage forms for development of theoretical and practical skills of the analytical instruments.
			MPH105P2	Understand various approaches for development and evaluation of novel drug delivery systems.
			MPH105P3	Know the criteria for selection of drugs and polymers for the development of drug delivering system.
			MPH105P4	Investigate and apply micromeritic in pharmaceutical dosage forms.

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Course Outcomes

F. Y. M. Pharm (Semester-II)

Pharmaceutics

Academic Year 2019-20

Sr. No.	Course	Course Code	Course Outcome Number	Course Outcome
				Upon completion of the course, student will be able to
1	Molecular Pharmaceutics (Nano Tech and Targeted DDS) (2019 Pattern)	MPH201T	MPH201T1	The various approaches for development of novel drug delivery systems.
			MPH201T2	The criteria for selection of drugs and polymers for the development of NTDS.
			MPH201T3	The formulation and evaluation of novel drug delivery systems.
2	Advanced Biopharmaceutics & Pharmacokinetics (2019 Pattern)	MPH202T	MPH202T1	Explain mechanism of drug absorption &various factors affecting drug absorption.
			MPH202T2	Learn various biopharmaceutic factors affecting drug bioavailability.
			MPH202T3	Understand basic considerations of pharmacokinetic models.
			MPH202T4	Explain the design and evaluation of dosage regimens of the drugs using pharmacokinetic and biopharmaceutic parameters.
			MPH202T5	Learn different types of drug interactions which alter the pharmacokinetics of such as drug-protein /drug-tissue binding interactions
3	Computer Aided Drug Delivery System	MPH203T	MPH203T1	Explain Computers in Pharmaceutical Research and Development.
			MPH203T2	Understand and operate Computers in Preclinical Development, Clinical Development and Market Analysis.
			MPH203T3	Create Optimization Techniques in Pharmaceutical Formulation.
			MPH203T4	Understand and apply artificial intelligence (AI) and robotics computational fluid dynamics (CFD) in pharmaceutical preparation.
4	Cosmetic and Cosmeceuticals (2019 Pattern)	MPH204T	MPH204T1	Acquire knowledge about key ingredients used in cosmetics and cosmeceuticals.
			MPH204T2	Acquire knowledge about key building blocks for various formulations.
			MPH204T3	Learn current technologies in the market.

			MPH204T4	Understand use of various key ingredients and basic science to develop cosmetics and cosmeceuticals.
			MPH204T5	Acquire scientific knowledge to develop cosmetics and cosmeceuticals with desired safety, stability, and efficacy.
5	Pharmaceutics Practical II (2019 Pattern)	MPH205P	MPH205P1	Acquire scientific knowledge to develop and evaluate the various cosmetics and cosmeceuticals formulations with desired safety, stability, and efficacy.
			MPH205P2	Perform formulation and evaluation of various novel drug delivery system with desired safety, stability, and efficacy.
			MPH205P3	Understand various case studies of bioavailability, pharmacokinetic, in vitro cell studies, computer simulations in pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamics, sensitivity analysis, population modeling and computational modeling of drug disposition.
			MPH205P4	Understand the concept of dissolution kinetics, improvement of dissolution by solid dispersion technique, comparison of dissolution of two different marketed products & protein binding studies.
			MPH205P5	Acquire scientific knowledge of design of experiment for any formulation using and formulation data analysis using design expert® software and use of quality-by-design in pharmaceutical development.

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Course Outcomes

F. Y. M. Pharm (Semester-I)

Pharmaceutical Quality Assurance

Academic Year 2019-20

Sr. No.	Course	Course Code	Course Outcome Number	Course Outcome
				Upon completion of the course, student will be able to
1	Modern Pharmaceutical Analytical Techniques (2019 Pattern)	MQA101 T	MPAT101T1	Understand the basic principle, theory and applications of various analytical techniques and the fundamentals on conventional analytical methods of drug analysis used in laboratories.
			MPAT101T2	Acquire knowledge about instrumentation and sufficient skills in handling of equipments or procedures for estimation of pharmaceuticals.
			MPAT101T3	Comprehend analytical techniques for identification, characterization and quantification of drugs.
			MPAT101T4	Utilize/Develop new technology and method for qualitative and quantitative analysis of pharmaceutical compound from organic, inorganic and herbal origin with cost effective approach.
			MPAT101T5	Elucidate structure of organic compounds using spectroscopic tools.
2	Quality Management System (2019 Pattern)	MQA102 T	MQA 102T1	Understand the importance of quality.
			MQA 102T2	Explain ISO management system.
			MQA 102T3	Know tools for quality improvement.
			MQA 102T4	Understand analysis of issues in quality.
			MQA 102T5	Discuss quality evaluation of pharmaceuticals.
			MQA 102T6	Understand stability testing of drug and drug substances.
			MQA 102T7	Understand statistical approaches for quality.
3	Quality Control and Quality Assurance (2019 Pattern)	MQA103 T	MQA103 T1	Understand the cGMP aspects in a pharmaceutical industry.
			MQA103 T2	Understand GLP and regulatory Affairs.
			MQA103 T3	Appreciate the importance of documentation.
			MQA103 T4	Understand the responsibilities of QA and QC departments.
			MQA103 T5	Appreciate the importance of documentation.
4	Product Development	MQA104 T	MQA 104T1	Acquire knowledge about new product development process, Development and informational content for

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	and Technology Transfer (2019 Pattern)			INDA, NDA, ANDA, SNDA, SUPAC and BACPAC, Product registration guidelines – CDSCO, USFDA.
			MQA 104T2	Acquire knowledge about preformulation study, solubility & methods to improve solubility of drugs.
			MQA 104T3	Understand concept, significance, design, layout of pilot plant, scale up study, large scale manufacturing techniques and different types of pharmaceutical packaging materials available along with quality control tests for the same.
			MQA 104T4	Understand Development of technology by R & D, Technology transfer from R & D to production and documentation involved in technology transfer.
5	Pharmaceutical Quality Assurance Practical I (2019 Pattern)	MQA105P	MQA105P1	Understand principles, instrumentation, working of UV-VIS Spectrophotometry, Fluorimetry, Atomic absorption Spectrophotometry, Flame Photometry, their applications for analysis of pharmaceutical compounds, raw materials, related and foreign substances in drugs and will have practical skills of instrument handling.
			MQA105P2	Acquire knowledge of safety measures while handling instruments, chemicals and apparatus.
			MQA105P3	Comprehend Six Sigma, Total Quality management etc. after performing case studies.
			MQA105P4	Perform preformulation study for tablets, parenterals as per regulatory requirements and in process and finished product quality control tests for various pharmaceutical dosage forms and their packaging materials.
			MQA 105P5	Understand stability study protocol, accelerated stability studies, factors affecting solubility and problem solving skills related to solubility, determination of pKa and Log P values of drugs.

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Course Outcomes

F. Y. M. Pharm (Semester-II)

Pharmaceutical Quality Assurance

Academic Year 2019-20

Sr. No.	Course	Course Code	Course Outcome No.	Course Outcome
				Upon completion of the course student will be able to
1	Hazards and Safety Management (2019 Pattern)	MQA201T	MQA 201T1	Understand basic knowledge about the environment and its allied problems and also develop an attitude of concern for the industry environment.
			MQA 201T2	Demonstrate safety standards in pharmaceutical industry and knowledge on the safety management.
			MQA 201T3	Understand the knowledge of mechanism and management in different kinds of hazards like Air based hazards, chemical based hazards, Fire & explosion etc.
			MQA 201T4	Illustrate ICH guidelines on risk assessment and risk management methods and Tools, safety programme and safety management, Physicochemical measurements of effluents, BOD, COD, Effluent treatment procedure.
2	Pharmaceutical Validation (2019 Pattern)	MQA202T	MQA 202T1	Understand the concepts of calibration, qualification and validation.
			MQA 202T2	Know about the qualification of various pharmaceutical equipment's and instruments.
			MQA 202T3	Study the Process validation of different dosage forms.
			MQA 202T4	Understand Validation of analytical method for estimation of drugs.
			MQA 202T5	Understand Cleaning validation of equipments employed in the manufacture of pharmaceuticals.
			MQA 202T6	Understand Intellectual property rights and patent filing.
			MQA 202T7	Know about the concept of Qualification of laboratory instruments.
3	Audits and Regulatory Compliance (2019 Pattern)	MQA203T	MQA203T1	Understand the importance of auditing in pharmaceuticals.
			MQA203T2	Understand the methodology of auditing for pharmaceutical industry.

			MQA203T3	Prepare the check list for auditing.
			MQA203T4	Carry out the audit process.
4	Pharmaceutical Manufacturing Technology (2019 Pattern)	MQA204T	MQA204T1	Understand the common practice in the pharmaceutical industry developments, plant layout and production planning.
			MQA204T2	Be familiar with the principles and practices of aseptic process technology, advanced sterile and nonsterile manufacturing process technology.
			MQA204T3	Comprehend the practices of packaging technology.
			MQA204T4	Acquire knowledge of principles and implementation of Quality by design (QbD) and process analytical technology (PAT) in pharmaceutical manufacturing.
5	Pharmaceutical Quality Assurance Practical II (2019 Pattern)	MQA205P	MQA205P1	Analyse contaminant residue, poisonous gas, chemical weapon (disinfectant) in work environment using analytical instrument and will have gained the knowledge of safety measures while handling instruments, chemicals and apparatus.
			MQA205P2	Validate/Qualify various pharmaceutical testing and analytical equipments.
			MQA205P3	Design plant layout and perform validation of processing area, process validation of pharmaceutical dosage form and cleaning validation of equipment.
			MQA205P4	Qualify bulk pharmaceutical vendors, tableting production, sterile production area and water for injection.
			MQA205P5	Comprehend applications of QbD and PAT after performing case studies.

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Course Outcomes

S. Y. M. Pharm (Semester-III)

Pharmaceutics and Pharmaceutical Quality Assurace

Academic Year 2019-20

Sr. No.	Course	Course Code	Course Outcome Number	Course Outcome
				Upon completion of the course, student will be able to
1	Research Methodology & Biostatistics (Pattern 2019)	MRM 301T	MRM 301T1	Understand the fundamental knowledge for selection and conducting research.
			MRM 301T2	Acquire basic understanding about importance of biostatistics in compiling the data.
			MRM 301T3	Gain knowledge about the importance of ethics knowledge in conducting research.
			MRM 301T4	Understand guidelines for design of animal experiments and basic principles for medical research.

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B.5. Course Outcomes (COs) for B. Pharm and M. Pharm Programmes (A.Y. 2018-19)

Course Outcomes F. Y. B. Pharm (Semester-I)
Academic Year 2018-19

Sr. No.	Course	Course Code	Course Outcome Number	Course Outcome
				Upon completion of the course student will be able to
1.	Human Anatomy and Physiology-I (2018 Pattern)	BP101T	BP101T1	Define and explain the anatomy and physiology, various levels of organizations basic homeostatic mechanism.
			BP101T2	Explain the morphology, physiology of skeletal system along with the physiology of muscle contraction in co-ordination with the joints, theirarticulation and skin.
			BP101T3	Explain and describe the composition, function of various body fluids like blood and lymph, their significance and related disorders.
			BP101T4	Classify the peripheral nervous system, nerves and morphology ofspecial senses.
			BP101T5	Explain the anatomy and physiology and parameters related to CVS and related disorders.
2.	Human Anatomy and Physiology-I (2018 Pattern)	BP107P	BP107P1	Utilize effectively the microscope for microscopic study of varioustissues.
			BP107P2	Identify axial and appendicular bones of human skeleton.
			BP107P3	Explain the gross morphology, structure and functions of variousorgans of human body.
			BP107P4	Identify different tissues and organs of different systems of human body.
			BP107P5	Perform the haematological tests like blood cell count, haemoglobinestimation, bleeding/clotting time, etc.
			BP107P6	Record the blood pressure, heart rate, pulse rate and respiratory volume.
3.	Pharmaceutical Analysis I (2018 Pattern)	BP102T	BP102T1	Understand fundamentals of analytical chemistry, principles of volumetric and electrochemical analysis. Carry out various volumetric and electrochemical titrations. Develop analytical skills.
			BP102T2	Differentiate between various types of volumetric titrations like acid base titration, precipitation titration, complexometric titration, redox titration as well as able to perform Gravimetric quantitative determination method.

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			BP102T3	Illustrate about different electro chemical methods of analysis like conductometry, potentiometry, polarography, refractometry.
4.	Pharmaceutical Analysis I (2018 Pattern)	BP108P	BP108P1	Acquire knowledge about how to carry out various volumetric and electrochemical titrations.
			BP108P2	Perform standardization of various secondary standard substances
			BP108P3	Perform assays of compounds based on different types of volumetric titrations.
			BP108P4	Utilize equipments like conductivity meter, potentiometer, refractometer etc. for the determination of normality and refractive index.
5.	Pharmaceutics I (2018 Pattern)	BP103T	BP103T1	Know the history of profession of pharmacy.
			BP103T2	Understand the basics of different dosage forms, pharmaceutical incompatibilities and pharmaceutical calculations.
			BP103T3	Understand the professional way of handling the prescription.
			BP103T4	Prepare various conventional dosage forms.
6.	Pharmaceutics I (2018 Pattern)	BP109P	BP109P1	State the correct use of various equipments in Pharmaceutics laboratory relevant to practicals.
			BP109P2	Explain formulation, evaluation and labelling of aromatic water, glycerides, syrups, elixirs and powder preparations.
			BP109P3	Perform pharmaceutical calculations to determine evaluation parameters like density, viscosity, specific gravity, angle of repose, Carr's index, Hausner ratio of preparations.
			BP109P4	Describe use of ingredients in formulation and category of formulation & Perform pharmaceutical calculations.
			BP109P5	Use equipments and apparatus needed for the preparation as per SOP, select the suitable packaging material (container-closure) for the preparation and draw the labels in neat way including all the component/parts.
			BP109P6	Summarize the principles of formulation and evaluation, predict the special requirements of preparations regarding the use, handling and storage conditions.
7.	Pharmaceutical Inorganic Chemistry (2018 Pattern)	BP104T	BP104T1	Understand sources of impurities and methods to determine the impurities in inorganic drugs and pharmaceuticals.
			BP104T2	Understand the basic concepts of acidity /basicity, buffers and tonicity applicable in pharmaceuticals.
			BP104T3	Understand the medicinal and pharmaceutical applications of inorganic compounds.

			BP104T4	Understand the concepts and principles of radiopharmaceuticals.
8	Pharmaceutical Inorganic Chemistry (2018 Pattern)	BP110P	BP110P1	Develop skills to perform limit test and for given sample.
			BP110P2	Perform identification of different inorganic compounds through various qualitative tests.
			BP110P3	Perform tests for purity for different compounds as per official compendia.
			BP110P4	Acquire knowledge and skills to prepare inorganic salts such as boric acid, potash alum and ferrous sulphate.
9	Communication Skills (2018 Pattern)	BP105T	BP105T1	Understand the behavioural needs for a Pharmacist to function effectively in the areas of pharmaceutical operation.
			BP105T2	Communicate effectively (Verbal and Non Verbal).
			BP105T3	Effectively manage the team as a team player.
			BP105T4	Develop interview skills.
			BP105T5	Develop Leadership qualities and essentials.
11.	Remedial Biology (2018 Pattern)	BP106 RBT	BP106RBT1	Understand the components of living world.
			BP106RBT2	Know the classification and salient features of five kingdoms of life.
			BP106RBT3	Understand the basic components of anatomy & physiology of plant.
			BP106RBT4	Illustrate the basic components of anatomy & physiology animal with special reference to human.
12	Remedial Biology (2018 Pattern)	BP112RBP	BP112RBP1	Understand the components of living Cell.
			BP112RBP2	Know the classification and salient features of cell and its types.
			BP112RBP3	Understand the basic components of anatomy & physiology of plant.
			BP112RBP4	Illustrate the basic components of anatomy & physiology animal with special reference to human.
13.	Remedial Mathematics (2018 Pattern)	BP106RMT	BP106RMT1	Know the theory and their application in Pharmacy.
			BP106RMT2	Solve the different types of problems by applying theory.
			BP106RMT3	Appreciate the important application of mathematics in Pharmacy.

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Course Outcomes F. Y. B. Pharm (Semester-II)
Academic Year 2018-19

Sr. No.	Course	Course Code	Course Outcome Number	Course Outcome
				Upon completion of the course student will be able to
1	Human Anatomy and Physiology-II (2018 Pattern)	BP201T	BP201T1	Explain the anatomy and physiology and parameters related to digestive system and related disorders.
			BP201T2	Explain the anatomy and physiology and parameters related to nervous system and ANS.
			BP201T3	Explain the anatomy and physiology and parameters related to Urinary system.
			BP201T4	Explain the anatomy and physiology and parameters related Endocrine system.
			BP201T5	Explain the anatomy and physiology and parameters related Reproductive system.
			BP201T6	Explain the anatomy and physiology and parameters related Respiratory system.
2	Human Anatomy and Physiology-II (2018 Pattern)	BP207P	BP207P1	Record the body temperature and Basal Mass Index.
			BP207P2	Explain Reflex and Visual activity.
			BP207P3	Explain positive and negative feedback mechanism.
			BP207P4	Explain the gross morphology, structure and functions of various organs system of human body.
			BP207P5	Perform the hematological test like total blood count.
			BP207P6	Perform the tidal volume and vital capacity.
3	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-I (2018 Pattern)	BP202T	BP202T1	Understand the basic principles of organic chemistry and Classification, IUPAC Nomenclature of organic compounds and Structural Isomerism
			BP202T2	Gain knowledge about different types of elimination and substitution reactions of alkenes, alkyl halides and conjugated dienes
			BP202T3	Gain the knowledge about reactivity & stability of different organic compounds
			BP202T4	Understand qualitative tests, structure, and uses of different organic compounds like alcohols, aldehydes, ketones, carboxylic acids and amines.
4	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry I	BP208P	BP208P1	Understand safety measures in an organic chemistry laboratory.

	(2018 Pattern)		BP208P2	Differentiate in between techniques like M.P, B.P determination, crystallization and various types of distillation.
			BP208P3	Perform the qualitative analysis of given organic compound.
			BP208P4	Perform synthesis of the selected organic compounds and understand the reaction mechanism involved in it.
			BP208P5	Understand the concept of building of molecular models of structures containing various functional groups.
5	Biochemistry (2018 Pattern)	BP203T	BP203T1	Understand classification, chemical nature, biological role and metabolism of biomolecules.
			BP203T2	Understand the metabolism of nutrient molecules in physiological and pathological conditions.
			BP203T3	Understand the genetic organization of mammalian genome and functions of DNA in the synthesis of RNAs and proteins.
			BP203T4	Understand the catalytic role of enzymes and importance of enzyme in biochemical process
6	Biochemistry (2018 Pattern)	BP209P	BP208P1	Learn quantitative analysis test of carbohydrates, amino acids and proteins
			BP208P2	Understand qualitative analysis of urine for normal and abnormal constituents.
			BP208P3	Study procedure and principle for determination of serum total cholesterol, blood sugar and blood creatinine.
			BP208P4	Understand preparation of buffer solution and measurement of pH.
			BP208P5	Understand the effect of temperature and substrate concentration on salivary amylase activity.
7	Pathophysiology (2018 Pattern)	BP204T	BP204T1	Describe the etiology and pathogenesis of disease.
			BP204T2	Understand the sign and symptoms of disease with its pathophysiological mechanism.
			BP204T3	Understand the pharmacological treatment of disease.
			BP204T4	Discuss about laboratory techniques and diagnostic test.
8	Computer Applications in Pharmacy (2018 Pattern)	BP205T	BP205T1	Know the various types of application of computers in pharmacy.
			BP205T2	Know the various types of databases.
			BP205T3	Know the various applications of databases in pharmacy.
9	Computer Applications in Pharmacy (2018 Pattern)	BP210P	BP210P1	Create a HTML web page to show personal information.
			BP210P2	Design a form in MS Access to view, add, delete and modify the patient record in the data base.
			BP210P3	Create and work with the queries in MS Access and export tables, queries, forms and reports to web pages.
10	Environmental Sciences (2018 Pattern)	BP206T	BP206T1	Elaborate the natural resources available, their advantages and disadvantages on the human and animal health and plants.

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			BP206T2	Explain the ecology, energy flow and various ecosystems in the environment describing the biodiversity of state and India.
			BP206T3	Describe various environmental pollution, roll of individual in the pollution and disaster management.

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Course Outcomes S. Y. B. Pharm (Semester-III)
Academic Year 2018-19

Sr. No.	Course	Course Code	Course Outcome Number	Course Outcome
				Upon completion of the course, student will be able to
1	Physical Pharmaceutics I (2015 Pattern)	231T	231T1	Acquire knowledge in Physical principles of phase rule.
			231T2	Investigate and apply various theories, laws and equations related to different states of matter.
			231T3	Adapt knowledge of Non-electrolytic and Electrolytic solutions regarding their types and properties mostly colligative properties.
			231T4	Apply the knowledge of solubility, and distribution in pharmaceutical preparations.
			231T5	Know applications of thermodynamics in the pharmacy.
2	Physical Pharmaceutics I (2015 Pattern)	231P	231P1	Illustrate Solubility and apply them in the pharmaceutical practices.
			231P2	Describe physical principles of phase rule.
			231P3	Acquire knowledge of determination of distribution phenomenon and apply them in the pharmaceutical practices.
			231P4	Understand determination of thermodynamic parameters using solubility studies.
3	Pharmaceutical Microbiology (2015 Pattern)	232T	232T1	Understand methods of identification, cultivation and preservation of various Microorganisms.
			232T2	Understand the importance and implementation of sterilization in pharmaceutical processing and industry.
			232T3	Learn sterility testing of pharmaceutical products.
			232T4	Perform microbiological standardization of Pharmaceuticals.
			232T5	Understand the cell culture technology and its applications in pharmaceutical industries.
4	Pharmaceutical Microbiology (2015 Pattern)	232P	232P1	Understand mechanism of equipments.
			232P2	Formulate culture media.
			232P3	Identify bacteria by staining method.
			232P4	Isolate bacteria along with motility determination and assay of antibiotics.

5	Pharmaceutical biochemistry (2015 Pattern)	233T	233T1	Understand the structure of cells and scope of biochemistry in Pharmaceutical sciences.
			233T2	Gain knowledge of enzyme and their role.
			233T3	Gain knowledge of basic fundamental chemistry and application of a biomolecules .
			233T4	Understand metabolism and correlation with causes of metabolic and genetic disorders.
			233T5	Understand types of vitamin and their role.
6	Pharmaceutical biochemistry (2015 Pattern)	233P	233P1	Understand the procedure of identification of basic biomolecule.
			233P2	Determine role of enzyme and kinetics in chemical reaction.
			233P3	Understand estimation of vitamin C .
			233P4	Understand Gel-electrophoresis technique and significance of gastric juice analysis
			233P5	Understand the procedure of identification of basic biomolecule.
7	Pharmaceutical organic chemistry-III (2015 Pattern)	234T	234T1	Understand various molecular representations and their interconversions.
			234T2	Understand relevance of stereochemistry & its significance in Pharmaceutical Sciences.
			234T3	Explain conformational Analysis and draw various conformational structures for different molecules.
			234T4	Explain mechanism and applications of rearrangement of electron deficient & electron rich systems. Comprehend & explain basic concepts in pericyclic reactions.
			234T5	Explain the chemistry of amino acids, methods of preparation and underlying concepts like isoelectric point.
			234T6	Know what polypeptides are and explain synthesis of di-tri polypeptides.
8	Pharmaceutical organic chemistry-III (2015 Pattern)	234P	234P1	Synthesize and recrystallize the organic compounds based on rearrangement reactions and should be able to demonstrate techniques such as filtration, precipitation, etc.
			234P2	Understand the chromatographic techniques in organic chemistry.
			234P3	Explain the principle and procedure involved in column chromatographic separation techniques and TLC.
			234P4	Explain and understand the principle behind various qualitative tests and analyze the given unknown binary organic compounds having different functional groups.
9	Pharmacology - I (2015 Pattern)	235T	235T1	Know the basics of pharmacology like History, Scope and General Principles.
			235T2	Understand the nature and sources of drugs and route of administration.
			235T3	Know the process of drug discovery and development.

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			235T4	Understand pharmacokinetic and pharmacodynamics of drugs.
			235T5	Understand receptor, drug receptor interaction, drug toxicity and adverse drug reactions.
			235T6	Know the concept of Autocoids and its Antagonist
			235T7	Know Rational drug treatment in pediatric and geriatric patients and in pregnancy
10	Pharmacognosy & Phytochemistry-I (2015 Pattern)	236T	236T1	Understand fundamentals of Pharmacognosy like scope, classification of crude drugs.
			236T2	Describe plant metabolites and their applications.
			236T3	Knowledge about characteristics and analysis of secondary metabolites.
			236T4	Understand evaluation techniques for the crude drugs.
11	Pharmacognosy & Phytochemistry-I (2015 Pattern)	236P	236P1	Understand fundamentals of Pharmacognosy with cell observation techniques.
			236P2	Carry out the microscopic and morphological evaluation of crude drugs.
			236P3	Explain concept of extraction crude drugs and its identification.
			236P4	Illustrate handling and uses of apparatus, instruments in laboratory.

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Course Outcomes S. Y. B. Pharm (Semester-IV)
Academic Year 2018-19

Sr. No.	Course	Course Code	Course Outcome No.	Course Outcome
				Upon completion of the course, student will be able to
1	Physical Pharmaceutics II (2015 Pattern)	241T	241T1	Acquire knowledge of surface and interfacial tension between the surfaces.
			241T2	Apply the concept of rheology and deformation in pharmaceutical formulation.
			241T3	Distinguish the principles of chemical kinetics & to use them for stability testing and determination of expiry date of formulations.
			241T4	Investigate and apply micromeritic in pharmaceutical dosage forms.
			241T5	Know types, properties and applications of colloids in the formulations.
2	Physical Pharmaceutics II (2015 Pattern)	241P	241P1	Determine and apply the concept of interfacial phenomena in pharmaceutical preparations.
			241P2	Determine and apply the concept of rheology in pharmaceutical preparations.
			241P3	Study rate of reaction for stability testing and determination of expiry date of formulations.
			241P4	Investigate and apply micromeritic in pharmaceutical dosage forms.
3	Pathophysiology and Clinical Biochemistry (2015 Pattern)	242T	242T1	Explain the biochemical mechanisms and pathophysiological processes responsible for common biochemical disorders.
			242T2	Explain the rationale and theoretical basis for methods used in the diagnosis of common biochemical disorders.
			242T3	Compare and contrast the different patterns of biochemistry test results observed in various disease states.
			242T4	Understand the role of clinical biochemistry in

				clinical diagnosis.
			242T5	Explain the biochemical mechanisms and pathophysiological processes responsible for common biochemical disorders.
4	Pathophysiology and Clinical Biochemistry (2015 Pattern)	242P	242P1	Explain the biochemical mechanisms and pathophysiological processes responsible for common biochemical disorders.
			242P2	Explain the rationale and theoretical basis for methods used in the diagnosis of common biochemical disorders.
			242P3	Compare and contrast the different patterns of biochemistry test results observed in various disease states.
			242P4	Understand the role of clinical biochemistry in clinical diagnosis.
5	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-IV (2015 Pattern)	243T	243T1	Know the structures with numbering of heterocyclic compounds, chemistry, methods of preparation and chemical reactions of five, six membered and fused heterocyclic rings.
			243T2	Know schemes of synthesis and reactions of drugs containing heterocyclic rings.
			243T3	Know what are polycyclic compounds and the reactions and methods of synthesis, and reagents used in the organic chemistry.
			243T4	Explain various techniques of combinatorial chemistry and understand applications of combinatorial chemistry in the speedy synthesis of organic compounds and peptides.
			243T5	Understand general rules and guidelines involved in retro-synthesis and construct retrosynthesis of pharmaceutically important compounds.
			243T6	Comprehend the techniques of microwave assisted synthesis and explain applications of microwave assisted synthesis in pharmaceutical research.
6	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-IV (2015 Pattern)	243P	243P1	Perform qualitative analysis of solid-liquid and liquid-liquid organic binary mixtures, separate and purify of binary mixtures of organic compounds.
			243P2	Synthesize heterocyclic compounds and know reaction mechanisms.
			243P3	Demonstrate techniques such as recrystallization, filtration and precipitation.
			243P4	Perform quantitative determination of different reactive groups.
7	Pharmaceutical Analysis-II (2015 Pattern)	244T	244T1	Understand the ideas with the fundamental of analytical chemistry in relation with pharmaceutical analysis and application in Pharma field.
			244T2	Describe the fundamentals such as basic principle, different methods of volumetric analysis and

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				interpret correlation and application.
			244T3	Acquire knowledge of theories principles and calibration of electrochemical analytical techniques and their correlation and application.
			244T4	Describe the fundamentals such as basic principle of refractometry and polarimetry.
			244T5	Acquire knowledge of theories principles of Karl Fischer titration.
8	Pharmaceutical Analysis-II (2015 Pattern)	244P	244P1	Understand the procedure of calibration of different electroanalytical equipments.
			244P2	Determine percentage purity of given pharmaceutical drugs by potentiometric method
			244P3	Determine pKa value of a solution by electro-analytical methods.
			244P4	Measure the R. I. and optical rotation of liquid compounds.
9	Pharmacognosy & Phytochemistry–II (2015 Pattern)	245T	245T1	Understand fundamentals of plant sources for alkaloids and terpenoids.
			245T2	Describe techniques extraction of plant metabolites.
			245T3	Identify crude drugs containing alkaloids and terpenoids and learn their uses.
			245T4	Understand evaluation techniques for the plant metabolites.
10	Pharmacognosy & Phytochemistry–II (2015 Pattern)	245P	245P1	Understand fundamentals of Pharmacognostic study of crude drugs.
			245P2	Learn about strategic extraction of crude drugs and handle equipment for it.
			245P3	Identify crude drugs and explain their chemical nature.
			245P4	Judge the quality of crude drugs by different means & explain the significance of it in commerce & industry.
11	Pharmaceutical Engineering (2015 Pattern)	246T	246T1	Understand molecular diffusion in gases and liquids and the mechanism, theory and factors affecting drying.
			246T2	Distinguish various dryers with respect to their applications in pharmacy.
			246T3	Illustrate types of crystallizers.
			246T4	Develop an understanding of pharmaceutical engineering by studying advance modules that are relevant to the changing priorities and requirements of the modern pharmaceutical industries.
			246T5	Foster the knowledge of product manufacturing.

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Course Outcomes Third Y. B. Pharm (Semester-V)
Academic Year 2018-19

Sr. No.	Course	Course Code	Course Outcome Number	Course Outcome
				Upon completion of the course, student will be able to
1	Industrial Pharmacy-I (2015 Pattern)	351T	351T1	Understand the concepts of solid dosage form design and formulation strategies.
			351T2	Explain tablets as a dosage form, physico-chemical principles guiding tablet formulation, various tablet additives.
			351T3	Learn the concept, types, pharmacopoeial specifications, techniques and equipments used in tablet coating.
			351T4	Describe capsule types, additives, size selection, manufacturing and evaluation, equipments and defects.
			351T5	Understand the concept of technology transfer.
			351T6	State the correct use of various equipments in Pharmaceutics laboratory relevant to tablets, capsules and coating.
2	Industrial Pharmacy-I (2015 Pattern)	351P	351P1	Study tablet press and its parts.
			351P2	Understand direct compression technique, Wet granulation and Dry granulation
			351P3	Learn preparation and evaluation of mouth dissolving tablets/chewable tablets.
			351P4	Understand Filling and evaluation of hard gelatin capsule.
			351P5	Evaluation of marketed soft gelatin capsule and in-vitro dissolution test for tablet or capsule.
			351P6	Understand packaging and its labelling, materials of solid dosage forms and perform leak test for blister/strip pack.
3	Pharmaceutical Analysis –III (2015 Pattern)	352T	352T1	Know the different types of instrumental analytical techniques available for quality control of APIs & Pharmaceutical dosage forms.
			352T2	Know various sampling techniques employed in analysis of solid, semisolid and liquids dosage forms.
			352T3	Understand principles, instrumentation and applications of UV-VIS, Fluorimetry, Atomic absorption, atomic emission, Spectroscopy's, Flame photometry, Phosphorimetry and Nepheloturbidimetry.

			352T4	Independently operate, calibrate various analytical instruments for the assay of various APIs and formulations as per Pharmacopoeial standards.
			352T5	Independently process, interpret the data obtained through experimentation and report the results as per regulatory requirements.
4	Pharmaceutical Analysis –III (2015 Pattern)	352P	352P1	Understand the Calibration of UV-VIS Spectrophotometer.
			352P2	Evaluate - Determination of Beers law, Limits and calculations of different absorptivity constraints.
			352P3	Calculate λmax by Woodward rule and estimate Na, K, Ca, Li from pharmaceutical formulations by flame photometry.
			352P4	Perform assay of APIs and formulations by UV Spectrophotometry using calibration curve method, Single point standardization, Double point standardization, and A 1% 1cm method.
			352P5	Perform assay of APIs & formulations by Fluorimetry and assay of APIs and formulations by Nepheloturbidimetry.
5	Medicinal Chemistry-I (2015 Pattern)	353T	353T1	Understand and relate the physicochemical properties of drug molecules with drug activity.
			353T2	Explain the concept of metabolism with its types and applications.
			353T3	Acquire knowledge about the different types of receptors, forces involved in drug receptor interaction and a signal transduction mechanism.
			353T4	Discuss biosynthesis of Adrenaline and Acetyl choline, ANS agonist and antagonist with respect to their structure, IUPAC nomenclature, SAR, mode of action, metabolism, synthesis and rational development.
			353T5	Acquire knowledge about the CVS and Diuretic agent with respect to structure, IUPAC nomenclature, SAR, mode of action, metabolism, synthesis and rational development.
6	Medicinal Chemistry-I (2015 Pattern)	353P	353P1	Develop skills in various purification techniques of solvents/liquids used in synthesis.
			353P2	Students should be able to prepare hydrochloric acid, phosphoric acid salt of piperazine evaluate their physicochemical properties.
			353P3	Determine the partition coefficient and dissociation constant of medicinal compounds.
			353P4	Develop the skills involved in thin layer chromatography techniques and purification of synthesized compounds by column chromatography.
			353P5	Perform synthesis and purification by recrystallization of medicinal compounds for example sulfanilamide, 1, 2, 3, 4-tetrhydrocarbazole etc.

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7	Pharmacology- II (2015 Pattern)	354T	354T1	Explain the Neurotransmitters involved in the autonomic nervous system, there Synthesis and metabolism.
			354T2	Describe various adrenoreceptors and cholinoceptor, their subtypes and the clinical spectrum of their general and selective agonist and antagonist.
			354T3	Explain the agents that stimulate or relax skeletal muscle, including the cholinergic neuromuscular agonists and antagonists as well as the neuromuscular agents acting at noncholinergic sites.
			354T4	Know the essential pharmacotherapy and pharmacological features of common and important drugs used in cardiovascular diseases and respiratory disorders.
8	Pharmacology- II (2015 Pattern)	354P	354P1	Handle the laboratory equipments and apply techniques used in experimental pharmacology.
			354P2	Identify various laboratory animals and describe CPCSEA guidelines for care and handling and care of laboratory animals.
			354P3	Explain various routes of drug administration, various methods for collection of blood, body fluids and urine from experimental animals.
			354P4	Perform bioassays along with their principals, drug agonism and antagonism.
			354P5	Perform recording of CRC/DRC of Acetylcholine/Histamine on suitable isolated tissue preparation.
9	Analytical Pharmacognosy & Extraction Technology (2015 Pattern)	355T	355T1	Understand knowledge about herbs and applications in pharmaceutical sciences.
			355T2	Study chemistry of natural product and isolation methods.
			355T3	Explain crude drug characteristics and their standardization.
			355T4	Understand natural product identification and significance quantification with applications.
10	Analytical Pharmacognosy & Extraction Technology (2015 Pattern)	355P	355P1	Handle inflammable solvents and corrosive chemicals in laboratory.
			355P2	Understand and apply micrometric analysis for evaluation of the crude drugs.
			355P3	Study extraction methods and techniques used in laboratory.
			355P4	Upgrade understanding ability of Good Laboratory Practices and raise logical query during laboratory work.
11	Pharmaceutical Business Management & Disaster Management (2015 Pattern)	356T	36T1	Understand the Pharmaceutical business and management strategy.
			356T2	Understand knowledge of marketing research, product management.
			356T3	Learn about human resource and development needs.
			356T4	Learn about the disaster management, preparedness and mitigation.

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12	Active Pharmaceutical Ingredients Technology (2015 Pattern)	357T	357T1	Know overview of API and fine chemical industry.
			357T2	Understand basics of chemical process kinetics, some classes of reactions with examples of API for each unit process.
			357T3	Understand chemical process, reaction system, equipment used in API manufacturing and layout design for API manufacturing.
			357T4	Explain manufacturing techniques of some chiral APIs and polymorphism in APIs.
			357T5	Practice Quality Assurance (QA), Quality Control (QC) and follow GMP in API manufacturing including ICH Q7, Q7A and Q11 while working in API industry.

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Course Outcomes Third Y. B. Pharm (Semester-VI)
Academic Year 2018-19

Sr. No.	Course	Course Code	Course Outcome Number	Course Outcome
				Upon completion of the course, student will be able to
1	Industrial Pharmacy -II (2015 Pattern)	361T	361T1	Understand the Disperse systems, its classification, theories of disperse systems, thermodynamic v/s kinetic stability considerations.
			361T2	Learn the details of Suspensions, types, formulation development, manufacturing, and excipients used, evaluation of suspensions etc.
			361T3	Gain the knowledge of the concept, Emulsions, their physico-chemical properties, theory of emulsification, HLB value & phase inversion temperature, Kraft point, cloud point, excipients, formulation & evaluation of emulsions; cracking, coalescence, stability & stress testing.
			361T4	Know about the basic principle of semi-solids, anatomy & physiology of skin, selection of bases; penetration enhancers, formulation development, Percutaneous absorption, flux measurement & evaluation.
			361T	The student is able to explain the, Layout for manufacturing of suspensions, emulsions & semi-solids as per schedule M.
2	Industrial Pharmacy -II (2015 Pattern)	361 P	361P1	Demonstrate skills of using equipment in pharmaceutics laboratory relevant to semi-solids & prepare BMR. Prepare semisolids: Pain balm, Antifungal ointment/cream, Medicated Gel, Antiacne preparation, Non staining Iodine ointment with Methyl Salicylate & evaluation.
			361P2	Describe use of ingredients in formulation and category of formulation.
			361P3	Prepare the labels so as to suit the regulatory requirements.
3	Pharmaceutical Analysis –IV (2015 Pattern)	362 T	362T1	Understand details of Column Chromatography.
			362T2	Summarize Paper Chromatography, Thin Layer Chromatography, High Performance Thin Layer Chromatography (HPTLC).
			362T3	Explain principle, instrumentation and various types of developments of electrophoresis.
			362T4	Acquire knowledge of Thermal Methods of Analysis such as DSC, DTA and TGA.
4		362 P	352P1	Perform Calibration of UV-VIS Spectrophotometer.

	Pharmaceutical Analysis –IV (2015 Pattern)		352P2	Evaluate Determination of Beers law, Limit and calculations of different absorptivity constants.
			352P3	Calculate λmax by Woodward rule. Estimation of Na, K, Ca, Li from Pharmaceutical formulations by flame photometry.
			352P4	Perform assay of APIs and formulations by UV Spectrophotometry including calibration curve method, Single point standardization, Double point standardization and A 1% 1cm method.
			352P5	Perform assay of APIs & formulations by Fluorimetry. Assay of APIs & formulations by Nepheloturbidimetry.
5	Medicinal Chemistry-II (2015 Pattern)	363T	363T1	Extrapolate the local anaesthetics and general anaesthetics.
			363T2	Specify metabolism of some medicinal compounds along with application of drug metabolism in drug discovery.
			363T3	Introduce to rational development of various categories of drugs like CNS stimulants and depressant, psychotherapeutic drugs, Diagnostic agents.
			363T4	Discuss SAR and Mechanism of Action MOA of oral hypoglycemic agents.
6	Medicinal Chemistry-II (2015 Pattern)	363P	363P1	Generalize molar refractivity of compounds.
			363P2	Summarize separation of solvents by Steam distillation technique.
			363P3	Know the mechanism and carry out Dean stark azeotropic water separation.
			363P4	Perform synthesis, recrystallization and understand reaction mechanisms involved in synthesis of medicinally important organic compounds such as Benzocaine, Phenytoin,etc.
			363P5	Synthesize medicinally important organic compounds using microwave assisted organic synthesis.
7	Pharmacology- III (2015 Pattern)	364T	364T1	Categorize different drugs depending upon their pharmacological role and mechanism of action in any disease.
			364T2	Explain pharmacology of various anesthetic agents, psychotropic agents, various drugs used in treatment of CNS disorders, Parkinson's disease and Alzheimer's disease.
			364T3	Explain pharmacology of drugs used in the treatment of G.I. tract disorders, Rheumatoid arthritis, Osteoarthritis and Gout.
8	Pharmacology- III (2015 Pattern)	364P	364P1	Demonstrate the dissection of G.I. tract of chicken to isolate ileum.
			364P2	Explain and perform matching point, bracketing and Interpolation bioassay to find unknown concentration of Acetylcholine/histamine.
			364P3	Demonstrate and discuss recording of effects of CNS acting drugs in rats/mice using Actophotometer and anti-

				epileptic activity using Convulsiometer with the help of software.
			364P4	Demonstrate recording of effects of skeletal muscle relaxant drugs in rats/mice using Rota-rod apparatus and Analgesic activity using Eddy's Hot Plate with the help of software.
9	Natural Product Chemistry (2015 Pattern)	365T	365T1	Understand & explain techniques needs to study of biosynthetic pathways in plant.
			365T2	Understand & explain new drugs discovery and their contribution in modern drug discovery.
			365T3	Explain natural drugs from marine origin.
			365T4	Explain natural colouring, sweetening agents, Polymers and Pesticides with pharmaceutical applications.
10	Natural Product Chemistry (2015 Pattern)	365P	365P1	Study strategic separation of natural components.
			365P2	Learn characterization of plant phytocomponents.
			365P3	Understand concept and perform isolation of natural compound using column chromatography.
			365P4	Analyse natural compound by UV/IR spectroscopy & interpret them.
			365P5	Perform the evaluation and identification of isolated phytoconstituents.
11	Bio-Organic Chemistry and Drug Design (2015 Pattern)	366T	366T1	Understand the significance of Bioorganic Chemistry and establish its relevance in drug design & discovery.
			366T2	Explain approaches in rational drug design.
			366T3	Understand various drug targets, their biochemical features, physiological & pathophysiological roles and significance in drug design.
			366T4S	Explain biotransformation of pro-drug design aspect in drug design.
12	Pharmaceutical Biotechnology (2015 Pattern)	367T	367T1	Know basics of biotechnology techniques and the various systems used in pharmacy.
			367T2	Know the method of genetic engineering for production of r-DNA products including monoclonal antibodies.
			367T3	Understand the concept of enzymes and their uses by immobilization.
			367T4	State the application of fermenter process in production of vitamins and antibiotics.
			367T5	Understand the concept and applications of genetic engineering, transgenic animals and biological products.

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Course Outcomes Final Y. B. Pharm (Semester-VII)
Academic Year 2018-19

Sr. No.	Course	Course Code	Course Outcome Number	Course Outcome
				Upon completion of the course, student will be able to
1	Sterile Products (2015 Pattern)	471T	471T1	Understand the general requirements, routes of administration, significance of tonicity adjustment and sterility and Pre-formulation of sterile products.
			471T2	Explain various packaging materials used, types, choice of containers, official quality control tests and methods of evaluation.
			471T3	Describe the GMP and design and layout of Parenteral Production Facility, environmental control zones, heating ventilation air conditioning (HVAC), HEPA filter and laminar area flow systems.
			471T4	Understand Classification, formulation, processing and manufacturing of SVPs and Pilot plant scale up.
			471T5	Understand large volume parenteral and lyophilization process.
			471T6	Explain ophthalmic products, Blood Products and Surgical Dressings and parenteral devices.
2	Sterile Products (2015 Pattern)	471P	471P1	Formulate, develop and evaluate SVPs, LVPs and ophthalmic preparations.
			471P2	Acquire knowledge in sealing of ampoules.
			471P3	Study pharmacopoeial evaluation of packaging materials.
			471P4	Perform evaluation of marketed preparations and validation of aseptic area.
			471P5	Study significance and Accelerated stability testing of marketed samples.
3	Pharmaceutical Analysis –V (2015 Pattern)	472T	472T1	Understand the basic principle, instrumentation and applications of Infra-red (FTIR), Near Infrared (NIR) & Raman spectroscopy.
			472T2	Describe the basic principle, instrumentation and applications of Scanning Electron Microscopy (SEM) and Transmission Electron Microscopy (TEM).
			472T3	Acquire knowledge of the basic principle, instrumentation of HPLC, and their application for

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				quality control of API & Formulations.
			472T4	Explain principle and advantages of UPLC over HPLC.
			472T5	Comprehend the basic principle, instrumentation, sample handling, derivatisation, quantitation and application of Gas Chromatography.
4	Pharmaceutical Analysis –V (2015 Pattern)	472P	472P1	Independently operate, calibrate UV visible spectrophotometer for the two component formulation by simultaneous equation method, Q-method.
			472P2	Record the IR spectra of compounds having different functional groups.
			472P3	Interpret the data from IR spectra and report the results as per regulatory requirements.
			472P4	Acquire knowledge of safety measures while handling instruments, chemicals and apparatus.
			472P5	Learn handling of Gas Chromatography/ Atomic Absorption Spectrophotometry/ SEM
5	Medicinal Chemistry-III (2015 Pattern)	473T	473T1	Understand the mechanism of action, adverse effects, therapeutic uses and recent developments of antibiotics
			473T2	Acquire the knowledge about Mechanism of action, adverse effects, therapeutic uses and recent developments of chemotherapeutic agents.
			473T3	Understand the mechanism of action, adverse effects, therapeutic uses and recent developments of Sulphonamide derivatives, Antitubercular, Antileprotic agents, Antifungal agents, Antimalarials and Antiamebic agent.
			473T4	Understand the mechanism of action, adverse effects, therapeutic uses and recent developments of Trypanosomicidal drugs, drugs acting against leishmaniasis, Anthelmintics and Antiviral agents including antiretroviral.
6	Medicinal Chemistry-III (2015 Pattern)	473P	473P1	Acquire the knowledge about the use of various equipments & take safety measures while working in medicinal chemistry laboratory.
			473P2	Modify the skills involved in thin layer chromatography techniques and purification of synthesized compounds by column chromatography.
			473P3	Understand reaction mechanisms involved in synthesis of medicinally important compounds.
			473P4	Interpret the spectral characterizations made by IR and 1H-NMRs of synthesized compounds.
7	Pharmacology-IV (2015 Pattern)	474 T	474T1	Understand classification, mechanism of action, antibacterial spectrum, resistance, therapeutic uses, adverse effects and contraindications of various antibiotics
			474T2	Understand the knowledge of various endocrine

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				hormones, its types, receptors involved and mechanisms involved.
			474T3	Get in depth knowledge of biosynthesis, Mechanism of action, Pharmacology and regulation of Thyroid, antithyroid drugs and Parathyroid hormones
			474T4	Get in depth knowledge of Biosynthesis, Secretion, Mechanism of action, Pharmacology of insulin and glucagon and Pharmacotherapy of Diabetes Mellitus
			474T5	Understand the pharmacology of Androgens, Estrogens, Progestin and oral contraceptives
8	Pharmacology-IV (2015 Pattern)	474P	474P1	Understand the use of isolated tissue preparation for bioassay methods.
			474P2	Analyze the rational and irrational fixed dose combinations based on various parameters.
			474P3	Understand the prescription pattern and rational use of drug by performing case study or doing hospital visit.
			474P4	To do Prescription audit with the help of case report
9	Natural Drug Technology (2015 Pattern)	475T	475T1	Understand plant metabolites and its production with tissue culture.
			475T2	Explain the herbal new drug delivery systems like liposomes, phytosomes, nanoparticles and vesicles.
			475T3	Understand guidelines issued by WHO in relation with cultivation, collection and storage of crude drugs.
			475T4	Study structural elucidation and *in-vitro* screening methods of natural products.
10	Natural Drug Technology (2015 Pattern)	475P	475P1	Understand theoretical and practical knowledge for evaluation herbal formulation.
			475P2	Define preformulation parameters for herbal formulations.
			475P3	Conduct *in vitro* assays of herbal compounds.
			475P4	Handle equipment's and develop skills during standardization of natural product and formulation.
11	Bio-Pharmaceutics & Pharmacokinetics (2015 Pattern)	476 T	476T1	Understand the concept of biopharmaceutics and its application in formulation development.
			476T2	Describe pharmacokinetic processes and their relevance in efficacy of dosage form.
			476T3	Learn the concept of bioavailability and bioequivalence.
			476T4	Learn various compartment model and non compartment analysis method.
			476T5	Understand concept and mechanism of dissolution and in vitro in vivo correlation.
12	Pharmaceutical Jurisprudence (2015 Pattern)	477T	477T1	Understand basic principles, purpose, significance and relevance of Pharmaceutical laws in India and effectiveness of medicine and quality of product.

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			477T2	Discuss the purpose of the Board and qualifications required for membership and the make-up of the Board.
			477T3	Understand significance of Schedule of drugs the regulatory system for safety.
			477T4	Acquire knowledge of Patents, procedure for patent application and IPR.

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Course Outcomes Final Y. B. Pharm (Semester-VIII)
Academic Year 2018-19

Sr. No.	Course	Course Code	Course Outcome Number	Course Outcome
				Upon completion of the course, student will be able to
1	Advanced Drug Delivery System (2015 Pattern)	481T	481T1	Students will describe fundamental concept of modified drug release along with different approaches and classification.
			481T2	Students will able to describe introduction, formulation, merits, demerits, applications of novel drug delivery system.
			481T3	Able to learn about microencapsulation technique.
			481T4	Able to learn optimization technique.
			481T5	Students will able to explain therapeutic aerosols along with typical formulation, metered dose, topical application.
2	Advanced Drug Delivery System (2015 Pattern)	481P	481P1	Understand the properties of polymers.
			481P2	Formulate sustained release formulations.
			481P3	Formulate microcapsules.
			481P4	Formulate gastro-retentive formulations.
3	Cosmetic Science (2015 Pattern)	482T	482T1	Understand the concepts of cosmetics; anatomy of skin v/s hair, general excipients used in cosmetics.
			482T2	Explain formulation of cosmetics for skin, manufacturing, equipments & evaluation of creams like cold cream, vanishing cream etc. & powder cosmetics.
			482T3	Explain formulation of cosmetics for hair, manufacturing & evaluation of hair shampoos, tonics, etc.
			482T4	Describe formulation of cosmetics for eyes, manufacturing & evaluation of eye mascara, shadow, etc.
			482T5	Understand formulation of manicure products like nail lacquer, remover, etc.
			482T6	Learn formulation, manufacture & evaluation of baby cosmetics like baby oils, Powders, etc.
			482T7	Explain the concept of cosmeceuticals, history, difference between cosmetics & cosmeceuticals & cosmeceuticals agents.

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4	Cosmetic Science (2015 Pattern)	482P	482P1	State the correct use of various equipments in Pharmaceutics laboratory relevant to cosmetics.
			482P2	Perform formulation, evaluation and labelling of cosmetics like moisturizing cream, vanishing cream, cold cream, sunscreen cream/lotion.
			482P3	Perform formulation, evaluation of eye cosmetics.
			482P4	Perform formulation, evaluation of nail lacquer, shampoo, face pack, face powder, tooth paste & lip stick.
			482P5	Perform formulation, evaluation & labelling of shaving cream, after shave & baby products.
			482P6	Describe use of ingredients in formulation and category of formulation and Prepare labels as per regulatory requirements.
5	Pharmaceutical Analysis –VI (2015 Pattern)	483T	483T1	Acquire knowledge about the basic principle, instrumentation, application of Nuclear Magnetic Resonance (NMR) spectroscopy
			483T2	Explain the basic principle and instrumentation of Electron Spin Resonance (ESR).
			483T3	Comprehend the basic principle, instrumentation, applications of Ion Exchange Chromatography and learnt introduction of Automated methods of analysis.
			483T4	Describe basic principle, instrumentation of Flash Chromatography and Super Critical Fluid Chromatography.
			483T5	Understand the basic principle, instrumentation, application of Mass Spectrometry.
6	Pharmaceutical Analysis –VI (2015 Pattern)	483P	483P1	Validate of analytical methods by UV, HPLC as per ICH or USP Guideline.
			483P2	Understand system suitability parameters for HPLC as per IP/BP/USP.
			483P3	Interpret the data from UV, IR, NMR, Mass spectra and report the results as per regulatory requirements.
			483P4	Acquire the knowledge of Quantitation techniques in HPLC.
7	Medicinal Chemistry-IV (2015 Pattern)	484T	484T1	Know the general aspects of design of the drugs, structure activity relationship (SAR), mechanism of action, therapeutic uses, adverse effects and recent developments in the antihistaminic, proton pump inhibitors, Serotonergic agents and Autacoids.
			484T2	Describe the mechanism of action, adverse effects, therapeutic uses and recent developments in NSAIDs.
			484T3	Recognize the mechanism of action, adverse effects, therapeutic uses and recent developments in steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs, narcotic & non-narcotic analgesics.
			484T4	Discuss about the steroidal drugs and Harmones.

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			484T5	Discuss about the Insulin & Oral Anti-hyperglycemic drugs (Metformin, Tolbutamide)
			484T6	Discuss about the Diagnostic agents: Radio opaque diagnostic agents and agents for organ function tests.
8	Medicinal Chemistry-IV (2015 Pattern)	484P	484P1	Synthesize, recrystallize and understand reaction mechanisms involved in synthesis of medicinally important organic compounds.
			484P2	Develop skills involved in thin layer chromatography techniques and purification of synthesized compounds by column chromatography.
			484P3	Interpret the spectral characterizations made by IR and 1H-NMRs of synthesized compounds.
			48.P4	Demonstrate the High Vacuum Distillation and CADD.
9	Pharmacology V (Including Biostatistics PATTERN 2015)	485T	485T1	Understand important aspect, classification, mechanism of drug-drug interaction and ADRs.
			485T2	Explain basic aspects of drug safety and Pharmacovigilance in relation to monitoring and reporting of ADRs.
			485T3	Know Functioning and role of hospital pharmacy and practice of rational drug therapy and methods of assessment of patient compliance and non-compliance
			485T4	Know Clinical trials, ethics and practice of Good Clinical Practice involved in clinical trials
			485T5	Understand Process, working and personnel involved in clinical data management and their roles.
10	Pharmacology V (Including Biostatistics 2015 Pattern)	485P	485P1	Understand concepts of statistics, its application and importance.
			485P2	Calculate PA2 or PD2 value of given drugs using suitable isolated tissue preparation.
			485P3	Observe neurobehavioral characterization of test drugs
			485P4	Understand Calculation of Analysis of Variance (ANOVA), Student 't' test.
11	Natural Products: Commerce, Industry & Regulations (2015 Pattern)	486T	486T1	Understand of different segments in trade market, export & import of Indian herbal drug industry in global contest.
			486T2	Understand and realize the market potential of natural products.
			486T3	Learn entrepreneurship skills to grab opportunities available in herbal market.
			486T4	Justify Pharmacovigilance systems and WHO guidelines in of natural products.
12	Quality Assurance Techniques (2015 Pattern)	487T	487T1	Understand the significance of quality in pharmaceutical manufacturing, QA & QC department responsibilities.
			487T2	Understand the Role of Regulatory Agencies in deciding Quality Standards, significance of validation in quality assurance.

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			487T3	Know the calibration process and equipment qualification.
			487T4	Know and follow cGMP, GLP and GDP while working in pharmaceutical industry and pharmaceutical quality management system and quality risk management.
			487T5	Know about pharmaceutical validation parameters and regulatory agencies.
			487T6	Know the concept of QbD.

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Course Outcomes

F. Y. M. Pharm (Semester-I)

Pharmaceutics

Academic Year 2018-19

Sr. No.	Course	Course Code	Course Outcome Number	Course Outcome
				Upon completion of the course, student will be able to
1	Modern Pharmaceutical Analytical Techniques (2018 Pattern)	MPH101T	MPH101T1	Understand the basic principle, theory and applications of various analytical techniques and the fundamentals on conventional analytical methods of drug analysis used in laboratories.
			MPH101T2	Acquire knowledge about instrumentation and sufficient skills in handling of equipments or procedures for estimation of pharmaceuticals.
			MPH101T13	Comprehend analytical techniques for identification, characterization and quantification of drugs.
			MPH101T4	Utilize/Develop new technology and method for qualitative and quantitative analysis of pharmaceutical compound from organic, inorganic and herbal origin with cost effective approach.
			MPH101T5	Elucidate structure of organic compounds using spectroscopic tools.
2	Drug Delivery System (2018 Pattern)	MPH102T	MPH102T1	Understand the various approaches for development of novel drug delivery systems.
			MPH102T2	Acquire knowledge of criteria for selection of drugs and polymers for the development of delivering system.
			MPH102T3	Understand the formulation and evaluation of Novel drug delivery systems.
3	Modern Pharmaceutics (2018 Pattern)	MPH103T	MPH103T1	Understand the elements of preformulation studies.
			MPH103T2	Understand the Active Pharmaceutical Ingredients and Generic Drug Product development.
			MPH103T3	Know Industrial Management and GMP Considerations.
			MPH103T4	Learn Optimization Techniques & Pilot Plant Scale Up Techniques
			MPH103T5	Perform Stability Testing, sterilization process & packaging of dosage forms.
4	Regulatory Affair (2018 Pattern)	MPH104T	MPH104T1	Understand the Concepts of innovator and generic drugs, drug development process.
			MPH104T2	Understand The Regulatory guidance's and guidelines for filing and approval process.

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			MPH104T3	Understand Preparation of Dossiers and their submission to regulatory agencies in different countries.
			MPH104T4	Recognize the Post approval regulatory requirements for actives and drug products and submission of global documents in CTD/ eCTD formats.
			MPH104T5	Know the Submission of global documents in CTD/ eCTD formats. And clinical trials requirements for approvals for conducting clinical trials.
5	Pharmaceutics Practical I (2018 Pattern)	MPH105P	MPH105P1	Analyze various drugs in single and combination dosage forms for development of theoretical and practical skills of the analytical instruments.
			MPH105P2	Understand various approaches for development and evaluation of novel drug delivery systems.
			MPH105P3	Know the criteria for selection of drugs and polymers for the development of drug delivering system.
			MPH105P4	Investigate and apply micromeritic in pharmaceutical dosage forms.

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Course Outcomes

F. Y. M. Pharm (Semester-II)

Pharmaceutics

Academic Year 2018-19

Sr. No.	Course	Course Code	Course Outcome Number	Course Outcome
				Upon completion of the course, student will be able to
1	Molecular Pharmaceutics (Nano Tech and Targeted DDS) (2018 Pattern)	MPH201T	MPH201T1	The various approaches for development of novel drug delivery systems.
			MPH201T2	The criteria for selection of drugs and polymers for the development of NTDS.
			MPH201T3	The formulation and evaluation of novel drug delivery systems.
2	Advanced Biopharmaceutics & Pharmacokinetics (2018 Pattern)	MPH202T	MPH202T1	Explain mechanism of drug absorption &various factors affecting drug absorption.
			MPH202T2	Learn various biopharmaceutic factors affecting drug bioavailability.
			MPH202T3	Understand basic considerations of pharmacokinetic models.
			MPH202T4	Explain the design and evaluation of dosage regimens of the drugs using pharmacokinetic and biopharmaceutic parameters.
			MPH202T5	Learn different types of drug interactions which alter the pharmacokinetics of such as drug-protein /drug-tissue binding interactions
3	Computer Aided Drug Delivery System (2018 Pattern)	MPH203T	MPH203T1	Explain Cómputers in Pharmaceutical Research and Development.
			MPH203T2	Understand and operate Computers in Preclinical Development, Clinical Development and Market Analysis.
			MPH203T3	Create Optimization Techniques in Pharmaceutical Formulation.
			MPH203T4	Understand and apply artificial intelligence (AI) and robotics computational fluid dynamics (CFD) in pharmaceutical preparation.
4	Cosmetic and Cosmeceuticals (2018 Pattern)	MPH204T	MPH204T1	Acquire knowledge about key ingredients used in cosmetics and cosmeceuticals.
			MPH204T2	Acquire knowledge about key building blocks for various formulations.
			MPH204T3	Learn current technologies in the market.

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			MPH204T4	Understand use of various key ingredients and basic science to develop cosmetics and cosmeceuticals.
			MPH204T5	Acquire scientific knowledge to develop cosmetics and cosmeceuticals with desired safety, stability, and efficacy.
5	Pharmaceutics Practical II (2018 Pattern)	MPH205P	MPH205P1	Acquire scientific knowledge to develop and evaluate the various cosmetics and cosmeceuticals formulations with desired safety, stability, and efficacy.
			MPH205P2	Perform formulation and evaluation of various novel drug delivery system with desired safety, stability, and efficacy.
			MPH205P3	Understand various case studies of bioavailability, pharmacokinetic, in vitro cell studies, computer simulations in pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamics, sensitivity analysis, population modeling and computational modeling of drug disposition.
			MPH205P4	Understand the concept of dissolution kinetics, improvement of dissolution by solid dispersion technique, comparison of dissolution of two different marketed products & protein binding studies.
			MPH205P5	Acquire scientific knowledge of design of experiment for any formulation using and formulation data analysis using design expert® software and use of quality-by-design in pharmaceutical development.

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Course Outcomes

F. Y. M. Pharm (Semester-I)

Pharmaceutical Quality Assurance

Academic Year 2018-19

Sr. No.	Course	Course Code	Course Outcome Number	Course Outcome
				Upon completion of the course, student will be able to
1	Modern Pharmaceutical Analytical Techniques (2018 Pattern)	MQA101T	MQA101T1	Understand the basic principle, theory and applications of various analytical techniques and the fundamentals on conventional analytical methods of drug analysis used in laboratories.
			MQA101T2	Acquire knowledge about instrumentation and sufficient skills in handling of equipments or procedures for estimation of pharmaceuticals.
			MQA101T3	Comprehend analytical techniques for identification, characterization and quantification of drugs.
			MQA101T4	Utilize/Develop new technology and method for qualitative and quantitative analysis of pharmaceutical compound from organic, inorganic and herbal origin with cost effective approach.
			MQA101T5	Elucidate structure of organic compounds using spectroscopic tools.
2	Quality Management System (2018 Pattern)	MQA102T	MQA102T1	Understand the importance of quality.
			MQA102T2	Explain ISO management system.
			MQA102T3	Know tools for quality improvement.
			MQA102T4	Understand analysis of issues in quality.
			MQA102T5	Discuss quality evaluation of pharmaceuticals.
			MQA102T6	Understand stability testing of drug and drug substances.
			MQA 102T7	Understand statistical approaches for quality.
3	Quality Control and Quality Assurance (2018 Pattern)	MQA10 T	MQA103 T1	Understand the cGMP aspects in a pharmaceutical industry.
			MQA103 T2	Understand GLP and regulatory Affairs.
			MQA103 T3	Appreciate the importance of documentation.
			MQA103 T4	Understand the responsibilities of QA and QC departments.
			MQA103 T5	Appreciate the importance of documentation.
4	Product Development	MQA104 T	MQA 104T1	Acquire knowledge about new product development process, Development and informational content for

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	and Technology Transfer (2018 Pattern)			INDA, NDA, ANDA, SNDA, SUPAC and BACPAC, Product registration guidelines – CDSCO, USFDA.
			MQA104T2	Acquire knowledge about preformulation study, solubility & methods to improve solubility of drugs.
			MQA104T3	Understand concept, significance, design, layout of pilot plant, scale up study, large scale manufacturing techniques and different types of pharmaceutical packaging materials available along with quality control tests for the same.
			MQA104T4	Understand Development of technology by R & D, Technology transfer from R & D to production and documentation involved in technology transfer.
5	Pharmaceutical Quality Assurance Practical I (2018 Pattern)	MQA105P	MQA105P1	Understand principles, instrumentation, working of UV-VIS Spectrophotometry, Fluorimetry, Atomic absorption Spectrophotometry, Flame Photometry, their applications for analysis of pharmaceutical compounds, raw materials, related and foreign substances in drugs and will have practical skills of instrument handling.
			MQA105P2	Acquire knowledge of safety measures while handling instruments, chemicals and apparatus.
			MQA105P3	Comprehend Six Sigma, Total Quality management etc. after performing case studies.
			MQA105P4	Perform preformulation study for tablets, parenterals as per regulatory requirements and in process and finished product quality control tests for various pharmaceutical dosage forms and their packaging materials.
			MQA 105P5	Understand stability study protocol, accelerated stability studies, factors affecting solubility and problem solving skills related to solubility, determination of pKa and Log P values of drugs.

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Course Outcomes

F. Y. M. Pharm (Semester-II)

Pharmaceutical Quality Assurance

Academic Year 2021-2022

Sr. No.	Course	Course Code	Course Outcome No.	Course Outcome
				Upon completion of the course student will be able to
1	Hazards and Safety Management (2018 Pattern)	MQA201T	MQA 201T1	Understand basic knowledge about the environment and its allied problems and also develop an attitude of concern for the industry environment.
			MQA 201T2	Demonstrate safety standards in pharmaceutical industry and knowledge on the safety management.
			MQA 201T3	Understand the knowledge of mechanism and management in different kinds of hazards like Air based hazards, chemical based hazards, Fire & explosion etc.
			MQA 201T4	Illustrate ICH guidelines on risk assessment and risk management methods and Tools, safety programme and safety management, Physicochemical measurements of effluents, BOD, COD, Effluent treatment procedure.
2	Pharmaceutical Validation (2018 Pattern)	MQA202T	MQA 202T1	Understand the concepts of calibration, qualification and validation.
			MQA 202T2	Know about the qualification of various pharmaceutical equipment's and instruments.
			MQA 202T3	Study the Process validation of different dosage forms.
			MQA 202T4	Understand Validation of analytical method for estimation of drugs.
			MQA 202T5	Understand Cleaning validation of equipments employed in the manufacture of pharmaceuticals.
			MQA 202T6	Understand Intellectual property rights and patent filing.
			MQA 202T7	Know about the concept of Qualification of laboratory instruments.
3	Audits and Regulatory Compliance (2018 Pattern)	MQA203T	MQA203T1	Understand the importance of auditing in pharmaceuticals.
			MQA203T2	Understand the methodology of auditing for pharmaceutical industry.

			MQA203T3	Prepare the check list for auditing.
			MQA203T4	Carry out the audit process.
4	Pharmaceutical Manufacturing Technology (2018 Pattern)	MQA204T	MQA204T1	Understand the common practice in the pharmaceutical industry developments, plant layout and production planning.
			MQA204T2	Be familiar with the principles and practices of aseptic process technology, advanced sterile and nonsterile manufacturing process technology.
			MQA204T3	Comprehend the practices of packaging technology.
			MQA204T4	Acquire knowledge of principles and implementation of Quality by design (QbD) and process analytical technology (PAT) in pharmaceutical manufacturing.
5	Pharmaceutical Quality Assurance Practical II (2018 Pattern)	MQA205P	MQA205P1	Analyse contaminant residue, poisonous gas, chemical weapon (disinfectant) in work environment using analytical instrument and will have gained the knowledge of safety measures while handling instruments, chemicals and apparatus.
			MQA205P2	Validate/Qualify various pharmaceutical testing and analytical equipments.
			MQA205P3	Design plant layout and perform validation of processing area, process validation of pharmaceutical dosage form and cleaning validation of equipment.
			MQA205P4	Qualify bulk pharmaceutical vendors, tableting production, sterile production area and water for injection.
			MQA205P5	Comprehend applications of QbD and PAT after performing case studies.

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Course Outcomes

S. Y. M. Pharm (Semester-III)

Pharmaceutics and Pharmaceutical Quality Assurace

Academic Year 2018-19

Sr. No.	Course	Course Code	Course Outcome Number	Course Outcome
				Upon completion of the course, student will be able to
1	Research Methodology & Biostatistics (Pattern 2018)	MRM 301T	MRM 301T1	Understand the fundamental knowledge for selection and conducting research.
			MRM 301T2	Acquire basic understanding about importance of biostatistics in compiling the data.
			MRM 301T3	Gain knowledge about the importance of ethics knowledge in conducting research.
			MRM 301T4	Understand guidelines for design of animal experiments and basic principles for medical research.

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C. SPPU, Pune Course Structure
B. Pharm and M. Pharm Programmes
Patterns- 2015, 2018 & 2019

SAVITRIBAI PHULE PUNE UNIVERSITY

FACULTY OF PHARMACEUTICAL SCIENCES

COURSE STRUCTURE & SYLLABI

BACHELOR OF PHARMACY (B. Pharm.) COURSE

(EFFECTIVE FROM ACADEMIC YEAR 2015-16)

Credit and Grading Based Semester System

Course Title: Bachelor of Pharmacy

Abbreviation: B. Pharm.

Medium of Instruction And Examination: English

Type of Course: A four year degree course divided into eight Semesters.

Pattern: Semester.

Number of Years and Semester: Four Years divided into eight semesters with two semesters per year.

Nomenclature of Semesters :

Semester-I & Semester-II	First Year B. Pharm.
Semester-III & Semester-IV	Second Year B. Pharm.
Semester-V & Semester-VI	Third Year B. Pharm.
Semester-VII & Semester-VIII	Final Year B. Pharm.

Award of the Degree : Degree will be awarded to those passing in all the eight semesters as per the rules and regulations.

Duration of Semester : Each Semester will be normally of 15 weeks duration for class room teaching and practicals and internal evaluation.

Definitions:

1. **University** means Savitribai Phule Pune University until and otherwise specified.
2. **The college/Institute** is any college conducting B. Pharmacy course affiliated to Savitribai Phule Pune University.
3. **State Govt.:** Govt. of Maharashtra
4. **Admission Authority:** An authority responsible for effecting admissions to B. Pharm course as prescribed by Govt. of Maharashtra
5. **DTE –** Directorate of Technical Education, Maharashtra State.
6. **AICTE –** All India Council for Technical Education, New Delhi
7. **Academic Year**: Two consecutive (one odd + one even) semesters constitute one academic year.
8. **Course**: Usually referred to, as 'papers' is a component of a programme. All courses need not carry the same weight. The courses should define learning objectives and learning outcomes. A course may be designed to comprise lectures/ tutorials/laboratory work/ field work/ outreach activities/ project work/ vocational training/viva/ seminars/term papers/assignments/ presentations/ self-study etc. or a combination of some of these.
9. **Credit Based Semester System (CBSS)**: Under the CBSS, the requirement for awarding a degree or diploma or certificate is prescribed in terms of number of credits to be completed by the learners.
10. **Credit Point**: It is the product of grade point and number of credits for a course.
11. **Credit**: A unit by which the course work is measured. It determines the number of hours of instructions required per week. One credit is equivalent to one hour of teaching (lecture or tutorial) or two hours of practical work/field work per week.
12. **Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA)**: It is a measure of overall cumulative performance of a learner over all semesters. The CGPA is the ratio of total credit points secured by a learner in various courses in all semesters and the sum of the total credits of all courses in all the semesters. It is expressed up to two decimal points.
13. **Grade Point**: It is a numerical weight allotted to each letter grade on a 10-point scale.
14. **Letter Grade:** It is an index of the performance of learners in a said course. Grades

are denoted by letters O, A+, A, B+, B, C, P and F.

15. **Programme**: An educational programme leading to award of a Degree, diploma or certificate.
16. **Semester Grade Point Average (SGPA)**: It is a measure of performance of work done in a semester. It is ratio of total credit points secured by a learner in various courses registered in a semester and the total course credits taken during that semester. It shall be expressed up to two decimal points.
17. **Semester**: Each semester will consist of 15 weeks of academic work equivalent to 90 actual teaching days. The odd semester may be scheduled from July to December and even semester from January to June.
18. **Transcript or Grade Card or Certificate:** Based on the grades earned, a grade certificate shall be issued to all the registered learners after every semester. The grade certificate will display the course details (code, title, number of credits, grade secured) along with SGPA of that semester and CGPA earned till that semester.

R.1. AIM & OBJECTIVES OF THE COURSE

AIM:

The Pharmacy graduates are required to learn and acquire adequate knowledge, necessary skills to practice the profession of pharmacy. The graduate should have adequate knowledge of synthesis & analysis of medicinal agents, their mode and mechanism of action, drug interactions, patient counselling and adequate technical information to be exchanged with the physician and other health professionals. The graduates are required to acquire in depth knowledge of formulation, quality assurance and storage of various pharmaceutical dosage forms including herbal medicines. The graduates should also understand the concept of community pharmacy and be able to participate in health care programmes of Government and private sector. They are also required to detail the physicians and market the medicinal agents for diagnosis, prevention and therapeutic purposes. The graduate pharmacist should also act as bridge between the Physician and Patients for achieving better health of community.

OBJECTIVES:

The following objectives of the course should be achieved by acquiring an in-depth knowledge & thorough understanding, necessary skills and developing the right attitude. Therefore they are categorized into following heads.

a. Knowledge and Understanding

The graduates should acquire the following during their B. Pharm. Course.

1. Adequate knowledge and scientific information regarding basic principles of Pharmaceutical & Medicinal Chemistry, Pharmaceutics including Cosmeticology, Pharmacology, Pharmacognosy including herbal medicines.
2. Adequate knowledge of practical aspects of
    - Synthesis of APIs & its intermediates and analysis of various pharmaceutical dosage forms

- Formulation developments & quality assurance of various pharmaceutical dosage forms including those of herbal origin as per standards of official books, WHO and other regulatory agencies like USFDA, MHRA etc.
- Pharmacological screening and biological standardization and *in-vivo* drug interactions.
- Preparation & analysis of suitable plants material/extracts of medicinal importance for various herbal formulations.
- Clinical studies, patient counseling leading to physical and social well being of the patients.
- Product detailing, marketing, distribution and selling of pharmaceutical products.

b. Skills:

A graduate should be able to demonstrate following skills necessary for practice of a Pharmacy

- Able to synthesize, purify, identify and analyze medicinal agents.
- Able to formulate, store, dispense, manufacture the pharmaceutical products and analyze the prescriptions.
- Able to learn and apply the quality assurance principles in regulatory and ethical aspects
- Able to extract, purify, identify and understand the therapeutic value of herbal/crude/natural products
- Able to screen various medicinal agents using animal models for pharmacological activity.

c. Attitudes:

A graduate should develop the following attitudes during the course.

- Willing to apply the current knowledge of Pharmacy in the best interest of the patients and the community.
- Maintain high standards of professional ethics in discharging professional obligations.
- Continuously upgrade professional information and be conversant with latest advances in the field of pharmacy to serve community better.

- Willing to participate in continuing education programmes of PCI/AICTE/ Savitribai Phule Pune University to upgrade the knowledge and professional skills.
- To help and participate in the implementation of National Health Programmes.

R.2. ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA

A. In order to secure admission to Semester –I of the Four year Degree Course in Pharmacy, the candidate should fulfil the following eligibility criteria;

Candidate should be an Indian National and should have passed the HSC (Std.XII) examination of Maharashtra State Board of Secondary and Higher Secondary Education or its equivalent examination with subjects English, Physics, Chemistry and Mathematics/Biology /Biotechnology/Technical Vocational subject

AND

Secured minimum 45 % marks (minimum 40 % marks in case of candidates of Backward class categories and Persons with Disability belonging only to Maharashtra State) in the subjects Physics, Chemistry and Mathematics/ Biology/Biotechnology/Technical Vocational subject added together (Maximum of marks obtained in Mathematics/ Biology/Biotechnology/Technical Vocational subject shall be considered for the purpose of addition)

AND

Obtained a non zero score in subjects Physics, Chemistry and Mathematics/ Biology added together at MT-CET 2015.

AND

Any other eligibility criteria decided by competent authority time to time.

B. **Eligibility Criteria for Admission at the entry level of Semester-III. (i.e. the first semester of Second Year B. Pharm.)** Diploma holders who have passed the Diploma course in Pharmacy with minimum of 45% marks and medium of instruction as English from AICTE approved Polytechnics.

NOTE: In case of eligibility criterion decided by the Govt. of Maharashtra differs from above, University authorities shall decide the eligibility criterion from time to time. In case of foreign national learners eligibility criteria for admission to F. Y. B. Pharm should be decided by University authorities.

R.3. SCHEME OF EXAMINATION:

R.3.1. Examination conducting authority: Savitribai Phule Pune University, Pune.

R.3.2. Regular and Supplementary Examinations and time: (Tentative schedule) The University will decide exact schedule on the basis of prevailing situation.

Semester	**Odd Semester Examination**	**Even Semester Examination**
I, III, V & VII	(November/December)	(April/May)
II, IV, VI & VIII		

Duration of Examination, Marks etc See Examination scheme at *Annexure I*

R.3.3. Criteria for admitting the learner for examinations irrespective of regular or supplementary examinations:

- Learner must have been admitted to the respective Semester as per the criteria for continuation into the respective Semesters given in R-4 and has kept the term for the Semester for which he is examined.
- The learner must submit prescribed application form along with fees.
- Learner must appear for the examination at the place and time as decided by the admitting Institute/ the University as the case may be.
- Learner who has failed in a particular Semester or has ATKT will be allowed to appear for the same examination on filing new application being forwarded and after paying requisite fee.

Clarifications:

- Learner having ATKT will appear for examinations in only those subject heads in which the learner has failed except stated below.
- The learner who has passed in all the subjects but failed due to not getting overall CGPA 5 will be allowed to appear in any number of subject heads (theory) desired by the learner.
- For all the remaining cases, the learner has to appear for examination in all those subject heads in which the learner failed.

R.3.4. Sessional Examinations

- Each Semester will consist of a minimum of 15 weeks instructions.

  *i.e. 15x6 = 90 instructional days (minimum instructional days)
- 75% attendance for both theory and practical classes separately shall be mandatory to appear for sessional examination and end semester examination.
- Conducting authority shall be Institutes where learner is admitted.
- In- semester assessment will be of 40 marks which includes 20 marks for theory and practical sessional and 20 marks for continuous assessment for theory and practical.

  In-semester assessment of 20 marks should be continuous, procedures and marks for theory and practical examination are as follows –

  i. For theory and practical Examination – In-semester assessment for 20 marks should be continuous and at least two tests should be conducted for full course of 3 credits for theory and 2 credits for practical and the teacher must select a variety of procedures for examination such as :

  a) Written test and / or midterm test (not more than one or two for each course)
  b) Term paper
  c) Journal / Lecture / Library notes
  d) Seminar presentation
  e) Short Quizzes
  f) Assignments
  g) Extension work

h) An open book test (with the concern teacher deciding what books are to be allowed for this purpose)

or

i) Mini research project by individual learner or group of learners

The concern teacher in consultation with the head of Department shall decide the nature of question for the unit test.

Number of Sessional Examination:

- There will be a minimum of one sessional examination of 20 marks conducted in each semester after minimum eight weeks of teaching from the date of commencement of that semester in each of the theory subjects during the semester.
- One Sessional Examination will be conducted as per the examination scheme (See Annexure no. I) for each semester. The learner who will secure less than 40% mark in the Sessional Examination or unable to appear for the scheduled Sessional Examination may be permitted for the Sessional Examination in the same semester only if approved by institutional examination committee and paying fees as prescribed by the institution. The institutional examination committee shall consist of Principal (Chairman), & four teachers nominated by the Principal.
- Practical sessional examination of 20 marks will be based on internal assessment of practical (Experimental work), viva, synopsis and laboratory record. The distribution of marks for practical examination will be as follows –

Scheme for Practical Sessional Examination

Sr. No.	Head	Marks distribution
1	Experimental work	10
2	Synopsis & Viva	06
3	Lab Record	04
	Total Marks	20
	Duration	03 Hrs.

- Daily assessment of practicals will be based on day to day attendance, learners' skills (performance), viva, laboratory record, etc.
- Theory sessional examination of 20 marks will be conducted after completion of at least two thirds syllabus of the semester.
- The distribution of marks for theory sessional examination will be as given below-

Sr. No.	Head	Marks distribution
Q. 1	2 marks X 3 questions (out of five)	= 6 marks
Q. 2	4 marks X 2 questions (out of three)	= 8 marks
Q. 3	6 marks X 1 questions (out of two)	= 6 marks
	Total	= 20 marks

Time Schedule:

The time schedule for theory sessional examination will be 1 hour.

- The Retest/ Improvement test/ or supplementary test for the Sessional Examinations will be allowed for the failed learners in the University examination, if he/she is appearing for the University exam of that subject head.
- The Retest/ Improvement test/ or supplementary test shall be carried by the respective institution and the marks obtained by the learner shall be forwarded to the University.
- The institute conducting the course must submit the Sessional Examination marks of the respective semester to the Controller of Examinations in soft copy and print before the commencement of theory or practical examination whichever is later.

R.3.5. Scaling Down the Marks Obtained by the Learner at the Internal Examination as Compared to the Marks Obtained by the Learner in the Semester End Theory and Practical Examination in the Course Concerned

- Concept of scaling shall be applicable only for the marks obtained by the learners at all the individual courses.
- Marks obtained by the learner at the Internal Assessment and Semester End Examinations should be converted to the percentage marks course wise.
- Concept of scaling shall be applicable only in cases where the marks obtained by the learner in the Internal Assessment and Semester End Assessment Examinations differ by more than 20% in the course concerned i.e. percentage marks of the learner at a course in the Internal Assessment is 20% more than the percentage of marks

scored by the learner concerned in the Semester End Examination in the course concerned.

- Learner at the course concerned in the Internal Assessment should be scaled down to 20% plus the percentage score of the learner at the Semester End Examination.
- The concept of scaling shall be applicable only in course/s where the learner has passed the course. In case if a learner fails in one or more courses at an attempt then the concept of scaling shall be applied to the courses that the learner has passed at the attempt concerned and for the remaining courses where the learner has failed, the concept of scaling will be applicable as and when the learner passes the course or earns the credit for the course.
- The scaled marks can thus be used to calculate the Credits, Grades, Credit points earned by the learner can then be used to calculate the SGPA and CGPA.
- Concept of scaling shall not be applicable where the percentage of the marks scored by the learner at the Semester End Examination is more than the percentage marks scored by the learner in the Internal Assessment at the course concerned. One of the reasons for the learner scoring low marks at the Internal Assessment could be nonappearance for one of the components of the Internal Assessment.

Sample Case of a Learner at F.Y.B.Pharm. Semester I of B.Pharm. Programme

Marks Obtained	**Max. Marks**	**1.1.1 T**	**1.1.1 P**	**1.1.2 T**	**1.1.2 P**	**1.1.3 T**	**1.1.3 P**	**1.1.4 T**	**1.1.4 P**	**1.1.5 T**	**1.1.5 P**	**1.1.6 T**
Internal Assessment	**40**	28	39	38	37	40	36	37	35	31	34	32
Semester End Examination	**60**	33	27	24	51	25	32	45	36	26	58	55

Marks Obtained	**Max. Marks**	**1.1.1 T**	**1.1.1 P**	**1.1.2 T**	**1.1.2 P**	**1.1.3 T**	**1.1.3 P**	**1.1.4 T**	**1.1.4 P**	**1.1.5 T**	**1.1.5 P**	**1.1.6 T**
Internal Assessment	**40**	70%	97.5%	95%	92.5%	100%	90%	92.5%	87.5%	77.5%	85%	80%
Semester End Examination	**60%**	54.78%	44.82%	39.84%	84.66%	41.5%	53.12%	74.7%	59.76%	43.16%	96.28%	91.3%

Marks Obtained	Max. Marks	1.1.1 T	1.1.1 P	1.1.2 T	1.1.2 P	1.1.3 T	1.1.3 P	1.1.4 T	1.1.4 P	1.1.5 T	1.1.5 P	1.1.6 T
Revised Internal Assessment Score	**40**	28*	25.92	23.93	37*	24.60	29.24	37*	31.90	25.26	34*	32*
Semester End Examination	**60**	33	27	24	51	25	32	45	36	26	58	55

***In these cases the percentage difference in the marks of Internal Assessment and Semester End Examination is less than 20% hence the original marks are retained.**

R.4.:

Continuation into the subsequent semesters after the entry level semesters. The admitting authority will be the individual institutes where the learner has been admitted into the course, and the continuation will be as per the criteria decided by the University for each semester.

The following criteria are applicable to all the learners for continuation.

R.4.1. A learner, to be eligible for the Degree will be required to pass examinations, as under:-

First year B. Pharm.	Semester-I & Semester-II
Second year B. Pharm.	Semester-III & Semester-IV
Third year B. Pharm.	Semester-V & Semester-VI
Fourth year B. Pharm.	Semester-VII & Semester-VIII

R.4.2.

No learner will be admitted to any examination unless he/she keeps term at a College affiliated to the University and produces from the Principal of the College, testimonials of satisfactory attendance at the theory, Practical and term work classes as prescribed.

R.4.3. Promotion from odd semester to even semester in the same academic year

- A Learner who fails in Semester - I examination of First Year B. Pharm. will be allowed to keep term for his/her Semester –II Examination, of First Year B. Pharm.
- A Learner who fails in Semester – III examination of Second Year B. Pharm. will be allowed to keep term for his/ her Semester – IV Examination of Second Year B. Pharm.
- A Learner who fails in Semester – V examination of Third Year B. Pharm. will be allowed to keep term for his/her Semester – VI Examination of Third Year B. Pharm.
- A Learner who fails in Semester – VII examination of Fourth Year B. Pharm. will be allowed to keep term for his Semester – VIII Examination of Fourth Year B. Pharm.

R.4.4. Promotion to subsequent academic year-

- A learner who fails in more than 7 heads (Theory & practical) of total number of subjects taken together at Semester I and Semester II /Semester III & Semester IV course examination will not be permitted to keep terms in the higher class viz. Semester III / Semester V of B. Pharm. Course examination respectively.
- A learner who fails in more than 8 heads (Theory & practical) of total number of subjects taken together at Semester V and Semester VI course examination will not be permitted to keep terms in the higher class viz. Semester VII of B. Pharm. Course examination.

R.4.5. Clarification of R.4.3. and R.4.4.

1. No learner will be admitted to the Semester III course unless he/she passes his/her Semester I and Semester II examination of B. Pharm.

OR

Fails in not more than 7 heads (Theory and Practical) at the Semester I and Semester II examination of B.Pharm.

2. No learner will be admitted to the Semester V course unless he/she passes his/her Semester I & Semester II., Semester III & Semester IV Examinations of B.Pharm.

OR

passes his/her Semester I and Semester II examination of B. Pharm. and fails in not more than 7 of total number of heads (Theory and Practical) at the Semester III & Semester IV Examinations of B. Pharm.

3. No learner will be admitted to the Semester VII course of B. Pharm. unless he/she Passes his/her Semester I & Semester II., Semester III & Semester IV., Semester V & Semester VI Examinations of B. Pharm. examinations,

OR

passes his/her Semester I & Semester II., Semester III & Semester IV Examinations of B. Pharm. and fails in not more than 8 of total number of heads (Theory and Practical) at the Semester V & Semester VI Examinations of B. Pharm.

R.4.6. Allowed to Keep Terms (ATKT) rules.

Number of subjects: ATKT will be awarded to those who have failed in 1/3 subject head (33%) as described in table **given** below

At the end of academic Year		Total subject heads at the end of academic year.	33 % of total subjects (To nearest full digit)
First	Theory	06+06=12	4
	Practical	05+05=10	3
Second	Theory	06+06=12	4
	Practical	05+05=10	3
Third	Theory	07+07=14	5
	Practical	05+05=10	3

R.5. Marks, Criteria for passing and other conditions.

R.5.1. Passing criteria for each subject head:

Maximum marks for each subject head and the minimum marks for passing in each of the subject head –See Examination scheme given in *Annexure I.*

No separate passing is required for sessional examination and if the learner remains absent for the test, the learner will be just treated as not appeared for the test securing zero marks. What so ever mark obtained by the learner will be added to the marks obtained by the learner in University examination as shown in scheme of examination given in *Annexure I.*

In no circumstances previous marks will be considered. If a learner's application form for reappearing in the examination in a subject head is accepted, and the learner appears in the examination (Sessional examination & Semester examination) fresh marks will be considered.

R.5.2. Passing of the semester.

Learner will be considered as passed the semester only when the learner passes in the entire subject heads and obtains overall a minimum CGPA of 5 as prescribed for the semester see Annexure I.

R 5.3. Letter Grades and Grade Points:

1. The marks are converted to grades based on pre-determined class intervals. As per recommendations of UGC. A 10-point grading system with the following letter grades as given below:

Table 1: Grades and Grade Points

Marks Obtained	Letter Grade	Grade Point
90 above	O (Outstanding)	10
80 to 89	A+(Excellent)	9
70 to 79	A(Very Good)	8
60 to 69	B+(Good)	7
50 to 59	B(Above Average)	6
46 to 49	C(Average)	5
40 to 45	P (Pass)	4
0 to 39	F(Fail)	0
N. A	Ab (Absent)	0

2. A learner obtaining Grade F shall be considered failed and will be required to reappear in the examination.
3. For non credit courses 'Satisfactory' or "Unsatisfactory' shall be indicated instead of the letter grade and this will not be counted for the computation of SGPA/CGPA.

R 5.4. Computation of SGPA and CGPA:

As per recommendation of UGC the following procedure is adopted to compute the Semester Grade Point

Average (SGPA) and Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA):

i. The SGPA is the ratio of sum of the product of the number of credits with the grade points scored by a learner in all the courses taken by a learner and the sum of the number of credits of all the courses undergone by a learner, i.e

   SGPA (Si) = Σ(Ci x Gi) / ΣCi

   where Ci is the number of credits of the ith course and Gi is the grade point scored by the learner in the ith course.

ii. The CGPA is also calculated in the same manner taking into account all the courses undergone by a learner over all the semesters of a programme, i.e.

   CGPA = Σ(Ci x Si) / Σ Ci

where Si is the SGPA of the ith semester and Ci is the total number of credits in that semester.

iii. The SGPA and CGPA shall be rounded off to 2 decimal points and reported in the transcripts.

R.5.5. Illustration of Computation of SGPA and CGPA and Format for Transcripts

i. Computation of SGPA and CGPA

Illustration for SGPA

	Course	**Credit**	**Grade letter**	**Grade point**	**Credit Point (Credit x Grade**
1.1.1 T	Pharmaceutics- I	3	A	8	3 X 8 = 24
1.1.1 P	Pharmaceutics- I	2	A	8	2 X 8 = 16
1.1.2 T	Modern Dispensing Practices	3	B+	7	3 X 7 = 21
1.1.2 P	Modern Dispensing Practices	2	A	8	2 X 8 = 16
1.1.3 T	Pharmaceutical Inorganic Chemistry	3	O	10	3 X 10 = 30
1.1.3 P	Pharmaceutical Inorganic Chemistry	2	O	10	2 X 10 = 20
1.1.4 T	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-I	3	A	8	3 X 8 =24
1.1.4 P	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-I	2	A	8	2 X 8 = 16
1.1.5 T	Human Anatomy & Physiology-I	3	B+	7	3 X 7 = 21
1.1.5 P	Human Anatomy & Physiology-I	2	B+	7	2 X 7 = 14
1.1.6 T	Communication and soft skill development	3	B	6	3 X 6 = 18
		28			220

Thus, SGPA =220/28 =7.85

Illustration for CGPA

Semester 1	**Semester 2**	**Semester 3**	**Semester 4**
Credit : 28 SGPA:7.86	Credit : 28 SGPA:7.04	Credit : 28 SGPA: 6.42	Credit : 28 SGPA:7.21

Semester 5	Semester 6	Semester 7	Semester 8
Credit : 31 SGPA:8.42	Credit : 31 SGPA:7.24	Credit : 31 SGPA: 6.74	Credit : 31 SGPA:8.44

Thus,

$$\text{CGPA} = \frac{28 \times 7.89 + 28 \times 7.04 + 28 \times 6.42 + 28 \times 7.21 + 31 \times 8.42 + 31 \times 7.24 + 31 \times 6.74 + 31 \times 8.44}{236} = 7.46$$

ii. Transcript (Format): Based on the above recommendations on Letter grades, grade points and SGPA and CGPA, the Higher Educational Institutes may issue the transcript for each semester and a consolidated transcript indicating the performance in all semesters.

Table indicating Final Grade

CGPA	Final Grade
9.10 – 10.00	O (Outstanding)
8.10 – 9.00	A+(Excellent)
7.10 – 8.00	A(Very Good)
6.51 – 7.00	B+(Good)
6.10 – 6.50	B(Above Average)
5.51 – 6.00	C(Average)
5.00 – 5.50	P (Pass)
0 – 4.99	F(Fail)
N. A	Ab (Absent)

R.5.6. Award of the degree and Grade.

Degree will be awarded to the learners who have passed all the eight semesters. Final grade will be awarded on the basis of combined CGPA at the Semester-I to Semester VIII.

A learner will be allowed to improve his/her class at B. Pharm. by reappearing for the subjects (maximum 3 theory subjects of that examination) from V to VIII Semesters of B. Pharm. Course as per prevalent policy of University.

R.5.7. With holding of results.

A learner's result will be withheld under the following situations and of the respective Semester.

1. Withholding of result for not fulfilling passing criteria for advancement to subsequent classes-

Result of Semester IV will be with held if the learner has not passed Semester–I and Semester II.

Result of Semester VI will be with held if the learner has not passed Semester–III and Semester – IV.

Result of Semester VIII will be with held if the learner has not passed Semester- V & Semester-VI.

2. Withholding of result for failure to comply University rules-

The result of learner shall be withheld if the learner is found guilty in malpractices during examinations and any other failure to comply University rules and regulation as confirmed by appropriate body of University.

R.5.8. Exemption to appear for the examination:

If a learner has got ATKT, the learner will be exempted from appearing the examination for those subject heads in which the learner has passed.

Any learner who has passed in any subject head is exempted for appearing the examination in that subject head.

Notwithstanding above if a learner has passed in all the subjects but failed due to not getting CGPA or SGPA of '5', may appear for the examination in any three theory subject heads so as to get over all CGPA or SGPA of '5'. In such cases, best

of performance will be considered. For example if the learner gets over all CGPA or SGPA of '5' but fails in one of the subject heads in which the learner had passed earlier, the learner will be treated as passed in that subject head as per previous examination and result will be declared as per the rules applicable to the passed learners. The marks of the subject head in which the learner has not appeared for the examination will be carried forward.

R.5.9. Professional / Industrial Training

Every learner shall be required to work for at least four weeks in a Pharmaceutical Industry it includes Production unit, Q. C department, Q. A department, analytical laboratory, chemical manufacturing unit, pharmaceutical R & D, hospital (Clinical Pharmacy), clinical research organization and wholesale drug store etc after the Semester- IV of the course of study, and shall submit satisfactory report of such work form industry to the head of the institute. The learner should also submit one copy to the University for the Award of Degree along with convocation form. The learner may undergo practical training in parts, each constituting not less than two weeks.

R.5.10.

The pattern for University theory examination question paper shall be as given below:

Scheme for theory Examination: - Each Theory paper should be divided in 2 sections which should be attempted in separate answer sheet.

Sr. No.	Head	Marks distribution
	Section –I	
Q.1.	Long answers question	10 marks (10 mark x 1 Qs, out of 2 Qs.)
Q.2	Small answers questions – 3 marks (word limit 75 to 100 words)	12 marks (3 mark x 4 Qs, out of 7 Qs.)
Q.3	Short answers questions – 5 marks (word limit 125 to 150 words)	8 marks (4 mark x 2 Qs, out of 4 Qs.)
	Section – II	
Q.4	Long answers question	10 marks (10 mark x 1 Qs, out of 2 Qs.)
Q.5	Small answers questions – 3 marks (word limit 75 to 100 words)	12 marks (3 mark x 4 Qs, out of 7 Qs)
Q.6	Short answers questions – 5 marks (word limit 125 to 150 words)	8 marks (4 mark x 2 Qs, out of 4 Qs.)
	Total maximum marks of section I and	**60 marks**
	Duration of examination	**3 Hrs.**

Note:

1. There shall be no word limit set for long answer questions.
2. Paper setters should cover entire syllabus while setting the question paper.
3. The detailed guidelines with respect to these instructions shall be given to all paper setters by the University.

Scheme for University Practical Examination

Sr. No.	Head	Marks distribution
1	Synopsis	10
2	Major experiment	25
3	Minor experiment	15
4	Viva	10
	Total Marks	60
	Duration	04 Hrs.

R-6: ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCES

An additional course in environmental sciences shall be conducted as per following guidelines.

1. A course in Environmental Awareness with duration of six months (30 lectures of one hour duration & field work of 10 hours duration.) shall be introduced at the semester III of second year of degree course B.Pharm as a compulsory course.
2. An additional course fee of Rs. 1000 per learner shall be charged to meet the expenditure on the conduct of the course.
3. A course Coordinator shall be appointed to organize teaching and evaluation by the Principal.
4. Qualifications of a Teacher.

   University approved teacher (minimum Asst. Prof.) or expert in Environmental Sciences possessing substantial knowledge to teach a course on environmental studies shall be eligible to teach the course. Principal of the College shall be authorized to determine the eligibility of the teacher on environmental studies. This course is to be introduced from the second year B. Pharm.
5. The college on behalf of the University shall conduct the examination of this subject immediately before or after Semester examinations of S.Y./T.Y./Final Year B.Pharm.
6. The learner should clear this subject before passing the Final Year B. Pharm examination.
7. A learner has to pass in this course in order to obtain degree certificate. If the learner passes in all subjects of degree course but fails in this paper, he will not be eligible to obtain degree certificate.
8. Examination: the College shall organize the evaluation as per pattern suggested below.

   The Principal shall submit the result sheet to the Controller of Examination, Savitribai Phule Pune University, Pune on or before the end of the final year University Examinations of B. Pharm. course. The results of University examination of the learner who fail to get Minimum ‘C’ Grade in this course shall be kept in

reserve till the concerned learner complete the course and secure to require Minimum C Grade.

The question paper shall include the questions as under

A. Multiple choice questions :50 Marks

B. Essay type questions :25 Marks

C. Field works :25 Marks

Total: 100 Marks Passing Marks: 40 Marks.

Following Grades shall be awarded to the learners based on their marks obtained.

Grade-O: above 75 **Grade-A:** 61 to 75 **Grade-B:** 51 to 60 **Grade-C:** 40 to 50

R-7: Rules for Carry Forward

This revised curriculum (including regulations, structure and syllabi) will be in force from academic year 2015-16 and onwards for First Year B. Pharm, for academic year 2016-17 onwards for Second Year B. Pharm., for academic year 2017-18 and onwards for Third Year B. Pharm., and for academic year 2018-19 and onwards for Final Year B. Pharm.

1. The learners who were admitted to First Year B. Pharm. of 2013 pattern during the academic year 2014-15 or before & would fail or have failed in the First Year B. Pharm. of 2013 pattern examination will have to take admission to Semester-III of Second Year B. Pharm. of 2015 pattern in academic year 2016-17 or onwards, provided that

    a. Their result of F. Y. B. Pharm of 2013 pattern is either pass or fails with A. T. K. T.

2. The learners who will be admitted to Second Year B. Pharm. of 2013 pattern during academic year 2015-16 and who will fail in the Second Year B. Pharm. 2013 pattern

examination will have to take admission to Semester- V of T. Y. B. Pharm. of 2015 pattern in academic year 2017-18 or onwards, provided that

a. They have passed in all subjects of F. Y. B. Pharm. of 2013 syllabus.

b. Their result for S. Y. B. Pharm. of 2013 pattern is either Pass or Fail with A. T. K. T.

Such learners will have to pass in all the subjects of S. Y. B. Pharm. 2013 pattern before taking admission to Semester- VII of Final Year B. Pharm. 2015 pattern.

3. The learners who will be admitted to Third Year B. Pharm. of 2013 pattern during the academic year 2016-17 and who would fail in T. Y. B. Pharm. 2013 pattern examination will have to take admission to Semester- VII of Final year B. Pharm. of 2015 pattern, provided that

a. They have passed in all subjects of S. Y. B. Pharm. of 2013 pattern

b. Their result for T. Y. B. Pharm. 2013 pattern is Pass or Fail with A. T. K. T.

Annexure I

Scheme of Examination for eight semesters of B. Pharm. Course Name and number of heads of passing, number of paper, duration of examination, maximum marks, minimum marks for passing, Sessional Examination, duration, maximum marks.

Semester-I **Class- First Yr. B. Pharmacy**

Subject Code	Subject	Scheme of Teaching Hrs/Weeks	Scheme of Credit	End Semester Examination			Internal Examination			Total Maximum Marks for subject	Minimum marks for passing subject
				Duration (Hours)	Maximum marks	Min for passing	Duration (Hours)	Sessional Maximum marks	Continuous Assessment marks		
1.1.1 T	Pharmaceutics- I	3	3	3	60	24	1.5	20	20	100	40
1.1.1 P	Pharmaceutics- I	3	2	4	60	24	3	20	20	100	40
1.1.2 T	Modern Dispensing Practices	3	3	3	60	24	1.5	20	20	100	40
1.1.2 P	Modern Dispensing Practices	3	2	4	60	24	3	20	20	100	40
1.1.3 T	Pharmaceutical Inorganic Chemistry	3	3	3	60	24	1.5	20	20	100	40
1.1.3 P	Pharmaceutical Inorganic Chemistry	3	2	4	60	24	3	20	20	100	40
1.1.4 T	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-I	3	3	3	60	24	1.5	20	20	100	40
1.1.4 P	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-I	3	2	4	60	24	3	20	20	100	40
1.1.5 T	Human Anatomy & Physiology-I	3	3	3	60	24	1.5	20	20	100	40
1.1.5 P	Human Anatomy & Physiology-I	3	2	4	60	24	3	20	20	100	40
1.1.6 T	Communication and soft skill development	3	3	3	60	24	1.5	20	20	100	40

Total Credits = 28

Semester-II **Class- First Yr. B. Pharmacy**

Subject Code	Subject	Scheme of Teaching Hrs/Weeks	Scheme of Credit	End Semester Examination			Internal Examination			Total Maximum Marks for subject	Minimum marks for passing subject
				Duration (Hours)	Maximum marks	Min for passing	Duration (Hours)	Maximum marks	Continuous Assessment marks		
1.2.1 T	Pharmaceutics- II	3	3	3	60	24	1.5	20	20	100	40
1.2.1 T	Dosage form design	3	3	3	60	24	1.5	20	20	100	40
1.2.2 P	Dosage form design	3	2	4	60	24	3	20	20	100	40
1.2.3 T	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-II	3	3	3	60	24	1.5	20	20	100	40
1.2.3 P	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-II	3	2	4	60	24	3	20	20	100	40
1.2.4 T	Human Anatomy & Physiology-II	3	3	3	60	24	1.5	20	20	100	40
1.2.4 P	Human Anatomy & Physiology-II	3	2	4	60	24	3	20	20	100	40
1.2.5 T	Pharmacognosy	3	3	3	60	24	1.5	20	20	100	40
1.2.5 P	Pharmacognosy	3	2	4	60	24	3	20	20	100	40
1.2.6 T	Pharmaceutical Analysis I	3	3	3	60	24	1.5	20	20	100	40
1.2.6 P	Pharmaceutical Analysis I	3	2	4	60	24	3	20	20	100	40

Total Credits = 28

Semester-III **Class- Second Yr. B. Pharmacy**

Subject Code	Subject	Scheme of Teaching Hrs/Weeks	Scheme of Credit	End Semester Examination			Internal Examination			Total Maximum Marks for subject	Minimum marks for passing subject
				Duration (Hours)	Maximum marks	Min for passing	Duration (Hours)	Maximum marks	Continuous Assessment marks		
2.3.1 T	Physical Pharmaceutics- I	3	3	3	60	24	1.5	20	20	100	40
2.3.1 P	Physical Pharmaceutics- I	3	2	4	60	24	3	20	20	100	40
2.3.2 T	Pharmaceutical Microbiology	3	3	3	60	24	1.5	20	20	100	40
2.3.2 P	Pharmaceutical Microbiology	3	2	4	60	24	3	20	20	100	40
2.3.3 T	Pharmaceutical Biochemistry	3	3	3	60	24	1.5	20	20	100	40
2.3.3 P	Pharmaceutical Biochemistry	3	2	4	60	24	3	20	20	100	40
2.3.4 T	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-III	3	3	3	60	24	1.5	20	20	100	40
2.3.4 P	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-III	3	2	4	60	24	3	20	20	100	40
2.3.5 T	Pharmacology-I	3	3	3	60	24	1.5	20	20	100	40
2.3.6 T	Pharmacognosy & Phytochemistry - I	3	3	3	60	24	1.5	20	20	100	40
2.3.6 P	Pharmacognosy & Phytochemistry - I	3	2	4	60	24	3	20	20	100	40

Total Credits = 28

Semester-IV **Class- Second Yr. B. Pharmacy**

Subject Code	Subject	Scheme of Teaching Hrs/Weeks	Scheme of Credit	End Semester Examination			Internal Examination			Total Maximum Marks for subject	Minimum marks for passing subject
				Duration (Hours)	Maximum marks	Min for passing	Duration (Hours)	Maximum marks	Continuous Assessment marks		
2.4.1 T	Physical Pharmaceutics-II	3	3	3	60	24	1.5	20	20	100	40
2.4.1 P	Physical Pharmaceutics-II	3	2	4	60	24	3	20	20	100	40
2.4.2 T	Pathophysiology & Clinical Biochemistry	3	3	3	60	24	1.5	20	20	100	40
2.4.2 P	Pathophysiology & Clinical Biochemistry	3	2	4	60	24	3	20	20	100	40
2.4.3 T	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-IV	3	3	3	60	24	1.5	20	20	100	40
2.4.3 P	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-IV	3	2	4	60	24	3	20	20	100	40
2.4.4 T	Pharmaceutical Analysis-II	3	3	3	60	24	1.5	20	20	100	40
2.4.4 P	Pharmaceutical Analysis-II	3	2	4	60	24	3	20	20	100	40
2.4.5 T	Pharmacognosy & Phytochemistry - II	3	3	3	60	24	1.5	20	20	100	40
2.4.5 P	Pharmacognosy & Phytochemistry - II	3	2	4	60	24	3	20	20	100	40
2.4.6 T	Pharmaceutical Engineering	3	3	3	60	24	1.5	20	20	100	40

Total Credits = 28

Semester-V **Class- Third Yr. B. Pharmacy**

Subject Code	Subject	Scheme of Teaching Hrs/Weeks	Scheme of Credit	End Semester Examination			Internal Examination			Total Maximum Marks for subject	Minimum marks for passing subject
				Duration (Hours)	Maximum marks	Min for passing	Duration (Hours)	Maximum marks	Continuous Assessment marks		
3.5.1 T	Industrial Pharmacy-I	3	3	3	60	24	1.5	20	20	100	40
3.5.1 P	Industrial Pharmacy-I	3	2	4	60	24	3	20	20	100	40
3.5.2 T	Pharmaceutical Analysis-III	3	3	3	60	24	1.5	20	20	100	40
3.5.2 P	Pharmaceutical Analysis-III	3	2	4	60	24	3	20	20	100	40
3.5.3 T	Medicinal Chemistry-I	3	3	3	60	24	1.5	20	20	100	40
3.5.3 P	Medicinal Chemistry-I	3	2	4	60	24	3	20	20	100	40
3.5.4 T	Pharmacology-II	3	3	3	60	24	1.5	20	20	100	40
3.5.4 P	Pharmacology-II	3	2	4	60	24	3	20	20	100	40
3.5.5 T	Analytical Pharmacognosy & Extraction Technology	3	3	3	60	24	1.5	20	20	100	40
3.5.5 P	Analytical Pharmacognosy & Extraction Technology	3	2	4	60	24	3	20	20	100	40
3.5.6 T	Pharmaceutical Business Management & Disaster Management	3	3	3	60	24	1.5	20	20	100	40
3.5.7 T	Active Pharmaceutical Ingredients Technology	3	3	3	60	24	1.5	20	20	100	40

Total Credits = 31

Semester-VI **Class- Third Yr. B. Pharmacy**

Subject Code	Subject	Scheme of Teaching Hrs/Weeks	Scheme of Credit	End Semester Examination			Internal Examination			Total Maximum Marks for subject	Minimum marks for passing subject
				Duration (Hours)	Maximum marks	Min for passing	Duration (Hours)	Maximum marks	Continuous Assessment marks		
3.6.1 T	Industrial Pharmacy-II	3	3	3	60	24	1.5	20	20	100	40
3.6.1 P	Industrial Pharmacy-II	3	2	4	60	24	3	20	20	100	40
3.6.2 T	Pharmaceutical Analysis-IV	3	3	3	60	24	1.5	20	20	100	40
3.6.2 P	Pharmaceutical Analysis-IV	3	2	4	60	24	3	20	20	100	40
3.6.3 T	Medicinal Chemistry-II	3	3	3	60	24	1.5	20	20	100	40
3.6.3 P	Medicinal Chemistry-II	3	2	4	60	24	3	20	20	100	40
3.6.4 T	Pharmacology-III	3	3	3	60	24	1.5	20	20	100	40
3.6.4 P	Pharmacology-III	3	2	4	60	24	3	20	20	100	40
3.6.5 T	Natural Product Chemistry	3	3	3	60	24	1.5	20	20	100	40
3.6.5 P	Natural Product Chemistry	3	2	4	60	24	3	20	20	100	40
3.6.6 T	Bioorganic Chemistry & Drug Design	3	3	3	60	24	1.5	20	20	100	40
3.6.7 T	Pharmaceutical Biotechnology	3	3	3	60	24	1.5	20	20	100	40

Total Credits = 31

Semester-VII **Class- Final Yr. B. Pharmacy**

Subject Code	Subject	Scheme of Teaching Hrs/Weeks	Scheme of Credit	End Semester Examination			Internal Examination			Total Maximum Marks for subject	Minimum marks for passing subject
				Duration (Hours)	Maximum marks	Min for passing	Duration (Hours)	Maximum marks	Continuous Assessment marks		
4.7.1 T	Sterile Products	3	3	3	60	24	1.5	20	20	100	40
4.7.1 P	Sterile Products	3	2	4	60	24	3	20	20	100	40
4.7.2 T	Pharmaceutical Analysis-V	3	3	3	60	24	1.5	20	20	100	40
4.7.2 P	Pharmaceutical Analysis-V	3	2	4	60	24	3	20	20	100	40
4.7.3 T	Medicinal Chemistry-III	3	3	3	60	24	1.5	20	20	100	40
4.7.3 P	Medicinal Chemistry-III	3	2	4	60	24	3	20	20	100	40
4.7.4 T	Pharmacology-IV	3	3	3	60	24	1.5	20	20	100	40
4.7.4 P	Pharmacology-IV	3	2	4	60	24	3	20	20	100	40
4.7.5 T	Natural Drug Technology	3	3	3	60	24	1.5	20	20	100	40
4.7.5 P	Natural Drug Technology	3	2	4	60	24	3	20	20	100	40
4.7.6 T	Bio-pharmaceutics & Pharmacokinetics	3	3	3	60	24	1.5	20	20	100	40
4.7.7 T	Pharmaceutical Jurisprudence	3	3	3	60	24	1.5	20	20	100	40

Total Credits = 31

Semester-VIII **Class- Final Yr. B. Pharmacy**

Subject Code	Subject	Scheme of Teaching Hrs/Weeks	Scheme of Credit	End Semester Examination			Internal Examination			Total Maximum Marks for subject	Minimum marks for passing subject
				Duration (Hours)	Maximum marks	Min for passing	Duration (Hours)	Maximum marks	Continuous Assessment marks		
4.8.1 T	Advanced Drug Delivery System	3	3	3	60	24	1.5	20	20	100	40
4.8.1 P	Advanced Drug Delivery System	3	2	4	60	24	3	20	20	100	40
4.8.2 T	Cosmetic science	3	3	3	60	24	1.5	20	20	100	40
4.8.2 P	Cosmetic science	3	2	4	60	24	3	20	20	100	40
4.8.3 T	Pharmaceutical Analysis-VI	3	3	3	60	24	1.5	20	20	100	40
4.8.3 P	Pharmaceutical Analysis-V I	3	2	4	60	24	3	20	20	100	40
4.8.4 T	Medicinal Chemistry-IV	3	3	3	60	24	1.5	20	20	100	40
4.8.4 P	Medicinal Chemistry-IV	3	2	4	60	24	3	20	20	100	40
4.8.5 T	Pharmacology-V(Including Biostatistics)	3	3	3	60	24	1.5	20	20	100	40
4.8.5 P	Pharmacology-V(Including Biostatistics)	3	2	4	60	24	3	20	20	100	40
4.8.6 T	Natural Products: Commerce, Industry & Regulations	3	3	3	60	24	1.5	20	20	100	40
4.8.7 T	Quality Assurance Tech.	3	3	3	60	24	1	20	20	100	40

Total Credits = 31

SAVITRIBAI PHULE PUNE UNIVERSITY

FACULTY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

RULES & SYLLABUS

FIRST YEAR BACHELOR OF PHARMACY (B. Pharm.) COURSE

(EFFECTIVE FROM ACADEMIC YEAR 2018-2019)

CHAPTER- I: REGULATIONS

1. Short Title and Commencement

These regulations shall be called as "The Revised Regulations for the B. Pharm. Degree Program (CBCS)of the Pharmacy Council of India, New Delhi". They shall come into effect from the Academic Year 2016-17. The regulations framed are subject to modifications from time to time by Pharmacy Council of India.

2. Minimum qualification for admission

2.1 First year B. Pharm:

Candidate shall have passed 10+2 examination conducted by the respective state/central government authorities recognized as equivalent to 10+2 examination by the Association of Indian Universities (AIU) with English as one of the subjects and Physics, Chemistry, Mathematics (P.C.M) and or Biology (P.C.B / P.C.M.B.) as optional subjects individually. Any other qualification approved by the Pharmacy Council of India as equivalent to any of the above examinations.

2.2. B. Pharm lateral entry (to third semester):

A pass in D. Pharm. course from an institution approved by the Pharmacy Council of India under section 12 of the Pharmacy Act.

3. Duration of the program

The course of study for B.Pharm shall extend over a period of eight semesters (four academic years) and six semesters (three academic years) for lateral entry students. The curricula and syllabi for the program shall be prescribed from time to time by Pharmacy Council of India, New Delhi.

4. Medium of instruction and examinations

Medium of instruction and examination shall be in English.

5. Working days in each semester

Each semestershall consist of not less than 100 working days. The odd semesters shall be conducted from the month of June/July to November/December and the even semesters shall be conducted from December/January to May/June in every calendar year.

6. Attendance and progress

A candidate is required to put in at least 80% attendance in individual courses considering theory and practical separately. The candidate shall complete the prescribed course satisfactorily to be eligible to appear for the respective examinations.

7. Program/Course credit structure

As per the philosophy of Credit Based Semester System, certain quantum of academic work viz. theory classes, tutorial hours, practical classes, etc. are measured in terms of credits. On satisfactory completion of the courses, a candidate earns credits. The amount of credit associated with a course is dependent upon the number of hours of instruction per week in that course. Similarly, the credit associated with any of the other academic, co/extra-curricular activities is dependent upon the quantum of work expected to be put in for each of these activities per week.

7.1. Credit assignment

7.1.1. Theory and Laboratory courses

Courses are broadly classified as Theory and Practical. Theory courses consist of lecture (L) and /or tutorial (T) hours, and Practical (P) courses consist of hours spent in the laboratory. Credits (C) for a course is dependent on the number of hours of instruction per week in that course, and is obtained by using a multiplier of one (1) for lecture and tutorial hours, and a multiplier of half (1/2) for practical (laboratory) hours. Thus, for example, a theory course having three lectures and one tutorial per week throughout the semester carries a credit of 4. Similarly, a practical having four laboratory hours per week throughout semester carries a credit of 2.

7.2. Minimum credit requirements

The minimum credit points required for award of a B. Pharm. degree is 208. These credits are divided into Theory courses, Tutorials, Practical, Practice School and Projectover the duration of eight semesters. The credits are distributed semester-wise as shown in Table IX. Courses generally progress in sequences, building competencies and their positioning indicates certain academic maturity on the part of the learners. Learners are expected to follow the semester-wise schedule of courses given in the syllabus.

The lateral entry students shall get 52 credit points transferred from their D. Pharm program. Such students shall take up additional remedial courses of 'Communication Skills' (Theory and Practical) and 'Computer Applications in Pharmacy' (Theory and Practical) equivalent to 3 and 4 credit points respectively, a total of 7 credit points to attain 59 credit points, the maximum of I and II semesters.

8. Academic work

A regular record of attendance both in Theory and Practical shall be maintained by the teaching staff of respective courses.

9. Course of study

The course of study for B. Pharm shall include Semester Wise Theory & Practical as given in Table – I to VIII. The number of hours to be devoted to each theory, tutorial and practical course in any semester shall not be less than that shown in Table – I to VIII.

Table-I: Course of study for semester I

Course code	Name of the course	No. of hours	Tutorial	Credit points
BP101T	Human Anatomy and Physiology I– Theory	3	1	4
BP102T	Pharmaceutical Analysis I – Theory	3	1	4
BP103T	Pharmaceutics I – Theory	3	1	4
BP104T	Pharmaceutical Inorganic Chemistry – Theory	3	1	4
BP105T	Communication skills – Theory *	2	-	2
BP106RBT BP106RMT	Remedial Biology/ Remedial Mathematics – Theory*	2	-	2
BP107P	Human Anatomy and Physiology – Practical	4	-	2
BP108P	Pharmaceutical Analysis I – Practical	4	-	2
BP109P	Pharmaceutics I – Practical	4	-	2
BP110P	Pharmaceutical Inorganic Chemistry – Practical	4	-	2
BP111P	Communication skills – Practical*	2	-	1
BP112RBP	Remedial Biology – Practical*	2	-	1
	Total	**32/34$/36#**	**4**	**27/29$/30#**

#Applicable ONLY for the students who have studied Mathematics / Physics / Chemistry at HSC and appearing for Remedial Biology (RB)course**.**

$Applicable ONLY for the students who have studied Physics / Chemistry / Botany / Zoology at HSC and appearing for Remedial Mathematics (RM)course**.**

* Non University Examination (NUE)

Table-II: Course of study for semester II

Course Code	Name of the course	No. of hours	Tutorial	Credit points
BP201T	Human Anatomy and Physiology II – Theory	3	1	4
BP202T	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry I – Theory	3	1	4
BP203T	Biochemistry – Theory	3	1	4
BP204T	Pathophysiology – Theory	3	1	4
BP205T	Computer Applications in Pharmacy – Theory *	3	-	3
BP206T	Environmental sciences – Theory *	3	-	3
BP207P	Human Anatomy and Physiology II –Practical	4	-	2
BP208P	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry I– Practical	4	-	2
BP209P	Biochemistry – Practical	4	-	2
BP210P	Computer Applications in Pharmacy – Practical*	2	-	1
	Total	**32**	**4**	**29**

*****Non University Examination (NUE)

Table-III: Course of study for semester III

Course code	Name of the course	No. of hours	Tutorial	Credit points
BP301T	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry II – Theory	3	1	4
BP302T	Physical Pharmaceutics I – Theory	3	1	4
BP303T	Pharmaceutical Microbiology – Theory	3	1	4
BP304T	Pharmaceutical Engineering – Theory	3	1	4
BP305P	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry II – Practical	4	-	2
BP306P	Physical Pharmaceutics I – Practical	4	-	2
BP307P	Pharmaceutical Microbiology – Practical	4	-	2
BP 308P	Pharmaceutical Engineering –Practical	4	-	2
	Total	**28**	**4**	**24**

Table-IV: Course of study for semester IV

Course code	Name of the course	No. of hours	Tutorial	Credit points
BP401T	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry III– Theory	3	1	4
BP402T	Medicinal Chemistry I – Theory	3	1	4
BP403T	Physical Pharmaceutics II – Theory	3	1	4
BP404T	Pharmacology I – Theory	3	1	4
BP405T	Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry I– Theory	3	1	4
BP406P	Medicinal Chemistry I – Practical	4	-	2
BP407P	Physical Pharmaceutics II – Practical	4		2
BP408P	Pharmacology I – Practical	4	-	2
BP409P	Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry I – Practical	4	-	2
	Total	**31**	**5**	**28**

Table-V: Course of study for semester V

Course code	Name of the course	No. of hours	Tutorial	Credit points
BP501T	Medicinal Chemistry II – Theory	3	1	4
BP502T	Industrial PharmacyI– Theory	3	1	4
BP503T	Pharmacology II – Theory	3	1	4
BP504T	Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry II– Theory	3	1	4
BP505T	Pharmaceutical Jurisprudence – Theory	3	1	4
BP506P	Industrial PharmacyI – Practical	4	-	2
BP507P	Pharmacology II – Practical	4	-	2
BP508P	Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry II – Practical	4	-	2
	Total	**27**	**5**	**26**

Table-VI: Course of study for semester VI

Course code	Name of the course	No. of hours	Tutorial	Credit points
BP601T	Medicinal Chemistry III – Theory	3	1	4
BP602T	Pharmacology III – Theory	3	1	4
BP603T	Herbal Drug Technology – Theory	3	1	4
BP604T	Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics – Theory	3	1	4
BP605T	Pharmaceutical Biotechnology – Theory	3	1	4
BP606T	Quality Assurance –Theory	3	1	4
BP607P	Medicinal chemistry III – Practical	4	-	2
BP608P	Pharmacology III – Practical	4	-	2
BP609P	Herbal Drug Technology – Practical	4	-	2
	Total	**30**	**6**	**30**

Table-VII: Course of study for semester VII

Course code	Name of the course	No. of hours	Tutorial	Credit points
BP701T	Instrumental Methods of Analysis – Theory	3	1	4
BP702T	Industrial PharmacyII – Theory	3	1	4
BP703T	Pharmacy Practice – Theory	3	1	4
BP704T	Novel Drug Delivery System – Theory	3	1	4
BP705P	Instrumental Methods of Analysis – Practical	4	-	2
BP706PS	Practice School*	12	-	6
	Total	**28**	**5**	**24**

***** Non University Examination (NUE)

Table-VIII: Course of study for semester VIII

Course code	Name of the course	No. of hours	Tutorial	Credit points
BP801T	Biostatistics and Research Methodology	3	1	4
BP802T	Social and Preventive Pharmacy	3	1	4
BP803ET	Pharma Marketing Management	3 + 3 = 6	1 + 1 = 2	4 + 4 = 8
BP804ET	Pharmaceutical Regulatory Science			
BP805ET	Pharmacovigilance			
BP806ET	Quality Control and Standardization of Herbals			
BP807ET	Computer Aided Drug Design			
BP808ET	Cell and Molecular Biology			
BP809ET	Cosmetic Science			
BP810ET	Experimental Pharmacology			
BP811ET	Advanced Instrumentation Techniques			
BP812ET	Dietary Supplements and Nutraceuticals			
BP813PW	Project Work	12	-	6
	Total	**24**	**4**	**22**

Table-IX: Semester wise credits distribution

Semester	Credit Points
I	**27/29$/30#**
II	29
III	26
IV	28
V	26
VI	26
VII	24
VIII	22
Extracurricular/ Co curricular activities	01*
Total credit points for the program	**209/211$/212#**

* The credit points assigned for extracurricular and or co-curricular activities shall be given by the Principals of the colleges and the same shall be submitted to the University. The criteria to acquire this credit point shall be defined by the colleges from time to time.

$Applicable ONLY for the students studied Physics / Chemistry / Botany / Zoology at HSC and appearing for Remedial Mathematics course.

#Applicable ONLY for the students studied Mathematics / Physics / Chemistry at HSC and appearing for Remedial Biology course.

10. Program Committee

1. The B. Pharm. program shall have a Program Committee constituted by the Head of the institution in consultation with all the Heads of the departments.

2. The composition of the Program Committee shall be as follows:

   A senior teacher shall be the Chairperson; One Teacher from each department handling B.Pharm courses; and four student representatives of the program (one from each academic year), nominated by the Head of the institution.

3. Duties of the Program Committee:

   i. Periodically reviewing the progress of the classes.
   ii. Discussing the problems concerning curriculum, syllabus and the conduct of classes.
   iii. Discussing with the course teachers on the nature and scope of assessment for the course and the same shall be announced to the students at the beginning of respective semesters.
   iv. Communicating its recommendation to the Head of the institution on academic matters.
   v. The Program Committee shall meet at least thrice in a semester preferably at the end of each Sessionalexam (Internal Assessment) and before the end semester exam.

11. Examinations/Assessments

The scheme for internal assessment and end semester examinations is given in Table – X.

11.1. End semester examinations

The End Semester Examinations for each theory and practical coursethrough semesters I to VIII shall beconducted by the university except for the subjects with asterix symbol (*) in table I and II for which examinations shall be conducted by the subject experts at college level and the marks/grades shall be submitted to the university.

Tables-X: Schemes for internal assessments and end semester examinations semester wise

Semester I

Course code	Name of the course	Internal Assessment				End Semester Exams		Total Marks
		Continuous Mode	Sessional Exams		Total	Marks	Duration	
			Marks	Duration				
BP101T	Human Anatomy and Physiology I– Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP102T	Pharmaceutical Analysis I – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP103T	Pharmaceutics I – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP104T	Pharmaceutical Inorganic Chemistry – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP105T	Communication skills – Theory *	5	10	1 Hr	15	35	1.5 Hrs	50
BP106RBT BP106RMT	Remedial Biology/ Mathematics – Theory*	5	10	1 Hr	15	35	1.5 Hrs	50
BP107P	Human Anatomy and Physiology – Practical	5	10	4 Hrs	15	35	4 Hrs	50
BP108P	Pharmaceutical Analysis I – Practical	5	10	4 Hrs	15	35	4 Hrs	50
BP109P	Pharmaceutics I – Practical	5	10	4 Hrs	15	35	4 Hrs	50
BP110P	Pharmaceutical Inorganic Chemistry – Practical	5	10	4 Hrs	15	35	4 Hrs	50
BP111P	Communication skills – Practical*	5	5	2 Hrs	10	15	2 Hrs	25
BP112RBP	Remedial Biology – Practical*	5	5	2 Hrs	10	15	2 Hrs	25
	Total	**70/75$^{\$}$/80$^{\#}$**	**115/125$^{\$}$/130$^{\#}$**	**23/24$^{\$}$/26$^{\#}$ Hrs**	**185/200$^{\$}$/210$^{\#}$**	**490/525$^{\$}$/ 540$^{\#}$**	**31.5/33$^{\$}$/ 35$^{\#}$ Hrs**	**675/725$^{\$}$/ 750$^{\#}$**

$^{\#}$Applicable ONLY for the students studied Mathematics / Physics / Chemistry at HSC and appearing for Remedial Biology (RB)course.

$^{\$}$Applicable ONLY for the students studied Physics / Chemistry / Botany / Zoology at HSC and appearing for Remedial Mathematics (RM)course.

***** Non University Examination (NUE)

Semester II

Course code	Name of the course	Internal Assessment				End Semester Exams		Total Marks
		Continuous Mode	Sessional Exams		Total	Marks	Duration	
			Marks	Duration				
BP201T	Human Anatomy and Physiology II – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP202T	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry I – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP203T	Biochemistry – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP204T	Pathophysiology – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP205T	Computer Applications in Pharmacy – Theory*	10	15	1 Hr	25	50	2 Hrs	75
BP206T	Environmental sciences – Theory*	10	15	1 Hr	25	50	2 Hrs	75
BP207P	Human Anatomy and Physiology II –Practical	5	10	4 Hrs	15	35	4 Hrs	50
BP208P	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry I– Practical	5	10	4 Hrs	15	35	4 Hrs	50
BP209P	Biochemistry – Practical	5	10	4 Hrs	15	35	4 Hrs	50
BP210P	Computer Applications in Pharmacy – Practical*	5	5	2 Hrs	10	15	2 Hrs	25
	Total	**80**	**125**	**20 Hrs**	**205**	**520**	**30 Hrs**	**725**

***** The subject experts at college level shall conduct examinations

Semester III

Course code	Name of the course	Internal Assessment				End Semester Exams		Total Marks
		Continuous Mode	Sessional Exams		Total	Marks	Duration	
			Marks	Duration				
BP301T	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry II – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP302T	PhysicalPharmaceuticsI –Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP303T	Pharmaceutical Microbiology – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP304T	Pharmaceutical Engineering – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP305P	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry II – Practical	5	10	4 Hr	15	35	4 Hrs	50
BP306P	Physical Pharmaceutics I – Practical	5	10	4 Hr	15	35	4 Hrs	50
BP307P	Pharmaceutical Microbiology – Practical	5	10	4 Hr	15	35	4 Hrs	50
BP308P	Pharmaceutical Engineering – Practical	5	10	4 Hr	15	35	4 Hrs	50
Total		**60**	**100**	**20**	**160**	**440**	**28Hrs**	**600**

Semester IV

Course code	Name of the course	Internal Assessment				End Semester Exams		Total Marks
		Continuous Mode	Sessional Exams		Total	Marks	Duration	
			Marks	Duration				
BP401T	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry III– Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP402T	Medicinal Chemistry I – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP403T	Physical Pharmaceutics II – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP404T	Pharmacology I – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP405T	Pharmacognosy I – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP406P	Medicinal Chemistry I – Practical	5	10	4 Hr	15	35	4 Hrs	50
BP407P	Physical Pharmaceutics II – Practical	5	10	4 Hrs	15	35	4 Hrs	50
BP408P	Pharmacology I – Practical	5	10	4 Hrs	15	35	4 Hrs	50
BP409P	Pharmacognosy I – Practical	5	10	4 Hrs	15	35	4 Hrs	50
Total		**70**	**115**	**21 Hrs**	**185**	**515**	**31 Hrs**	**700**

Semester V

Course code	Name of the course	Internal Assessment				End Semester Exams		Total Marks
		Continuous Mode	Sessional Exams		Total	Marks	Duration	
			Marks	Duration				
BP501T	Medicinal Chemistry II – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP502T	Industrial PharmacyI– Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP503T	Pharmacology II – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP504T	Pharmacognosy II – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP505T	Pharmaceutical Jurisprudence – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP506P	Industrial PharmacyI– Practical	5	10	4 Hr	15	35	4 Hrs	50
BP507P	Pharmacology II – Practical	5	10	4 Hr	15	35	4 Hrs	50
BP508P	Pharmacognosy II – Practical	5	10	4 Hr	15	35	4 Hrs	50
Total		**65**	**105**	**17 Hr**	**170**	**480**	**27 Hrs**	**650**

Semester VI

Course code	Name of the course	Internal Assessment				End Semester Exams		Total Marks
		Continuous Mode	Sessional Exams		Total	Marks	Duration	
			Marks	Duration				
BP601T	Medicinal Chemistry III – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP602T	Pharmacology III – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP603T	Herbal Drug Technology – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP604T	Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP605T	Pharmaceutical Biotechnology– Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP606T	Quality Assurance– Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP607P	Medicinal chemistry III – Practical	5	10	4 Hrs	15	35	4 Hrs	50
BP608P	Pharmacology III – Practical	5	10	4 Hrs	15	35	4 Hrs	50
BP609P	Herbal Drug Technology – Practical	5	10	4 Hrs	15	35	4 Hrs	50
Total		**75**	**120**	**18 Hrs**	**195**	**555**	**30 Hrs**	**750**

Semester VII

Course code	Name of the course	Internal Assessment				End Semester Exams		Total Marks
		Continuous Mode	Sessional Exams		Total	Marks	Duration	
			Marks	Duration				
BP701T	Instrumental Methods of Analysis – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP702T	Industrial Pharmacy – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP703T	Pharmacy Practice – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP704T	Novel Drug Delivery System – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP705 P	Instrumental Methods of Analysis – Practical	5	10	4 Hrs	15	35	4 Hrs	50
BP706 PS	Practice School*	25	-	-	25	125	5 Hrs	150
Total		**70**	**70**	**8Hrs**	**140**	**460**	**21 Hrs**	**600**

***** The subject experts at college level shall conduct examinations

Semester VIII

Course code	Name of the course	Internal Assessment				End Semester Exams		Total Marks
		Continuous Mode	Sessional Exams		Total	Marks	Duration	
			Marks	Duration				
BP801T	Biostatistics and Research Methodology – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP802T	Social and Preventive Pharmacy – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP803ET	Pharmaceutical Marketing – Theory	10 + 10 = 20	15 + 15 = 30	1 + 1 = 2 Hrs	25 + 25 = 50	75 + 75 = 150	3 + 3 = 6 Hrs	100 + 100 = 200
BP804ET	Pharmaceutical Regulatory Science – Theory							
BP805ET	Pharmacovigilance – Theory							
BP806ET	Quality Control and Standardization of Herbals – Theory							
BP807ET	Computer Aided Drug Design – Theory							
BP808ET	Cell and Molecular Biology – Theory							
BP809ET	Cosmetic Science – Theory							
BP810ET	Experimental Pharmacology – Theory							
BP811ET	Advanced Instrumentation Techniques – Theory							
BP812PW	Project Work	-	-	-	-	150	4 Hrs	150
	Total	**40**	**60**	**4 Hrs**	**100**	**450**	**16 Hrs**	**550**

11.2. Internal assessment: Continuous mode

The marks allocated for Continuous mode of Internal Assessment shall be awarded as per the scheme given below.

Table-XI:Scheme for awarding internal assessment: Continuous mode

Theory		
Criteria	**Maximum Marks**	
Attendance (Refer Table – XII)	4	2
Academic activities (Average of any 3 activities e.g. quiz, assignment, open book test, field work, group discussion and seminar)	3	1.5
Student – Teacher interaction	3	1.5
Total	**10**	**5**
Practical		
Attendance (Refer Table – XII)	2	
Based on Practical Records, Regular viva voce, etc.	3	
Total	**5**	

Table- XII: Guidelines for the allotment of marks for attendance

Percentage of Attendance	**Theory**	**Practical**
95 – 100	4	2
90 – 94	3	1.5
85 – 89	2	1
80 – 84	1	0.5
Less than 80	0	0

11.2.1. Sessional Exams

Two Sessional exams shall be conducted for each theory / practical course as per the schedule fixed by the college(s). The scheme of question paper for theory and practical Sessional examinations is given below. The average marks of two Sessional exams shall be computed for internal assessment as per the requirements given in tables – X.

Sessional exam shall be conducted for 30 marks for theory and shall be computed for 15 marks. Similarly Sessional exam for practical shall be conducted for 40 marks and shall be computed for 10 marks.

Question paper pattern for theory Sessional examinations

For subjects having University examination

I. Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs)	=	10 x 1 = 10
OR		OR
Objective Type Questions (5 x 2)	=	05 x 2 = 10
(Answer all the questions)		
I. Long Answers (Answer 1 out of 2)	=	1 x 10 = 10
II. Short Answers (Answer 2 out of 3)	=	2 x 5 = 10

Total	=	30 marks

For subjects having Non University Examination

I. Long Answers (Answer 1 out of 2)	=	1 x 10 = 10
II. Short Answers (Answer 4 out of 6)	=	4 x 5 = 20

Total	=	30 marks

Question paper pattern for practical sessional examinations

I. Synopsis	=	10
II. Experiments	=	25
III. Viva voce	=	05

Total	=	40 marks
		----------

12. Promotion and award of grades

A student shall be declared PASSand eligible for getting gradein a course of B.Pharm.program if he/she secures at least 50% marks in that particular course including internal assessment.For example, to be declared as PASS and to get grade, the student has to secure a minimum of 50 marks for the total of 100 including continuous mode of assessment and end semester theory examination and has to secure a minimum of 25 marks for the total 50 including internal assessment and end semester practical examination.

13. Carry forward of marks

In case a studentfails to secure the minimum 50% in any Theory or Practical course as specified in 12,then he/she shall reappear for the end semester examinationof that course. However his/her marks of the Internal Assessmentshallbe carried overand he/she shall be entitled for grade obtained by him/her on passing.

14. Improvement of internal assessment

A studentshall have the opportunity to improvehis/her performance only oncein the Sessional exam component of the internal assessment. The re-conduct of the Sessional exam shall be completed before the commencement of next end semester theory examinations.

15. Re-examination of end semester examinations

Reexamination ofend semester examinationshall be conducted as per the schedule given in table XIII. The exact dates of examinations shall be notified from time to time.

Table-XIII: Tentative schedule of end semester examinations

Semester	For Regular Candidates	For Failed Candidates
I, III, V and VII	November / December	May / June
II, IV, VI and VIII	May / June	November / December

Question paper pattern for end semester theory examinations

For 75 marks paper

I. Multiple Choice Questions(MCQs) = 20 x 1 = 20
OR OR
Objective Type Questions (10 x 2) = 10 x 2 = 20
(Answer all the questions)
II. Long Answers (Answer 2 out of 3) = 2 x 10 = 20
III. Short Answers (Answer 7 out of 9) = 7 x 5 = 35

Total = 75 marks

For 50 marks paper

I. Long Answers (Answer 2 out of 3) = 2 x 10 = 20
II. Short Answers (Answer 6 out of 8) = 6 x 5 = 30

Total = 50 marks

For 35 marks paper

I. Long Answers (Answer 1 out of 2) = 1 x 10 =10
II. Short Answers (Answer 5 out of 7) = 5 x 5 = 25

Total = 35 marks

Question paper pattern for end semester practical examinations

I. Synopsis = 5
II. Experiments = 25
III. Viva voce = 5

Total = 35 marks

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16. Academic Progression:

No student shall be admitted to any examination unless he/she fulfills the norms given in 6. Academic progression rules are applicable as follows:

A student shall be eligible to carry forward all the courses of I, II and III semesters till the IV semester examinations. However, he/she shall not be eligible to attend the courses of V semester until all the courses of I and II semesters are successfully completed.

A student shall be eligible to carry forward all the courses of III, IV and V semesters till the VI semester examinations. However, he/she shall not be eligible to attend the courses of VII semester until all the courses of I, II, III and IV semesters are successfully completed.

A student shall be eligible to carry forward all the courses of V, VI and VII semesters till the VIII semester examinations. However, he/she shall not be eligible to get the course completion certificate until all the courses of I, II, III, IV, V and VI semesters are successfully completed.

A student shall be eligible to get his/her CGPA upon successful completion of the courses of I to VIII semesters within the stipulated time period as per the norms specified in 26.

A lateral entry student shall be eligible to carry forward all the courses of III, IV and V semesters till the VI semester examinations. However, he/she shall not be eligible to attend the courses of VII semester until all the courses of III and IV semesters are successfully completed.

A lateral entry student shall be eligible to carry forward all the courses of V, VI and VII semesters till the VIII semester examinations. However, he/she shall not be eligible to get the course completion certificate until all the courses of III, IV, V and VI semesters are successfully completed.

A lateral entry student shall be eligible to get his/her CGPA upon successful completion of the courses of III to VIII semesters within the stipulated time period as per the norms specified in 26.

Any student who hasgiven more than 4 chances for successful completion of I / III semester courses and more than 3 chances for successful completion of II / IV semester courses shall be permitted to attend V / VII semester classes ONLY during the subsequent academic year as the case may be. In simpler terms there shall NOT be any ODD BATCH for any semester.

Note: Grade ABshould be considered as failed and treated as one head for deciding academic progression. Such rules are also applicable for those students who fail to register for examination(s) of any course in any semester.

17. Grading of performances

17.1. Letter grades and grade points allocations:

Based on the performances, each student shall be awarded a final letter grade at the end of the semester for each course.The letter grades and their corresponding grade points are given in Table – XII.

Table – XII: Letter grades and grade points equivalent to Percentage of marks and performances

Percentage of Marks Obtained	Letter Grade	Grade Point	Performance
90.00 – 100	O	10	Outstanding
80.00 – 89.99	A	9	Excellent
70.00 – 79.99	B	8	Good
60.00 – 69.99	C	7	Fair
50.00 – 59.99	D	6	Average
Less than 50	F	0	Fail
Absent	AB	0	Fail

A learner who remains absent for any end semester examination shall be assigned a letter grade of ABand a corresponding grade point of zero. He/she should reappear for the said evaluation/examination in due course.

18. The Semester grade point average (SGPA)

The performance of a student in a semester is indicated by a number called 'Semester Grade Point Average' (SGPA). The SGPA is the weighted average of the grade points obtainedin all the courses by the student during the semester. For example, if a student takes five courses(Theory/Practical) in a semester with credits C1, C2, C3, C4 and C5 and the student's grade pointsin these courses are G1, G2, G3, G4 and G5, respectively, and then students' SGPA is equal to:

$$\text{SGPA} = \frac{C_1G_1 + C_2G_2 + C_3G_3 + C_4G_4 + C_5G_5}{C_1 + C_2 + C_3 + C_4 + C_5}$$

The SGPA is calculated to two decimal points.It should be noted that, the SGPA for any semester shall take into consideration the F and ABSgrade awarded in that semester. For example if a learner has a F or ABS grade in course 4, theSGPA shall then be computed as:

$$SGPA = \frac{C_1G_1 + C_2G_2 + C_3G_3 + C_4 * ZERO + C_5G_5}{C_1 + C_2 + C_3 + C_4 + C_5}$$

19. Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA)

The CGPA is calculated with the SGPA of all the VIII semesters to two decimal points and is indicated in final grade report card/final transcript showing the grades of all VIII semesters and their courses. The CGPA shall reflect the failed statusin case of F grade(s),till the course(s) is/are passed. When the course(s)is/are passedby obtaining a pass grade on subsequent examination(s) theCGPA shall only reflect the new grade and not the fail grades earned earlier.The CGPA is calculated as:

$$CGPA = \frac{C_1S_1 + C_2S_2 + C_3S_3 + C_4S_4 + C_5S_5 + C_6S_6 + C_7S_7 + C_8S_8}{C_1 + C_2 + C_3 + C_4 + C_5 + C_6 + C_7 + C_8}$$

where $C_1, C_2, C_3,\ldots$ is the total number of credits for semester I,II,III,…. and $S_1,S_2, S_3,\ldots$is the SGPA of semester I,II,III,…. .

20. Declaration of class

The class shall be awarded on the basis of CGPA as follows:

First Class with Distinction	= CGPA of. 7.50 and above
First Class	= CGPA of 6.00 to 7.49
Second Class	= CGPA of 5.00 to 5.99

21. Project work

All the students shall undertake a projectunder the supervision of a teacher and submit a report. The area of the project shall directly relate any one of the elective subject opted by the student in semester VIII. The project shall be carried out in group not exceeding 5 in number. The project report shall be submitted in triplicate (typed & bound copy not less than 25 pages).

The internal and external examiner appointed by the University shall evaluate the project at the time of the Practical examinations of other semester(s). Students shall be evaluated in groups for four hours (i.e., about half an hour for a group of five students). The projects shall be evaluated as per the criteria given below.

Evaluation of Dissertation Book:

Objective(s) of the work done		15 Marks
Methodology adopted		20 Marks
Results and Discussions		20 Marks
Conclusions and Outcomes		20 Marks
	Total	**75 Marks**

Evaluation of Presentation:

Presentation of work		25 Marks
Communication skills		20 Marks
Question and answer skills		30 Marks
	Total	**75 Marks**

Explanation: The 75 marks assigned to the dissertation book shall be same for all the students in a group. However, the 75 marks assigned for presentation shall be awarded based on the performance of individual students in the given criteria.

22. Industrial training (Desirable)

Every candidate shall be required to work for at least 150 hours spread over four weeks in a Pharmaceutical Industry/Hospital. It includes Production unit, Quality Control department, Quality Assurance department, Analytical laboratory, Chemical manufacturing unit, Pharmaceutical R&D, Hospital (Clinical Pharmacy), Clinical Research Organization, Community Pharmacy, etc. After the Semester – VI and before the commencement of Semester – VII, and shall submit satisfactory report of such work and certificate duly signed by the authority of training organization to the head of the institute.

23. Practice School

In the VII semester, every candidate shall undergo practice school for a period of 150 hours evenly distributed throughout the semester. The student shall opt any one of the domains for practice school declared by the program committee from time to time.

At the end of the practice school, every student shall submit a printed report (in triplicate) on the practice school he/she attended (not more than 25 pages). Along with the exams of semester VII, the report submitted by the student, knowledge and skills acquired by the student through practice school shall be evaluated by the subject experts at college leveland grade point shall be awarded.

24. Award of Ranks

Ranks and Medals shall be awarded on the basis of final CGPA. However, candidates who fail in one or more courses during the B.Pharm program shall not be eligible for award of ranks.Moreover, the candidates should have completed the B. Pharm program in minimum prescribed number of years, (four years) for the award of Ranks.

25. Award of degree

Candidates who fulfill the requirements mentioned above shall be eligible for award of degree during the ensuing convocation.

26. Duration for completion of the program of study

The duration for the completion of the program shall be fixed as double the actual duration of the program and the students have to pass within the said period, otherwise they have to get fresh Registration.

27. Re-admission after break of study

Candidate who seeks re-admission to the program after break of study has to get the approval from the university by paying a condonation fee.

No condonation is allowed for the candidate who has more than 2 years of break up period and he/she has to rejoin the program by paying the required fees.

CHAPTER - II: SYLLABUS

Semester I

BP101T. HUMAN ANATOMY AND PHYSIOLOGY-I (Theory)

45 Hours

Scope: This subject is designed to impart fundamental knowledge on the structure and functions of the various systems of the human body. It also helps in understanding both homeostatic mechanisms. The subject provides the basic knowledge required to understand the various disciplines of pharmacy.

Objectives: Upon completion of this course the student should be able to

1. Explain the gross morphology, structure and functions of various organs of the human body.
2. Describe the various homeostatic mechanisms and their imbalances.
3. Identify the various tissues and organs of different systems of human body.
4. Perform the various experiments related to special senses and nervous system.
5. Appreciate coordinated working pattern of different organs of each system

Course Content:

Unit I **10 hours**

- **Introduction to human body**
  Definition and scope of anatomy and physiology, levels of structural organization and body systems, basic life processes, homeostasis, basic anatomical terminology.
- **Cellular level of organization**
  Structure and functions of cell, transport across cell membrane, cell division, cell junctions. General principles of cell communication, intracellular signaling pathway activation by extracellular signal molecule, Forms of intracellular signaling: a) Contact-dependent b) Paracrine c) Synaptic d) Endocrine
- **Tissue level of organization**
  Classification of tissues, structure, location and functions of epithelial, muscular and nervous and connective tissues.

Unit II **10 hours**

- **Integumentary system**
  Structure and functions of skin
- **Skeletal system**
  Divisions of skeletal system, types of bone, salient features and functions of bones of axial and appendicular skeletal system
  Organization of skeletal muscle, physiology of muscle contraction, neuromuscular junction

- **Joints**
  Structural and functional classification, types of joints movements and its articulation

Unit III **10 hours**

- **Body fluids and blood**
- Body fluids, composition and functions of blood, hemopoeisis, formation of hemoglobin, anemia, mechanisms of coagulation, blood grouping, Rh factors, transfusion, its significance and disorders of blood, Reticulo endothelial system.
- **Lymphatic system**

  Lymphatic organs and tissues, lymphatic vessels, lymph circulation and functions of lymphatic system

Unit IV **08 hours**

Peripheral nervous system:
Classification of peripheral nervous system: Structure and functions of sympathetic and parasympathetic nervous system.
Origin and functions of spinal and cranial nerves.

- **Special senses**
  Structure and functions of eye, ear, nose and tongue and their disorders.

Unit V **07 hours**

- **Cardiovascular system**
  Heart – anatomy of heart, blood circulation, blood vessels, structure and functions of artery, vein and capillaries, elements of conduction system of heart and heart beat, its regulation by autonomic nervous system, cardiac output, cardiac cycle. Regulation of blood pressure, pulse, electrocardiogram and disorders of heart.

BP107P. HUMAN ANATOMY AND PHYSIOLOGY (Practical)

4 Hours/week

Practical physiology is complimentary to the theoretical discussions in physiology. Practicals allow the verification of physiological processes discussed in theory classes through experiments on living tissue, intact animals or normal human beings. This is helpful for developing an insight on the subject**.**

1. Study of compound microscope.
2. Microscopic study of epithelial and connective tissue
3. Microscopic study of muscular and nervous tissue
4. Identification of axial bones
5. Identification of appendicular bones

6. Introduction to hemocytometry.
7. Enumeration of white blood cell (WBC) count
8. Enumeration of total red blood corpuscles (RBC) count
9. Determination of bleeding time
10. Determination of clotting time
11. Estimation of hemoglobin content
12. Determination of blood group.
13. Determination of erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR).
14. Determination of heart rate and pulse rate.
15. Recording of blood pressure.

Recommended Books (Latest Editions)

1. Essentials of Medical Physiology by K. Sembulingam and P. Sembulingam. Jaypee brothers medical publishers, New Delhi.
2. Anatomy and Physiology in Health and Illness by Kathleen J.W. Wilson, Churchill Livingstone, New York
3. Physiological basis of Medical Practice-Best and Tailor. Williams & Wilkins Co,Riverview,MI USA
4. Text book of Medical Physiology- Arthur C,Guyton andJohn.E. Hall. Miamisburg, OH, U.S.A.
5. Principles of Anatomy and Physiology by Tortora Grabowski. Palmetto, GA, U.S.A.

6. Textbook of Human Histology by Inderbir Singh, Jaypee brother's medical publishers, New Delhi.
7. Textbook of Practical Physiology by C.L. Ghai, Jaypee brother's medical publishers, New Delhi.
8. Practical workbook of Human Physiology by K. Srinageswari and Rajeev Sharma, Jaypee brother's medical publishers, New Delhi.

Reference Books (Latest Editions)

1. Physiological basis of Medical Practice-Best and Tailor. Williams & Wilkins Co, Riverview, MI USA
2. Text book of Medical Physiology- Arthur C, Guyton and John. E. Hall. Miamisburg, OH, U.S.A.
3. Human Physiology (vol 1 and 2) by Dr. C.C. Chatterrje ,Academic Publishers Kolkata

BP102T. PHARMACEUTICAL ANALYSIS (Theory)

45 Hours

Scope: This course deals with the fundamentals of analytical chemistry and principles of electrochemical analysis of drugs

Objectives: Upon completion of the course student shall be able to

- understand the principles of volumetric and electro chemical analysis
- carryout various volumetric and electrochemical titrations
- develop analytical skills

Course Content:

UNIT-I **10 Hours**

(a) Pharmaceutical analysis- Definition and scope

i) Different techniques of analysis

ii) Methods of expressing concentration

iii) Primary and secondary standards.

iv) Preparation and standardization of various molar and normal solutions- Oxalic acid, sodium hydroxide, hydrochloric acid, sodium thiosulphate, sulphuric acid, potassium permanganate and ceric ammonium sulphate

(b)Errors: Sources of errors, types of errors, methods of minimizing errors, accuracy, precision and significant figures

(c)Pharmacopoeia, Sources of impurities in medicinal agents,limit tests.

UNIT-II **10 Hours**

- **Acid base titration**: Theories of acid base indicators, classification of acid base titrations and theory involved in titrations of strong, weak, and very weak acids and bases, neutralization curves
- **Non aqueous titration**: Solvents, acidimetry and alkalimetry titration and estimation of Sodium benzoate and Ephedrine HCl

UNIT-III **10 Hours**

- **Precipitation titrations**: Mohr's method, Volhard's, Modified Volhard's, Fajans method, estimation of sodium chloride.
- **Complexometric titration**: Classification, metal ion indicators, masking and demasking reagents, estimation of Magnesium sulphate, and calcium gluconate.
- **Gravimetry**: Principle and steps involved in gravimetric analysis. Purity of the precipitate: co-precipitation and post precipitation, Estimation of barium sulphate.

- Basic Principles,methods and application of diazotisation titration.

UNIT-IV **08 Hours**

Redox titrations

(a) Concepts of oxidation and reduction

(b) Types of redox titrations (Principles and applications)

Cerimetry, Iodimetry, Iodometry, Bromatometry, Dichrometry, Titration with potassium iodate

UNIT-V **07 Hours**

- **Electrochemical methods of analysis**
  - **Conductometry**- Introduction, Conductivity cell, Conductometric titrations, applications.
  - **Potentiometry** - Electrochemical cell, construction and working of reference (Standard hydrogen, silver chloride electrode and calomel electrode) and indicator electrodes (metal electrodes and glass electrode), methods to determine end point of potentiometric titration and applications.
  - **Polarography** - Principle, Ilkovic equation, construction and working of dropping mercury electrode and rotating platinum electrode, applications

BP108P. PHARMACEUTICAL ANALYSIS (Practical)

4 Hours / Week

I **Limit Test of the following**
- (1) Chloride
- (2) Sulphate
- (3) Iron
- (4) Arsenic

II **Preparation and standardization of**
- (1) Sodium hydroxide
- (2) Sulphuric acid
- (3) Sodium thiosulfate
- (4) Potassium permanganate
- (5) Ceric ammonium sulphate

III **Assay of the following compounds along with Standardization of Titrant**
- (1) Ammonium chloride by acid base titration
- (2) Ferrous sulphate by Cerimetry
- (3) Copper sulphate by Iodometry
- (4) Calcium gluconate by complexometry
- (5) Hydrogen peroxide by Permanganometry
- (6) Sodium benzoate by non-aqueous titration
- (7) Sodium Chloride by precipitation titration

IV **Determination of Normality by electro-analytical methods**
- (1) Conductometric titration of strong acid against strong base
- (2) Conductometric titration of strong acid and weak acid against strong base
- (3) Potentiometric titration of strong acid against strong base

Recommended Books: (Latest Editions)

1. A.H. Beckett & J.B. Stenlake's, Practical Pharmaceutical Chemistry Vol I & II, Stahlone Press of University of London
2. A.I. Vogel, Text Book of Quantitative Inorganic analysis
3. P. Gundu Rao, Inorganic Pharmaceutical Chemistry
4. Bentley and Driver's Textbook of Pharmaceutical Chemistry
5. John H. Kennedy, Analytical chemistry principles
6. Indian Pharmacopoeia.

BP103T. PHARMACEUTICS- I (Theory)

45 Hours

Scope: This course is designed to impart a fundamental knowledge on the preparatory pharmacy with arts and science of preparing the different conventional dosage forms.

Objectives: Upon completion of this course the student should be able to:

- Know the history of profession of pharmacy
- Understand the basics of different dosage forms, pharmaceutical incompatibilities and pharmaceutical calculations
- Understand the professional way of handling the prescription
- Preparation of various conventional dosage forms

Course Content:

UNIT – I **10 Hours**

- **Historical background and development of profession of pharmacy**: History of profession of Pharmacy in India in relation to pharmacy education, industry and organization, Pharmacy as a career, Pharmacopoeias: Introduction to IP, BP, USP and Extra Pharmacopoeia.
- **Dosage forms:** Introduction to dosage forms, classification and definitions
- **Prescription:** Definition, Parts of prescription, handling of Prescription and Errors in prescription.
- **Posology:** Definition, Factors affecting posology. Pediatric dose calculations based on age, body weight and body surface area.

UNIT – II **10 Hours**

- **Pharmaceutical calculations**: Weights and measures – Imperial & Metric system, Calculations involving percentage solutions, alligation, proof spirit and isotonic solutions based on freezing point and molecular weight.

- **Powders:** Definition, classification, advantages and disadvantages,Simple & compound powders – official preparations, dusting powders, effervescent, efflorescent and hygroscopic powders, eutectic mixtures. Geometric dilutions.

- **Liquid dosage forms:** Advantages and disadvantages of liquid dosage forms. Excipients used in formulation of liquid dosage forms. Solubility enhancement techniques

UNIT – III **08 Hours**

- **Monophasic liquids:** Definitions and preparations of Gargles, Mouthwashes, Throat Paint, Eardrops, Nasal drops, Enemas, Syrups, Elixirs, Liniments and Lotions.
- **Biphasic liquids:**
- **Suspensions:** Definition, advantages and disadvantages, classifications, Preparation of suspensions; Flocculated and Deflocculated suspension & stability problems and methods to overcome.
- **Emulsions:** Definition, classification, emulsifying agent, test for the identification of type ofEmulsion, Methods of preparation & stability problems and methods to overcome.

UNIT – IV **08 Hours**

- **Suppositories**: Definition, types, advantages and disadvantages, types of bases, methods of preparations. Displacement value & its calculations, evaluation of suppositories.
- **Pharmaceutical incompatibilities**: Definition, classification, physical, chemical and therapeutic incompatibilities with examples.

UNIV – V **07 Hours**

- **Semisolid dosage forms:** Definitions, classification, mechanisms and factors influencing dermal penetration of drugs. Preparation of ointments, pastes, creams and gels. Excipients used in semi solid dosage forms. Evaluation of semi solid dosages forms

BP109P. PHARMACEUTICSI (Practical)

3 Hours / week

1 . Syrups

a) Syrup IP'66

b) Compound syrup of Ferrous Phosphate BPC'68

2. Elixirs a) Piperazine citrate elixir

b) Paracetamol pediatric elixir

3.Linctus a) Terpin Hydrate Linctus IP'66

b) Iodine Throat Paint (Mandles Paint)

4. Solutions

a) Strong solution of ammonium acetate

b) Cresol with soap solution

c) Lugol's solution

5. Suspensions

a) Calamine lotion

b) Magnesium Hydroxide mixture

c) Aluminimum Hydroxide gel

6. Emulsions a) Turpentine Liniment

b) Liquid paraffin emulsion

7. Powders and Granules

a) ORS powder (WHO)

b) Effervescent granules

c)Dusting powder

d)Divded powders

8. Suppositories

a) Glycero gelatin suppository

b) Coca butter suppository

c) Zinc Oxide suppository

8. Semisolids

a) Sulphur ointment

b) Non staining-iodine ointment with methyl salicylate

c) Carbopal gel

9. Gargles and Mouthwashes

a) Iodine gargle

b) Chlorhexidine mouthwash

Recommended Books: (Latest Editions)

1. H.C. Ansel et al., Pharmaceutical Dosage Form and Drug Delivery System, Lippincott Williams and Walkins, New Delhi.
2. Carter S.J., Cooper and Gunn's-Dispensing for Pharmaceutical Students, CBS publishers, New Delhi.
3. M.E. Aulton, Pharmaceutics, The Science& Dosage Form Design, Churchill Livingstone, Edinburgh.
4. Indian pharmacopoeia.
5. British pharmacopoeia.
6. Lachmann. Theory and Practice of Industrial Pharmacy,Lea& Febiger Publisher, The University of Michigan.
7. Alfonso R. Gennaro Remington. The Science and Practice of Pharmacy, Lippincott Williams, New Delhi.
8. Carter S.J., Cooper and Gunn's. Tutorial Pharmacy, CBS Publications, New Delhi.
9. E.A. Rawlins, Bentley's Text Book of Pharmaceutics, English Language Book Society, Elsevier Health Sciences, USA.
10. Isaac Ghebre Sellassie: Pharmaceutical Pelletization Technology, Marcel Dekker, INC, New York.
11. Dilip M. Parikh: Handbook of Pharmaceutical Granulation Technology, Marcel Dekker, INC, New York.
12. Francoise Nieloud and Gilberte Marti-Mestres: Pharmaceutical Emulsions and Suspensions, Marcel Dekker, INC, New York.

BP104T. PHARMACEUTICAL INORGANIC CHEMISTRY (Theory)

45 Hours

Scope: This subject deals with the monographs of inorganic drugs and pharmaceuticals.

Objectives: Upon completion of course student shall be able to

- know the sources of impurities and methods to determine the impurities in inorganic drugs and pharmaceuticals
- understand the medicinal and pharmaceutical importance of inorganic compounds

Course Content:

UNIT I **10 Hours**

- **Impurities in pharmaceutical substances:** History of Pharmacopoeia, Sources and types of impurities, principle involved in the limit test for Chloride, Sulphate, Iron, Arsenic, Lead and Heavy metals, modified limit test for Chloride and Sulphate

  General methods of preparation, assay for the compounds superscripted with **asterisk (*),** properties and medicinal uses of inorganic compounds belonging to the following classes

UNIT II **10 Hours**

- **Acids, Bases and Buffers:** Buffer equations and buffer capacity in general, buffers in pharmaceutical systems, preparation, stability, buffered isotonic solutions, measurements of tonicity, calculations and methods of adjusting isotonicity.
- **Major extra and intracellular electrolytes**: Functions of major physiological ions, Electrolytes used in the replacement therapy: Sodium chloride*, Potassium chloride, Calcium gluconate* and Oral Rehydration Salt (ORS), Physiological acid base balance.
- **Dental products**: Dentifrices, role of fluoride in the treatment of dental caries, Desensitizing agents, Calcium carbonate, Sodium fluoride, and Zinc eugenol cement.

UNIT III **10 Hours**

- **Gastrointestinal agents**

  Acidifiers: Ammonium chloride* and Dil. HCl

  Antacid: Ideal properties of antacids, combinations of antacids, Sodium

Bicarbonate*, Aluminum hydroxide gel, Magnesium hydroxide mixture

Cathartics: Magnesium sulphate, Sodium orthophosphate, Kaolin and Bentonite

Antimicrobials: Mechanism, classification, Potassium permanganate, Boric acid, Hydrogen peroxide*, Chlorinated lime*, Iodine and its preparations

UNIT IV **08 Hours**

- **Miscellaneous compounds**

  Expectorants: Potassium iodide, Ammonium chloride*.

  Emetics: Copper sulphate*, Sodium potassium tartarate

  Haematinics: Ferrous sulphate*, Ferrous gluconate

  Poison and Antidote: Sodium thiosulphate*, Activated charcoal, Sodium nitrite333

  Astringents: Zinc Sulphate, Potash Alum

UNIT V **07 Hours**

- **Radiopharmaceuticals**: Radio activity, Measurement of radioactivity, Properties of α, β, γ radiations, Half life, radio isotopes and study of radio isotopes - Sodium iodide I^{131}, Storage conditions, precautions & pharmaceutical application of radioactive substances.

BP110P. PHARMACEUTICAL INORGANIC CHEMISTRY (Practical)

4 Hours / Week

I **Limit tests for following ions**

Limit test for Chlorides and Sulphates
Modified limit test for Chlorides and Sulphates
Limit test for Iron
Limit test for Heavy metals
Limit test for Lead
Limit test for Arsenic

II **Identification test**

Magnesium hydroxide
Ferrous sulphate
Sodium bicarbonate
Calcium gluconate
Copper sulphate

III **Test for purity**

Swelling power of Bentonite
Neutralizing capacity of aluminum hydroxide gel
Determination of potassium iodate and iodine in potassium Iodide

IV **Preparation of inorganic pharmaceuticals**

Boric acid
Potash alum
Ferrous sulphate

Recommended Books (Latest Editions)

1. A.H. Beckett & J.B. Stenlake's, Practical Pharmaceutical Chemistry Vol I & II, Stahlone Press of University of London, 4th edition.
2. A.I. Vogel, Text Book of Quantitative Inorganic analysis
3. P. Gundu Rao, Inorganic Pharmaceutical Chemistry, 3rd Edition
4. M.L Schroff, Inorganic Pharmaceutical Chemistry
5. Bentley and Driver's Textbook of Pharmaceutical Chemistry
6. Anand & Chatwal, Inorganic Pharmaceutical Chemistry
7. Indian Pharmacopoeia

BP105T.COMMUNICATION SKILLS (Theory)

30 Hours

Scope: This course will prepare the young pharmacy student to interact effectively with doctors, nurses, dentists, physiotherapists and other health workers. At the end of this course the student will get the soft skills set to work cohesively with the team as a team player and will add value to the pharmaceutical business.

Objectives:

Upon completion of the course the student shall be able to

1. Understand the behavioral needs for a Pharmacist to function effectively in the areas of pharmaceutical operation
2. Communicate effectively (Verbal and Non Verbal)
3. Effectively manage the team as a team player
4. Develop interview skills
5. Develop Leadership qualities and essentials

Course content:

UNIT – I **07 Hours**

- **Communication Skills:** Introduction, Definition, The Importance of Communication, The Communication Process – Source, Message, Encoding, Channel, Decoding, Receiver, Feedback, Context

- **Barriers to communication:** Physiological Barriers, Physical Barriers, Cultural Barriers, Language Barriers, Gender Barriers, Interpersonal Barriers, Psychological Barriers, Emotional barriers

- **Perspectives in Communication:** Introduction, Visual Perception, Language, Other factors affecting our perspective - Past Experiences, Prejudices, Feelings, Environment

UNIT – II **07 Hours**

- **Elements of Communication:** Introduction, Face to Face Communication - Tone of Voice, Body Language (Non-verbal communication), Verbal Communication, Physical Communication

- **Communication Styles:** Introduction, The Communication Styles Matrix with example for each -Direct Communication Style, Spirited Communication Style, Systematic Communication Style, Considerate Communication Style

UNIT – III **07 Hours**

- **Basic Listening Skills:** Introduction, Self-Awareness, Active Listening, Becoming an Active Listener, Listening in Difficult Situations
- **Effective Written Communication:** Introduction, When and When Not to Use Written Communication - Complexity of the Topic, Amount of Discussion' Required, Shades of Meaning, Formal Communication
- **Writing Effectively:** Subject Lines, Put the Main Point First, Know Your Audience, Organization of the Message

UNIT – IV **05 Hours**

- **Interview Skills:** Purpose of an interview, Do's and Dont's of an interview
- **Giving Presentations:** Dealing with Fears, Planning your Presentation, Structuring Your Presentation, Delivering Your Presentation, Techniques of Delivery

UNIT – V **04 Hours**

- **Group Discussion:** Introduction, Communication skills in group discussion, Do's and Dont's of group discussion

BP111P.COMMUNICATION SKILLS (Practical)

2 Hours / week

Thefollowing learning modules are to be conducted using wordsworth® English language lab software

Basic communication covering the following topics

Meeting People

Asking Questions

Making Friends

What did you do?

Do's and Dont's

Pronunciations covering the following topics

Pronunciation (Consonant Sounds)

Pronunciation and Nouns

Pronunciation (Vowel Sounds)

Advanced Learning

Listening Comprehension / Direct and Indirect Speech

Figures of Speech

Effective Communication

Writing Skills

Effective Writing

Interview Handling Skills

E-Mail etiquette

Presentation Skills

Recommended Books: (Latest Edition)

1. Basic communication skills for Technology, Andreja. J. Ruther Ford, 2nd Edition, Pearson Education, 2011
2. Communication skills, Sanjay Kumar, Pushpalata, 1stEdition, Oxford Press, 2011
3. Organizational Behaviour, Stephen .P. Robbins, 1stEdition, Pearson, 2013
4. Brilliant- Communication skills, Gill Hasson, 1stEdition, Pearson Life, 2011
5. The Ace of Soft Skills: Attitude, Communication and Etiquette for success, Gopala Swamy Ramesh, 5thEdition, Pearson, 2013
6. Developing your influencing skills, Deborah Dalley, Lois Burton, Margaret, Green hall, 1st Edition Universe of Learning LTD, 2010
7. Communication skills for professionals, Konar nira, 2ndEdition, New arrivals – PHI, 2011
8. Personality development and soft skills, Barun K Mitra, 1stEdition, Oxford Press, 2011
9. Soft skill for everyone, Butter Field, 1st Edition, Cengage Learning india pvt.ltd, 2011
10. Soft skills and professional communication, Francis Peters SJ, 1stEdition, Mc Graw Hill Education, 2011
11. Effective communication, John Adair, 4thEdition, Pan Mac Millan,2009
12. Bringing out the best in people, Aubrey Daniels, 2ndEdition, Mc Graw Hill, 1999

BP 106RBT.REMEDIAL BIOLOGY (Theory)

30 Hours

Scope: To learn and understand the components of living world, structure and functional system of plant and animal kingdom.

Objectives: Upon completion of the course, the student shall be able to

- know the classification and salient features of five kingdoms of life
- understand the basic components of anatomy & physiology of plant
- know understand the basic components of anatomy & physiology animal with special reference to human

UNIT I **07 Hours**

Living world:

- Definition and characters of living organisms
- Diversity in the living world
- Binomial nomenclature
- Five kingdoms of life and basis of classification. Salient features of Monera, Potista, Fungi, Animalia and Plantae, Virus,

Morphology of Flowering plants

- Morphology of different parts of flowering plants – Root, stem, inflorescence, flower, leaf, fruit, seed.
- General Anatomy of Root, stem, leaf of monocotyledons & Dicotylidones.

UNIT II **07 Hours**

Body fluids and circulation

- Composition of blood, blood groups, coagulation of blood
- Composition and functions of lymph
- Human circulatory system
- Structure of human heart and blood vessels
- Cardiac cycle, cardiac output and ECG

Digestion and Absorption

- Human alimentary canal and digestive glands
- Role of digestive enzymes
- Digestion, absorption and assimilation of digested food

Breathing and respiration

- Human respiratory system
- Mechanism of breathing and its regulation
- Exchange of gases, transport of gases and regulation of respiration
- Respiratory volumes

UNIT III **07 Hours**

Excretory products and their elimination

- Modes of excretion
- Human excretory system- structure and function
- Urine formation
- Rennin angiotensin system

Neural control and coordination

- Definition and classification of nervous system
- Structure of a neuron
- Generation and conduction of nerve impulse
- Structure of brain and spinal cord
- Functions of cerebrum, cerebellum, hypothalamus and medulla oblongata

Chemical coordination and regulation

- Endocrine glands and their secretions
- Functions of hormones secreted by endocrine glands

Human reproduction

- Parts of female reproductive system
- Parts of male reproductive system
- Spermatogenesis and Oogenesis
- Menstrual cycle

UNIT IV **05 Hours**

Plants and mineral nutrition:

- Essential mineral, macro and micronutrients
- Nitrogen metabolism, Nitrogen cycle, biological nitrogen fixation

Photosynthesis

- Autotrophic nutrition, photosynthesis, Photosynthetic pigments, Factors affecting photosynthesis.

UNIT V **04 Hours**

Plant respiration: Respiration, glycolysis, fermentation (anaerobic).

Plant growth and development

- Phases and rate of plant growth, Condition of growth,Introduction to plant growth regulators

Cell - The unit of life

- Structure and functions of cell and cell organelles.Cell division

Tissues

- Definition, types of tissues, location and functions.

Text Books

a. Text book of Biology by S. B. Gokhale
b. A Text book of Biology by Dr. Thulajappa and Dr. Seetaram.

Reference Books

a. A Text book of Biology by B.V. Sreenivasa Naidu
b. A Text book of Biology by Naidu and Murthy
c. Botany for Degree students By A.C.Dutta.
d.Outlines of Zoology by M. Ekambaranatha ayyer and T. N. Ananthakrishnan.
e. A manual for pharmaceutical biology practical by S.B. Gokhale and C. K. Kokate

BP112RBP.REMEDIAL BIOLOGY (Practical)

30 Hours

1. Introduction to experiments in biology
   a) Study of Microscope
   b) Section cutting techniques
   c) Mounting and staining
   d) Permanent slide preparation
2. Study of cell and its inclusions
3. Study of Stem, Root, Leaf, seed, fruit, flower and their modifications
4. Detailed study of frog by using computer models
5. Microscopic study and identification of tissues pertinent to Stem, Root Leaf, seed, fruit and flower
6. Identification of bones
7. Determination of blood group
8. Determination of blood pressure
9. Determination of tidal volume

Reference Books

1. Practical human anatomy and physiology. by S.R.Kale and R.R.Kale.
2. A Manual of pharmaceutical biology practical by S.B.Gokhale, C.K.Kokate and S.P.Shriwastava.
3. Biology practical manual according to National core curriculum .Biology forum of Karnataka. Prof .M.J.H.Shafi

BP 106RMT.REMEDIAL MATHEMATICS (Theory)

30 Hours

Scope: This is an introductory course in mathematics. This subject deals with the introduction to Partial fraction, Logarithm, matrices and Determinant, Analytical geometry, Calculus, differential equation and Laplace transform.

Objectives: Upon completion of the course the student shall be able to:-

1. Know the theory and their application in Pharmacy
2. Solve the different types of problems by applying theory
3. Appreciate the important application of mathematics in Pharmacy

Course Content:

UNIT – I **06 Hours**

- **Partial fraction**

Introduction, Polynomial, Rational fractions, Proper and Improper fractions, Partial fraction , Resolving into Partial fraction, Application of Partial Fraction in Chemical Kinetics and Pharmacokinetics

- **Logarithms**

Introduction, Definition, Theorems/Properties of logarithms, Common logarithms, Characteristic and Mantissa, worked examples, application of logarithm to solve pharmaceutical problems.

- **Function***:*

Real Valued function, Classification of real valued functions,

- **Limits and continuity** :

Introduction , Limit of a function, Definition of limit of a function ($\in$ - δ definition) , $\lim_{x\to a}\frac{x^n - a^n}{x-a} = na^{n-1}$, $\lim_{\theta\to 0}\frac{\sin\theta}{\theta} = 1,$

UNIT –II **06 Hours**

- **Matrices and Determinant:**

Introduction matrices, Types of matrices, Operation on matrices, Transpose of a matrix, Matrix Multiplication, Determinants, Properties of determinants , Product of determinants, Minors and co-Factors, Adjoint or adjugate of a square matrix , Singular and non-singular matrices, Inverse of a matrix, Solution of system of linear of equations using matrix method, Cramer's rule, Characteristic equation and roots of a square matrix, Cayley–Hamilton theorem,Applicationof Matrices in solving Pharmacokinetic equations

UNIT – III **06 Hours**

- **Calculus**

Differentiation : Introductions, Derivative of a function, Derivative of a constant, Derivative of a product of a constant and a function , Derivative of the sum or difference of two functions, Derivative of the product of two functions (product formula), Derivative of the quotient of two functions (Quotient formula) – **Without Proof**, Derivative of x^n *w.r.t*x,where *n* is any rational number, Derivative of e^x,, Derivative of $\log_e x$, Derivative of a^x,Derivative of trigonometric functions from first principles **(without Proof)**, Successive Differentiation, Conditions for a function to be a maximum or a minimum at a point. Application

UNIT – IV **06 Hours**

- **Analytical Geometry**

Introduction: Signs of the Coordinates, Distance formula,

Straight Line : Slope or gradient of a straight line, Conditions for parallelism and perpendicularity of two lines, Slope of a line joining two points, Slope – intercept form of a straight line

Integration:

Introduction, Definition, Standard formulae, Rules of integration , Method of substitution, Method of Partial fractions, Integration by parts, definite integrals, application

UNIT-V **06 Hours**

- **Differential Equations** : Some basic definitions, Order and degree, Equations in separable form , Homogeneous equations, Linear Differential equations, Exact equations, **Application in solving Pharmacokinetic equations**
- **Laplace Transform** : Introduction, Definition, Properties of Laplace transform, Laplace Transforms of elementary functions, Inverse Laplace transforms, Laplace transform of derivatives, Application to solve Linear differential equations, **Application in solving Chemical kinetics and Pharmacokinetics equations**

Recommended Books (Latest Edition)

1. Differential Calculus by Shanthinarayan
2. Pharmaceutical Mathematics with application to Pharmacy by Panchaksharappa Gowda D.H.
3. Integral Calculus by Shanthinarayan
4. Higher Engineering Mathematics by Dr.B.S.Grewal

Semester II

BP 201T. HUMAN ANATOMY AND PHYSIOLOGY-II (Theory)

45 Hours

Scope: This subject is designed to impart fundamental knowledge on the structure and functions of the various systems of the human body. It also helps in understanding both homeostatic mechanisms. The subject provides the basic knowledge required to understand the various disciplines of pharmacy.

Objectives: Upon completion of this course the student should be able to:

1. Explain the gross morphology, structure and functions of various organs of the human body.
2. Describe the various homeostatic mechanisms and their imbalances.
3. Identify the various tissues and organs of different systems of human body.
4. Perform the hematological tests like blood cell counts, haemoglobin estimation, bleeding/clotting time etc and also record blood pressure, heart rate, pulse and respiratory volume.
5. Appreciate coordinated working pattern of different organs of each system
6. Appreciate the interlinked mechanisms in the maintenance of normal functioning (homeostasis) of human body.

Course Content:

Unit I **10 hours**

- **Nervous system**

Organization of nervous system, neuron, neuroglia, classification and properties of nerve fibre, electrophysiology, action potential, nerve impulse, receptors, synapse, neurotransmitters.

Central nervous system: Meninges, ventricles of brain and cerebrospinal fluid.structure and functions of brain (cerebrum, brain stem, cerebellum), spinal cord (gross structure, functions of afferent and efferent nerve tracts,reflex activity)

Unit II **06 hours**

- **Digestive system**

Anatomy of GI Tract with special reference to anatomy and functions of stomach, (Acid production in the stomach, regulation of acid production through parasympathetic nervous system, pepsin role in protein digestion) small intestine

and large intestine, anatomy and functions of salivary glands, pancreas and liver, movements of GIT, digestion and absorption of nutrients and disorders of GIT.

- **Energetics**

  Formation and role of ATP, Creatinine Phosphate and BMR.

Unit III

- **Respiratory system** **10 hours**

  Anatomy of respiratory system with special reference to anatomy of lungs, mechanism of respiration, regulation of respiration

  Lung Volumes and capacities transport of respiratory gases, artificial respiration, and resuscitation methods.

- **Urinary system**
  Anatomy of urinary tract with special reference to anatomy of kidney and nephrons, functions of kidney and urinary tract, physiology of urine formation, micturition reflex and role of kidneys in acid base balance, role of RAS in kidney and disorders of kidney.

Unit IV **10 hours**

- **Endocrine system**
  Classification of hormones, mechanism of hormone action, structure and functions of pituitary gland, thyroid gland, parathyroid gland, adrenal
  gland, pancreas, pineal gland, thymus and their disorders.

Unit V **09 hours**

- **Reproductive system**

  Anatomy of male and female reproductive system, Functions of male and female reproductive system, sex hormones, physiology of menstruation, fertilization, spermatogenesis, oogenesis, pregnancy and parturition

- **Introduction to genetics**

  Chromosomes, genes and DNA, protein synthesis, genetic pattern of inheritance

BP 207 P. HUMAN ANATOMY AND PHYSIOLOGY (Practical)

4 Hours/week

Practical physiology is complimentary to the theoretical discussions in physiology. Practicals allow the verification of physiological processes discussed in theory classes through experiments on living tissue, intact animals or normal human beings. This is helpful for developing an insight on the subject**.**

1. To study the integumentary and special senses using specimen, models, etc.,
2. To study the nervous system using specimen, models, etc.,
3. To study the endocrine system using specimen, models, etc
4. To demonstrate the general neurological examination
5. To demonstrate the function of olfactory nerve
6. To examine the different types of taste.
7. To demonstrate the visual acuity
8. To demonstrate the reflex activity
9. Recording of body temperature
10. To demonstrate positive and negative feedback mechanism.
11. Determination of tidal volume and vital capacity.
12. Study of digestive, respiratory, cardiovascular systems, urinary and reproductive systems with the help of models, charts and specimens.
13. Recording of basal mass index .
14. Study of family planning devices and pregnancy diagnosis test.
15. Demonstration of total blood count by cell analyser
16. Permanent slides of vital organs and gonads.

Recommended Books (Latest Editions)

1. Essentials of Medical Physiology by K. Sembulingam and P. Sembulingam. Jaypee brothers medical publishers, New Delhi.
2. Anatomy and Physiology in Health and Illness by Kathleen J.W. Wilson, Churchill Livingstone, New York
3. Physiological basis of Medical Practice-Best and Tailor. Williams & Wilkins Co,Riverview,MI USA

4. Text book of Medical Physiology- Arthur C,Guyton andJohn.E. Hall. Miamisburg, OH, U.S.A.
5. Principles of Anatomy and Physiology by Tortora Grabowski. Palmetto, GA, U.S.A.
6. Textbook of Human Histology by Inderbir Singh, Jaypee brothers medical publishers, New Delhi.
7. Textbook of Practical Physiology by C.L. Ghai, Jaypee brothers medical publishers, New Delhi.
8. Practical workbook of Human Physiology by K. Srinageswari and Rajeev Sharma, Jaypee brother's medical publishers, New Delhi.

Reference Books:

1. Physiological basis of Medical Practice-Best and Tailor. Williams & Wilkins Co, Riverview, MI USA
2. Text book of Medical Physiology- Arthur C, Guyton and John. E. Hall. Miamisburg, OH, U.S.A.
3. Human Physiology (vol 1 and 2) by Dr. C.C. Chatterrje ,Academic Publishers Kolkata

BP202T. PHARMACEUTICAL ORGANIC CHEMISTRY –I (Theory)

45 Hours

Scope: This subject deals with classification and nomenclature of simple organic compounds, structural isomerism, intermediates forming in reactions, important physical properties, reactions and methods of preparation of these compounds. The syllabus also emphasizes on mechanisms and orientation of reactions.

Objectives: Upon completion of the course the student shall be able to

1. write the structure, name and the type of isomerism of the organic compound
2. write the reaction, name the reaction and orientation of reactions
3. account for reactivity/stability of compounds,
4. identify/confirm the identification of organic compound

Course Content:

General methods of preparation and reactions of compounds superscripted with asterisk (*) to be explained

To emphasize on definition, types, classification, principles/mechanisms, applications, examples and differences

UNIT-I **07 Hours**

- **Classification, nomenclature and isomerism**

  Classification of Organic Compounds

  Common and IUPAC systems of nomenclature of organic compounds

  (up to 10 Carbons open chain and carbocyclic compounds)

Structural isomerisms in organic compounds

UNIT-II10 Hours

- **Alkanes*, Alkenes* and Conjugated dienes***

  SP^3 hybridization in alkanes, Halogenation of alkanes, uses of paraffins.

  Stabilities of alkenes, SP^2 hybridization in alkenes

  E_1 and E_2 reactions – kinetics, order of reactivity of alkyl halides, rearrangement of carbocations, Saytzeffs orientation and evidences. E_1 verses E_2 reactions, Factors affecting E_1 and E_2 reactions. Ozonolysis, electrophilic addition reactions of alkenes, Markownikoff's orientation, free radical addition reactions of alkenes, Anti Markownikoff's orientation.

  Stability of conjugated dienes, Diel-Alder, electrophilic addition, free radical addition reactions of conjugated dienes, allylic rearrangement

UNIT-III10 Hours

- **Alkyl halides***

  SN_1 and SN_2 reactions - kinetics, order of reactivity of alkyl halides, stereochemistry and rearrangement of carbocations.

  SN_1 versus SN_2 reactions, Factors affecting SN_1 and SN_2 reactions

  Structure and uses of ethylchloride, Chloroform, trichloroethylene, tetrachloroethylene, dichloromethane, tetrachloromethane and iodoform.

- **Alcohols*-** Qualitative tests, Structure and uses of Ethyl alcohol, Methyl alcohol, chlorobutanol, Cetosteryl alcohol, Benzyl alcohol, Glycerol, Propylene glycol

UNIT-IV10 Hours

- **Carbonyl compounds* (Aldehydes and ketones)**

  Nucleophilic addition, Electromeric effect, aldol condensation, Crossed Aldol condensation, Cannizzaro reaction, Crossed Cannizzaro reaction, Benzoin condensation, Perkin condensation, qualitative tests, Structure and uses of Formaldehyde, Paraldehyde, Acetone, Chloral hydrate, Hexamine, Benzaldehyde, Vanilin, Cinnamaldehyde.

UNIT-V **08 Hours**

- **Carboxylic acids***

  Acidity of carboxylic acids, effect of substituents on acidity, inductive effect and qualitative tests for carboxylic acids ,amide and ester

  Structure and Uses of Acetic acid, Lactic acid, Tartaric acid, Citric acid, Succinic acid. Oxalic acid, Salicylic acid, Benzoic acid, Benzyl benzoate, Dimethyl phthalate, Methyl salicylate and Acetyl salicylic acid

- **Aliphatic amines* -** Basicity, effect of substituent on Basicity. Qualitative test, Structure and uses of Ethanolamine, Ethylenediamine, Amphetamine

BP208P. PHARMACEUTICAL ORGANIC CHEMISTRY -I (Practical)

4 Hours / week

1. Systematic qualitative analysis of unknown organic compounds like
    1. Preliminary test: Color, odour, aliphatic/aromatic compounds, saturation and unsaturation, etc.
    2. Detection of elements like Nitrogen, Sulphur and Halogen by Lassaigne's test
    3. Solubility test
    4. Functional group test like Phenols, Amides/ Urea, Carbohydrates, Amines, Carboxylic acids, Aldehydes and Ketones, Alcohols, Esters, Aromatic and Halogenated Hydrocarbons, Nitro compounds and Anilides.
    5. Melting point/Boiling point of organic compounds
    6. Identification of the unknown compound from the literature using melting point/ boiling point.
    7. Preparation of the derivatives and confirmation of the unknown compound by melting point/ boiling point.
    8. Minimum 5 unknown organic compounds to be analysed systematically.
2. Preparation of suitable solid derivatives from organic compounds
3. Construction of molecular models

Recommended Books (Latest Editions)

1. Organic Chemistry by Morrison and Boyd
2. Organic Chemistry by I.L. Finar , Volume-I
3. Textbook of Organic Chemistry by B.S. Bahl & Arun Bahl.
4. Organic Chemistry by P.L.Soni
5. Practical Organic Chemistry by Mann and Saunders.
6. Vogel's text book of Practical Organic Chemistry
7. Advanced Practical organic chemistry by N.K.Vishnoi.
8. Introduction to Organic Laboratory techniques by Pavia, Lampman and Kriz.
9. Reaction and reaction mechanism by Ahluwaliah/Chatwal.

BP203 T. BIOCHEMISTRY (Theory)

45 Hours

Scope: Biochemistry deals with complete understanding of the molecular levels of the chemical process associated with living cells. The scope of the subject is providing biochemical facts and the principles to understand metabolism of nutrient molecules in physiological and pathological conditions. It is also emphasizing on genetic organization of mammalian genome and hetero & autocatalytic functions of DNA.

Objectives: Upon completion of course student shell able to

1. Understand the catalytic role of enzymes, importance of enzyme inhibitors in design of new drugs, therapeutic and diagnostic applications of enzymes.
2. Understand the metabolism of nutrient molecules in physiological and pathological conditions.
3. Understand the genetic organization of mammalian genome and functions of DNA in the synthesis of RNAs and proteins.

Course Content:

UNIT I **08 Hours**

- **Biomolecules**

  Introduction, classification, chemical nature and biological role of carbohydrate, lipids, nucleic acids, amino acids and proteins.

- **Bioenergetics**

  Concept of free energy, endergonic and exergonic reaction, Relationship between free energy, enthalpy and entropy; Redox potential.

  Energy rich compounds; classification; biological significances of ATP and cyclic AMP

UNIT II **10 Hours**

- **Carbohydrate metabolism**

  Glycolysis – Pathway, energetics and significance

  Citric acid cycle- Pathway, energetics and significance

  HMP shunt and its significance; Glucose-6-Phosphate dehydrogenase (G6PD) deficiency

  Glycogen metabolism Pathways and glycogen storage diseases (GSD)

  Gluconeogenesis- Pathway and its significance

  Hormonal regulation of blood glucose level and Diabetes mellitus

- **Biological oxidation**

  Electron transport chain (ETC) and its mechanism.

Oxidative phosphorylation & its mechanism and substrate level phosphorylation

Inhibitors ETC and oxidative phosphorylation/Uncouplers

UNIT III **10 Hours**

- **Lipid metabolism**

  β-Oxidation of saturated fatty acid (Palmitic acid)

Formation and utilization of ketone bodies; ketoacidosis

De novo synthesis of fatty acids (Palmitic acid)

Biological significance of cholesterol and conversion of cholesterol into bile acids, steroid hormone and vitamin D

Disorders of lipid metabolism: Hypercholesterolemia, atherosclerosis, fatty liver and obesity.

- **Amino acid metabolism**

  General reactions of amino acid metabolism: Transamination, deamination & decarboxylation, urea cycle and its disorders

  Catabolism of phenylalanine and tyrosine and their metabolic disorders (Phenyketonuria, Albinism, alkeptonuria, tyrosinemia)

  Synthesis and significance of biological substances; 5-HT, melatonin, dopamine, noradrenaline, adrenaline

  Catabolism of heme; hyperbilirubinemia and jaundice

UNIT IV **10 Hours**

- **Nucleic acid metabolism and genetic information transfer**

  Biosynthesis of purine and pyrimidine nucleotides

  Catabolism of purine nucleotides and Hyperuricemia and Gout disease

  Organization of mammalian genome

  Structure of DNA and RNA and their functions

  DNA replication (semi conservative model)

  Transcription or RNA synthesis

  Genetic code, Translation or Protein synthesis and inhibitors

UNIT V **07 Hours**

- **Enzymes**

  Introduction, properties, nomenclature and IUB classification of enzymes

  Enzyme kinetics (Michaelis plot, Line Weaver Burke plot)

  Enzyme inhibitors with examples

  Regulation of enzymes: enzyme induction and repression, allosteric enzymes regulation

  Therapeutic and diagnostic applications of enzymes and isoenzymes

  Coenzymes –Structure and biochemical functions

BP 209 P. BIOCHEMISTRY (Practical)

4 Hours / Week

1. Qualitative analysis of carbohydrates (Glucose, Fructose, Lactose, Maltose, Sucrose and starch)
2. Identification tests for Proteins (albumin and Casein)
3. Quantitative analysis of reducing sugars (DNSA method) and Proteins (Biuret method)
4. Qualitative analysis of urine for abnormal constituents
5. Determination of blood creatinine
6. Determination of blood sugar
7. Determination of serum total cholesterol
8. Preparation of buffer solution and measurement of pH
9. Study of enzymatic hydrolysis of starch
10. Determination of Salivary amylase activity
11. Study the effect of Temperature on Salivary amylase activity.
12. Study the effect of substrate concentration on salivary amylase activity.

Recommended Books (Latest Editions)

1. Principles of Biochemistry by Lehninger.
2. Harper's Biochemistry by Robert K. Murry, Daryl K. Granner and Victor W. Rodwell.
3. Biochemistry by Stryer.
4. Biochemistry by D. Satyanarayan and U.Chakrapani
5. Textbook of Biochemistry by Rama Rao.
6. Textbook of Biochemistry by Deb.
7. Outlines of Biochemistry by Conn and Stumpf
8. Practical Biochemistry by R.C. Gupta and S. Bhargavan.
9. Introduction of Practical Biochemistry by David T. Plummer. (3rd Edition)
10. Practical Biochemistry for Medical students by Rajagopal and Ramakrishna.
11. Practical Biochemistry by Harold Varley.

BP 204T.PATHOPHYSIOLOGY (THEORY)

45Hours

Scope: Pathophysiology is the study of causes of diseases and reactions of the body to such disease producing causes.This course is designed to impart a thorough knowledge of the relevant aspects of pathology of various conditions with reference to its pharmacological applications, and understanding of basic pathophysiological mechanisms. Hence it will not only help to study the syllabus of pathology, but also to get baseline knowledge required to practice medicine safely, confidently, rationally and effectively.

Objectives: Upon completion of the subject student shall be able to –

1. Describe the etiology and pathogenesis of the selected disease states;
2. Name the signs and symptoms of the diseases; and
3. Mention the complications of the diseases.

Course content:

Unit I **10Hours**

- **Basic principles of Cell injury and Adaptation:**
  Introduction, definitions, Homeostasis, Components and Types of Feedback systems, Causes of cellular injury**,**Pathogenesis (Cell membrane damage, Mitochondrial damage, Ribosome damage, Nuclear damage)**,**Morphology of cell injury – Adaptive changes (Atrophy, Hypertrophy, hyperplasia, Metaplasia, Dysplasia)**,**Cell swelling, Intra cellular accumulation, Calcification, Enzyme leakage and Cell Death Acidosis &Alkalosis,Electrolyte imbalance

- **Basic mechanism involved in the process of inflammation and repair:**
  Introduction, Clinical signs of inflammation, Different types of Inflammation,Mechanism of Inflammation – Alteration in vascular permeability and blood flow, migration of WBC's,Mediators of inflammation,Basic principles of wound healing in the skin,Pathophysiology of Atherosclerosis

Unit II **10Hours**

- **Cardiovascular System:**
  Hypertension, congestive heart failure, ischemic heart disease (angina,myocardial infarction, atherosclerosis and arteriosclerosis)
- **Respiratory system:**Asthma, Chronic obstructive airways diseases.
- **Renal system:**Acute and chronic renal failure .

Unit II **10Hours**

- **Haematological Diseases:**
  Iron deficiency, megaloblastic anemia (Vit B12 and folic acid), sickle cell anemia, thalasemia, hereditary acquired anemia, hemophilia
- **Endocrine system:** Diabetes, thyroid diseases, disorders of sex hormones
- **Nervous system:** Epilepsy, Parkinson's disease, stroke, psychiatric disorders: depression, schizophrenia and Alzheimer's disease.
- **Gastrointestinal system:** Peptic Ulcer
-

Unit IV **8 Hours**

- Inflammatory bowel diseases, jaundice, hepatitis (A,B,C,D,E,F) alcoholic liver disease.
- **Disease of bones and joints:** Rheumatoid arthritis, osteoporosis and gout
- **Principles of cancer:** classification, etiology and pathogenesis of cancer
- **Diseases of bones and joints:**Rheumatoid Arthritis, Osteoporosis,Gout

- **Principles of Cancer:** Classification, etiology and pathogenesis of Cancer

Unit V **7 Hours**

- **Infectious diseases:**Meningitis,Typhoid, Leprosy, Tuberculosis

Urinary tract infections

- **Sexually transmitted diseases:**AIDS, Syphilis, Gonorrhea

Recommended Books (Latest Editions)

1. Vinay Kumar, Abul K. Abas, Jon C. Aster; Robbins &Cotran Pathologic Basis of Disease; South Asia edition; India; Elsevier; 2014.
2. Harsh Mohan; Text book of Pathology; 6th edition; India; Jaypee Publications; 2010.
3. Laurence B, Bruce C, Bjorn K. ; Goodman Gilman's The Pharmacological Basis of Therapeutics; 12th edition; New York; McGraw-Hill; 2011.
4. Best, Charles Herbert 1899-1978; Taylor, Norman Burke 1885-1972; West, John B (John Burnard); Best and Taylor's Physiological basis of medical practice; 12th ed; united states;
5. William and Wilkins, Baltimore;1991 [1990 printing].
6. Nicki R. Colledge, Brian R. Walker, Stuart H. Ralston;Davidson's Principles and Practice of Medicine; 21st edition; London; ELBS/Churchill Livingstone; 2010.
7. Guyton A, John .E Hall; Textbook of Medical Physiology; 12th edition; WB Saunders Company; 2010.
8. Joseph DiPiro, Robert L. Talbert, Gary Yee, Barbara Wells, L. Michael Posey; Pharmacotherapy: A Pathophysiological Approach; 9th edition; London; McGraw-Hill Medical; 2014.
9. V. Kumar, R. S. Cotran and S. L. Robbins; Basic Pathology; 6th edition; Philadelphia; WB Saunders Company; 1997.
10. Roger Walker, Clive Edwards; Clinical Pharmacy and Therapeutics; 3rd edition; London; Churchill Livingstone publication; 2003.

Recommended Journals

1. The Journal of Pathology. ISSN: 1096-9896 (Online)
2. The American Journal of Pathology. ISSN: 0002-9440
3. Pathology. 1465-3931 (Online)
4. International Journal of Physiology, Pathophysiology and Pharmacology. ISSN: 1944-8171 (Online)
5. Indian Journal of Pathology and Microbiology. ISSN-0377-4929.

BP205 T. COMPUTER APPLICATIONS IN PHARMACY (Theory)

30 Hrs (2 Hrs/Week)

Scope: This subject deals with the introduction Database, Database Management system, computer application in clinical studies and use of databases.

Objectives: Upon completion of the course the student shall be able to

1. know the various types of application of computers in pharmacy
2. know the various types of databases
3. know the various applications of databases in pharmacy

Course content:

UNIT – I **06 hours**

Number system: Binary number system, Decimal number system, Octal number system, Hexadecimal number systems, conversion decimal to binary, binary to decimal, octal to binary etc, binary addition, binary subtraction – One's complement ,Two's complement method, binary multiplication, binary division

Concept of I nformation Systems and Software : Information gathering, requirement and feasibility analysis, data flow diagrams, process specifications, input/output design, process life cycle, planning and managing the project

UNIT –II **06 hours**

Web technologies:Introduction to HTML, XML,CSS and Programming languages, introduction to web servers and Server Products

Introduction to databases, MYSQL, MS ACCESS, Pharmacy Drug database

UNIT – III **06 hours**

Application of computers in Pharmacy – Drug information storage and retrieval, Pharmacokinetics, Mathematical model in Drug design, Hospital and Clinical Pharmacy, Electronic Prescribing and discharge (EP) systems, barcode medicine identification and automated dispensing of drugs, mobile technology and adherence monitoring

Diagnostic System, Lab-diagnostic System, Patient Monitoring System, Pharma Information System

UNIT – IV **06 hours**

Bioinformatics: Introduction, Objective of Bioinformatics, Bioinformatics Databases, Concept of Bioinformatics, Impact of Bioinformatics in Vaccine Discovery

UNIT-V **06 hours**

Computers as data analysis in Preclinical development:
Chromatographic dada analysis(CDS), Laboratory Information management System (LIMS) and Text Information Management System(TIMS)

BP210P. COMPUTER APPLICATIONS IN PHARMACY (Practical)

1. Design a questionnaire using a word processing package to gather information about a particular disease.
2. Create a HTML web page to show personal information.
3 Retrieve the information of a drug and its adverse effects using online tools
4 Creating mailing labels Using Label Wizard , generating label in MS WORD
5 Create a database in MS Access to store the patient information with the required fields Using access
6. Design a form in MS Access to view, add, delete and modify the patient record in the database
7. Generating report and printing the report from patient database
8. Creating invoice table using – MS Access
9. Drug information storage and retrieval using MS Access
10. Creating and working with queries in MS Access
11. Exporting Tables, Queries, Forms and Reports to web pages
12. Exporting Tables, Queries, Forms and Reports to XML pages

Recommended books (Latest edition):

1. Computer Application in Pharmacy – William E.Fassett –Lea and Febiger, 600 South Washington Square, USA, (215) 922-1330.
2. Computer Application in Pharmaceutical Research and Development –Sean Ekins – Wiley-Interscience, A John Willey and Sons, INC., Publication, USA
3. Bioinformatics (Concept, Skills and Applications) – S.C.Rastogi-CBS Publishers and Distributors, 4596/1- A, 11 Darya Gani, New Delhi – 110 002(INDIA)
4. Microsoft office Access - 2003, Application Development Using VBA, SQL Server, DAP and Infopath – Cary N.Prague – Wiley Dreamtech India (P) Ltd., 4435/7, Ansari Road, Daryagani, New Delhi - 110002

BP 206 T. ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCES (Theory)

30 hours

Scope: Environmental Sciences is the scientific study of the environmental system and the status of its inherent or induced changes on organisms. It includes not only the study of physical and biological characters of the environment but also the social and cultural factors and the impact of man on environment.

Objectives: Upon completion of the course the student shall be able to**:**

1. Create the awareness about environmental problems among learners.
2. Impart basic knowledge about the environment and its allied problems.
3. Develop an attitude of concern for the environment.
4. Motivate learner to participate in environment protection and environment improvement.
5. Acquire skills to help the concerned individuals in identifying and solving environmental problems.
6. Strive to attain harmony with Nature.

Course content:

Unit-I **10hours**

The Multidisciplinary nature of environmental studies

Natural Resources

Renewable and non-renewable resources:

Natural resources and associated problems

a) Forest resources; b) Water resources; c) Mineral resources; d) Food resources; e) Energy resources; f) Land resources: Role of an individual in conservation of natural resources.

Unit-II **10hours**

Ecosystems

- Concept of an ecosystem.
- Structure and function of an ecosystem.
- Introduction, types, characteristic features, structure and function of the ecosystems: Forest ecosystem; Grassland ecosystem; Desert ecosystem; Aquatic ecosystems (ponds, streams, lakes, rivers, oceans, estuaries)

Unit- III **10hours**

Environmental Pollution: Air pollution; Water pollution; Soil pollution

Recommended Books (Latest edition):

1. Y.K. Sing, Environmental Science, New Age International Pvt, Publishers, Bangalore
2. Agarwal, K.C. 2001 Environmental Biology, Nidi Publ. Ltd. Bikaner.
3. Bharucha Erach, The Biodiversity of India, Mapin Pu blishing Pvt. Ltd., Ahmedabad – 380 013, India,
4. Brunner R.C., 1989, Hazardous Waste Incineration, McGraw Hill Inc. 480p
5. Clark R.S., Marine Pollution, Clanderson Press Oxford
6. Cunningham, W.P. Cooper, T.H. Gorhani, E & Hepworth, M.T. 2001, Environmental Encyclopedia, Jaico Publ. House, Mumbai, 1196p
7. De A.K., Environmental Chemistry, Wiley Eastern Ltd.
8. Down of Earth, Centre for Science and Environment

SAVITRIBAI PHULE PUNE UNIVERSITY

FACULTY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

RULES & SYLLABUS

FIRST YEAR MASTER OF PHARMACY (M. Pharm.) COURSE

(EFFECTIVE FROM ACADEMIC YEAR 2018-2019)

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CHAPTER –I:REGULATIONS

1. Short Title and Commencement

These regulations shall be called as "The Revised Regulations for the Master of Pharmacy (M. Pharm.)Degree Program - Credit Based Semester System (CBSS) of the Pharmacy Council of India, New Delhi". They shall come into effect from the Academic Year 2016-17. The regulations framed are subject to modifications from time to time by the authorities of the university.

2. Minimum qualification for admission

A Pass in the following examinations

a) B. Pharm Degree examination of an Indian university established by law in India from an institution approved by Pharmacy Council of India and has scored not less than 55 % of the maximum marks (aggregate of 4 years of B.Pharm.)

b) Every student, selected for admission to post graduate pharmacy program in any PCI approved institution should have obtained registration with the State Pharmacy Council or should obtain the same within one month from the date of his/her admission, failing which the admission of the candidate shall be cancelled.

Note: It is mandatory to submit a migration certificate obtained from the respective university where the candidate had passed his/her qualifying degree (B.Pharm.)

3. Duration of the program

The program of study for M.Pharm. shall extend over a period of four semesters (two academic years). The curricula and syllabi for the program shall be prescribed from time to time by Phamacy Council of India, New Delhi.

4. Medium of instruction and examinations

Medium of instruction and examination shall be in English.

5. Working days in each semester

Each semestershall consist of not less than 100 working days. The odd semesters shall be conducted from the month of June/July to November/December and the even semesters shall be conducted from the month of December/January to May/June in every calendar year.

6. Attendance and progress

A candidate is required to put in at least 80% attendance in individual courses considering theory and practical separately. The candidate shall complete the prescribed course satisfactorily to be eligible to appear for the respective examinations.

7. Program/Course credit structure

As per the philosophy of Credit Based Semester System, certain quantum of academic work viz. theory classes, practical classes, seminars, assignments, etc. are measured in terms of credits. On satisfactory completion of the courses, a candidate earns credits. The amount of credit associated with a course is dependent upon the number of hours of instruction per week in that course. Similarly the credit associated with any of the other academic, co/extra-curricular activities is dependent upon the quantum of work expected to be put in for each of these activities per week/per activity.

7.1. Credit assignment

7.1.1. Theory and Laboratory courses

Courses are broadly classified as Theory and Practical. Theory courses consist of lecture (L) and Practical (P) courses consist of hours spent in the laboratory. Credits (C) for a course is dependent on the number of hours of instruction per week in that course, and is obtained by using a multiplier of one (1) for lecture and a multiplier of half (1/2) for practical (laboratory) hours.Thus, for example, a theory course having four lectures per week throughout the semester carries a credit of 4. Similarly, a practical having four laboratory hours per week throughout semester carries a credit of 2.

The contact hours of seminars, assignments and research work shall be treated as that of practical courses for the purpose of calculating credits. i.e., the contact hours shall be multiplied by 1/2. Similarly, the contact hours of journal club, research work presentations and discussions with the supervisor shall be considered as theory course and multiplied by 1.

7.2. Minimum credit requirements

The minimum credit points required for the award of M. Pharm. degree is 95. However based on the credit points earned by the students under the head of co-curricular activities, a student shall earn a maximum of 100 credit points. These credits are divided into Theory courses, Practical, Seminars, Assignments,Research work, Discussions with the supervisor, Journal club and Co-Curricular activities over the duration of four semesters. The credits

are distributed semester-wise as shown in Table 14. Courses generally progress in sequence, building competencies and their positioning indicates certain academic maturity on the part of the learners. Learners are expected to follow the semester-wise schedule of courses given in the syllabus.

8. Academic work

A regular record of attendance both in Theory, Practical, Seminar, Assignment, Journal club, Discussion with the supervisor, Research work presentation and Dissertation shall be maintained by the department / teaching staff of respective courses.

9. Course of study

The specializations in M.Pharm program is given in Table 1.

Table – 1: List of M.Pharm. Specializations and their Code

S. No.	Specialization	Code
1.	Pharmaceutics	MPH
2.	Industrial Pharmacy	MIP
3.	Pharmaceutical Chemistry	MPC
4.	Pharmaceutical Analysis	MPA
5.	Pharmaceutical Quality Assurance	MQA
6.	Pharmaceutical Regulatory Affairs	MRA
7.	Pharmaceutical Biotechnology	MPB
8.	Pharmacy Practice	MPP
9.	Pharmacology	MPL
10.	Pharmacognosy	MPG

The course of study for M.Pharm specializations shall include Semester wise Theory & Practical as given in Table – 2 to 11. The number of hours to be devoted to each theory and practical course in any semester shall not be less than that shown in Table – 2 to 11.

Table – 2: Course of study for M. Pharm. (Pharmaceutics)

Course Code	Course	Credit Hours	Credit Points	Hrs./wk	Marks
Semester I					
MPH101T	Modern Pharmaceutical Analytical Techniques	4	4	4	100
MPH102T	Drug Delivery System	4	4	4	100
MPH103T	Modern Pharmaceutics	4	4	4	100
MPH104T	Regulatory Affair	4	4	4	100
MPH105P	Pharmaceutics Practical I	12	6	12	150
-	Seminar/Assignment	7	4	7	100
Total		35	26	35	650
Semester II					
MPH201T	Molecular Pharmaceutics (Nano Tech and Targeted DDS)	4	4	4	100
MPH202T	Advanced Biopharmaceutics & Pharmacokinetics	4	4	4	100
MPH203T	Computer Aided Drug Delivery System	4	4	4	100
MPH204T	Cosmetic and Cosmeceuticals	4	4	4	100
MPH205P	Pharmaceutics Practical II	12	6	12	150
-	Seminar/Assignment	7	4	7	100
	Total	35	26	35	650

Table – 3: Course of study for M. Pharm. (Industrial Pharmacy)

Course Code	Course	Credit Hours	Credit Points	Hrs./wk	Marks
Semester I					
MIP101T	Modern Pharmaceutical Analytical Techniques	4	4	4	100
MIP102T	Pharmaceutical Formulation Development	4	4	4	100
MIP103T	Novel drug delivery systems	4	4	4	100
MIP104T	Intellectual Property Rights	4	4	4	100
MIP105P	Industrial Pharmacy Practical I	12	6	12	150
-	Seminar/Assignment	7	4	7	100
Total		35	26	35	650
Semester II					
MIP201T	Advanced Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics	4	4	4	100
MIP202T	Scale up and Technology Transfer	4	4	4	100
MIP203T	Pharmaceutical Production Technology	4	4	4	100
MIP204T	Entrepreneurship Management	4	4	4	100
MIP205P	Industrial Pharmacy Practical II	12	6	12	150
-	Seminar/Assignment	7	4	7	100
	Total	35	26	35	650

Table – 4: Course of study for M. Pharm. (Pharmaceutical Chemistry)

Course Code	Course	Credit Hours	Credit Points	Hrs./wk	Marks
Semester I					
MPC101T	Modern Pharmaceutical Analytical Techniques	4	4	4	100
MPC1012T	Advanced Organic Chemistry -I	4	4	4	100
MPC103T	Advanced Medicinal chemistry	4	4	4	100
MPC104T	Chemistry of Natural Products	4	4	4	100
MPC105P	Pharmaceutical Chemistry Practical I	12	6	12	150
-	Seminar/Assignment	7	4	7	100
	Total	35	26	35	650
Semester II					
MPC201T	Advanced Spectral Analysis	4	4	4	100
MPC202T	Advanced Organic Chemistry -II	4	4	4	100
MPC203T	Computer Aided Drug Design	4	4	4	100
MPC204T	Pharmaceutical Process Chemistry	4	4	4	100
MPC205P	Pharmaceutical Chemistry Practical II	12	6	12	150
-	Seminar/Assignment	7	4	7	100
	Total	35	26	35	650

Table – 5: Course of study for M. Pharm. (Pharmaceutical Analysis)

Course Code	Course	Credit Hours	Credit Points	Hrs./wk	Marks
Semester I					
MPA101T	Modern Pharmaceutical Analytical Techniques	4	4	4	100
MPA102T	Advanced Pharmaceutical Analysis	4	4	4	100
MPA103T	Pharmaceutical Validation	4	4	4	100
MPA104T	Food Analysis	4	4	4	100
MPA105P	Pharmaceutical Analysis Practical I	12	6	12	150
-	Seminar/Assignment	7	4	7	100
Total		35	26	35	650
Semester II					
MPA201T	Advanced Instrumental Analysis	4	4	4	100
MPA202T	Modern Bio-Analytical Techniques	4	4	4	100
MPA203T	Quality Control and Quality Assurance	4	4	4	100
MPA204T	Herbal and Cosmetic Analysis	4	4	4	100
MPA205P	Pharmaceutical Analysis Practical II	12	6	12	150
-	Seminar/Assignment	7	4	7	100
	Total	35	26	35	650

Table – 6: Course of study for M. Pharm. (Pharmaceutical Quality Assurance)

Course Code	Course	Credit Hours	Credit Points	Hrs./wk	Marks
Semester I					
MQA101T	Modern Pharmaceutical Analytical Techniques	4	4	4	100
MQA102T	Quality Management System	4	4	4	100
MQA103T	Quality Control and Quality Assurance	4	4	4	100
MQA104T	Product Development and Technology Transfer	4	4	4	100
MQA105P	Pharmaceutical Quality Assurance Practical I	12	6	12	150
-	Seminar/Assignment	7	4	7	100
Total		35	26	35	650
Semester II					
MQA201T	Hazards and Safety Management	4	4	4	100
MQA202T	Pharmaceutical Validation	4	4	4	100
MQA203T	Audits and Regulatory Compliance	4	4	4	100
MQA204T	Pharmaceutical Manufacturing Technology	4	4	4	100
MQA205P	Pharmaceutical Quality Assurance Practical II	12	6	12	150
-	Seminar/Assignment	7	4	7	100
	Total	35	26	35	650

Table – 7: Course of study for M. Pharm. (Regulatory Affairs)

Course Code	Course	Credit Hours	Credit Points	Hrs./ wk	Marks
Semester I					
MRA 101T	Good Regulatory Practices	4	4	4	100
MRA 102T	Documentation and Regulatory Writing	4	4	4	100
MRA 103T	Clinical Research Regulations	4	4	4	100
MRA 104T	Regulations and Legislation for Drugs & Cosmetics, Medical Devices, Biologicals & Herbals, and Food & Nutraceuticals In India and Intellectual Property Rights	4	4	4	100
MRA 105P	Regulatory Affairs Practical I	12	6	12	150
	Seminar/Assignment	7	4	7	100
	Total	35	26	35	650
Semester II					
MRA 201T	Regulatory Aspects of Drugs & Cosmetics	4	4	4	100
MRA 202T	Regulatory Aspects of Herbal & Biologicals	4	4	4	100
MRA 203T	Regulatory Aspects of Medical Devices	4	4	4	100
MRA 204T	Regulatory Aspects of Food & Nutraceuticals	4	4	4	100
MRA 205P	Regulatory Affairs Practical II	12	6	12	150
	Seminar/Assignment	7	4	7	100
	Total	35	26	35	650

Table – 8: Course of study for M. Pharm. (Pharmaceutical Biotechnology)

Course Code	Course	Credit Hours	Credit Points	Hrs./wk	Marks
Semester I					
MPB 101T	Modern Pharmaceutical Analytical Techniques	4	4	4	100
MPB 102T	Microbial And Cellular Biology	4	4	4	100
MPB 103T	Bioprocess Engineering and Technology	4	4	4	100
MPB 104T	Advanced Pharmaceutical Biotechnology	4	4	4	100
MPB 105P	Pharmaceutical Biotechnology Practical I	12	6	12	150
-	Seminar/Assignment	7	4	7	100
Total		35	26	35	650
Semester II					
MPB 201T	Proteins and protein Formulation	4	4	4	100
MPB 202T	Immunotechnology	4	4	4	100
MPB 203T	Bioinformatics and Computer Technology	4	4	4	100
MPB 204T	Biological Evaluation of Drug Therapy	4	4	4	100
MPB 205P	Pharmaceutical Biotechnology Practical II	12	6	12	150
-	Seminar/Assignment	7	4	7	100
	Total	35	26	35	650

Table – 9: Course of study for M. Pharm. (Pharmacy Practice)

Course Code	Course	Credit Hours	Credit Points	Hrs./wk	Marks
Semester I					
MPP 101T	Clinical Pharmacy Practice	4	4	4	100
MPP 102T	Pharmacotherapeutics-I	4	4	4	100
MPP 103T	Hospital & Community Pharmacy	4	4	4	100
MPP 104T	Clinical Research	4	4	4	100
MPP 105P	Pharmacy Practice Practical I	12	6	12	150
-	Seminar/Assignment	7	4	7	100
Total		35	26	35	650
Semester II					
MPP 201T	Principles of Quality Use of Medicines	4	4	4	100
MPP 102T	Pharmacotherapeutics II	4	4	4	100
MPP 203T	Clinical Pharmacokinetics and Therapeutic Drug Monitoring	4	4	4	100
MPP 204T	Pharmacoepidemiology & Pharmacoeconomics	4	4	4	100
MPP 205P	Pharmacy Practice Practical II	12	6	12	150
-	Seminar/Assignment	7	4	7	100
	Total	35	26	35	650

Table – 10: Course of study for (Pharmacology)

Course Code	Course	Credit Hours	Credit Points	Hrs./wk	Marks
Semester I					
MPL 101T	Modern Pharmaceutical Analytical Techniques	4	4	4	100
MPL 102T	Advanced Pharmacology-I	4	4	4	100
MPL 103T	Pharmacological and Toxicological Screening Methods-I	4	4	4	100
MPL 104T	Cellular and Molecular Pharmacology	4	4	4	100
MPL 105P	Pharmacology Practical I	12	6	12	150
-	Seminar/Assignment	7	4	7	100
Total		35	26	35	650
Semester II					
MPL 201T	Advanced Pharmacology II	4	4	4	100
MPL 202T	Pharmacological and Toxicological Screening Methods-II	4	4	4	100
MPL 203T	Principles of Drug Discovery	4	4	4	100
MPL 204T	Experimental Pharmacology practical- II	4	4	4	100
MPL 205P	Pharmacology Practical II	12	6	12	150
-	Seminar/Assignment	7	4	7	100
	Total	35	26	35	650

Table – 11: Course of study for M. Pharm. (Pharmacognosy)

Course Code	Course	Credit Hours	Credit Points	Hrs./wk	Marks
Semester I					
MPG101T	Modern Pharmaceutical Analytical Techniques	4	4	4	100
MPG102T	Advanced Pharmacognosy-1	4	4	4	100
MPG103T	Phytochemistry	4	4	4	100
MPG104T	Industrial Pharmacognostical Technology	4	4	4	100
MPG105P	Pharmacognosy Practical I	12	6	12	150
-	Seminar/Assignment	7	4	7	100
Total		35	26	35	650
Semester II					
MPG201T	Medicinal Plant biotechnology	4	4	4	100
MPG102T	Advanced Pharmacognosy-II	4	4	4	100
MPG203T	Indian system of medicine	4	4	4	100
MPG204T	Herbal cosmetics	4	4	4	100
MPG205P	Pharmacognosy Practical II	12	6	12	150
-	Seminar/Assignment	7	4	7	100
	Total	35	26	35	650

Table – 12: Course of study for M. Pharm. III Semester
(Common for All Specializations)

Course Code	Course	Credit Hours	Credit Points
MRM 301T	Research Methodology and Biostatistics*	4	4
-	Journal club	1	1
-	Discussion / Presentation (Proposal Presentation)	2	2
-	Research Work	28	14
Total		35	21

* Non University Exam

Table – 13: Course of study for M. Pharm. IV Semester
(Common for All Specializations)

Course Code	Course	Credit Hours	Credit Points
-	Journal Club	1	1
-	Research Work	31	16
-	Discussion/Final Presentation	3	3
Total		35	20

Table – 14: Semester wise credits distribution

Semester	Credit Points
I	26
II	26
III	21
IV	20
Co-curricular Activities (Attending Conference, Scientific Presentations and Other Scholarly Activities)	Minimum=02 Maximum=07*
Total Credit Points	Minimum=95 Maximum=100*

*Credit Points for Co-curricular Activities

Table – 15: Guidelines for Awarding Credit Points for Co-curricular Activities

Name of the Activity	Maximum Credit Points Eligible / Activity
Participation in National Level Seminar/Conference/Workshop/Symposium/ Training Programs (related to the specialization of the student)	01
Participation in international Level Seminar/Conference/Workshop/Symposium/ Training Programs (related to the specialization of the student)	02
Academic Award/Research Award from State Level/National Agencies	01
Academic Award/Research Award from International Agencies	02
Research / Review Publication in National Journals (Indexed in Scopus / Web of Science)	01
Research / Review Publication in International Journals (Indexed in Scopus / Web of Science)	02

Note: International Conference: Held Outside India

International Journal: The Editorial Board Outside India

*The credit points assigned for extracurricular and or co-curricular activities shall be given by the Principals of the colleges and the same shall be submitted to the University. The criteria to acquire this credit point shall be defined by the colleges from time to time.

10. Program Committee

1. The M. Pharm. programme shall have a Programme Committee constituted by the Head of the institution in consultation with all the Heads of the departments.

2. The composition of the Programme Committee shall be as follows:
A teacher at the cadre of Professor shall be the Chairperson; One Teacher from eachM.Pharm specialization and four student representatives (two from each academic year), nominated by the Head of the institution.

3. Duties of the Programme Committee:
   i. Periodically reviewing the progress of the classes.
   ii. Discussing the problems concerning curriculum, syllabus and the conduct of classes.
   iii. Discussing with the course teachers on the nature and scope of assessment for the course and the same shall be announced to the students at the beginning of respective semesters.

iv. Communicating its recommendation to the Head of the institution on academic matters.

v. The Programme Committee shall meet at least twice in a semester preferably at the end of each sessionalexam and before the end semester exam.

11. Examinations/Assessments

The schemes for internal assessment and end semester examinations are given in Table – 16.

11.1. End semester examinations

The End Semester Examinations for each theory and practical coursethrough semesters I to IVshall beconducted by the respective university except for the subject with asterix symbol (*) in table I and II for which examinations shall be conducted by the subject experts at college level and the marks/grades shall be submitted to the university.

Tables – 1616 : Schemes for internal assessments and end semester

(Pharmaceutics- MPH)

Course Code	Course	Internal Assessment				End Semester Exams		Total Marks
		Continuous Mode	Sessional Exams		Total	Marks	Duration	
			Marks	Duration				
SEMESTER I								
MPH 101T	Modern Pharmaceutical Analytical Techniques	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPH 102T	Drug Delivery System	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPH 103T	Modern Pharmaceutics	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPH 104T	Regulatory Affair	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPH 105P	Pharmaceutics Practical I	20	30	6 Hrs	50	100	6 Hrs	150
-	Seminar /Assignment	-	-	-	-	-	-	100
Total								650
SEMESTER II								
MPH 201T	Molecular Pharmaceutics(Nano Tech and Targeted DDS)	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPH 202T	Advanced Biopharmaceutics & Pharmacokinetics	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPH 203T	Computer Aided Drug Delivery System	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPH	Cosmetic	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100

204T	and Cosmeceuticals							
MPH 205P	Pharmaceutics Practical I	20	30	6 Hrs	50	100	6 Hrs	150
-	Seminar /Assignment	-	-	-	-	-	-	100
Total								650

Tables – 1717 : Schemes for internal assessments and end semester
(Industrial Pharmacy- MIP)

Course Code	Course	Internal Assessment				End Semester Exams		Total Marks
		Continuous Mode	Sessional Exams		Total	Marks	Duration	
			Marks	Duration				
SEMESTER I								
MIP101T	Modern Pharmaceutical Analytical Techniques	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MIP102T	Pharmaceutical Formulation Development	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MIP103T	Novel drug delivery systems	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MIP104T	Intellectual Property Rights	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MIP105P	Industrial Pharmacy Practical I	20	30	6 Hrs	50	100	6 Hrs	150
-	Seminar /Assignment	-	-	-	-	-	-	100
Total								650
SEMESTER II								
MIP201T	Advanced Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MIP202T	Scale up and Technology Transfer	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MIP203T	Pharmaceutical Production Technology	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MIP204T	Entrepreneurship Management	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100

MIP205P	Industrial Pharmacy Practical II	20	30	6 Hrs	50	100	6 Hrs	150
-	Seminar /Assignment	-	-	-	-	-	-	100
Total								650

(Pharmaceutical Chemistry-MPC)

Course Code	Course	Internal Assessment				End Semester Exams		Total Marks
		Continuous Mode	Sessional Exams		Total	Marks	Duration	
			Marks	Duration				
SEMESTER I								
MPC101T	Modern Pharmaceutical Analytical Techniques	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPC102T	Advanced Organic Chemistry -I	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPC103T	Advanced Medicinal chemistry	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPC104T	Chemistry of Natural Products	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPC105P	Pharmaceutical Chemistry Practical I	20	30	6 Hrs	50	100	6 Hrs	150
-	Seminar /Assignment	-	-	-	-	-	-	100
Total								650
SEMESTER II								
MPC201T	Advanced Spectral Analysis	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPC202T	Advanced Organic Chemistry -II	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPC203T	Computer Aided Drug Design	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPC204T	Pharmaceutical Process Chemistry	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPC205P	Pharmaceutic	20	30	6 Hrs	50	100	6	150

	al Chemistry Practical II						Hrs	
-	Seminar /Assignment	-	-	-	-	-	-	100
Total								650

Tables – 19: Schemes for internal assessments and end semester examinations (Pharmaceutical Analysis-MPA)

Course Code	Course	Internal Assessment				End Semester Exams		Total Marks
		Continuous Mode	Sessional Exams		Total	Marks	Duration	
			Marks	Duration				
SEMESTER I								
MPA101T	Modern Pharmaceutical Analysis	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPA102T	Advanced Pharmaceutical Analysis	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPA103T	Pharmaceutical Validation	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPA104T	Food Analysis	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPA105P	Pharmaceutical Analysis-I	20	30	6 Hrs	50	100	6 Hrs	150
-	Seminar /Assignment	-	-	-	-	-	-	100
Total								650
SEMESTER II								
MPA201T	Advanced Instrumental Analysis	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPA202T	Modern Bio-Analytical Techniques	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPA203T	Quality Control and Quality	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100

	Assurance							
MPA204T	Herbal and Cosmetic analysis	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPA205P	Pharmaceutical Analysis-II	20	30	6 Hrs	50	100	6 Hrs	150
-	Seminar /Assignment	-	-	-	-	-	-	100
Total								650

Tables – 20: Schemes for internal assessments and end semester examinations (Pharmaceutical Quality Assurance-MQA)

Course Code	Course	Internal Assessment				End Semester Exams		Total Marks
		Continuous Mode	Sessional Exams		Total	Marks	Duration	
			Marks	Duration				
SEMESTER I								
MQA101T	Modern Pharmaceutical Analytical Techniques	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MQA102T	Quality Management System	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MQA103T	Quality Control and Quality Assurance	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MQA104T	Product Development and Technology Transfer	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MQA105P	Pharmaceutical Quality Assurance Practical I	20	30	6 Hrs	50	100	6 Hrs	150
-	Seminar /Assignment	-	-	-	-	-	-	100
Total								650
SEMESTER II								
MQA201T	Hazards and Safety Management	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MQA202T	Pharmaceutical Validation	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MQA203T	Audits and Regulatory Compliance	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MQA204T	Pharmaceutical Manufacturing Technology	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MQA205P	Pharmaceutical Quality Assurance Practical II	20	30	6 Hrs	50	100	6 Hrs	150
-	Seminar /Assignment	-	-	-	-	-	-	100
Total								650

Tables – 21: Schemes for internal assessments and end semester examinations (Pharmaceutical Regulatory Affairs-MRA)

Course Code	Course	Internal Assessment				End Semester Exams		Total Marks
		Continuous Mode	Sessional Exams		Total	Marks	Duration	
			Marks	Duration				
SEMESTER I								
MRA101T	Good Pharmaceutical Practices	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MRA102T	Documentation and Regulatory Writing	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MRA103T	Clinical Research Regulations	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MRA104T	Regulations and Legislation for Drugs & Cosmetics, Medical Devices, Biologicals & Herbals, and Food & Nutraceuticals In India and Intellectual Property Rights	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MRA105T	Pharmaceutical Regulatory Affairs Practical I	20	30	6 Hrs	50	100	6 Hrs	150
-	Seminar /Assignment	-	-	-	-	-	-	100
Total								650
SEMESTER II								
MRA201T	Regulatory Aspects of Drugs & Cosmetics	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100

MRA202T	Regulatory Aspects of Herbal & Biologicals	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MRA203T	Regulatory Aspects of Medical Devices	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MRA204T	Regulatory Aspects of Food & Nutraceuticals	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MRA205P	Pharmaceutical Regulatory Affairs Practical II	20	30	6 Hrs	50	100	6 Hrs	150
-	Seminar /Assignment	-	-	-	-	-	-	100
Total								650

Tables – 22: Schemes for internal assessments and end semester examinations (Pharmaceutical Biotechnology-MPB)

Course Code	Course	Internal Assessment				End Semester Exams		Total Marks
		Continuous Mode	Sessional Exams		Total	Marks	Duration	
			Marks	Duration				
SEMESTER I								
MPB101T	Modern Pharmaceutical Analytical Techniques	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPB102T	Microbial And Cellular Biology	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPB103T	Bioprocess Engineering and Technology	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPB104T	Advanced Pharmaceutical Biotechnology	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPB105P	Pharmaceutical Biotechnology Practical I	20	30	6 Hrs	50	100	6 Hrs	150
-	Seminar /Assignment	-	-	-	-	-	-	100
Total								650
SEMESTER II								
MPB201T	Proteins and protein Formulation	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPB202T	Immunotechnology	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPB203T	Bioinformatics and Computer Technology	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPB204T	Biological Evaluation of Drug Therapy	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPB205P	Pharmaceutical Biotechnology Practical II	20	30	6 Hrs	50	100	6 Hrs	150
-	Seminar /Assignment	-	-	-	-	-	-	100
Total								650

Tables – 23: Schemes for internal assessments and end semester examinations (Pharmacy Practice-MPP)

Course Code	Course	Internal Assessment				End Semester Exams		Total Marks
		Continuous Mode	Sessional Exams		Total	Marks	Duration	
			Marks	Duration				
SEMESTER I								
MPP101T	Clinical Pharmacy Practice	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPP102T	Pharmacotherapeutics-I	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPP103T	Hospital & Community Pharmacy	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPP104T	Clinical Research	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPP105P	Pharmacy Practice Practical I	20	30	6 Hrs	50	100	6 Hrs	150
-	Seminar /Assignment	-	-	-	-	-	-	100
Total								650
SEMESTER II								
MPP201T	Principles of Quality Use of Medicines	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPP102T	Pharmacotherapeutics II	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPP203T	Clinical Pharmacokinetics and Therapeutic Drug Monitoring	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPP204T	Pharmacoepidemiology & Pharmacoeconomics	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPP205P	Pharmacy Practice Practical II	20	30	6 Hrs	50	100	6 Hrs	150
-	Seminar /Assignment	-	-	-	-	-	-	100
Total								650

Tables – 24: Schemes for internal assessments and end semester examinations (Pharmacology-MPL)

Course Code	Course	Internal Assessment				End Semester Exams		Total Marks
		Continuous Mode	Sessional Exams		Total	Marks	Duration	
			Marks	Duration				
SEMESTER I								
MPL101T	Modern Pharmaceutical Analytical Techniques	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPL102T	Advanced Pharmacology-I	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPL103T	Pharmacological and Toxicological Screening Methods-I	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPL104T	Cellular and Molecular Pharmacology	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPL105P	Experimental Pharmacology - I	20	30	6 Hrs	50	100	6 Hrs	150
-	Seminar /Assignment	-	-	-	-	-	-	100
Total								650
SEMESTER II								
MPL201T	Advanced Pharmacology II	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPL102T	Pharmacological and Toxicological Screening Methods-II	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPL203T	Principles of Drug Discovery	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPL204T	Clinical research and pharmacovigilance	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPL205P	Experimental Pharmacology - II	20	30	6 Hrs	50	100	6 Hrs	150
-	Seminar /Assignment	-	-	-	-	-	-	100
Total								650

Tables – 25: Schemes for internal assessments and end semester examinations (Pharmacognosy-MPG)

Course Code	Course	Internal Assessment				End Semester Exams		Total Marks
		Continuous Mode	Sessional Exams		Total	Marks	Duration	
			Marks	Duration				
SEMESTER I								
MPG101T	Modern Pharmaceutical Analytical Techniques	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPG102T	Advanced Pharmacognosy-1	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPG103T	Phytochemistry	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPG104T	Industrial Pharmacognostical Technology	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPG105P	Pharmacognosy Practical I	20	30	6 Hrs	50	100	6 Hrs	150
-	Seminar /Assignment	-	-	-	-	-	-	100
Total								650
SEMESTER II								
MPG201T	Medicinal Plant biotechnology	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPG102T	Advanced Pharmacognosy-II	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPG203T	Indian system of medicine	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPG204T	Herbal cosmetics	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPG205P	Pharmacognosy Practical II	20	30	6 Hrs	50	100	6 Hrs	150
-	Seminar /Assignment	-	-	-	-	-	-	100
Total								650

Tables – 26: Schemes for internal assessments and end semester examinations (Semester III& IV)

Course Code	Course	Internal Assessment				End Semester Exams		Total Marks
		Continuous Mode	Sessional Exams		Total	Marks	Duration	
			Marks	Duration				
SEMESTER III								
MRM301T	Research Methodology and Biostatistics*	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
-	Journal club	-	-	-	25	-	-	25
-	Discussion / Presentation (Proposal Presentation)	-	-	-	50	-	-	50
-	Research work*	-	-	-	-	350	1 Hr	350
Total								525
SEMESTER IV								
-	Journal club	-	-	-	25	-	-	25
-	Discussion / Presentation (Proposal Presentation)	-	-	-	75	-	-	75
-	Research work and Colloquium	-	-	-	-	400	1 Hr	400
Total								500

*Non University Examination

11.2. Internal assessment: Continuous mode

The marks allocated for Continuous mode of Internal Assessment shall be awarded as per the scheme given below.

Table – 27: Scheme for awarding internal assessment: Continuous mode

Theory	
Criteria	Maximum Marks
Attendance (Refer Table – 28)	8
Student – Teacher interaction	2
Total	10
Practical	
Attendance (Refer Table – 28	10
Based on Practical Records, Regular viva voce, etc.	10
Total	20

Table – 28: Guidelines for the allotment of marks for attendance

Percentage of Attendance	Theory	Practical
95 – 100	8	10
90 – 94	6	7.5
85 – 89	4	5
80 – 84	2	2.5
Less than 80	0	0

11.2.1. Sessional Exams

Two sessional exams shall be conducted for each theory / practical course as per the schedule fixed by the college(s). The scheme of question paper for theory and practical sessional examinations is given in the table. The average marks of two sessional exams shall be computed for internal assessment as per the requirements given in tables.

12. Promotion and award of grades

A student shall be declared PASS and eligible for getting grade in a course of M.Pharm.programme if he/she secures at least 50% marks in that particular courseincluding internal assessment.

13. Carry forward of marks

In case a student fails to secure the minimum 50% in any Theory or Practical course as specified in 12, then he/she shall reappear for the end semester examination of that course. However his/her marks of the Internal Assessment shall be carried over and he/she shall be entitled for grade obtained by him/her on passing.

14. Improvement of internal assessment

A student shall have the opportunity to improve his/her performance only once in the sessional exam component of the internal assessment. The re-conduct of the sessional exam shall be completed before the commencement of next end semester theory examinations.

15. Reexamination of end semester examinations

Reexamination of end semester examination shall be conducted as per the schedule given in table 29. The exact dates of examinations shall be notified from time to time.

Table – 29: Tentative schedule of end semester examinations

Semester	For Regular Candidates	For Failed Candidates
I and III	November / December	May / June
II and IV	May / June	November / December

16. Allowed to keep terms (ATKT):

No student shall be admitted to any examination unless he/she fulfills the norms given in 6. ATKT rules are applicable as follows:

A student shall be eligible to carry forward all the courses of I and IIsemesters till the III semester examinations. However, he/she shall not be eligible to attend the courses of IV semester until all the courses of I, II and III semesters are successfully completed.

A student shall be eligible to get his/her CGPA upon successful completion of the courses of I to IV semesters within the stipulated time period as per the norms.

Note: Grade AB should be considered as failed and treated as one head for deciding ATKT. Such rules are also applicable for those students who fail to register for examination(s) of any course in any semester.

17. Grading of performances

17.1. Letter grades and grade points allocations:

Based on the performances, each student shall be awarded a final letter grade at the end of the semester for each course.The letter grades and their corresponding grade points are given in Table – 30.

Table – 30: Letter grades and grade points equivalent to Percentage of marks and performances

Percentage of Marks Obtained	Letter Grade	Grade Point	Performance
90.00 – 100	O	10	Outstanding
80.00 – 89.99	A	9	Excellent
70.00 – 79.99	B	8	Good
60.00 – 69.99	C	7	Fair
50.00 – 59.99	D	6	Average
Less than 50	F	0	Fail
Absent	AB	0	Fail

A learner who remains absent for any end semester examination shall be assigned a letter grade of AB and a corresponding grade point of zero. He/she should reappear for the said evaluation/examination in due course.

18. The Semester grade point average (SGPA)

The performance of a student in a semester is indicated by a number called 'Semester Grade Point Average' (SGPA). The SGPA is the weighted average of the grade points obtainedin all the courses by the student during the semester. For example, if a student takes five courses (Theory/Practical) in a semester with credits C1, C2, C3 and C4 and the student's grade points in these courses are G1, G2, G3 and G4, respectively, and then students' SGPA is equal to:

$$SGPA = \frac{C_1G_1 + C_2G_2 + C_3G_3 + C_4G_4}{C_1 + C_2 + C_3 + C_4}$$

The SGPA is calculated to two decimal points. It should be noted that, the SGPA for any semester shall take into consideration the F and ABS grade awarded in that semester. For example if a learner has a F or ABS grade in course 4, theSGPA shall then be computed as:

$$SGPA = \frac{C_1G_1 + C_2G_2 + C_3G_3 + C_4 * ZERO}{C_1 + C_2 + C_3 + C_4}$$

19. Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA)

The CGPA is calculated with the SGPA of all the IV semesters to two decimal points and is indicated in final grade report card/final transcript showing the grades of all IV semesters and their courses. The CGPA shall reflect the failed statusin case of F grade(s), till the course(s) is/are passed. When the course(s) is/are passedby obtaining a pass grade on subsequent examination(s) theCGPA

shall only reflect the new grade and not the fail grades earned earlier.The CGPA is calculated as:

$$CGPA = \frac{C_1S_1 + C_2S_2 + C_3S_3 + C_4S_4}{C_1 + C_2 + C_3 + C_4}$$

where C_1, C_2, C_3,.... is the total number of credits for semester I,II,III,.... and S_1,S_2, S_3,....is the SGPA of semester I,II,III,.... .

20. Declaration of class

The class shall be awarded on the basis of CGPA as follows:

First Class with Distinction = CGPA of. 7.50 and above
First Class = CGPA of 6.00 to 7.49
Second Class = CGPA of 5.00 to 5.99

21. Project work

All the students shall undertake a project under the supervision of a teacher in Semester III to IV and submit a report. 4 copies of the project report shall be submitted (typed & bound copy not less than 75 pages).

The internal and external examiner appointed by the University shall evaluate the project at the time of the Practical examinations of other semester(s). The projects shall be evaluated as per the criteria given below.

Evaluation of Dissertation Book:

Objective(s) of the work done	50 Marks
Methodology adopted	150 Marks
Results and Discussions	250 Marks
Conclusions and Outcomes	50 Marks
Total	500 Marks

Evaluation of Presentation:

Presentation of work	100 Marks
Communication skills	50 Marks
Question and answer skills	100 Marks
Total	250 Marks

22. Award of Ranks

Ranks and Medals shall be awarded on the basis of final CGPA. However, candidates who fail in one or more courses during the M.Pharm program shall not be eligible for award of ranks. Moreover, the candidates should have completed the M. Pharm program in minimum prescribed number of years, (two years) for the award of Ranks.

23. Award of degree

Candidates who fulfill the requirements mentioned above shall be eligible for award of degree during the ensuing convocation.

24. Duration for completion of the program of study

The duration for the completion of the program shall be fixed as double the actual duration of the program and the students have to pass within the said period, otherwise they have to get fresh Registration.

25. Revaluation I Retotaling of answer papers

There is no provision for revaluation of the answer papers in any examination. However, the candidates can apply for retotaling by paying prescribed fee.

26. Re-admission after break of study

Candidate who seeks re-admission to the program after break of study has to get the approval from the university by paying a condonation fee.

PHARMACEUTICS(MPH)

MODERN PHARMACEUTICAL ANALYTICAL TECHNIQUES
(MPH 101T)

Scope

This subject deals with various advanced analytical instrumental techniques for identification, characterization and quantification of drugs. Instruments dealt are NMR, Mass spectrometer, IR, HPLC, GC etc.

Objectives

After completion of course student is able to know,

- Chemicals and Excipients
- The analysis of various drugs in single and combination dosage forms
- Theoretical and practical skills of the instruments

THEORY 60 HOURS

1. a. UV-Visible spectroscopy: Introduction, Theory, Laws, Instrumentation associated with UV-Visible spectroscopy, Choice of solvents and solvent effect and Applications of UV-Visible spectroscopy. — 11 Hrs

   b. IR spectroscopy: Theory, Modes of Molecular vibrations, Sample handling, Instrumentation of Dispersive and Fourier - Transform IR Spectrometer, Factors affecting vibrational frequencies and Applications of IR spectroscopy

   c. Spectroflourimetry: Theory of Fluorescence, Factors affecting fluorescence, Quenchers, Instrumentation and Applications of fluorescence spectrophotometer.

   d. Flame emission spectroscopy and Atomic absorption spectroscopy: Principle, Instrumentation, Interferences and Applications.

2 NMR spectroscopy: Quantum numbers and their role in NMR, Principle, Instrumentation, Solvent requirement in NMR, Relaxation process, NMR signals in various compounds, Chemical shift, Factors influencing chemical shift, Spin-Spin coupling, Coupling constant, Nuclear magnetic double resonance, Brief outline of principles of FT-NMR and 13C NMR. Applications of NMR spectroscopy. — 11 Hrs

3	Mass Spectroscopy: Principle, Theory, Instrumentation of Mass Spectroscopy, Different types of ionization like electron impact, chemical, field, FAB and MALDI, APCI, ESI, APPI Analyzers of Quadrupole and Time of Flight, Mass fragmentation and its rules, Meta stable ions, Isotopic peaks and Applications of Mass spectroscopy	11 Hrs
4	Chromatography: Principle, apparatus, instrumentation, chromatographic parameters, factors affecting resolution and applications of the following: a) Paper chromatography b) Thin Layer chromatography c) Ion exchange chromatography d) Column chromatography e) Gas chromatography f) High Performance Liquid chromatography g) Affinity chromatography	11 Hrs
5	a. Electrophoresis: Principle, Instrumentation, Working conditions, factors affecting separation and applications of the following: a) Paper electrophoresis b) Gel electrophoresis c) Capillary electrophoresis d) Zone electrophoresis e) Moving boundary electrophoresis f) Iso electric focusing b. X ray Crystallography: Production of X rays, Different X ray diffraction methods, Bragg's law, Rotating crystal technique, X ray powder technique, Types of crystals and applications of X-ray diffraction.	11 Hrs
6	Immunological assays : RIA (Radio immuno assay), ELISA, Bioluminescence assays.	5 Hrs

REFERENCES

1. Spectrometric Identification of Organic compounds - Robert M Silverstein, Sixth edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2004.
2. Principles of Instrumental Analysis - Doglas A Skoog, F. James Holler, Timothy A. Nieman, 5th edition, Eastern press, Bangalore, 1998.
3. Instrumental methods of analysis – Willards, 7th edition, CBS publishers.
4. Practical Pharmaceutical Chemistry – Beckett and Stenlake, Vol II, 4th edition, CBS Publishers, New Delhi, 1997.
5. Organic Spectroscopy - William Kemp, 3rd edition, ELBS, 1991.
6. Quantitative Analysis of Drugs in Pharmaceutical formulation - P D Sethi, 3rd Edition, CBS Publishers, New Delhi, 1997.
7. Pharmaceutical Analysis- Modern methods – Part B - J W Munson, Volume 11, Marcel Dekker Series

DRUG DELIVERY SYSTEMS
(MPH 102T)

SCOPE

This course is designed to impart knowledge on the area of advances in novel drug delivery systems.

OBJECTIVES

Upon completion of the course, student shall be able to understand

- The various approaches for development of novel drug delivery systems.
- The criteria for selection of drugs and polymers for the development of delivering system
- The formulation and evaluation of Novel drug delivery systems..

THEORY 60 Hrs

1.	Sustained Release(SR) and Controlled Release (CR) formulations: Introduction & basic concepts, advantages/ disadvantages, factors influencing, Physicochemical & biological approaches for SR/CR formulation, Mechanism of Drug Delivery from SR/CR formulation. Polymers: introduction, definition, classification, properties and application Dosage Forms for Personalized Medicine: Introduction, Definition, Pharmacogenetics, Categories of Patients for Personalized Medicines: Customized drug delivery systems, Bioelectronic Medicines, 3D printing of pharmaceuticals, Telepharmacy.	10 Hrs
2	Rate Controlled Drug Delivery Systems: Principles & Fundamentals, Types, Activation; Modulated Drug Delivery Systems;Mechanically activated, pH activated, Enzyme activated, and Osmotic activated Drug Delivery Systems Feedback regulated Drug Delivery Systems; Principles & Fundamentals.	10 Hrs
3	Gastro-Retentive Drug Delivery Systems: Principle, concepts advantages and disadvantages, Modulation of GI transit time approaches to extend GI transit. Buccal Drug Delivery Systems: Principle of muco adhesion, advantages and disadvantages, Mechanism of drug permeation, Methods of formulation and its evaluations.	10 Hrs
4	Occular Drug Delivery Systems: Barriers of drug permeation, Methods to overcome barriers.	06 Hrs

5	Transdermal Drug Delivery Systems: Structure of skin and barriers, Penetration enhancers, Transdermal Drug Delivery Systems, Formulation and evaluation.	10 Hrs
6	Protein and Peptide Delivery: Barriers for protein delivery. Formulation and Evaluation of delivery systems of proteins and other macromolecules.	08 Hrs
7	Vaccine delivery systems: Vaccines, uptake of antigens, single shot vaccines, mucosal and transdermal delivery of vaccines.	06 Hrs

REFERENCES

1. Y W. Chien, Novel Drug Delivery Systems, 2nd edition, revised and expanded,
Marcel Dekker, Inc., New York, 1992.
2. Robinson, J. R., Lee V. H. L, Controlled Drug Delivery Systems, Marcel Dekker,Inc., New York, 1992.
3. Encyclopedia of controlled delivery, Editor- Edith Mathiowitz, Published by WileyInterscience Publication, John Wiley and Sons, Inc, New York! Chichester/Weinheim
4. N.K. Jain, Controlled and Novel Drug Delivery, CBS Publishers & Distributors, New Delhi, First edition 1997 (reprint in 2001).
5. S.P.Vyas and R.K.Khar, Controlled Drug Delivery - concepts and advances, Vallabh Prakashan, New Delhi, First edition 2002

JOURNALS

1. Indian Journal of Pharmaceutical Sciences (IPA)
2. Indian drugs (IDMA)
3. Journal of controlled release (Elsevier Sciences) desirable
4. Drug Development and Industrial Pharmacy (Marcel & Decker) desirable

MODERN PHARMACEUTICS
(MPH 103T)

Scope

Course designed to impart advanced knowledge and skills required to learn various aspects and concepts at pharmaceutical industries

Objectives

Upon completion of the course, student shall be able to understand

- The elements of preformulation studies.
- The Active Pharmaceutical Ingredients and Generic drug Product development
- Industrial Management and GMP Considerations.
- Optimization Techniques & Pilot Plant Scale Up Techniques
- Stability Testing, sterilization process & packaging of dosage forms.

THEORY 60 HRS

1. a. Preformation Concepts – Drug Excipient interactions - different methods, kinetics of stability, Stability testing. Theories of dispersion and pharmaceutical Dispersion (Emulsion and Suspension, SMEDDS) preparation and stability Large and small volume parental – physiological and formulation consideration, Manufacturing and evaluation. — 10 Hrs

   b. Optimization techniques in Pharmaceutical Formulation: Concept and parameters of optimization, Optimization techniques in pharmaceutical formulation and processing. Statistical design, Response surface method, Contour designs, Factorial designs and application in formulation — 10 Hrs

2 Validation : Introduction to Pharmaceutical Validation, Scope & merits of Validation, Validation and calibration of Master plan, ICH & WHO guidelines for calibration and validation of equipments, Validation of specific dosage form, Types of validation. Government regulation, Manufacturing Process Model, URS, DQ, IQ, OQ & P.Q. of facilities. — 10 Hrs

3 cGMP & Industrial Management: Objectives and policies of current good manufacturing practices, layout of buildings, services, equipments and their maintenance Production management: Production organization, , materials management, handling and transportation, inventory management and control, production and planning control, Sales forecasting, budget and cost control, industrial and personal relationship. Concept of Total Quality Management. — 10 Hrs

4	Compression and compaction: Physics of tablet compression, compression, consolidation, effect of friction, distribution of forces, compaction profiles. Solubility.	10 Hrs
5	Study of consolidation parameters; Diffusion parameters, Dissolution parameters and Pharmacokinetic parameters, Heckel plots, Similarity factors – f2 and f1, Higuchi and Peppas plot, Linearity Concept of significance, Standard deviation , Chi square test, students T-test , ANOVA test.	10 Hrs

REFERENCES

1. Theory and Practice of Industrial Pharmacy By Lachmann and Libermann
2. Pharmaceutical dosage forms: Tablets Vol. 1-3 by Leon Lachmann.
3. Pharmaceutical Dosage forms: Disperse systems, Vol, 1-2; By Leon Lachmann.
4. Pharmaceutical Dosage forms: Parenteral medications Vol. 1-2; By Leon Lachmann.
5. Modern Pharmaceutics; By Gillbert and S. Banker.
6. Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences.
7. Advances in Pharmaceutical Sciences Vol. 1-5; By H.S. Bean & A.H. Beckett.
8. Physical Pharmacy; By Alfred martin
9. Bentley's Textbook of Pharmaceutics – by Rawlins.
10. Good manufacturing practices for Pharmaceuticals: A plan for total quality control, Second edition; By Sidney H. Willig.
11. Quality Assurance Guide; By Organization of Pharmaceutical producers of India.
12. Drug formulation manual; By D.P.S. Kohli and D.H.Shah. Eastern publishers, New Delhi.
13. How to practice GMPs; By P.P.Sharma. Vandhana Publications, Agra.
14. Pharmaceutical Process Validation; By Fra. R. Berry and Robert A. Nash.
15. Pharmaceutical Preformulations; By J.J. Wells.
16. Applied production and operations management; By Evans, Anderson, Sweeney and Williams.
17. Encyclopaedia of Pharmaceutical technology, Vol I – III.

REGULATORY AFFAIRS
(MPH 104T)

Scope

Course designed to impart advanced knowledge and skills required to learn the concept of generic drug and their development, various regulatory filings in different countries, different phases of clinical trials and submitting regulatory documents : filing process of IND, NDA and ANDA

- To know the approval process of
- To know the chemistry, manufacturing controls and their regulatory importance
- To learn the documentation requirements for
- To learn the importance and

Objectives:

Upon completion of the course, it is expected that the students will be able to understand

- The Concepts of innovator and generic drugs, drug development process
- The Regulatory guidance's and guidelines for filing and approval process
- Preparation of Dossiers and their submission to regulatory agencies in different countries
- Post approval regulatory requirements for actives and drug products
- Submission of global documents in CTD/ eCTD formats
- Clinical trials requirements for approvals for conducting clinical trials
- Pharmacovigilence and process of monitoring in clinical trials.

THEORY 60 Hrs

1. a. Documentation in Pharmaceutical industry: Master formula record, DMF (Drug Master File), distribution records. Generic drugs product development Introduction , Hatch-Waxman act and amendments, CFR (CODE OF FEDERAL REGULATION) ,drug product performance, in-vitro, ANDA regulatory approval process, NDA approval process, BE and drug product assessment, in –vivo, scale up process approval changes, post marketing surveillance, outsourcing BA and BE to CRO. 12 Hrs

   b. Regulatory requirement for product approval: API, biologics, novel, therapies obtaining NDA, ANDA for generic drugs ways and means of US registration for foreign drugs

2	CMC, post approval regulatory affairs. Regulation for combination products and medical devices.CTD and ECTD format, industry and FDA liaison. ICH - Guidelines of ICH-Q, S E, M. Regulatory requirements of EU, MHRA, TGA and ROW countries.	12 Hrs
3	Non clinical drug development: Global submission of IND, NDA, ANDA. Investigation of medicinal products dossier, dossier (IMPD) and investigator brochure (IB).	12 Hrs
4	Clinical trials: Developing clinical trial protocols. Institutional review board/ independent ethics committee Formulation and working procedures informed Consent process and procedures. HIPAA- new, requirement to clinical study process, pharmacovigilance safety monitoring in clinical trials.	12 Hrs

REFERENCES

1. Generic Drug Product Development, Solid Oral Dosage forms, Leon Shargel and IsaderKaufer,Marcel Dekker series, Vol.143
2. The Pharmaceutical Regulatory Process, Second Edition Edited by Ira R. Berry and Robert P.Martin, Drugs and the Pharmaceutical Sciences,Vol.185, Informa Health care Publishers.
3. New Drug Approval Process: Accelerating Global Registrations By Richard A Guarino, MD,5th edition, Drugs and the Pharmaceutical Sciences,Vol.190.
4. Guidebook for drug regulatory submissions / Sandy Weinberg. By John Wiley & Sons.Inc.
5. FDA regulatory affairs: a guide for prescription drugs, medical devices, and biologics/edited By Douglas J. Pisano, David Mantus.
6. Clinical Trials and Human Research: A Practical Guide to Regulatory Compliance By Fay A.Rozovsky and Rodney K. Adams
7. www.ich.org/
8. www.fda.gov/
9. europa.eu/index_en.htm
10. https://www.tga.gov.au/tga-basics

PHARMACEUTICS PRACTICALS - I
(MPH 105P)

1. Analysis of pharmacopoeial compounds and their formulations by UV Vis spectrophotometer
2. Simultaneous estimation of multi component containing formulations by UV spectrophotometry
3. Experiments based on HPLC
4. Experiments based on Gas Chromatography
5. Estimation of riboflavin/quinine sulphate by fluorimetry
6. Estimation of sodium/potassium by flame photometry
7. To perform In-vitro dissolution profile of CR/ SR marketed formulation
8. Formulation and evaluation of sustained release matrix tablets
9. Formulation and evaluation osmotically controlled DDS
10. Preparation and evaluation of Floating DDS- hydro dynamically balanced DDS
11. Formulation and evaluation of Muco adhesive tablets.
12. Formulation and evaluation of trans dermal patches.
13. To carry out preformulation studies of tablets.
14. To study the effect of compressional force on tablets disintegration time.
15. To study Micromeritic properties of powders and granulation.
16. To study the effect of particle size on dissolution of a tablet.
17. To study the effect of binders on dissolution of a tablet.
18. To plot Heckal plot, Higuchi and peppas plot and determine similarity factors.

MOLECULAR PHARMACEUTICS (NANO TECHNOLOGY & TARGETED DDS) (NTDS)
(MPH 201T)

Scope

This course is designed to impart knowledge on the area of advances in novel drug delivery systems.

Objectives

Upon completion of the course student shall be able to understand

- The various approaches for development of novel drug delivery systems.
- The criteria for selection of drugs and polymers for the development of NTDS
- The formulation and evaluation of novel drug delivery systems.

THEORY 60 Hrs

1.	Targeted Drug Delivery Systems: Concepts, Events and biological process involved in drug targeting. Tumor targeting and Brain specific delivery.	12 Hrs
2	Targeting Methods: introduction preparation and evaluation. Nano Particles & Liposomes: Types, preparation and evaluation.	12 Hrs
3	Micro Capsules / Micro Spheres: Types, preparation and evaluation , Monoclonal Antibodies ; preparation and application, preparation and application of Niosomes, Aquasomes, Phytosomes, Electrosomes.	12 Hrs
4	Pulmonary Drug Delivery Systems : Aerosols, propellents, ContainersTypes, preparation and evaluation, Intra Nasal Route Delivery systems; Types, preparation and evaluation.	12 Hrs
5	Nucleic acid based therapeutic delivery system : Gene therapy, introduction (ex-vivo & in-vivo gene therapy). Potential target diseases for gene therapy (inherited disorder and cancer). Gene expression systems (viral and nonviral gene transfer). Liposomal gene delivery systems. Biodistribution and Pharmacokinetics. knowledge of therapeutic antisense molecules and aptamers as drugs of future.	12 Hrs

REFERENCES

1. Y W. Chien, Novel Drug Delivery Systems, 2nd edition, revised and expanded,Marcel Dekker, Inc., New York, 1992.
2. S.P.Vyas and R.K.Khar, Controlled Drug Delivery - concepts and advances, VallabhPrakashan, New Delhi, First edition 2002.
3. N.K. Jain, Controlled and Novel Drug Delivery, CBS Publishers & Distributors, NewDelhi, First edition 1997 (reprint in 2001).

ADVANCED BIOPHARMACEUTICS & PHARMACOKINETICS
(MPH 202T)

Scope

This course is designed to impart knowledge and skills necessary for dose calculations, dose adjustments and to apply biopharmaceutics theories in practical problem solving. Basic theoretical discussions of the principles of biopharmaceutics and pharmacokinetics are provided to help the students' to clarify the concepts.

Objectives

Upon completion of this course it is expected that students will be able understand,

- The basic concepts in biopharmaceutics and pharmacokinetics.
- The use raw data and derive the pharmacokinetic models and parameters the best describe the process of drug absorption, distribution, metabolism and elimination.
- The critical evaluation of biopharmaceutic studies involving drug product equivalency.
- The design and evaluation of dosage regimens of the drugs using pharmacokinetic and biopharmaceutic parameters.
- The potential clinical pharmacokinetic problems and application of basics of pharmacokinetic

THEORY 60 Hrs

1. Drug Absorption from the Gastrointestinal Tract: Gastrointestinal tract, Mechanism of drug absorption, Factors affecting drug absorption, pH–partition theory of drug absorption. Formuulation and physicochemical factors: Dissolution rate, Dissolution process, Noyes–Whitney equation and drug dissolution, Factors affecting the dissolution rate. Gastrointestinal absorption: role of the dosage form: Solution (elixir, syrup and solution) as a dosage form ,Suspension as a dosage form, Capsule as a dosage form, Tablet as a dosage form ,Dissolution methods ,Formulation and processing factors, Correlation of in vivo data with in vitro dissolution data.Transport model: Permeability-Solubility-Charge State and the pH Partition Hypothesis, Properties of the Gastrointestinal Tract (GIT), pH Microclimate Intracellular pH Environment, Tight-Junction Complex. 12 Hrs

2	Biopharmaceutic considerations in drug product design and In Vitro Drug Product Performance: Introduction, biopharmaceutic factors affecting drug bioavailability, rate-limiting steps in drug absorption, physicochemical nature of the drug formulation factors affecting drug product performance, in vitro: dissolution and drug release testing, compendial methods of dissolution, alternative methods of dissolution testing,meeting dissolution requirements,problems of variable control in dissolution testingperformance of drug products. In vitro–in vivo correlation, dissolution profile comparisons, drug product stability,considerations in the design of a drug product.	12 Hrs
3	Pharmacokinetics: Basic considerations, pharmacokinetic models, compartment modeling: one compartment model- IV bolus, IV infusion, extra-vascular. Multi compartment model:two compartment - model in brief, non-linear pharmacokinetics: cause of non-linearity, Michaelis – Menten equation, estimation of k_{max} and v_{max}. Drug interactions: introduction, the effect of protein-binding interactions,the effect of tissue-binding interactions,cytochrome p450-based drug interactions,drug interactions linked to transporters.	12 Hrs
4	Drug Product Performance, In Vivo: Bioavailability and Bioequivalence: drug product performance, purpose of bioavailability studies, relative and absolute availability. methods for assessing bioavailability, bioequivalence studies, design and evaluation of bioequivalence studies, study designs, crossover study designs, evaluation of the data, bioequivalence example, study submission and drug review process. biopharmaceutics classification system, methods. Permeability: In-vitro, in-situ and In-vivo methods.generic biologics (biosimilar drug products),clinical significance of bioequivalence studies, special concerns in bioavailability and bioequivalence studies, generic substitution.	12 Hrs
5	Application of Pharmacokinetics: Modified-Release Drug Products, Targeted Drug Delivery Systems and Biotechnological Products. Introduction to Pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamic, drug interactions. Pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamics of biotechnology drugs. Introduction, Proteins and peptides, Monoclonal antibodies, Oligonucleotides, Vaccines (immunotherapy), Gene therapies.	12 Hrs

REFERENCES

1. Biopharmaceutics and Clinical Pharmacokinetics by Milo Gibaldi, 4th edition,Philadelphia, Lea and Febiger, 1991
2. Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics, A. Treatise, D .M. Brahmankar and Sunil B. Jaiswal., VallabPrakashan, Pitampura, Delhi
3. Applied Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics by Shargel. Land YuABC, 2nd edition, Connecticut Appleton Century Crofts, 1985
4. Textbook of Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics, Dr. Shobha Rani R. Hiremath,Prism Book
5. Pharmacokinetics by Milo Gibaldi and D. Perrier, 2nd edition, Marcel Dekker Inc.,New York, 1982
6. Current Concepts in Pharmaceutical Sciences: Biopharmaceutics, Swarbrick. J, Leaand Febiger, Philadelphia, 1970
7. Clinical Pharmacokinetics, Concepts and Applications 3rd edition by MalcolmRowland and Thom~ N. Tozer, Lea and Febiger, Philadelphia, 1995
8. Dissolution, Bioavailability and Bioequivalence, Abdou. H.M, Mack PublishingCompany, Pennsylvania 1989
9. Biopharmaceutics and Clinical Pharmacokinetics, An Introduction, 4th edition,revised and expande by Robert. E. Notari, Marcel Dekker Inc, New York and Basel,1987.
10. Biopharmaceutics and Relevant Pharmacokinetics by John. G Wagner and M.Pemarowski, 1st edition, Drug Intelligence Publications, Hamilton, Illinois, 1971.
11. Encyclopedia of Pharmaceutical Technology, Vol 13, James Swarbrick, James. G.Boylan, Marcel Dekker Inc, New York, 1996.
12. Basic Pharmacokinetics,1 st edition,Sunil S JambhekarandPhilip J Breen,pharmaceutical press, RPS Publishing,2009.
13. Absorption and Drug Development- Solubility, Permeability, and Charge State, Alex Avdeef, John Wiley & Sons, Inc,2003.

COMPUTER AIDED DRUG DEVELOPMENT
(MPH 203T)

Scope

This course is designed to impart knowledge and skills necessary for computer Applications in pharmaceutical research and development who want to understand the application of computers across the entire drug research and development process. Basic theoretical discussions of the principles of more integrated and coherent use of computerized information (informatics) in the drug development process are provided to help the students to clarify the concepts.

Objectives

Upon completion of this course it is expected that students will be able to understand,

- History of Computers in Pharmaceutical Research and Development
- Computational Modeling of Drug Disposition
- Computers in Preclinical Development
- Optimization Techniques in Pharmaceutical Formulation
- Computers in Market Analysis
- Computers in Clinical Development
- Artificial Intelligence (AI) and Robotics
- Computational fluid dynamics(CFD)

THEORY 60 Hrs

1. a. Computers in Pharmaceutical Research and Development: A General Overview: History of Computers in Pharmaceutical Research and Development. Statistical modeling in Pharmaceutical research and development: Descriptive versus Mechanistic Modeling, Statistical Parameters, Estimation, Confidence Regions, Nonlinearity at the Optimum, Sensitivity Analysis, Optimal Design, Population Modeling — 12 Hrs

   b. Quality-by-Design In Pharmaceutical Development: Introduction, ICH Q8 guideline, Regulatory and industry views on QbD, Scientifically based QbD - examples of application.

2 Computational Modeling Of Drug Disposition: Introduction ,Modeling Techniques: Drug Absorption, Solubility, Intestinal Permeation, Drug Distribution ,Drug Excretion, Active Transport; P-gp, BCRP, Nucleoside Transporters, hPEPT1, ASBT, OCT, OATP, BBB-Choline Transporter. — 12 Hrs

3	Computer-aided formulation development:: Concept of optimization, Optimization parameters, Factorial design, Optimization technology & Screening design. Computers in Pharmaceutical Formulation: Development of pharmaceutical emulsions, microemulsion drug carriers Legal Protection of Innovative Uses of Computers in R&D, The Ethics of Computing in Pharmaceutical Research, Computers in Market analysis	12 Hrs
4	a. Computer-aided biopharmaceutical characterization: Gastrointestinal absorption simulation. Introduction, Theoretical background, Model construction, Parameter sensitivity analysis, Virtual trial, Fed vs. fasted state, In vitro dissolution and in vitro-in vivo correlation, Biowaiver considerations b. Computer Simulations in Pharmacokinetics and Pharmacodynamics: Introduction, Computer Simulation: Whole Organism, Isolated Tissues, Organs, Cell, Proteins and Genes. c. Computers in Clinical Development: Clinical Data Collection and Management, Regulation of Computer Systems	12 Hrs
5	Artificial Intelligence (AI), Robotics and Computational fluid dynamics: General overview, Pharmaceutical Automation, Pharmaceutical applications, Advantages and Disadvantages. Current Challenges and Future Directions.	12 Hrs

REFERENCES

1. Computer Applications in Pharmaceutical Research and Development, Sean Ekins, 2006, John Wiley & Sons.
2. Computer-Aided Applications in Pharmaceutical Technology, 1st Edition, Jelena Djuris, Woodhead Publishing
3. Encyclopedia of Pharmaceutical Technology, Vol 13, James Swarbrick, James. G.Boylan, Marcel Dekker Inc, New York, 1996.

COSMETICS AND COSMECEUTICALS
(MPH 204T)

Scope

This course is designed to impart knowledge and skills necessary forthefundamental need for cosmetic and cosmeceutical products.

Objectives

Upon completion of the course, the students shall be able to understand

- Key ingredients used in cosmetics and cosmeceuticals.
- Key building blocks for various formulations.
- Current technologies in the market
- Various key ingredients and basic science to develop cosmetics and cosmeceuticals
- Scientific knowledge to develop cosmetics and cosmeceuticals with desired Safety, stability, and efficacy.

THEORY 60 Hrs

1. Cosmetics – Regulatory : Definition of cosmetic products as per Indian regulation. Indian regulatory requirements for labeling of cosmetics Regulatory provisions relating to import of cosmetics., Misbranded and spurious cosmetics. Regulatory provisions relating to manufacture of cosmetics - Conditions for obtaining license, prohibition of manufacture and sale of certain cosmetics, loan license, offences and penalties. 12 Hrs

2 Cosmetics - Biological aspects : Structure of skin relating to problems like dry skin, acne, pigmentation, prickly heat, wrinkles and body odor. Structure of hair and hair growth cycle. Common problems associated with oral cavity. Cleansing and care needs for face, eye lids, lips, hands, feet, nail, scalp, neck, body and under-arm. 12 Hrs

3 Formulation Building blocks: Building blocks for different product formulations of cosmetics/cosmeceuticals. Surfactants – Classification and application. Emollients, rheological additives: classification and application. Antimicrobial used as preservatives, their merits and demerits. Factors affecting microbial preservative efficacy. Building blocks for formulation of a moisturizing cream, vanishing cream, cold cream, shampoo and toothpaste. Soaps and syndetbars. 12 Hrs

Perfumes; Classification of perfumes. Perfume ingredients listed as allergens in EU regulation.

Controversial ingredients: Parabens, formaldehyde liberators, dioxane.

4	Design of cosmeceutical products: Sun protection, sunscreens classification and regulatory aspects. Addressing dry skin, acne, sun-protection, pigmentation, prickly heat, wrinkles, body odor., dandruff, dental cavities, bleeding gums, mouth odor and sensitive teeth through cosmeceutical formulations.	12 Hrs
5	Herbal Cosmetics : Herbal ingredients used in Hair care, skin care and oral care. Review of guidelines for herbal cosmetics by private bodies like cosmos with respect to preservatives, emollients, foaming agents, emulsifiers and rheology modifiers. Challenges in formulating herbal cosmetics.	12 Hrs

REFERENCES

1. Harry's Cosmeticology. 8th edition.
2. Poucher'sperfumecosmeticsandSoaps,10th edition.
3. Cosmetics - Formulation, Manufacture and quality control, PP.Sharma,4th edition
4. Handbook of cosmetic science and Technology A.O.Barel, M.Paye and H.I. Maibach. 3 rd edition
5. Cosmetic and Toiletries recent suppliers catalogue.
6. CTFA directory.

PHARMACEUTICS PRACTICALS - II
(MPH 205P)

1. To study the effect of temperature change , non solvent addition, incompatible polymer addition in microcapsules preparation
2. Preparation and evaluation of Alginate beads
3. Formulation and evaluation of gelatin /albumin microspheres
4. Formulation and evaluation of liposomes/niosomes
5. Formulation and evaluation of spherules
6. Improvement of dissolution characteristics of slightly soluble drug by Solid dispersion technique.
7. Comparison of dissolution of two different marketed products /brands
8. Protein binding studies of a highly protein bound drug & poorly protein bound drug
9. Bioavailability studies of Paracetamol in animals.
10. Pharmacokinetic and IVIVC data analysis by Winnoline^{R} software
11. In vitro cell studies for permeability and metabolism
12. DoE Using Design Expert® Software
13. Formulation data analysis Using Design Expert® Software
14. Quality-by-Design in Pharmaceutical Development
15. Computer Simulations in Pharmacokinetics and Pharmacodynamics
16. Computational Modeling Of Drug Disposition
17. To develop Clinical Data Collection manual
18. To carry out Sensitivity Analysis, and Population Modeling.
19. Development and evaluation of Creams
20. Development and evaluation of Shampoo and Toothpaste base
21. To incorporate herbal and chemical actives to develop products
22. To address Dry skin, acne, blemish, Wrinkles, bleeding gums and dandruff

INDUSTRIALPHARMACY(MIP)

MODERN PHARMACEUTICAL ANALYTICAL TECHNIQUES

(MIP 101T)

Scope

This subject deals with various advanced analytical instrumental techniques for identification, characterization and quantification of drugs. Instruments dealt are NMR, Mass spectrometer, IR, HPLC, GC etc.

Objectives

After completion of course student is able to know,

- The analysis of various drugs in single and combination dosage forms
- Theoretical and practical skills of the instruments

THEORY 60 HOURS

1. UV-Visible spectroscopy: Introduction, Theory, Laws, Instrumentation associated with UV-Visible spectroscopy, Choice of solvents and solvent effect and Applications of UV-Visible spectroscopy. 11 Hrs

   IR spectroscopy: Theory, Modes of Molecular vibrations, Sample handling, Instrumentation of Dispersive and Fourier - Transform IR Spectrometer, Factors affecting vibrational frequencies and Applications of IR spectroscopy

   Spectroflourimetry: Theory of Fluorescence, Factors affecting fluorescence, Quenchers, Instrumentation and Applications of fluorescence spectrophotometer.

   Flame emission spectroscopy and Atomic absorption spectroscopy: Principle, Instrumentation, Interferences and Applications.

2 NMR spectroscopy: Quantum numbers and their role in NMR, Principle, Instrumentation, Solvent requirement in NMR, Relaxation process, NMR signals in various compounds, Chemical shift, Factors influencing chemical shift, Spin-Spin coupling, Coupling constant, Nuclear magnetic double resonance, Brief outline of principles of FT-NMR and 13C NMR. Applications of NMR spectroscopy. 11 Hrs

3	Mass Spectroscopy: Principle, Theory, Instrumentation of Mass Spectroscopy, Different types of ionization like electron impact, chemical, field, FAB and MALDI, APCI, ESI, APPI Analyzers of Quadrupole and Time of Flight, Mass fragmentation and its rules, Meta stable ions, Isotopic peaks and Applications of Mass spectroscopy	11 Hrs
4	Chromatography: Principle, apparatus, instrumentation, chromatographic parameters, factors affecting resolution and applications of the following: a) Paper chromatography b) Thin Layer chromatography c) Ion exchange chromatography d) Column chromatography e) Gas chromatography f) High Performance Liquid chromatography g) Affinity chromatography	11 Hrs
5	Electrophoresis: Principle, Instrumentation, Working conditions, factors affecting separation and applications of the following: a) Paper electrophoresis b) Gel electrophoresis c) Capillary electrophoresis d) Zone electrophoresis e) Moving boundary electrophoresis f) Iso electric focusing X ray Crystallography: Production of X rays, Different X ray methods, Bragg's law, Rotating crystal technique, X ray powder technique, Types of crystals and applications of X-ray diffraction.	11 Hrs
6.	Immunological Assays: Radioimmunology assay (RIA), ELISA (Theory & practical) and knowledge on Bioluminescence assays.	5 Hrs

REFERENCES

1. Spectrometric Identification of Organic compounds - Robert M Silverstein, 6th edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2004.
2. Principles of Instrumental Analysis - Doglas A Skoog, F. James Holler, Timothy A. Nieman, 5th edition, Eastern press, Bangalore, 1998.
3. Instrumental methods of analysis – Willards, 7th edition, CBS publishers.
4. Practical Pharmaceutical Chemistry – Beckett and Stenlake, Vol II, 4th edition, CBS Publishers, New Delhi, 1997.
5. Organic Spectroscopy - William Kemp, 3rd edition, ELBS, 1991.
6. Quantitative Analysis of Drugs in Pharmaceutical formulation - P D Sethi, 3rd Edition, CBS Publishers, New Delhi, 1997.
7. Pharmaceutical Analysis- Modern methods – Part B - J W Munson, Volume 11, Marcel Dekker Series

PHARMACEUTICAL FORMULATION DEVELOPMENT
(MIP 102T)

Scope

This course is designed to impart knowledge and skills necessary to train the students on par with the routine of Industrial activities in R&D and F&D.

Objectives

On completion of this course it is expected that students will be able to understand-

- The scheduled activities in a Pharmaceutical firm.
- The pre formulation studies of pilot batches of pharmaceutical industry.
- The significance of dissolution and product stability

THEORY 60 Hrs

1. Preformulation Studies: Molecular optimization of APIs (drug substances), crystal morphology and variations, powder flow, structure modification, drug-excipient compatibility studies, methods of determination. 12 Hrs

2 Formulation Additives: Study of different formulation additives, factors influencing their incorporation, role of formulation development and processing, new developments in excipient science. Design of experiments – factorial design for product and process development. 12 Hrs

3 Solubility: Importance, experimental determination, phase-solubility analysis, pH-solubility profile, solubility techniques to improve solubility and utilization of analytical methods – cosolvency, salt formation, complexation, solid dispersion, micellar solubilization and hydrotropy. 12 Hrs

4 Dissolution: Theories, mechanisms of dissolution, in-vitro dissolution testing models – sink and non-sink. Factors influencing dissolution and intrinsic dissolution studies. Dissolution test apparatus – designs, dissolution testing for conventional and controlled release products. Data handling and correction factor. Biorelevent media, in-vitro and in-vivo correlations, levels of correlations. 12 Hrs

5	Product Stability: Degradation kinetics, mechanisms, stability testing of drugs and pharmaceuticals, factors influencing-media effects and pH effects, accelerated stability studies, interpretation of kinetic data (API & tablets). Solid state stability and shelf life assignment. Stability protocols, reports and ICH guidelines.	12 Hrs

REFERENCES

1. Lachman L, Lieberman HA, Kanig JL. The Theory and Practice Of Industrial Pharmacy, 3rd ed., Varghese Publishers, Mumbai 1991.
2. Sinko PJ. Martin's physical pharmacy and pharmaceutical sciences, 5th ed., B.I. Publications Pvt. Ltd, Noida, 2006.
3. Lieberman HA, Lachman L, Schwartz JB. Pharmaceutical dosage forms: tablets Vol. I-III, 2nd ed., CBS Publishers & distributors, New Delhi, 2005.
4. Conners KA. A Text book of pharmaceutical analysi Wells JI. Pharmaceutical preformulation: The physicochemical properties of drug substances. Ellis Horwood Ltd., England, 1998.
5. Yalkowsky SH. Techniques of solubilization of drugs. Vol-12. Marcel Dekker Inc., New York, 1981
6. Dressman J, Kramer J. Pharmaceutical dissolution testing. Saurah printer pvt. Ltd., New Delhi,2005.
7. Sethi PD. Quantitative analysis of drugs in pharmaceutical formulations, 3rd ed., CBS publications, New Delhi, 2008.
8. Carstensen JT, Rhodes CT. Drug stability principles and practices, 3rd ed., CBS Publishers & distributors, New Delhi, 2005.
9. Yoshioka S, Stella VJ. Stability of drugs and dosage forms, Springer (India) Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2006.
10. Banker GS, Rhodes CT. Modern Pharmaceutics, 4th ed., Marcel Dekker Inc, New York, 2005.
11. W. Grimm - Stability testing of drug products.
12. Mazzo DJ. International stability testing. Eastern Press Pvt. Ltd., Bangalore, 1999. 13. Beckett AH, Stenlake JB. Practical pharmaceutical chemistry, Part I & II., 4th ed., CBS Publishers & distributors, New Delhi, 2004.
14. Indian Pharmacopoeia. Controller of Publication. Delhi, 1996.
15. British Pharmacopoeia. British Pharmacopoeia Commission Office, London, 2008.
16. United States Pharmacopoeia. United States Pharmacopeial Convention, Inc, USA, 2003.
17. Encyclopaedia of Pharm. Technology, Vol I – III.
18. Wells J. I. Pharmaceutical Preformulation : The physicochemical properties of drug substances, Ellis Horwood Ltd. England, 1988.

NOVEL DRUG DELIVERY SYSTEMS
(MIP 103T)

Scope

This course is designed to impart knowledge and skills necessary to train the students in the area of novel drug delivery systems.

Objective

On completion of this course it is expected that students will be able to understand,

- The need, concept, design and evaluation of various customized, sustained and controlled release dosage forms.
- To formulate and evaluate various novel drug delivery systems

THEORY 60 Hrs

1. Concept & Models for NDDS: Classification of rate controlled drug delivery systems (DDS), rate programmed release, activation modulated & feedback regulated DDS, effect of system parameters in controlled drug delivery, computation of desired release rate and dose for controlled release DDS, pharmacokinetic design for DDS – intermittent, zero order & first order release. 12 Hrs

   Carriers for Drug Delivery: Polymers / co-polymers- introduction, classification, characterization, polymerization techniques, application in CDDS / NDDS, biodegradable & natural polymers.

2 Study of Various DDS: Concepts, design, formulation & evaluation of controlled release oral DDS, Mucoadhesive DDS (buccal, nasal, pulmonary) Pulsatile, colon specific, liquid sustained release systems, Ocular delivery systems 12 Hrs

3 Transdermal Drug Delivery Systems: Theory, design, formulation & evaluation including iontophoresis and other latest developments in skin delivery systems. 08 Hrs

4 Sub Micron Cosmeceuticals: Biology, formulation science and evaluation of various cosmetics for skin, hair, nail, eye etc and it's regulatory aspects. 04 Hrs

5	Targeted Drug Delivery Systems: Importance, concept, biological process and events involved in drug targeting, design, formulation & evaluation, methods in drug targeting – nanoparticles, liposomes, niosomes, pharmacosomes, resealed erythrocytes, microspheres, magnetic microspheres. Specialized pharmaceutical emulsions – multiple emulsions, micro-emulsions.	12 Hrs
6	Protein / Peptide Drug Delivery Systems: Concepts, delivery techniques, formulation, stability testing, causes of protein destabilization, stabilization methods.	
7	Biotechnology in Drug Delivery Systems: Brief review of major areas-recombinant DNA technology, monoclonal antibodies, gene therapy.	06 Hrs
8	New trends for Personalized Medicine: Introduction, Definition, Pharmacogenetics, Categories of Patients for Personalized Medicines: Customized drug delivery systems, Bioelectronic Medicines, 3D printing of pharmaceuticals, Telepharmacy.	06 Hrs

REFERENCES

1. Novel Drug Delivery System, Y.W. Chein, Vol 50, Marcel Dekker, NY.
2. Controlled Drug Delivery Systems, Robinson, Vol 29, Marcel Dekker, NY.
3. Transdermal Controlled Systemic Medications, YW Chein, Vol 31, Marcel Dekker, NY.
4. Bioadhesive DDS, E. Mathiowitz, Vol 98, Marcel Dekker, NY.
5. Nasal System Drug Delivery, K.S.E. Su, Vol 39, Marcel Dekker, NY.
6. Drug Delivery Devices, Vol 32, P Tyle Marcel Dekker, NY.
7. Polymers for Controlled Drug Delivery, P.J. Tarcha, CRC Press.
8. Pharmaceutical Biotechnology, Vyas, CBS, Delhi.
9. Biotechnology of Industrial Antibiotics, E.J. Vandamme, Marcel Dekker, NY.
10. Protein Formulation & Delivery, E.J. McNally, Vol 99, Marcel Dekker, NY.
11. Drug Targeting, M.H. Rubinstein, John Wiley, NY.

INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS
(MIP 104T)

Scope

This course is designed to impart knowledge and skills necessary to train the students to be on par with the routine of Industrial activities in drug regulatory affairs

Objectives

On completion of this course it is expected that students will be able to understand,

- Assist in Regulatory Audit process.
- Establish regulatory guidelines for drug and drug products
- The Regulatory requirements for contract research organization

THEORY		60 Hrs
1.	Definition, Need for patenting, Types of Patents, Conditions to be satisfied by an invention to be patentable, Introduction to patent search. Parts of patents. Filling of patents. The essential elements of patent; Guidelines for preparation of laboratory note book, Non-obviousness in Patent.	12 Hrs
2	Role of GATT, TRIPS, and WIPO	12 Hrs
3	Brief introduction to Trademark protection and WHO Patents. IPR's and its types, Major bodies regulating Indian Pharmaceutical sector.	12 Hrs
4	Brief introduction to CDSCO. WHO, USFDA, EMEA, TGA, MHRA, MCC, ANVISA	12 Hrs
5	Regulatory requirements for contract research organization. Regulations for Biosimilars.	12 Hrs

REFERENCES :

1. Pharmaceutical Process Validation: By Fra R. Berry and Robert A. Nash, Vol 57, 2nd Edition
2. Applied Production and Operation Management By Evans, Anderson and Williams
3. GMP for pharmaceuticals Material Management by K.K. Ahuja Published by CBS publishers
4. ISO 9000-Norms and explanations
5. GMP for pharmaceuticals- Willing S.H. Marcel and Dekker

INDUSTRIAL PHARMACY PRACTICAL - I
(MIP 105P)

1. Analysis of pharmacopoeial compounds and their formulations by UV Vis spectrophotometer
2. Simultaneous estimation of multi component containing formulations by UV spectrophotometry
3. Experiments based on HPLC / GC
4. Estimation of riboflavin/quinine sulphate by fluorimetry
5. Estimation of sodium/potassium by flame photometry
6. Effect of surfactants on the solubility of drugs.
7. Effect of pH on the solubility of drugs.
8. Stability testing of solution and solid dosage forms for photo degradation..
9. Stability studies of drugs in dosage forms at 25 ^{o}C, 60% RH and 40 ^{o}C, 75% RH.
10. Compatibility evaluation of drugs and excipients (DSC & FTIR).
11. Preparation and evaluation of different polymeric membranes.
12. Formulation and evaluation of sustained release oral matrix tablet/ oral reservoir system.
13. Formulation and evaluation of microspheres / microcapsules.
14. Formulation and evaluation of transdermal drug delivery systems.
15. Design and evaluation of face wash, body- wash, creams, lotions, shampoo, toothpaste, lipstick.
16. Electrophoresis of protein solution.
17. Preparation and evaluation of Liposome delivery system.

ADVANCED BIOPHARMACEUTICS & PHARMACOKINETICS
(MIP 201T)

Scope

This course is designed to impart knowledge and skills necessary for dose calculations, dose adjustments and to apply Biopharmaceutics theories in practical problem solving.

Objectives

On completion of this course it is expected that students will be able to understand,

- The basic concepts in Biopharmaceutics and pharmacokinetics.
- The use of raw data and derive the pharmacokinetic models and parameters the best describe the process of drug absorption, distribution, metabolism and elimination.
- To critically evaluate Biopharmaceutics studies involving drug product equivalency.
- To design and evaluate dosage regimens of the drugs using pharmacokinetic and biopharmaceutic parameters.

THEORY 60 Hrs

1. Drug Absorption From The Gastrointestinal Tract: Gastrointestinal tract, Mechanism of drug absorption, Factors affecting, pH–partition theory, Formulation and physicochemical factors: Dissolution rate, Dissolution process, Noyes–Whitney equation and drug dissolution, Factors affecting the dissolution rate. Gastrointestinal absorption: role of the dosage form: Solution (elixir, syrup and solution) as a dosage form ,Suspension as a dosage form, Capsule as a dosage form, Tablet as a dosage form ,Dissolution methods ,Formulation and processing factors, Correlation of in vivo data with in vitro dissolution data. Transport model: Permeability-Solubility-Charge State and the pH Partition Hypothesis, Properties of the Gastrointestinal Tract (GIT), pH Microclimate Intracellular pH Environment, Tight-Junction Complex. Solubility: Experimental methods. Permeability: In-vitro, in-situ and In-vivo methods. — 12 Hrs

2 Biopharmaceutic Considerations in Drug Product Design and In Vitro Drug Product Performance: Introduction, Biopharmaceutic Factors Affecting Drug Bioavailability, Rate-Limiting Steps in Drug Absorption, Physicochemical Nature of the — 12 Hrs

Drug Formulation Factors Affecting Drug Product Performance, In Vitro: Dissolution and Drug Release Testing, Compendial Methods of Dissolution, Alternative Methods of Dissolution Testing, Meeting Dissolution Requirements, Problems of Variable Control in Dissolution Testing Performance of Drug Products: In Vitro–In Vivo Correlation, Dissolution Profile Comparisons, Drug Product Stability, Considerations in the Design of a Drug Product.

3	Pharmacokinetics: Basic considerations, Pharmacokinetic models, Compartment modeling: One compartment model- IV bolus, IV infusion, Extra-vascular; Multi Compartment model: Two compartment - model in brief, Non-Linear Pharmacokinetics: Cause of non-linearity, Michaelis – Menten equation, Estimation Kmax and Vmax. Drug interactions: Introduction, The effect of protein-binding interactions, The effect of tissue-binding interactions, Cytochrome P450-based drug interactions, Drug interactions linked to transporters.	12 Hrs
4	Drug Product Performance, In Vivo: Bioavailability and Bioequivalence: Drug Product Performance, Purpose of Bioavailability Studies, Relative and Absolute Availability, , Methods for Assessing Bioavailability, Bioequivalence Studies, Design and Evaluation of Bioequivalence Studies, Study Designs, Crossover Study Designs, Evaluation of the Data, Bioequivalence Example, Study Submission and Drug Review Process, The Biopharmaceutics Classification System, Generic Biologics (Biosimilar Drug Products),Clinical Significance of Bioequivalence Studies, Special Concerns in Bioavailability and Bioequivalence Studies, Generic Substitution.	12 Hrs
5	Application of Pharmacokinetics: Modified-Release Drug Products, Targeted Drug Delivery Systems and Biotechnological Products. Relationship between Pharmacokinetics including Pharmacodynamics: Generation of a pharmacokinetic–pharmacodynamic (PKPD) equation, Pharmacokinetic and pharmacodynamic, interactions. Pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamics of biotechnology drugs: Introduction, Proteins and peptides, Monoclonal antibodies, Oligonucleotides, Vaccines (immunotherapy),Gene therapies.	12 Hrs

REFERENCES

1. Biopharmaceutics and Clinical Pharmacokinetics by Milo Gibaldi, 4th edition,Philadelphia, Lea and Febiger, 1991
2. Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics, A. Treatise, D .M. Brahmankar and Sunil B.J aiswal., Vallab Prakashan, Pitampura, Delhi
3. Applied Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics by Shargel. Land YuABC, 2nd edition, Connecticut Appleton Century Crofts, 1985
4. Textbook of Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics, Dr. Shobha Rani R. Hiremath,Prism Book
5. Pharmacokinetics by Milo Gibaldi and D. Perrier, 2nd edition, Marcel Dekker Inc.,New York, 1982
6. Current Concepts in Pharmaceutical Sciences: Biopharmaceutics, Swarbrick. J, Lea and Febiger, Philadelphia, 1970
7. Clinical Pharmacokinetics, Concepts and Applications 3rd edition by Malcolm Rowland and Thom~ N. Tozer, Lea and Febiger, Philadelphia, 1995
8. Dissolution, Bioavailability and Bioequivalence, Abdou. H.M, Mack Publishing Company, Pennsylvania 1989
9. Biopharmaceutics and Clinical Pharmacokinetics, An Introduction, 4th edition, revised and expande by Robert. E. Notari, Marcel Dekker Inc, New York and Basel,1987.
10. Biopharmaceutics and Relevant Pharmacokinetics by John. G Wagner and M.Pemarowski, 1st edition, Drug Intelligence Publications, Hamilton, Illinois, 1971.
11. Encyclopedia of Pharmaceutical Technology, Vol 13, James Swarbrick, James. G.Boylan, Marcel Dekker Inc, New York, 1996.
12. Basic Pharmacokinetics,1 st edition, Sunil S Jambhekar and Philip J Breen,pharmaceutical press, RPS Publishing,2009.
13. Absorption and Drug Development- Solubility, Permeability, and Charge State, Alex Avdeef, John Wiley & Sons, Inc,2003.

SCALE UP AND TECHNOLOGY TRANSFER
(MIP 202T)

Scope

This course is designed to impart knowledge and skills necessary to train the students to be on scale up, technology transfer process and industrial safety issues.

Objectives:

On completion of this course it is expected that students will be able to understand,

- Manage the scale up process in pharmaceutical industry.
- Assist in technology transfer.
- To establish safety guidelines, which prevent industrial hazards.

THEORY 60 Hrs

1. Pilot plant design: Basic requirements for design, facility, equipment selection, for tablets, capsules, liquid orals, parentral and semisolid preparations. — 12 Hrs

   Scale up: Importance, Technology transfer from R & D to pilot plant to plant scale, process scale up for tablets, capsules, liquid orals, semisolids, parentral, NDDS products – stress on formula, equipments, product uniformity, stability, raw materials, physical layout, input, in-process and finished product specifications, problems encountered during transfer of technology

2 Validation: General concepts, types, procedures & protocols, documentation, VMF. Analytical method validation, cleaning validation and vender qualification. — 12 Hrs

3 Equipment Qualification: Importance, IQ, OQ, PQ for equipments – autoclave, DHS, membrane filter, rapid mixer granulator, cone blender, FBD, tablet compression machine, liquid filling and sealing machine. Aseptic room validation. — 12 Hrs

4 Process validation: Importance, validation of mixing, granulation, drying, compression, tablet coating, liquid filling and sealing, sterilization, water process systems, environmental control. — 12 Hrs

5	Industrial safety: Hazards – fire, mechanical, electrical, chemical and pharmaceutical, Monitoring & prevention systems, industrial effluent testing & treatment. Control of environmental pollution.	12 Hrs

REFERENCES

1. Pharmaceutical process validation, JR Berry, Nash, Vol 57, Marcel Dekker, NY.
2. Pharmaceutical Production facilities, design and applications, by GC Cole, Taylor and Francis.
3. Pharmaceutical project management, T.Kennedy, Vol 86, Marcel Dekker, NY.
4. The theory & Practice of Industrial Pharmacy, L.Lachman, H.A.Lieberman, Varghese Publ. Bombay.
5. Tablet machine instruments in pharmaceuticals, PR Watt, John Wiloy.
6. Pharmaceutical dosage forms, Tablets, Vol 1, 2, 3 by Lachman, Lieberman, Marcel Dekker, NY.
7. Pharmaceutical dosage forms, Parentral medications, Vol 1, 2 by K.E. Avis, Marcel Dekker, NY.
8. Dispersed system Vol 1, 2, 3 by Lachman, Lieberman, Marcel Dekker, NY.
9. Subrahmanyam, CVS, Pharmaceutical production and Management, 2007, Vallabh Prakashan,Dehli.

PHARMACEUTICAL PRODUCTION TECHNOLOGY
(MIP 203T)

Scope

This course is designed to impart knowledge and skills necessary to train the students to be on par with the routine of Industrial activities in Production

Objectives

On completion of this course it is expected that students will be able to understand,

- Handle the scheduled activities in a Pharmaceutical firm.
- Manage the production of large batches of pharmaceutical formulations.

THEORY 60 Hrs

1.	Improved Tablet Production: Tablet production process, unit operation improvements, granulation and pelletization equipments, continuous and batch mixing, rapid mixing granulators, rota granulators, spheronizers and marumerisers, and other specialized granulation and drying equipments. Problems encountered. Coating Technology: Process, equipments, particle coating, fluidized bed coating, application techniques. Problems encountered.	12 Hrs
2	Parenteral Production: Area planning & environmental control, wall and floor treatment, fixtures and machineries, change rooms, personnel flow, utilities & utilities equipment location, engineering and maintenance.	12 Hrs
3	Lyophilization & Spray drying Technology: Principles, process, freeze-drying and spray drying equipments.	12 Hrs
4	Capsule Production: Production process, improved capsule manufacturing and filling machines for hard and soft gelatin capsules. Layout and problems encountered. Disperse Systems Production: Production processes, applications of mixers, mills, disperse equipments including fine solids dispersion, problems encountered.	12 Hrs

Packaging Technology: Types of packaging materials, machinery, labeling, package printing for different dosage forms.

5 Air Handling Systems: Study of AHUs, humidity & temperature control, air filtration systems, dust collectors. Water Treatment Process: Techniques and maintenance – RO, DM, ultra – filtration, WFI. 12 Hrs

REFERENCES

1. The Theory & Practice of Industrial Pharmacy, L. Lachman, Varghese Publ, Bombay.
2. Modern Pharmaceutics by Banker, Vol 72, Marcel Dekker, NY.
3. Pharmaceutical Dosage Forms, Vol 1, 2, 3 by Lachman, Lieberman, Marcel Dekker, NY.
4. Pharmaceutical Dosage Forms, Parentral medications, Vol 1, 2 by K.E. Avis, Marcel Dekker, NY.
5. Pharmaceutical Production Facilities, design and applications, by G.C. Cole, Taylor and Francis.
6. Dispersed System Vol 1, 2, 3 by Lachman, Lieberman, Marcel Dekker, NY.
7. Product design and testing of polymeric materials by N.P. Chezerisionoff.
8. Pharmaceutical Project Management, T.Kennedy, Vol 86, Marcel Dekker, NY.
9. Packaging Pharmaceutical and Health Care, H.Lockhard.
10. Quality Control of Packaging Materials in Pharmaceutical Industy, .Kharburn, Marcel Dekker, NY.
11. Freeze drying / Lyophilization of Pharmaceuticals & Biological Products, L. Ray, Vol 96, Marcel Dekker, NY.
12. Tablet Machine Instrumentation In Pharmaceuticals, PR Watt, Ellis Horwoods, UK.

ENTREPRENEURSHIP MANAGEMENT
(MIP 204T)

Scope

This course is designed to impart knowledge and skills necessary to train the students on entrepreneurship management.

Objectives:

On completion of this course it is expected that students will be able to understand,

- The Role of enterprise in national and global economy
- Dynamics of motivation and concepts of entrepreneurship
- Demands and challenges of Growth Strategies And Networking

THEORY 60 Hrs

1. Conceptual Frame Work: Concept need and process in entrepreneurship development. Role of enterprise in national and global economy. Types of enterprise – Merits and Demerits. Government policies and schemes for enterprise development. Institutional support in enterprise development and management. — 12 Hrs

2 Entrepreneur: Entrepreneurial motivation – dynamics of motivation. Entrepreneurial competency –Concepts. Developing Entrepreneurial competencies - requirements and understanding the process of entrepreneurship development, self-awareness, interpersonal skills, creativity, assertiveness, achievement, factors affecting entrepreneur role. — 12 Hrs

3 Launching And Organising An Enterprise: Environment scanning – Information, sources, schemes of assistance, problems. Enterprise selection, market assessment, enterprise feasibility study, SWOT Analysis. Resource mobilisation - finance, technology, raw material, site and manpower. Costing and marketing management and quality control. Feedback, monitoring and evaluation. — 12 Hrs

4 Growth Strategies And Networking: Performance appraisal and assessment. Profitability and control measures, demands and challenges. Need for diversification. Future Growth – Techniques of expansion and diversification, vision strategies. Concept and dynamics. Methods, Joint venture, co-ordination and feasibility study. — 12 Hrs

5	Preparing Project Proposal To Start On New Enterprise Project work – Feasibility report; Planning, resource mobilisation and implementation.	12 Hrs

REFERENCES

1. Akhauri, M.M.P.(1990): Entrepreneurship for Women in India, NIESBUD, New Delhi.
2. Hisrich, R.D & Brush, C.G.(1996) The Women Entrepreneurs, D.C. Health & Co., Toranto.
3. Hisrich, R.D. and Peters, M.P. (1995): Entrepreneurship – Starting, Developing and Managing a New Enterprise, Richard D., Inwin, INC, USA.
4. Meredith, G.G. etal (1982): Practice of Entrepreneurship, ILO, Geneva.
5. Patel, V.C. (1987): Women Entrepreneurship – Developing New Entrepreneurs, Ahmedabad EDII.

INDUSTRIAL PHARMACY PRACTICAL - II
(MIP 205P)

1. Improvement of dissolution characteristics of slightly soluble drug by Solid dispersion technique.
2. Comparison of dissolution of two different marketed products /brands
3. Protein binding studies of a highly protein bound drug & poorly protein bound drug
4. Bioavailability studies of Paracetamol (Animal).
5. Pharmacokinetic and IVIVC data analysis by WinnolineR software
6. In vitro cell studies for permeability and metabolism
7. Formulation and evaluation of tablets
8. Formulation and evaluation of capsules
9. Formulation and evaluation of injections
10. Formulation and evaluation of emulsion
11. Formulation and evaluation of suspension.
12. Formulation and evaluation of enteric coating tablets.
13. Preparation and evaluation of a freeze dried formulation.
14. Preparation and evaluation of a spray dried formulation.

PHARMACEUTICALCHEMISTRY(MPC)

MODERN PHARMACEUTICAL ANALYTICAL TECHNIQUES
(MPC 101T)

Scope

This subject deals with various advanced analytical instrumental techniques for identification, characterization and quantification of drugs. Instruments dealt are NMR, Mass spectrometer, IR, HPLC, GC etc.

Objectives

After completion of course student is able to know about chemicals and excipients

- The analysis of various drugs in single and combination dosage forms
- Theoretical and practical skills of the instruments

THEORY 60 Hrs

1. a. UV-Visible spectroscopy: Introduction, Theory, Laws, Instrumentation associated with UV-Visible spectroscopy, Choice of solvents and solvent effect and Applications of UV-Visible spectroscopy, Difference/ Derivative spectroscopy. — 10 Hrs

   b. IR spectroscopy: Theory, Modes of Molecular vibrations, Sample handling, Instrumentation of Dispersive and Fourier - Transform IR Spectrometer, Factors affecting vibrational frequencies and Applications of IR spectroscopy, Data Interpretation.

   c. Spectroflourimetry: Theory of Fluorescence, Factors affecting fluorescence (Characterestics of drugs that can be analysed by flourimetry), Quenchers, Instrumentation and Applications of fluorescence spectrophotometer.

   d. Flame emission spectroscopy and Atomic absorption spectroscopy: Principle, Instrumentation, Interferences and Applications.

2 NMR spectroscopy: Quantum numbers and their role in NMR, Principle, Instrumentation, Solvent requirement in NMR, Relaxation process, NMR signals in various compounds, Chemical shift, Factors influencing chemical shift, Spin-Spin coupling, Coupling constant, Nuclear magnetic double resonance, Brief outline of principles of FT-NMR and 13C NMR. Applications of NMR spectroscopy. — 10 Hrs

3	Mass Spectroscopy: Principle, Theory, Instrumentation of Mass Spectroscopy, Different types of ionization like electron impact, chemical, field, FAB and MALDI, APCI, ESI, APPI Analyzers of Quadrupole and Time of Flight, Mass fragmentation and its rules, Meta stable ions, Isotopic peaks and Applications of Mass spectroscopy.	10 Hrs
4	Chromatography: Principle, apparatus, instrumentation, chromatographic parameters, factors affecting resolution, isolation of drug from excipients, data interpretation and applications of the following: a) Thin Layer chromatography b) High Performance Thin Layer Chromatography c) Ion exchange chromatography d) Column chromatography e) Gas chromatography f) High Performance Liquid chromatography g) Ultra High Performance Liquid chromatography h) Affinity chromatography i) Gel Chromatography	10 Hrs
5	a. Electrophoresis: Principle, Instrumentation, Working conditions, factors affecting separation and applications of the following: a) Paper electrophoresis b) Gel electrophoresis c) Capillary electrophoresis d) Zone electrophoresis e) Moving boundary electrophoresis f) Iso electric focusing b. X ray Crystallography: Production of X rays, Different X ray methods, Bragg's law, Rotating crystal technique, X ray powder technique, Types of crystals and applications of X-ray diffraction.	10 Hrs
6	a. Potentiometry: Principle, working, Ion selective Electrodes and Application of potentiometry. b. Thermal Techniques: Principle, thermal transitions and Instrumentation (Heat flux and power-compensation and designs), Modulated DSC, Hyper DSC, experimental parameters (sample preparation, experimental conditions, calibration, heating and cooling rates, resolution, source of errors) and their influence, advantage and disadvantages, pharmaceutical applications. Differential Thermal Analysis (DTA): Principle, instrumentation	10 Hrs

and advantage and disadvantages, pharmaceutical applications, derivative differential thermal analysis (DDTA). TGA: Principle, instrumentation, factors affecting results, advantage and disadvantages, pharmaceutical applications.

REFERENCES

1. Spectrometric Identification of Organic compounds - Robert M Silverstein, Sixth edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2004.
2. Principles of Instrumental Analysis - Doglas A Skoog, F. James Holler, Timothy A. Nieman, 5th edition, Eastern press, Bangalore, 1998.
3. Instrumental methods of analysis – Willards, 7th edition, CBS publishers.
4. Practical Pharmaceutical Chemistry – Beckett and Stenlake, Vol II, 4th edition, CBS Publishers, New Delhi, 1997.
5. Organic Spectroscopy – William Kemp, 3rd edition, ELBS, 1991.
6. Quantitative Analysis of Drugs in Pharmaceutical formulation - P D Sethi, 3rd Edition, CBS Publishers, New Delhi, 1997.
7. Pharmaceutical Analysis - Modern Methods – Part B - J W Munson, Vol 11, Marcel. Dekker Series
8. Spectroscopy of Organic Compounds, 2nd edn., P.S/Kalsi, Wiley estern Ltd., Delhi.
9. Textbook of Pharmaceutical Analysis, KA.Connors, 3rd Edition, John Wiley & Sons, 1982.

ADVANCED ORGANIC CHEMISTRY - I
(MPC 102T)

Scope

The subject is designed to provide in-depth knowledge about advances in organic chemistry, different techniques of organic synthesis and their applications to process chemistry as well as drug discovery.

Objectives

Upon completion of course, the student shall be to understand

- The principles and applications of reterosynthesis
- The mechanism & applications of various named reactions
- The concept of disconnection to develop synthetic routes for small target molecule.
- The various catalysts used in organic reactions
- The chemistry of heterocyclic compounds

THEORY 60 Hrs

1. Basic Aspects of Organic Chemistry: 12 Hrs
   1. Organic intermediates: Carbocations, carbanions, free radicals, carbenes and nitrenes. Their method of formation, stability and synthetic applications.
   2. Types of reaction mechanisms and methods of determining them,
   3. Detailed knowledge regarding the reactions, mechanisms and their relative reactivity and orientations.

   Addition reactions
   a) Nucleophilic uni- and bimolecular reactions (SN1 and SN2)
   b) Elimination reactions (E1 & E2; Hoffman & Saytzeff's rule)
   c) Rearrangement reaction
2. Study of mechanism and synthetic applications of following named Reactions: 12 Hrs

   Ugi reaction, Brook rearrangement, Ullmann coupling reactions, Dieckmann Reaction, Doebner-Miller Reaction, Sandmeyer Reaction, Mitsunobu reaction, Mannich reaction, Vilsmeyer-Haack Reaction, Sharpless asymmetric epoxidation, Baeyer-Villiger oxidation, Shapiro & Suzuki reaction, Ozonolysis and Michael addition reaction

3 Synthetic Reagents & Applications: 12 Hrs

Aluminiumisopropoxide, N-bromosuccinamide, diazomethane, dicyclohexylcarbodimide, Wilkinson reagent, Witting reagent. Osmium tetroxide, titanium chloride, diazopropane, diethyl azodicarboxylate, Triphenylphosphine, Benzotriazol-1-yloxy) tris (dimethylamino) phosphonium hexafluoro-phosphate (BOP).

Protecting groups

a. Role of protection in organic synthesis
b. Protection for the hydroxyl group, including 1,2-and1,3-diols: ethers, esters, carbonates, cyclic acetals & ketals
c. Protection for the Carbonyl Group: Acetals and Ketals
d. Protection for the Carboxyl Group: amides and hydrazides, esters
e. Protection for the Amino Group and Amino acids: carbamates and amides

4 Heterocyclic Chemistry: 12 Hrs

Organic Name reactions with their respective mechanism and application involved in synthesis of drugs containing five, six membered and fused hetrocyclics such as Debus-Radziszewski imidazole synthesis, Knorr Pyrazole Synthesis Pinner Pyrimidine Synthesis, Combes Quinoline Synthesis, Bernthsen Acridine Synthesis, Smiles rearrangement and Traube purine synthesis.

Synthesis of few representative drugs containing these hetrocyclic nucleus such as Ketoconazole, Metronidazole, Miconazole, celecoxib, antipyrin, Metamizole sodium, Terconazole, Alprazolam, Triamterene, Sulfamerazine, Trimethoprim, Hydroxychloroquine, Quinine, Chloroquine, Quinacrine, Amsacrine, Prochlorpherazine, Promazine, Chlorpromazine,Theophylline , Mercaptopurine and Thioguanine.

5 Synthon approach and retrosynthesis applications 12 Hrs

i. Basic principles, terminologies and advantages of retrosynthesis; guidelines for dissection of molecules. Functional group interconvertion and addition (FGI and FGA)
ii. C-X disconnections; C-C disconnections – alcohols and carbonyl compounds; 1,2-, 1,3-,1,4-, 1,5-, 1,6-difunctionalized compounds
iii. Strategies for synthesis of three, four, five and six-membered ring.

REFERENCES

1. "Advanced Organic chemistry, Reaction, Mechanisms and Structure", J March, John Wiley and Sons, New York.
2. "Mechanism and Structure in Organic Chemistry", ES Gould, Hold Rinchart and Winston, New York.
3. "Organic Chemistry" Clayden, Greeves, Warren and Woihers., Oxford University Press 2001.
4. "Organic Chemistry" Vol I and II. I.L. Finar. ELBS, Pearson Education Lts, Dorling Kindersley 9India) Pvt. Ltd.,.
5. A guide to mechanisms in Organic Chemistry, Peter Skyes (Orient Longman, New Delhi).
6. Reactive Intermediates in Organic Chemistry, Tandom and Gowel, Oxford & IBH Publishers.
7. Combinational Chemistry – Synthesis and applications – Stephen R Wilson & Anthony W Czarnik, Wiley – Blackwell.
8. Carey, Organic Chemistry, 5th Edition (Viva Books Pvt. Ltd.)
9. Organic Synthesis - The Disconnection Approach, S. Warren, Wily India
10. Principles of Organic Synthesis, ROC Norman and JM Coxan, Nelson Thorns.
11. Organic Synthesis - Special Techniques. VK Ahluwalia and R Agarwal, Narosa Publishers.
12. Organic Reaction Mechanisms IVth Edtn, VK Ahluwalia and RK Parashar, Narosa Publishers.

ADVANCED MEDICINAL CHEMISTRY
(MPC 103T)

Scope

The subject is designed to impart knowledge about recent advances in the field of medicinal chemistry at the molecular level including different techniques for the rational drug design.

Objectives

At completion of this course it is expected that students will be able to understand

- Different stages of drug discovery
- Role of medicinal chemistry in drug research
- Different techniques for drug discovery
- Various strategies to design and develop new drug like molecules for biological targets
- Peptidomimetics

THEORY 60 Hrs

1. Drug discovery: Stages of drug discovery, lead discovery; identification, validation and diversity of drug targets. 12 Hrs

   Biological drug targets: Receptors, types, binding and activation, theories of drug receptor interaction, drug receptor interactions, agonists vs antagonists, artificial enzymes.

2 Prodrug Design and Analog design: 12 Hrs

   a) Prodrug design: Basic concept, Carrier linked prodrugs/ Bioprecursors, Prodrugs of functional group, Prodrugs to improve patient acceptability, Drug solubility, Drug absorption and distribution, site specific drug delivery and sustained drug action. Rationale of prodrug design and practical consideration of prodrug design.

   b) Combating drug resistance: Causes for drug resistance, strategies to combat drug resistance in antibiotics and anticancer therapy, Genetic principles of drug resistance.

   c) Analog Design: Introduction, Classical & Non classical, Bioisosteric replacement strategies, rigid analogs,

alteration of chain branching, changes in ring size, ring position isomers, design of stereo isomers and geometric isomers, fragments of a lead molecule, variation in inter atomic distance.

3 a) Medicinal chemistry aspects of the following class of drugs 12 Hrs

Systematic study, SAR, Mechanism of action and synthesis of new generation molecules of following class of drugs:

a) Anti-hypertensive drugs, Psychoactive drugs, Anticonvulsant drugs, H1 & H2 receptor antagonist, COX1 & COX2 inhibitors, Adrenergic & Cholinergic agents, Antineoplastic and Antiviral agents.

b) Stereochemistry and Drug action: Realization that stereo selectivity is a pre-requisite for evolution. Role of chirality in selective and specific therapeutic agents. Case studies, Enantio selectivity in drug adsorption, metabolism, distribution and elimination.

4 Rational Design of Enzyme Inhibitors 12 Hrs

Enzyme kinetics & Principles of Enzyme inhibitors, Enzyme inhibitors in medicine, Enzyme inhibitors in basic research, rational design of non-covalently and covalently binding enzyme inhibitors.

5 Peptidomimetics 12 Hrs

Therapeutic values of Peptidomimetics, design of peptidomimetics by manipulation of the amino acids, modification of the peptide backbone, incorporating conformational constraints locally or globally. Chemistry of prostaglandins, leukotrienes and thromboxones.

REFERENCES

1. Medicinal Chemistry by Burger, Vol I –VI.
2. Wilson and Gisvold's Text book of Organic Medicinal and Pharmaceutical Chemistry, 12th Edition, Lppincott Williams & Wilkins, Woltess Kluwer (India) Pvt.Ltd, New Delhi.
3. Comprehensive Medicinal Chemistry – Corwin and Hansch.
4. Computational and structural approaches to drug design edited by Robert M Stroud and Janet. F Moore

5. Introduction to Quantitative Drug Design by Y.C. Martin.
6. Principles of Medicinal Chemistry by William Foye, 7th Edition, Ippincott Williams & Wilkins, Woltess Kluwer (India) Pvt.Ltd, New Delhi.
7. Drug Design Volumes by Arienes, Academic Press, Elsevier Publishers, Noida, Uttar Pradesh..
8. Principles of Drug Design by Smith.
9. The Organic Chemistry of the Drug Design and Drug action by Richard B.Silverman, II Edition, Elsevier Publishers, New Delhi.
10. An Introduction to Medicinal Chemistry, Graham L.Patrick, III Edition, Oxford University Press, USA.
11. Biopharmaceutics and pharmacokinetics, DM.Brahmankar, Sunil B. Jaiswal II Edition, 2014, Vallabh Prakashan, New Delhi.
12. Peptidomimetics in Organic and Medicinal Chemistry by Antonio Guarna and Andrea Trabocchi, First edition, Wiley publishers.

CHEMISTRY OF NATURAL PRODUCTS
(MPC 104T)

Scope

The subject is designed to provide detail knowledge about chemistry of medicinal compounds from natural origin and general methods of structural elucidation of such compounds. It also emphasizes on isolation, purification and characterization of medicinal compounds from natural origin.

Objectives

At completion of this course it is expected that students will be able to understand-

- Different types of natural compounds and their chemistry and medicinal importance
- The importance of natural compounds as lead molecules for new drug discovery
- The concept of rDNA technology tool for new drug discovery
- General methods of structural elucidation of compounds of natural origin
- Isolation, purification and characterization of simple chemical constituents from natural source

THEORY 60 Hrs

1. Study of Natural products as leads for new pharmaceuticals for the following class of drugs — 12 Hrs
   a) Drugs Affecting the Central Nervous System: Morphine Alkaloids
   b) Anticancer Drugs: Paclitaxel and Docetaxel, Etoposide, and Teniposide
   c) Cardiovascular Drugs: Lovastatin, Teprotide and Dicoumarol
   d) Neuromuscular Blocking Drugs: Curare alkaloids
   e) Anti-malarial drugs and Analogues
   f) Chemistry of macrolid antibiotics (Erythromycin, Azithromycin, Roxithromycin, and Clarithromycin) and β - Lactam antibiotics (Cephalosporins and Carbapenem)
2. a) Alkaloids — 12 Hrs
   General introduction, classification, isolation, purification, molecular modification and biological activity of alkaloids, general methods of structural determination of alkaloids, structural elucidation and stereochemistry of ephedrine, morphine, ergot, emetine and reserpine.

b) Flavonoids

Introduction, isolation and purification of flavonoids, General methods of structural determination of flavonoids; Structural elucidation of quercetin.

c) Steroids

General introduction, chemistry of sterols, sapogenin and cardiac glycosides. Stereochemistry and nomenclature of steroids, chemistry of contraceptive agents male & female sex hormones (Testosterone, Estradiol, Progesterone), adrenocorticoids (Cortisone), contraceptive agents and steroids (Vit – D).

3 a) Terpenoids 12 Hrs

Classification, isolation, isoprene rule and general methods of structural elucidation of Terpenoids; Structural elucidation of drugs belonging to mono (citral, menthol, camphor), di(retinol, Phytol, taxol) and tri terpenoids (Squalene,Ginsenoside) carotinoids (β carotene).

b) Vitamins

Chemistry and Physiological significance of Vitamin A, B1, B2, B12, C, E, Folic acid and Niacin.

4 a). Recombinant DNA technology and drug discovery 12 Hrs

rDNA technology, hybridoma technology, New pharmaceuticals derived from biotechnology; Oligonucleotide therapy. Gene therapy: Introduction, Clinical application and recent advances in gene therapy, principles of RNA & DNA estimation

b). Active constituent of certain crude drugs used in Indigenous system Diabetic therapy – Gymnema sylvestre, Salacia reticulate, Pterocarpus marsupiam, Swertia chirata, Trigonella foenum graccum; Liver dysfunction – Phyllanthus niruri; Antitumor – Curcuma longa Linn.

5 Structural Characterization of natural compounds 12 Hrs

Structural characterization of natural compounds using IR, 1HNMR, 13CNMR and MS Spectroscopy of specific drugs e.g., Penicillin, Morphine, Camphor, Vit-D, Quercetin and Digitalis glycosides.

REFERENCES

1. Modern Methods of Plant Analysis, Peech and M.V.Tracey, Springer – Verlag, Berlin, Heidelberg.
2. Phytochemistry Vol. I and II by Miller, Jan Nostrant Rein Hld.
3. Recent advances in Phytochemistry Vol. I to IV – Scikel Runeckles, Springer Science & Business Media.
4. Chemistry of natural products Vol I onwards IWPAC.
5. Natural Product Chemistry Nakanishi Gggolo, University Science Books, California.
6. Natural Product Chemistry "A laboratory guide" – Rapheal Khan.
7. The Alkaloid Chemistry and Physiology by RHF Manske, Academic Press.
8. Introduction to molecular Phytochemistry – CHJ Wells, Chapmannstall.
9. Organic Chemistry of Natural Products Vol I and II by Gurdeep and Chatwall, Himalaya Publishing House.
10. Organic Chemistry of Natural Products Vol I and II by O.P. Agarwal, Krishan Prakashan.
11. Organic Chemistry Vol I and II by I.L. Finar, Pearson education.
12. Elements of Biotechnology by P.K. Gupta, Rastogi Publishers.
13. Pharmaceutical Biotechnology by S.P.Vyas and V.K.Dixit, CBS Publishers.
14. Biotechnology by Purohit and Mathur, Agro-Bios, 13th edition.
15. Phytochemical methods of Harborne, Springer, Netherlands.
16. Burger's Medicinal Chemistry.

PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMISTRY PRACTICAL - I
(MPC 105P)

1. Analysis of Pharmacopoeial compounds and their formulations by UV Vis spectrophotometer, RNA & DNA estimation
2. Simultaneous estimation of multi component containing formulations by UV spectrophotometry
3. Experiments based on Column chromatography
4. Experiments based on HPLC
5. Experiments based on Gas Chromatography
6. Estimation of riboflavin/quinine sulphate by fluorimetry
7. Estimation of sodium/potassium by flame photometry

To perform the following reactions of synthetic importance

1. Purification of organic solvents, column chromatography
2. Claisen-schimidt reaction.
3. Benzyllic acid rearrangement.
4. Beckmann rearrangement.
5. Hoffmann rearrangement
6. Mannich reaction
7. Synthesis of medicinally important compounds involving more than one step along with purification and Characterization using TLC, melting point and IR spectroscopy (4 experiments)
8. Estimation of elements and functional groups in organic natural compounds
9. Isolation, characterization like melting point, mixed melting point, molecular weight determination, functional group analysis, co-chromatographic technique for identification of isolated compounds and interpretation of UV and IR data.
10. Some typical degradation reactions to be carried on selected plant constituents

ADVANCED SPECTRAL ANALYSIS
(MPC 201T)

Scope

This subject deals with various hyphenated analytical instrumental techniques for identification, characterization and quantification of drugs. Instruments dealt are LC-MS, GC-MS, ATR-IR, DSC etc.

Objectives

At completion of this course it is expected that students will be able to understand-

- Interpretation of the NMR, Mass and IR spectra of various organic compounds
- Theoretical and practical skills of the hyphenated instruments
- Identification of organic compounds

	THEORY	60Hrs
1.	UV and IR spectroscopy: Wood ward – Fieser rule for 1,3- butadienes, cyclic dienes and α, β-carbonyl compounds and interpretation compounds of enones. ATR-IR, IR Interpretation of organic compounds.	12 Hrs
2	NMR spectroscopy: 1-D and 2-D NMR, NOESY and COSY, HECTOR, INADEQUATE techniques, Interpretation of organic compounds.	12 Hrs
3	Mass Spectroscopy Mass fragmentation and its rules, Fragmentation of important functional groups like alcohols, amines, carbonyl groups and alkanes, Meta stable ions, Mc Lafferty rearrangement, Ring rule, Isotopic peaks, Interpretation of organic compounds.	12 Hrs
4	Chromatography: Principle, Instrumentation and Applications of the following : a) GC-MS b) GC-AAS c) LC-MS d) LC-FTIR e) LC-NMR f) CE-MS g) High Performance Thin Layer chromatography h) Super critical fluid chromatography i) Ion Chromatography j) I-EC (Ion-Exclusion Chromatography) k) Flash chromatography	12 Hrs

5 a). Thermal methods of analysis 12 Hrs

Introduction, principle, instrumentation and application of DSC, DTA and TGA.

b). Raman Spectroscopy

Introduction, Principle, Instrumentation and Applications.

c). Radio immuno assay

Biological standardization , bioassay, ELISA, Radioimmuno assay of digitalis and insulin.

REFERENCES

1. Spectrometric Identification of Organic compounds - Robert M Silverstein, Sixth edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2004.
2. Principles of Instrumental Analysis - Doglas A Skoog, F. James Holler, Timothy A. Nieman, 5th edition, Eastern press, Bangalore, 1998.
3. Instrumental methods of analysis – Willards, 7th edition, CBS publishers.
4. Organic Spectroscopy - William Kemp, 3rd edition, ELBS, 1991.
5. Quantitative analysis of Pharmaceutical formulations by HPTLC - P D Sethi, CBS Publishers, New Delhi.
6. Quantitative Analysis of Drugs in Pharmaceutical formulation - P D Sethi, 3rd Edition, CBS Publishers, New Delhi, 1997.
7. Pharmaceutical Analysis- Modern methods – Part B - J W Munson, Volume 11, Marcel Dekker Series

ADVANCED ORGANIC CHEMISTRY - II
(MPC 202T)

Scope

The subject is designed to provide in-depth knowledge about advances in organic chemistry, different techniques of organic synthesis and their applications to process chemistry as well as drug discovery.

Objectives

Upon completion of course, the student shall able to understand

- The principles and applications of Green chemistry
- The concept of peptide chemistry.
- The various catalysts used in organic reactions
- The concept of stereochemistry and asymmetric synthesis.

THEORY — 60 Hrs

1. Green Chemistry: — 12 Hrs
   a. Introduction, principles of green chemistry
   b. Microwave assisted reactions: Merit and demerits of its use, increased reaction rates, mechanism, superheating effects of microwave, effects of solvents in microwave assisted synthesis, microwave technology in process optimization, its applications in various organic reactions and heterocycles synthesis
   c. Ultrasound assisted reactions: Types of sonochemical reactions, homogenous, heterogeneous liquid-liquid and liquid-solid reactions, synthetic applications
   d. Continuous flow reactors: Working principle, advantages and synthetic applications.
2. Chemistry of peptides — 12 Hrs
   a. Coupling reactions in peptide synthesis
   b. Principles of solid phase peptide synthesis, t-BOC and FMOC protocols, various solid supports and linkers: Activation procedures, peptide bond formation, deprotection and cleavage from resin, low and high HF cleavage protocols, formation of free peptides and peptide amides, purification and case studies, site-specific chemical modifications of peptides
   c. Segment and sequential strategies for solution phase peptide synthesis with any two case studies
   d. Side reactions in peptide synthesis: Deletion peptides, side

reactions initiated by proton abstraction, protonation, over-activation and side reactions of individual amino acids.

3 Photochemical Reactions 12 Hrs

Basic principles of photochemical reactions. Photo-oxidation, photo-addition and photo-fragmentation.

Pericyclic reactions

Mechanism, Types of pericyclic reactions such as cyclo addition, electrocyclic reaction and sigmatrophic rearrangement reactions with examples

4 Catalysis: 12 Hrs

a. Types of catalysis, heterogeneous and homogenous catalysis, advantages and disadvantages
b. Heterogeneous catalysis – preparation, characterization, kinetics, supported catalysts, catalyst deactivation and regeneration, some examples of heterogeneous catalysis used in synthesis of drugs.
c. Homogenous catalysis, hydrogenation, hydroformylation, hydrocyanation, Wilkinson catalysts, chiral ligands and chiral induction, Ziegler-Natta catalysts, some examples of homogenous catalysis used in synthesis of drugs
d. Transition-metal and Organo-catalysis in organic synthesis: Metal-catalyzed reactions
e. Biocatalysis: Use of enzymes in organic synthesis, immobilized enzymes/cells in organic reaction.
f. Phase transfer catalysis - theory and applications

5 Stereochemistry & Asymmetric Synthesis 12 Hrs

a. Basic concepts in stereochemistry – optical activity, specific rotation, racemates and resolution of racemates, the Cahn, Ingold, Prelog (CIP) sequence rule, meso compounds, pseudo asymmetric centres, axes of symmetry, Fischers D and L notation, cis-trans isomerism, E and Z notation.
b. Methods of asymmetric synthesis using chiral pool, chiral auxiliaries and catalytic asymmetric synthesis, enantiopure separation and Stereo selective synthesis with examples.

REFERENCES

1. "Advanced Organic chemistry, Reaction, mechanisms and structure", J March, John Wiley and sons, New York.
2. "Mechanism and structure in organic chemistry", ES Gould, Hold Rinchart and Winston,NewYork.
3. "Organic Chemistry" Clayden, Greeves, Warren and Woihers., Oxford University Press 2001.
4. "Organic Chemistry" Vol I and II. I.L. Finar. ELBS, Sixth ed., 1995.
5. Carey, Organic chemistry, 5th edition (Viva Books Pvt. Ltd.)
6. Organic synthesis-the disconnection approach, S. Warren, Wily India
7. Principles of organic synthesis, ROCNorman and JMCoxan, Nelson thorns
8. Organic synthesis- Special techniques VK Ahluwalia and R Aggarwal, Narosa Publishers.
9. Organic reaction mechanisms IV edtn, VK Ahluwalia and RK Parashar, Narosa Publishers.

COMPUTER AIDED DRUG DESIGN
(MPC 203T)

Scope

The subject is designed to impart knowledge on the current state of the art techniques involved in computer assisted drug design.

Objectives

At completion of this course it is expected that students will be able to understand

- Role of CADD in drug discovery
- Different CADD techniques and their applications
- Various strategies to design and develop new drug like molecules.
- Working with molecular modeling softwares to design new drug molecules
- The in silico virtual screening protocols

Theory — 60 Hrs

1. Introduction to Computer Aided Drug Design (CADD) — 12 Hrs

History, different techniques and applications.

Quantitative Structure Activity Relationships: Basics

History and development of QSAR: Physicochemical parameters and methods to calculate physicochemical parameters: Hammett equation and electronic parameters (sigma), lipophilicity effects and parameters (log P, pi-substituent constant), steric effects (Taft steric and MR parameters) Experimental and theoretical approaches for the determination of these physicochemical parameters.

2 Quantitative Structure Activity Relationships: Applications — 12 Hrs

Hansch analysis, Free Wilson analysis and relationship between them, Advantages and disadvantages; Deriving 2D-QSAR equations.

3D-QSAR approaches and contour map analysis.

Statistical methods used in QSAR analysis and importance of statistical parameters.

3 Molecular Modeling and Docking — 12 Hrs

a) Molecular and Quantum Mechanics in drug design.

b) Energy Minimization Methods: comparison between global

minimum conformation and bioactive conformation

c) Molecular docking and drug receptor interactions: Rigid docking, flexible docking and extra-precision docking. Agents acting on enzymes such as DHFR, HMG-CoA reductase and HIV protease, choline esterase (AchE & BchE)

4 Molecular Properties and Drug Design 12 Hrs

a) Prediction and analysis of ADMET properties of new molecules and its importance in drug design.

b) De novo drug design: Receptor/enzyme-interaction and its analysis, Receptor/enzyme cavity size prediction, predicting the functional components of cavities, Fragment based drug design.

c) Homology modeling and generation of 3D-structure of protein.

5 Pharmacophore Mapping and Virtual Screening 12 Hrs

Concept of pharmacophore, pharmacophore mapping, identification of Pharmacophore features and Pharmacophore modeling; Conformational search used in pharmacophore mapping.

In Silico Drug Design and Virtual Screening Techniques

Similarity based methods and Pharmacophore based screening, structure based In-silico virtual screening protocols.

REFERENCES

1. Computational and structural approaches to drug discovery, Robert M Stroud and Janet. F Moore, RCS Publishers.
2. Introduction to Quantitative Drug Design by Y.C. Martin, CRC Press, Taylor & Francis group..
3. Drug Design by Ariens Volume 1 to 10, Academic Press, 1975, Elsevier Publishers.
4. Principles of Drug Design by Smith and Williams, CRC Press, Taylor & Francis.
5. The Organic Chemistry of the Drug Design and Drug action by Richard B. Silverman, Elsevier Publishers.
6. Medicinal Chemistry by Burger, Wiley Publishing Co.

7. An Introduction to Medicinal Chemistry –Graham L. Patrick, Oxford University Press.
8. Wilson and Gisvold's Text book of Organic Medicinal and Pharmaceutical Chemistry, Ippincott Williams & Wilkins.
9. Comprehensive Medicinal Chemistry – Corwin and Hansch, Pergamon Publishers.
10. Computational and structural approaches to drug design edited by Robert M Stroud and Janet. F Moore

PHARMACEUTICAL PROCESS CHEMISTRY
(MPC 204T)

Scope

Process chemistry is often described as scale up reactions, taking them from small quantities created in the research lab to the larger quantities that are needed for further testing and then to even larger quantities required for commercial production. The goal of a process chemist is to develop synthetic routes that are safe, cost-effective, environmentally friendly, and efficient. The subject is designed to impart knowledge on the development and optimization of a synthetic route/s and the pilot plant procedure for the manufacture of Active Pharmaceutical Ingredients (APIs) and new chemical entities (NCEs) for the drug development phase.

Objectives

At completion of this course it is expected that students will be able to understand

- The strategies of scale up process of apis and intermediates
- The various unit operations and various reactions in process chemistry

THEORY — 60 Hrs

1. Process chemistry — 12 Hrs

Introduction, Synthetic strategy

Stages of scale up process: Bench, pilot and large scale process.

In-process control and validation of large scale process.

Case studies of some scale up process of APIs.

Impurities in API, types and their sources including genotoxic impurities

2 Unit operations — 12 Hrs

a) Extraction: Liquid equilibria, extraction with reflux, extraction with agitation, counter current extraction.
b) Filtration: Theory of filtration, pressure and vacuum filtration, centrifugal filtration,
c) Distillation: azeotropic and steam distillation
d) Evaporation: Types of evaporators, factors affecting evaporation.
e) Crystallization: Crystallization from aqueous, non-aqueous solutions factors affecting crystallization, nucleation. Principle and general methods of Preparation of polymorphs, hydrates, solvates and amorphous APIs.

3 Unit Processes - I 12 Hrs

a) Nitration: Nitrating agents, Aromatic nitration, kinetics and mechanism of aromatic nitration, process equipment for technical nitration, mixed acid for nitration,

b) Halogenation: Kinetics of halogenations, types of halogenations, catalytic halogenations. Case study on industrial halogenation process.

c) Oxidation: Introduction, types of oxidative reactions, Liquid phase oxidation with oxidizing agents. Nonmetallic Oxidizing agents such as H_2O_2, sodium hypochlorite, Oxygen gas, ozonolysis.

4 Unit Processes - II 12 Hrs

a) Reduction: Catalytic hydrogenation, Heterogeneous and homogeneous catalyst; Hydrogen transfer reactions, Metal hydrides. Case study on industrial reduction process.

b) Fermentation: Aerobic and anaerobic fermentation. Production of

i. Antibiotics; Penicillin and Streptomycin,
ii. Vitamins: B2 and B12
iii. Statins: Lovastatin, Simvastatin

c) Reaction progress kinetic analysis

i. Streamlining reaction steps, route selection,
ii. Characteristics of expedient routes, characteristics of cost-effective routes, reagent selection, families of reagents useful for scale-up.

5 Industrial Safety 12 Hrs

a) MSDS (Material Safety Data Sheet), hazard labels of chemicals and Personal Protection Equipment (PPE)

b) Fire hazards, types of fire & fire extinguishers

c) Occupational Health & Safety Assessment Series 1800 (OHSAS-1800) and ISO-14001(Environmental Management System), Effluents and its management

REFERENCES

1. Process Chemistry in the Pharmaceutical Industry: Challenges in an Ever-Changing Climate-An Overview; K. Gadamasetti, CRC Press.
2. Pharmaceutical Manufacturing Encyclopedia, 3rd edition, Volume 2.
3. Medicinal Chemistry by Burger, 6th edition, Volume 1-8.
4. W.L. McCabe, J.C Smith, Peter Harriott. Unit operations of chemical engineering, 7th edition, McGraw Hill
5. Polymorphism in Pharmaceutical Solids .Dekker Series Volume 95 Ed: H G Brittain (1999)
6. Regina M. Murphy: Introduction to Chemical Processes: Principles, Analysis, Synthesis
7. Peter J. Harrington: Pharmaceutical Process Chemistry for Synthesis: Rethinking the Routes to Scale-Up
8. P.H.Groggins: Unit processes in organic synthesis (MGH)
9. F.A.Henglein: Chemical Technology (Pergamon)
10. M.Gopal: Dryden's Outlines of Chemical Technology, WEP East-West Press
11. Clausen,Mattson: Principle of Industrial Chemistry, Wiley Publishing Co.,
12. Lowenheim & M.K. Moran: Industrial Chemicals
13. S.D. Shukla & G.N. Pandey: A text book of Chemical Technology Vol. II, Vikas Publishing House
14. J.K. Stille: Industrial Organic Chemistry (PH)
15. Shreve: Chemical Process, Mc Grawhill.
16. B.K.Sharma: Industrial Chemistry, Goel Publishing House
17. ICH Guidelines
18. United States Food and Drug Administration official website www.fda.gov

PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMISTRY PRACTICALS – II
(MPC 205P)

1. Synthesis of organic compounds by adapting different approaches involving (3 experiments)
   a) Oxidation
   b) Reduction/hydrogenation
   c) Nitration
2. Comparative study of synthesis of APIs/intermediates by different synthetic routes (2 experiments)
3. Assignments on regulatory requirements in API (2 experiments)
4. Comparison of absorption spectra by UV and Wood ward – Fieser rule
5. Interpretation of organic compounds by FT-IR
6. Interpretation of organic compounds by NMR
7. Interpretation of organic compounds by MS
8. Determination of purity by DSC in pharmaceuticals
9. Identification of organic compounds using FT-IR, NMR, CNMR and Mass spectra
10. To carry out the preparation of following organic compounds
11. Preparation of 4-chlorobenzhydrylpiperazine. (an intermediate for cetirizine HCl).
12. Preparation of 4-iodotolene from p-toluidine.
13. $NaBH_4$ reduction of vanillin to vanillyl alcohol
14. Preparation of umbelliferone by Pechhman reaction
15. Preparation of triphenyl imidazole
16. To perform the Microwave irradiated reactions of synthetic importance (Any two)
17. Determination of log P, MR, hydrogen bond donors and acceptors of selected drugs using softwares
18. Calculation of ADMET properties of drug molecules and its analysis using softwares
    Pharmacophore modeling
19. 2D-QSAR based experiments
20. 3D-QSAR based experiments
21. Docking study based experiment
22. Virtual screening based experiment

PHARMACEUTICALANALYSIS(MPA)

MODERN PHARMACEUTICAL ANALYTICAL TECHNIQUES
(MPA 101T)

Scope

This subject deals with various advanced analytical instrumental techniques for identification, characterization and quantification of drugs. Instruments dealt are NMR, Mass spectrometer, IR, HPLC, GC etc.

Objectives

After completion of course student is able to know about chemicals and excipients

- The analysis of various drugs in single and combination dosage forms
- Theoretical and practical skills of the instruments

	THEORY	60 Hrs
1.	a. UV-Visible spectroscopy: Introduction, Theory, Laws, Instrumentation associated with UV-Visible spectroscopy, Choice of solvents and solvent effect and Applications of UV-Visible spectroscopy, Difference/ Derivative spectroscopy. b. IR spectroscopy: Theory, Modes of Molecular vibrations, Sample handling, Instrumentation of Dispersive and Fourier - Transform IR Spectrometer, Factors affecting vibrational frequencies and Applications of IR spectroscopy, Data Interpretation. c. Spectroflourimetry: Theory of Fluorescence, Factors affecting fluorescence (Characterestics of drugs that can be analysed by flourimetry), Quenchers, Instrumentation and Applications of fluorescence spectrophotometer. d. Flame emission spectroscopy and Atomic absorption spectroscopy: Principle, Instrumentation, Interferences and Applications.	10 Hrs
2	NMR spectroscopy: Quantum numbers and their role in NMR, Principle, Instrumentation, Solvent requirement in NMR, Relaxation process, NMR signals in various compounds, Chemical shift, Factors influencing chemical shift, Spin-Spin coupling, Coupling constant, Nuclear magnetic double resonance, Brief outline of principles of FT-NMR and 13C NMR. Applications of NMR spectroscopy.	10 Hrs
3	Mass Spectroscopy: Principle, Theory, Instrumentation of Mass	10

	Spectroscopy, Different types of ionization like electron impact, chemical, field, FAB and MALDI, APCI, ESI, APPI Analyzers of Quadrupole and Time of Flight, Mass fragmentation and its rules, Meta stable ions, Isotopic peaks and Applications of Mass spectroscopy.	Hrs
4	Chromatography: Principle, apparatus, instrumentation, chromatographic parameters, factors affecting resolution, isolation of drug from excipients, data interpretation and applications of the following: a. Thin Layer chromatography b. High Performance Thin Layer Chromatography c. Ion exchange chromatography d. Column chromatography e. Gas chromatography f. High Performance Liquid chromatography g. Ultra High Performance Liquid chromatography h. Affinity chromatography i. Gel Chromatography	10 Hrs
5	a. Electrophoresis: Principle, Instrumentation, Working conditions, factors affecting separation and applications of the following: a) Paper electrophoresis b) Gel electrophoresis c) Capillary electrophoresis d) Zone electrophoresis e) Moving boundary electrophoresis f) Iso electric focusing b. X ray Crystallography: Production of X rays, Different X ray methods, Bragg's law, Rotating crystal technique, X ray powder technique, Types of crystals and applications of X-ray diffraction	10 Hrs
6	Potentiometry: Principle, working, Ion selective Electrodes and Application of potentiometry. Thermal Techniques: Principle, thermal transitions and Instrumentation (Heat flux and power-compensation and designs), Modulated DSC, Hyper DSC, experimental parameters (sample preparation, experimental conditions, calibration, heating and cooling rates, resolution, source of errors) and their influence, advantage and disadvantages, pharmaceutical applications. Differential Thermal Analysis (DTA): Principle, instrumentation	10 Hrs

and advantage and disadvantages, pharmaceutical applications, derivative differential thermal analysis (DDTA). TGA: Principle, instrumentation, factors affecting results, advantage and disadvantages, pharmaceutical applications.

REFERENCES

1. Spectrometric Identification of Organic compounds - Robert M Silverstein, Sixth edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2004.
2. Principles of Instrumental Analysis - Doglas A Skoog, F. James Holler, Timothy A. Nieman, 5th edition, Eastern press, Bangalore, 1998.
3. Instrumental methods of analysis – Willards, 7th edition, CBS publishers.
4. Practical Pharmaceutical Chemistry – Beckett and Stenlake, Vol II, 4th edition, CBS Publishers, New Delhi, 1997.
5. Organic Spectroscopy - William Kemp, 3rd edition, ELBS, 1991.
6. Quantitative Analysis of Drugs in Pharmaceutical formulation - P D Sethi, 3rd Edition, CBS Publishers, New Delhi, 1997.
7. Pharmaceutical Analysis - Modern Methods – Part B - J W Munson, Vol 11, Marcel. Dekker Series
8. Spectroscopy of Organic Compounds, 2nd edn., P.S/Kalsi, Wiley estern Ltd., Delhi.
9. Textbook of Pharmaceutical Analysis, KA.Connors, 3rd Edition, John Wiley & Sons, 1982.

ADVANCED PHARMACEUTICAL ANALYSIS
(MPA 102T)

Scope

This subject deals with the various aspects of Impurity, Impurities in new drug products, in residual solvents, Elemental impurities, Impurity profiling and characterization of degradents, Stability testing of phytopharmaceuticals and their protocol preparation. It also covers the biological testing of various vaccines and their principle and procedure.

Objective

After completion of the course students shall able to know,

- Appropriate analytical skills required for the analytical method development.
- Principles of various reagents used in functional group analysis that renders necessary support in research methodology and demonstrates its application in the practical related problems.
- Analysis of impurities in drugs, residual solvents and stability studies of drugs and biological products

THEORY 60 Hrs

1. Impurity and stability studies: 10 Hrs

Definition, classification of impurities in drug Substance or Active Pharmaceutical Ingredients and quantification of impurities as per ICH guidelines

Impurities in new drug products:

Rationale for the reporting and control of degradation products, reporting degradation products content of batches, listing of degradation products in specifications, qualification of degradation products

Impurities in residual solvents:

General principles, classification of residual solvents, Analytical procedures, limits of residual solvents, reporting levels of residual solvents

2 Elemental impurities: 10 Hrs

Element classification, control of elemental impurities, Potential Sources of elemental Impurities, Identification of Potential Elemental Impurities, analytical procedures, instrumentation & C, H, N and S analysis

Stability testing protocols:

Selection of batches, container orientation, test parameters, sampling frequency, specification, storage conditions, recording of results, concept of stability, commitment etc. Important mechanistic and stability related information provided by results of study of factors like temperature, pH, buffering species ionic strength and dielectric constant etc. on the reaction rates. With practical considerations.

3	Impurity profiling and degradent characterization: Method development, Stability studies and concepts of validation accelerated stability testing & shelf life calculation, WHO and ICH stability testing guidelines, Stability zones, steps in development, practical considerations. Basics of impurity profiling and degradent characterization with special emphasis. Photostability testing guidelines, ICH stability guidelines for biological products	10 Hrs
4	Stability testing of phytopharmaceuticals: Regulatory requirements, protocols, HPTLC/HPLC finger printing, interactions and complexity.	10 Hrs
5	Biological tests and assays of the following: a. Adsorbed Tetanus vaccine b. Adsorbed Diphtheria vaccine c. Human anti haemophilic vaccine d. Rabies vaccine e. Tetanus Anti toxin f. Tetanus Anti serum g. Oxytocin h. Heparin sodium IP i. Antivenom. PCR, PCR studies for gene regulation, instrumentation (Principle and Procedures)	10 Hrs
6	Immunoassays (IA) Basic principles, Production of antibodies, Separation of bound and unbound drug, Radioimmunoassay, Optical IA, Enzyme IA, Fluoro IA, Luminiscence IA, Quantification and applications of IA.	10 Hrs

REFERENCES

1. Vogel's textbook of quantitative chemical analysis - Jeffery J Bassett, J. Mendham, R. C. Denney, 5th edition, ELBS, 1991.
2. Practical Pharmaceutical Chemistry - Beckett and Stenlake, Vol II, 4th Edition, CBS publishers, New Delhi, 1997.
3. Textbook of Pharmaceutical Analysis - K A Connors, 3rd Edition, John Wiley & Sons, 1982.

4. Pharmaceutical Analysis - Higuchi, Brochmman and Hassen, 2nd Edition, Wiley – Inter science Publication, 1961.
5. Quantitative Analysis of Drugs in Pharmaceutical formulation – P D Sethi, 3rd Edition, CBS Publishers New Delhi, 1997.
6. Pharmaceutical Analysis- Modern methods - J W Munson – Part B, Volume 11, Marcel Dekker Series.
7. The Quantitative analysis of Drugs - D C Carratt, 3rd edition, CBS Publishers, NewDelhi, 1964.
8. Indian Pharmacopoeia Vol I , II & III 2007, 2010, 2014.
9. Methods of sampling and microbiological examination of water, first revision, BIS
10. Practical HPLC method development – Snyder, Kirkland, Glajch, 2nd edition, John Wiley & Sons.
11. Analytical Profiles of drug substances – Klaus Florey, Volume 1 – 20, Elsevier, 2005
12. Analytical Profiles of drug substances and Excipients – Harry G Brittan, Volume 21 – 30, Elsevier, 2005.
13. The analysis of drugs in biological fluids - Joseph Chamberlain, 2nd edition, CRC press, London.
14. ICH Guidelines for impurity profiles and stability studies.

PHARMACEUTICAL VALIDATION
(MPA 103T)

Scope

The main purpose of the subject is to understand about validation and how it can be applied to industry and thus to improve the quality of the products. The subject covers the complete information about validation, types, methodology and application.

Objectives

Upon completion of the subject student shall be able to

- Explain the aspect of validation
- Carryout validation of manufacturing processes
- Apply the knowledge of validation to instruments and equipments
- Validate the manufacturing facilities

THEORY 60 Hrs

1. Introduction: Definition of Qualification and Validation, Advantage of Validation, Streamlining of Qualification & Validation process and Validation Master Plan. 12 Hrs

   Qualification: User Requirement Specification, Design Qualification, Factory Acceptance Test (FAT)/ Site Acceptance Test (SAT), Installation Qualification, Operational Qualification, Performance Qualification, Re- Qualification (Maintaining status- Calibration Preventive Maintenance, Change management), Qualification of Manufacturing Equipments, Qualification of Analytical Instruments and Laboratory equipments.

2 Qualification of analytical instruments: Electronic balance, pH meter, UV-Visible spectrophotometer, FTIR, GC, HPLC, HPTLC 12 Hrs
Qualification of Glassware: Volumetric flask, pipette, Measuring cylinder, beakers and burette.

3 Validation of Utility systems: Pharmaceutical Water System & pure steam, HVAC system, Compressed air and nitrogen. 12 Hrs
Cleaning Validation: Cleaning Validation - Cleaning Method development, Validation and validation of analytical method used in cleaning. Cleaning of Equipment, Cleaning of Facilities. Cleaning in place (CIP).

4 Analytical method validation: General principles, Validation of analytical method as per ICH guidelines and USP. 12 Hrs

Computerized system validation: Electronic records and digital significance-21 CFR part 11 and GAMP 5.

5	General Principles of Intellectual Property: Concepts of Intellectual Property (IP), Intellectual Property Protection (IPP), Intellectual Property Rights (IPR); Economic importance, mechanism for protection of Intellectual Property –patents, Copyright, Trademark; Factors affecting choice of IP protection; Penalties for violation; Role of IP in pharmaceutical industry; Global ramification and financial implications. Filing a patent applications; patent application forms and guidelines. Types patent applications-provisional and non-provisional, PCT and convention patent applications; International patenting requirement procedures and costs; Rights and responsibilities of a patentee; Practical aspects regarding maintaining of a Patent file; Patent infringement meaning and scope. Significance of transfer technology (TOT), IP and ethics-positive and negative aspects of IPP; Societal responsibility, avoiding unethical practices.	12 Hrs

REFERENCES

1. B. T. Loftus & R. A. Nash, "Pharmaceutical Process Validation", Drugs and Pharm Sci. Series, Vol. 129, 3rd Ed., Marcel Dekker Inc., N.Y.
2. The Theory & Practice of Industrial Pharmacy, 3rd edition, Leon Lachman, Herbert A. Lieberman, Joseph. L. Karig, Varghese Publishing House, Bombay.
3. Validation Master plan by Terveeks or Deeks, Davis Harwood International publishing.
4. Validation of Aseptic Pharmaceutical Processes, 2nd Edition, by Carleton & Agalloco, (Marcel Dekker).
5. Michael Levin, Pharmaceutical Process Scale-Up‖, Drugs and Pharm. Sci. Series, Vol. 157,2nd Ed., Marcel Dekker Inc., N.Y.
6. Validation Standard Operating Procedures: A Step by Step Guide for Achieving Compliance in the Pharmaceutical, Medical Device, and Biotech Industries, Syed Imtiaz Haider
7. Pharmaceutical Equipment Validation: The Ultimate Qualification Handbook, Phillip A. Cloud, Interpharm Press
8. Validation of Pharmaceutical Processes: Sterile Products, Frederick J. Carlton (Ed.) and James Agalloco (Ed.), Marcel Dekker, 2nd Ed.
9. Analytical Method validation and Instrument Performance Verification by Churg Chan, Heiman Lam, Y.C. Lee, Yue. Zhang, Wiley Inter Science.

FOOD ANALYSIS
(MPA 104T)

Scope

This course is designed to impart knowledge on analysis of food constituents and finished food products. The course includes application of instrumental analysis in the determination of pesticides in variety of food products.

Objectives

At completion of this course student shall be able to understand various analytical techniques in the determination of

- Food constituents
- Food additives
- Finished food products
- Pesticides in food
- And also student shall have the knowledge on food regulations and legislations

THEORY 60 Hrs

1. Carbohydrates: classification and properties of food carbohydrates, General methods of analysis of food carbohydrates, Changes in food carbohydrates during processing, Digestion, absorption and metabolism of carbohydrates, Dietary fibre, Crude fibre and application of food carbohydrates — 12 Hrs

   Proteins: Chemistry and classification of amino acids and proteins, Physico-Chemical properties of protein and their structure, general methods of analysis of proteins and amino acids, Digestion, absorption and metabolism of proteins.

2 Lipids: Classification, general methods of analysis, refining of fats and oils; hydrogenation of vegetable oils, Determination of adulteration in fats and oils, Various methods used for measurement of spoilage of fats and fatty foods. — 12 Hrs

   Vitamins: classification of vitamins, methods of analysis of vitamins, Principles of microbial assay of vitamins of B-series.

3 Food additives: Introduction, analysis of Preservatives, antioxidants, artificial sweeteners, flavors, flavor enhancers, stabilizers, thickening and jelling agents. — 12 Hrs

   Pigments and synthetic dyes: Natural pigments, their occurrence and characteristic properties, permitted synthetic

dyes, Non-permitted synthetic dyes used by industries, Method of detection of natural, permitted and non-permitted dyes.

4	General Analytical methods for milk, milk constituents and milk products like ice cream, milk powder, butter, margarine, cheese including adulterants and contaminants of milk. Analysis of fermentation products like wine, spirits, beer and vinegar.	12 Hrs
5	Pesticide analysis: Effects of pest and insects on various food, use of pesticides in agriculture, pesticide cycle, organophosphorus and organochlorine pesticides analysis, determination of pesticide residues in grain, fruits, vegetables, milk and milk products. Legislation regulations of food products with special emphasis on BIS, Agmark, FDA and US-FDA.	12 Hrs

REFERENCES

1. The chemical analysis of foods – David Pearson, Seventh edition, Churchill Livingstone, Edinburgh London, 1976
2. Introduction to the Chemical analysis of foods – S. Nielsen, Jones & Bartlett publishers, Boston London, 1994.
3. Official methods of analysis of AOAC International, sixth edition, Volume I & II, 1997.
4. Analysis of Food constituents – Multon, Wiley VCH.
5. Dr. William Horwitz, Official methods of analysis of AOAC International, 18th edition, 2005.

PHARMACEUTICAL ANALYSIS PRACTICALS - II
(MPA 105P)

1. Analysis of Pharmacopoeial compounds and their formulations by UV Vis spectrophotometer
2. Simultaneous estimation of multi component containing formulations by UV spectrophotometry
3. Experiments based on HPLC
4. Experiments based on Gas Chromatography
5. Estimation of riboflavin/quinine sulphate by fluorimetry
6. Estimation of sodium/potassium by flame photometry
7. Assay of official compounds by different titrations
8. Assay of official compounds by instrumental techniques.
9. Quantitative determination of hydroxyl group.
10. Quantitative determination of amino group
11. Colorimetric determination of drugs by using different reagents
12. Imupurity profiling of drugs
13. Calibration of glasswares
14. Calibration of pH meter
15. Calibration of UV-Visible spectrophotometer
16. Calibration of FTIR spectrophotometer
17. Calibration of GC instrument
18. Calibration of HPLC instrument
19. Cleaning validation of any one equipment
20. Determination of total reducing sugar
21. Determination of proteins
22. Determination of saponification value, Iodine value, Peroxide value, Acid value in food products
23. Determination of fat content and rancidity in food products
24. Analysis of natural and synthetic colors in food
25. Determination of preservatives in food
26. Determination of pesticide residue in food products
27. Analysis of vitamin content in food products
28. Determination of density and specific gravity of foods
29. Determination of food additives

ADVANCED INSTRUMENTAL ANALYSIS
(MPA 201T)

Scope

This subject deals with various hyphenated analytical instrumental techniques for identification, characterization and quantification of drugs. Instruments dealt are LC-MS, GC-MS, and hyphenated techniques.

Objectives

After completion of course student is able to know,

- interpretation of the NMR, Mass and IR spectra of various organic compounds
- theoretical and practical skills of the hyphenated instruments
- identification of organic compounds

THEORY 60 Hrs

1. HPLC: Principle, instrumentation, pharmaceutical applications, peak shapes, capacity factor, selectivity, plate number, plate height, resolution, band broadening, pumps, injector, detectors, columns, column problems, gradient HPLC, HPLC solvents, trouble shooting, sample preparation, method development, New developments in HPLC-role and principles of ultra, nano liquid chromatography in pharmaceutical analysis. Immobilized polysaccharide CSP's: Advancement in enantiomeric separations, revised phase Chiral method development and HILIC approaches. HPLC in Chiral analysis of pharmaceuticals. Preparative HPLC, practical aspects of preparative HPLC. — 12 Hrs

2. Biochromatography: Size exclusion chromatography, ion exchange chromatography, ion pair chromatography, affinity chromatography general principles, stationary phases and mobile phases. — 12 Hrs

   Gas chromatography: Principles, instrumentation, derivatization, head space sampling, columns for GC, detectors, quantification.

   High performance Thin Layer chromatography: Principles, instrumentation, pharmaceutical applications.

3. Super critical fluid chromatography: Principles, instrumentation, pharmaceutical applications. — 12 Hrs

   Capillary electrophoresis: Overview of CE in pharmaceutical analysis, basic configuration, CE characteristics, principles of CE, methods and modes of CE. General considerations and method

development in CE, Crown ethers as buffer additives in capillary electrophoresis. CE-MS hyphenation.

4	Mass spectrometry: Principle, theory, instrumentation of mass spectrometry, different types of ionization like electron impact, chemical, field, FAB and MALD, APCI, ESI, APPI mass fragmentation and its rules, meta stable ions, isotopic peaks and applications of mass spectrometry. LC-MS hyphenation and DART MS analysis. Mass analysers (Quadrpole, Time of flight, FT-ICR, ion trap and Orbitrap) instruments. MS/MS systems (Tandem: QqQ, TOF-TOF;Q-IT, Q-TOF, LTQ-FT, LTQ-Orbitrap.	12 Hrs
5	NMR spectroscopy: Quantum numbers and their role in NMR, Principle, Instrumentation, Solvent requirement in NMR, Relaxation process, NMR signals in various compounds, Chemical shift, Factors influencing chemical shift, Spin-Spin coupling, Coupling constant, Nuclear magnetic double resonance, Brief outline of principles of FT-NMR with reference to 13CNMR: Spin spin and spin lattice relaxation phenomenon. 13C NMR, 1-D and 2-D NMR, NOESY and COSY techniques, Interpretation and Applications of NMR spectroscopy. LC-NMR hyphenations.	12 Hrs

REFERENCES

1. Spectrometric Identification of Organic compounds - Robert M Silverstein, Sixth edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2004.
2. Principles of Instrumental Analysis - Doglas A Skoog, F. James Holler, Timothy A. Nieman, 5th edition, Eastern press, Bangalore, 1998.
3. Instrumental methods of analysis – Willards, 7th edition, CBS publishers.
4. Organic Spectroscopy - William Kemp, 3rd edition, ELBS, 1991.
5. Quantitative analysis of Pharmaceutical formulations by HPTLC - P D Sethi, CBS Publishers, New Delhi.
6. Quantitative Analysis of Drugs in Pharmaceutical formulation - P D Sethi, 3rd Edition, CBS Publishers, New Delhi, 1997.
7. Pharmaceutical Analysis- Modern methods – Part B - J W Munson, Volume 11, Marcel Dekker Series.
8. Organic Spectroscopy by Donald L. Paviya, 5th Edition.

MODERN BIO-ANALYTICAL TECHNIQUES
(MPA 202T)

Scope

This subject is designed to provide detailed knowledge about the importance of analysis of drugs in biological matrices.

Objectives

Upon completion of the course, the student shall be able to understand

- Extraction of drugs from biological samples
- Separation of drugs from biological samples using different techniques
- Guidelines for BA/BE studies.

THEORY 60 Hrs

1. Extraction of drugs and metabolites from biological matrices: General need, principle and procedure involved in the Bioanalytical methods such as Protein precipitation, Liquid - Liquid extraction and Solid phase extraction and other novel sample preparation approach. Bioanalytical method validation: USFDA and EMEA guidelines. 12 Hrs

2 Biopharmaceutical Consideration: Introduction, Biopharmaceutical Factors Affecting Drug Bioavailability, In Vitro: Dissolution and Drug Release Testing, Alternative Methods of Dissolution Testing Transport models, Biopharmaceutics Classification System. Solubility: Experimental methods. Permeability: In-vitro, in-situ and In-vivo methods. 12 Hrs

3 Pharmacokinetics and Toxicokinetics: Basic consideration, Drug interaction (PK-PD interactions), The effect of protein-binding interactions, The effect of tissue-binding interactions, Cytochrome P450-based drug interactions, Drug interactions linked to transporters. Microsomal assays Toxicokinetics-Toxicokinetic evaluation in preclinical studies, Importance and applications of toxicokinetic studies. LC-MS in bioactivity screening and proteomics. 12 Hrs

4 Cell culture techniques Basic equipments used in cell culture lab. Cell culture media, various types of cell culture, general procedure for cell cultures; isolation of cells, subculture, cryopreservation, characterization of 12 Hrs

cells and their applications. Principles and applications of cell viability assays (MTT assays), Principles and applications of flow cytometry.

5 Metabolite identification: 12 Hrs

In-vitro / in-vivo approaches, protocols and sample preparation. Microsomal approaches (Rat liver microsomes (RLM) and Human liver microsomes (HLM) in Met –ID. Regulatory perspectives.
In-vitro assay of drug metabolites & drug metabolizing enzymes.

Drug Product Performance, In Vivo: Bioavailability and Bioequivalence:
Drug Product Performance, Purpose of Bioavailability Studies, Relative and Absolute Availability. Methods for Assessing Bioavailability, Bioequivalence Studies, Design and Evaluation of Bioequivalence Studies, Study Designs, Crossover Study Designs, Generic Biologics (Biosimilar Drug Products), Clinical Significance of Bioequivalence Studies.

REFERENCES

1. Analysis of drugs in Biological fluids - Joseph Chamberlain, 2nd Edition. CRC Press, Newyork. 1995.
2. Principles of Instrumental Analysis - Doglas A Skoog, F. James Holler, Timothy A. Nieman, 5th edition, Eastern press, Bangalore, 1998.
3. Pharmaceutical Analysis - Higuchi, Brochmman and Hassen, 2nd Edition, Wiley – Interscience Publications, 1961.
4. Pharmaceutical Analysis- Modern methods – Part B - J W Munson, Volume 11, Marcel Dekker Series
5. Practical HPLC method Development – Snyder, Kirkland, Glaich, 2nd Edition, John Wiley & Sons, New Jercy. USA.
6. Chromatographic Analysis of Pharmaceuticals – John A Adamovics, 2nd Edition, Marcel Dekker, Newyork, USA. 1997.
7. Chromatographic methods in clinical chemistry & Toxicology – Roger L Bertholf, Ruth E Winecker, John Wiley & Sons, New Jercy, USA. 2007.
8. Good Laboratory Practice Regulations, 2nd Edition, Sandy Weinberg Vol. 69, Marcel Dekker Series, 1995.
9. Good laboratory Practice Regulations – Allen F. Hirsch, Volume 38, Marcel Dekker Series, 1989.
10. ICH, USFDA & CDSCO Guidelines.
11. Palmer

QUALITY CONTROL AND QUALITY ASSURANCE
(MPA 203T)

Scope

This course deals with the various aspects of quality control and quality assurance aspects of pharmaceutical industries. It covers the important aspects like cGMP, QC tests, documentation, quality certifications, GLP and regulatory affairs.

Objectives

At the completion of this subject it is expected that the student shall be able to know

- the cGMP aspects in a pharmaceutical industry
- to appreciate the importance of documentation
- to understand the scope of quality certifications applicable to Pharmaceutical industries
- to understand the responsibilities of QA & QC departments

THEORY 60 hrs

1. Concept and Evolution of Quality Control and Quality Assurance — 12 Hrs

   Good Laboratory Practice, GMP, Overview of ICH Guidelines - QSEM, with special emphasis on Q-series guidelines.

   Good Laboratory Practices: Scope of GLP, Definitions, Quality assurance unit, protocol for conduct of non clinical testing, control on animal house, report preparation and documentation.

2. cGMP guidelines according to schedule M, USFDA (inclusive of CDER and CBER) Pharmaceutical Inspection Convention (PIC), WHO and EMEA covering: Organization and personnel responsibilities, training, hygiene and personal records, drug industry location, design, construction and plant lay out, maintenance, sanitation, environmental control, utilities and maintenance of sterile areas, control of contamination and Good Warehousing Practice. CPCSEA guidelines. — 12 Hrs

3. Analysis of raw materials, finished products, packaging materials, in process quality control (IPQC), Developing specification (ICH Q6 and Q3) — 12 Hrs

Purchase specifications and maintenance of stores for raw materials. In process quality control and finished products quality control for following formulation in Pharma industry according to Indian, US and British pharmacopoeias: tablets, capsules, ointments, suppositories, creams, parenterals, ophthalmic and surgical products (How to refer pharmacopoeias), Quality control test for containers, closures and secondary packing materials.

4. Documentation in pharmaceutical industry: Three tier documentation, Policy, Procedures and Work instructions, and records (Formats), Basic principles- How to maintain, retention and retrieval etc. Standard operating procedures (How to write), Master Formula Record, Batch Formula Record, Quality audit plan and reports. Specification and test procedures, Protocols and reports. Distribution records. Electronic data. 12 Hrs

5. Manufacturing operations and controls: Sanitation of manufacturing premises, mix-ups and cross contamination, processing of intermediates and bulk products, packaging operations, IPQC, release of finished product, process deviations, charge-in of components, time limitations on production, drug product inspection, expiry date calculation, calculation of yields, production record review, change control, sterile products, aseptic process control, packaging. 12 Hrs

REFERENCES

1. Quality Assurance Guide by organization of Pharmaceutical Procedures of India, 3rd revised edition, Volume I & II, Mumbai, 1996.
2. Good Laboratory Practice Regulations, 2nd Edition, Sandy Weinberg Vol. 69, Marcel Dekker Series, 1995.
3. Quality Assurance of Pharmaceuticals- A compedium of Guide lines and Related materials Vol I & II, 2nd edition, WHO Publications, 1999.
4. How to Practice GMP's – P P Sharma, Vandana Publications, Agra, 1991.
5. The International Pharmacopoeia – vol I, II, III, IV & V - General Methods of Analysis and Quality specification for Pharmaceutical Substances, Excepients and Dosage forms, 3rd edition, WHO, Geneva, 2005.
6. Good laboratory Practice Regulations – Allen F. Hirsch, Volume 38, Marcel Dekker Series, 1989.
7. ICH guidelines
8. ISO 9000 and total quality management

9. The drugs and cosmetics act 1940 – Deshpande, Nilesh Gandhi, 4th edition, Susmit Publishers, 2006.
10. QA Manual – D.H. Shah, 1st edition, Business Horizons, 2000.
11. Good Manufacturing Practices for Pharmaceuticals a plan for total quality control – Sidney H. Willig, Vol. 52, 3rd edition, Marcel Dekker Series.
12. Steinborn L. GMP/ISO Quality Audit Manual for Healthcare Manufacturers and Their Suppliers, Sixth Edition, (Volume 1 - With Checklists and Software Package). Taylor & Francis; 2003.
13. Sarker DK. Quality Systems and Controls for Pharmaceuticals. John Wiley & Sons; 2008.

HERBAL AND COSMETIC ANALYSIS
(MPA 204T)

Scope

This course is designed to impart knowledge on analysis of herbal products. Regulatory requirements, herbal drug interaction with monographs. Performance evaluation of cosmetic products is included for the better understanding of the equipments used in cosmetic industries for the purpose.

Objectives

At completion of this course student shall be able to understand

- Determination of herbal remedies and regulations
- Analysis of natural products and monographs
- Determination of Herbal drug-drug interaction
- Principles of performance evaluation of cosmetic products.

THEORY 60 Hrs

1. Herbal remedies- Toxicity and Regulations: Herbals vs Conventional drugs, Efficacy of herbal medicine products, Validation of Herbal Therapies, Pharmacodynamic and Pharmacokinetic issues. Herbal drug standardization: WHO and AYUSH guidelines. — 12 Hrs

2 Adulteration and Deterioration: Introduction, types of adulteration/substitution of herbal drugs, Causes and Measure of adulteration, Sampling Procedures, Determination of Foreign Matter, DNA Finger printing techniques in identification of drugs of natural origin, heavy metals, pesticide residues, phototoxin and microbial contamination in herbal formulations. — 12 Hrs

Regulatory requirements for setting herbal drug industry: Global marketing management, Indian and international patent law as applicable herbal drugs and natural products and its protocol.

3 Testing of natural products and drugs: Effect of herbal medicine on clinical laboratory testing, Adulterant Screening using modern analytical instruments, Regulation and dispensing of herbal drugs, Stability testing of natural products, protocol. — 12 Hrs

Monographs of Herbal drugs: Study of monographs of herbal drugs and comparative study in IP, USP, Ayurvedic

Pharmacopoeia, American herbal Pharmacopoeia, British herbal Pharmacopoeia, Siddha and Unani Pharmacopoeia, WHO guidelines in quality assessment of herbal drugs.

4 Herbal drug-drug interaction: WHO and AYUSH guidelines for safety monitoring of natural medicine, Spontaneous reporting schemes for bio drug adverse reactions, bio drug-drug and bio drug-food interactions with suitable examples. Challenges in monitoring the safety of herbal medicines. 12 Hrs

5 Evaluation of cosmetic products: Determination of acid value, ester value, saponification value, iodine value, peroxide value, rancidity, moisture, ash, volatile matter, heavy metals, fineness of powder, density, viscosity of cosmetic raw materials and finished products. Study of quality of raw materials and general methods of analysis of raw material used in cosmetic manufacture as per BIS.

Indian Standard specification laid down for sampling and testing of various cosmetics in finished forms such as baby care products, skin care products, dental products, personal hygiene preparations, lips sticks. Hair products and skin creams by the Bureau Indian Standards. 12 Hrs

REFERENCES

1. Pharmacognosy by Trease and Evans
2. Pharmacognosy by Kokate, Purohit and Gokhale
3. Quality Control Methods for Medicinal Plant, WHO, Geneva
4. Pharmacognosy & Pharmacobiotechnology by Ashutosh Kar
5. Essential of Pharmacognosy by Dr.S.H.Ansari
6. Cosmetics – Formulation, Manufacturing and Quality Control, P.P. Sharma, 4th edition, Vandana Publications Pvt. Ltd., Delhi
7. Indian Standard specification, for raw materials, BIS, New Delhi.
8. Indian Standard specification for 28 finished cosmetics BIS, New Delhi
9. Harry's Cosmeticology 8th edition
10. Suppliers catalogue on specialized cosmetic excipients
11. Wilkinson, Moore, seventh edition, George Godwin. Poucher's Perfumes, Cosmetics and Soaps
12. Hilda Butler, 10th Edition, Kluwer Academic Publishers. Handbook of Cosmetic Science and Technology, 3rd Edition,

PHARMACEUTICAL ANALYSIS PRACTICALS - I
(MPA 205P)

1. Comparison of absorption spectra by UV and Wood ward – Fiesure rule
2. Interpretation of organic compounds by FT-IR
3. Interpretation of organic compounds by NMR
4. Interpretation of organic compounds by MS
5. Determination of purity by DSC in pharmaceuticals
6. Identification of organic compounds using FT-IR, NMR, CNMR and Mass spectra
7. Bio molecules separation utilizing various sample preparation techniques and Quantitative analysis of components by gel electrophoresis.
8. Bio molecules separation utilizing various sample preparation techniques and Quantitative analysis of components by HPLC techniques.
9. Isolation of analgesics from biological fluids (Blood serum and urine).
10. Protocol preparation and performance of analytical/Bioanalytical method validation.
11. Protocol preparation for the conduct of BA/BE studies according to guidelines.
12. In process and finished product quality control tests for tablets, capsules, parenterals and creams
13. Quality control tests for Primary and secondary packing materials
14. Assay of raw materials as per official monographs
15. Testing of related and foreign substances in drugs and raw materials
16. Preparation of Master Formula Record.
17. Preparation of Batch Manufacturing Record.
18. Quantitative analysis of rancidity in lipsticks and hair oil
19. Determination of aryl amine content and Developer in hair dye
20. Determination of foam height and SLS content of Shampoo.
21. Determination of total fatty matter in creams (Soap, skin and hair creams)
22. Determination of acid value and saponification value.
23. Determination of calcium thioglycolate in depilatories

PHARMACEUTICALQUALITYASSURANCE(MQA)

MODERN PHARMACEUTICAL ANALYTICAL TECHNIQUES
(MQA 101T)

Scope

This subject deals with various advanced analytical instrumental techniques for identification, characterization and quantification of drugs. Instruments dealt are NMR, Mass spectrometer, IR, HPLC, GC etc.

Objectives

After completion of course student is able to know about chemicals and excipients

- The analysis of various drugs in single and combination dosage forms
- Theoretical and practical skills of the instruments

THEORY 60 Hrs

1. a. UV-Visible spectroscopy: Introduction, Theory, Laws, Instrumentation associated with UV-Visible spectroscopy, Choice of solvents and solvent effect and Applications of UV-Visible spectroscopy, Difference/ Derivative spectroscopy. — 12 Hrs

   b. IR spectroscopy: Theory, Modes of Molecular vibrations, Sample handling, Instrumentation of Dispersive and Fourier - Transform IR Spectrometer, Factors affecting vibrational frequencies and Applications of IR spectroscopy, Data Interpretation.

   c. Spectroflourimetry: Theory of Fluorescence, Factors affecting fluorescence (Characterestics of drugs that can be analysed by flourimetry), Quenchers, Instrumentation and Applications of fluorescence spectrophotometer.

   d. Flame emission spectroscopy and Atomic absorption spectroscopy: Principle, Instrumentation, Interferences and Applications.

2 NMR spectroscopy: Quantum numbers and their role in NMR, Principle, Instrumentation, Solvent requirement in NMR, Relaxation process, NMR signals in various compounds, Chemical shift, Factors influencing chemical shift, Spin-Spin coupling, Coupling constant, Nuclear magnetic double resonance, Brief outline of principles of FT-NMR and 13C NMR. Applications of NMR spectroscopy. — 12 Hrs

3	Mass Spectroscopy: Principle, Theory, Instrumentation of Mass Spectroscopy, Different types of ionization like electron impact, chemical, field, FAB and MALDI, APCI, ESI, APPI Analyzers of Quadrupole and Time of Flight, Mass fragmentation and its rules, Meta stable ions, Isotopic peaks and Applications of Mass spectroscopy.	12 Hrs
4	Chromatography: Principle, apparatus, instrumentation, chromatographic parameters, factors affecting resolution, isolation of drug from excipients, data interpretation and applications of the following: • Thin Layer chromatography • High Performance Thin Layer Chromatography • Ion exchange chromatography • Column chromatography • Gas chromatography • High Performance Liquid chromatography • Ultra High Performance Liquid chromatography • Affinity chromatography • Gel Chromatography	12 Hrs
5	a. Electrophoresis: Principle, Instrumentation, Working conditions, factors affecting separation and applications of the following: a) Paper electrophoresis b) Gel electrophoresis c) Capillary electrophoresis d) Zone electrophoresis e) Moving boundary electrophoresis f) Iso electric focusing b. X ray Crystallography: Production of X rays, Different X ray methods, Bragg's law, Rotating crystal technique, X ray powder technique, Types of crystals and applications of X-ray diffraction.	12 Hrs
6	a. Potentiometry: Principle, working, Ion selective Electrodes and Application of potentiometry. b. Thermal Techniques: Principle, thermal transitions and Instrumentation (Heat flux and power-compensation and designs), Modulated DSC, Hyper DSC, experimental parameters (sample preparation, experimental conditions, calibration, heating and cooling rates, resolution, source of errors) and their influence, advantage and disadvantages, pharmaceutical applications. Differential Thermal Analysis (DTA): Principle, instrumentation	12 Hrs

and advantage and disadvantages, pharmaceutical applications, derivative differential thermal analysis (DDTA). TGA: Principle, instrumentation, factors affecting results, advantage and disadvantages, pharmaceutical applications.

REFERENCES

1. Spectrometric Identification of Organic compounds - Robert M Silverstein, Sixth edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2004.
2. Principles of Instrumental Analysis - Doglas A Skoog, F. James Holler, Timothy A. Nieman, 5th edition, Eastern press, Bangalore, 1998.
3. Instrumental methods of analysis – Willards, 7th edition, CBS publishers.
4. Practical Pharmaceutical Chemistry – Beckett and Stenlake, Vol II, 4th edition, CBS Publishers, New Delhi, 1997.
5. Organic Spectroscopy - William Kemp, 3rd edition, ELBS, 1991.
6. Quantitative Analysis of Drugs in Pharmaceutical formulation - P D Sethi, 3rd Edition, CBS Publishers, New Delhi, 1997.
7. Pharmaceutical Analysis - Modern Methods – Part B - J W Munson, Vol 11, Marcel. Dekker Series
8. Spectroscopy of Organic Compounds, 2nd edn., P.S/Kalsi, Wiley estern Ltd., Delhi.
9. Textbook of Pharmaceutical Analysis, KA.Connors, 3rd Edition, John Wiley & Sons, 1982.
10. Textbook of Pharmaceutical Analysis, KA.Connors, 3rd Edition, John Wiley & Sons, 1982.

QUALITY MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS
(MQA 102T)

Scope

This course is designed to impart fundamental knowledge and concepts about various quality management principles and systems utilized in the manufacturing industry. It also aids in understanding the quality evaluation in the pharmaceutical industries.

Objectives

At completion of this course it is expected that students will be able to understand-

- The importance of quality
- ISO management systems
- Tools for quality improvement
- Analysis of issues in quality
- Quality evaluation of pharmaceuticals
- Stability testing of drug and drug substances
- Statistical approaches for quality

THEORY 60 Hrs

1. Introduction to Quality: Evolution of Quality, Definition of Quality, Dimensions of Quality — 12 Hrs

   Quality as a Strategic Decision: Meaning of strategy and strategic quality management, mission and vision statements, quality policy, Quality objectives, strategic planning and implementation, McKinsey 7s model, Competitive analysis, Management commitment to quality

   Customer Focus: Meaning of customer and customer focus, Classification of customers, Customer focus, Customer perception of quality, Factors affecting customer perception, Customer requirements, Meeting customer needs and expectations, Customer satisfaction and Customer delight, Handling customer complaints, Understanding customer behavior, concept of internal and external customers. Case studies.

   Cost of Quality: Cost of quality, Categories of cost of Quality, Models of cost of quality, Optimising costs, Preventing cost of quality.

2	Pharmaceutical quality Management: Basics of Quality Management, Total Quality Management (TQM), Principles of Six sigma, ISO 9001:2008, 9001:2015, ISO 14001:2004, Pharmaceutical Quality Management – ICH Q10, Knowledge management, Quality Metrics, Operational Excellence and Quality Management Review. OSHAS guidelines, NABL certification and accreditation, CFR-21 part 11, WHO-GMP requirements.	12 Hrs
3	Six System Inspection model: Quality Management system, Production system, Facility and Equipment system, Laboratory control system, Materials system, Packaging and labeling system. Concept of self inspection. Quality systems: Change Management/ Change control. Deviations, Out of Specifications (OOS), Out of Trend (OOT), Complaints - evaluation and handling, Investigation and determination of root cause, Corrective & Preventive Actions (CAPA), Returns and Recalls, Vendor Qualification, Annual Product Reviews, Batch Review and Batch Release. Concept of IPQC, area clearance/ Line clearance.	12 Hrs
4	Drug Stability: ICH guidelines for stability testing of drug substances and drug products. Study of ICH Q8, Quality by Design and Process development report Quality risk management: Introduction, risk assessment, risk control, risk review, risk management tools, HACCP, risk ranking and filtering according to ICH Q9 guidelines.	12 Hrs
5	Statistical Process control (SPC): Definition and Importance of SPC, Quality measurement in manufacturing, Statistical control charts - concepts and general aspects, Advantages of statistical control, Process capability, Estimating Inherent or potential capability from a control chart analysis, Measuring process control and quality improvement, Pursuit of decreased process variability.	8 Hrs
6	Regulatory Compliance through Quality Management and development of Quality Culture Benchmarking: Definition of benchmarking, Reasons for benchmarking, Types of Benchmarking, Benchmarking process, Advantages of benchmarking, Limitations of benchmarking.	4 Hrs

REFERENCES

1. Implementing Juran's Road Map for Quality Leadership: Benchmarks and Results, By Al Endres, Wiley, 2000
2. Understanding, Managing and Implementing Quality: Frameworks, Techniques and Cases, By Jiju Antony; David Preece, Routledge, 2002
3. Organizing for High Performance: Employee Involvement, TQM, Reengineering, and Knowledge Management in the Fortune 1000: The CEO Report By Edward E. Lawler; Susan Albers Mohrman; George Benson, Jossey-Bass, 2001
4. Corporate Culture and the Quality Organization By James W. Fairfield-Sonn, Quorum Books, 2001
5. The Quality Management Sourcebook: An International Guide to Materials and Resources By Christine Avery; Diane Zabel, Routledge, 1997
6. The Quality Toolbox, Second Edition, Nancy R. Tague, ASQ Publications
7. Juran's Quality Handbook, Sixth Edition, Joseph M. Juran and Joseph A. De Feo, ASQ Publications
8. Root Cause Analysis, The Core of Problem Solving and Corrective Action, Duke Okes, 2009, ASQ Publications.

QUALITY CONTROL AND QUALITY ASSURANCE
(MQA 103T)

Scope

This course deals with the various aspects of quality control and quality assurance aspects of pharmaceutical industries. It covers the important aspects like cGMP, QC tests, documentation, quality certifications, GLP and regulatory affairs.

Objectives

Upon completion of this course the student should be able to

- Understand the cGMP aspects in a pharmaceutical industry
- To appreciate the importance of documentation
- To understand the scope of quality certifications applicable to Pharmaceutical industries
- To understand the responsibilities of QA & QC departments.

THEORY 60 Hrs

1. Introduction: Concept and evolution and scopes of Quality Control and Quality Assurance, Good Laboratory Practice, GMP, Overview of ICH Guidelines - QSEM, with special emphasis on Q-series guidelines. 12 Hrs

   Good Laboratory Practices: Scope of GLP, Definitions, Quality assurance unit, protocol for conduct of non clinical testing, control on animal house, report preparation and documentation. CPCSEA guidelines.

2 cGMP guidelines according to schedule M, USFDA (inclusive of CDER and CBER) Pharmaceutical Inspection Convention(PIC), WHO and EMEA covering: Organization and personnel responsibilities, training, hygiene and personal records, drug industry location, design, construction and plant lay out, maintenance, sanitation, environmental control, utilities and maintenance of sterile areas, control of contamination and Good Warehousing Practice. 12 Hrs

3 Analysis of raw materials, finished products, packaging materials, in process quality control (IPQC), Developing specification (ICH Q6 and Q3), purchase specifications and maintenance of stores for raw materials. 12 Hrs

In process quality control and finished products quality control for following dosage forms in Pharma industry according to Indian, US and British pharmacopoeias: tablets, capsules, ointments, suppositories, creams, parenterals, ophthalmic and surgical products (How to refer pharmacopoeias).

4 Documentation in pharmaceutical industry: Three tier documentation, Policy, Procedures and Work instructions, and records (Formats), Basic principles- How to maintain, retention and retrieval etc. Standard operating procedures (How to write), Master Batch Record, Batch Manufacturing Record, Quality audit plan and reports. Specification and test procedures, Protocols and reports. Distribution records. Electronic data handling. Concepts of controlled and uncontrolled documents. 12 Hrs

Submission documents for regulators DMFs, as Common Technical Document and Electronic Common Technical Documentation (CTD, eCTD). Concept of regulated and non regulated markets.

5 Manufacturing operations and controls: Sanitation of manufacturing premises, mix-ups and cross contamination, processing of intermediates and bulk products, packaging operations, IPQC, release of finished product, process deviations, charge-in of components, time limitations on production, drug product inspection, expiry date calculation, calculation of yields, production record review, change control, sterile products, aseptic process control, packaging, reprocessing, salvaging, handling of waste and scrap disposal. 12 Hrs

Introduction, scope and importance of intellectual property rights. Concept of trade mark, copyright and patents.

REFERENCES

1. Quality Assurance Guide by organization of Pharmaceutical Procedures of India, 3rd revised edition, Volume I & II, Mumbai, 1996.
2. Good Laboratory Practice Regulations, 2nd Edition, Sandy Weinberg Vol. 69, Marcel Dekker Series, 1995.
3. Quality Assurance of Pharmaceuticals- A compedium of Guide lines and Related materials Vol I & II, 2nd edition, WHO Publications, 1999.
4. How to Practice GMP's – P P Sharma, Vandana Publications, Agra, 1991.

5. The International Pharmacopoeia – vol I, II, III, IV & V - General Methods of Analysis and Quality specification for Pharmaceutical Substances, Excepients and Dosage forms, 3rd edition, WHO, Geneva, 2005.
6. Good laboratory Practice Regulations – Allen F. Hirsch, Volume 38, Marcel Dekker Series, 1989.
7. ICH guidelines
8. ISO 9000 and total quality management
9. The drugs and cosmetics act 1940 – Deshpande, Nilesh Gandhi, 4th edition, Susmit Publishers, 2006.
10. QA Manual – D.H. Shah, 1st edition, Business Horizons, 2000.
11. Good Manufacturing Practices for Pharmaceuticals a plan for total quality control – Sidney H. Willig, Vol. 52, 3rd edition, Marcel Dekker Series.
12. Steinborn L. GMP/ISO Quality Audit Manual for Healthcare Manufacturers and Their Suppliers, Sixth Edition, (Volume 1 - With Checklists and Software Package). Taylor & Francis; 2003.
13. Sarker DK. Quality Systems and Controls for Pharmaceuticals. John Wiley & Sons; 2008.
14. Packaging of Pharmaceuticals.
15. Schedule M and Schedule N.

PRODUCT DEVELOPMENT AND TECHNOLOGY TRANSFER
(MQA 104T)

Scope

This deal with technology transfer covers the activities associated with Drug Substance, Drug Product and analytical tests and methods, required following candidate drug selection to completion of technology transfer from R&D to the first receiving site and technology transfer related to post-marketing changes in manufacturing places.

Objectives

Upon completion of this course the student should be able to

- To understand the new product development process
- To understand the necessary information to transfer technology from R&D to actual manufacturing by sorting out various information obtained during R&D
- To elucidate necessary information to transfer technology of existing products between various manufacturing places

THEORY 60 Hrs

1.	Principles of Drug discovery and development: Introduction, Clinical research process. Development and informational content for Investigational New Drugs Application (IND), New Drug Application (NDA), Abbreviated New Drug Application (ANDA), Supplemental New Drug Application (SNDA), Scale Up Post Approval Changes (SUPAC) and Bulk active chemical Post approval changes (BACPAC), Post marketing surveillance, Product registration guidelines – CDSCO, USFDA.	12 Hrs
2	Pre-formulation studies: Introduction/concept, organoleptic properties, purity, impurity profiles, particle size, shape and surface area. Solubility, Methods to improve solubility of Drugs: Surfactants & its importance, co-solvency. Techniques for the study of Crystal properties and polymorphism. Pre-formulation protocol, Stability testing during product development.	12 Hrs
3	Pilot plant scale up: Concept, Significance, design, layout of pilot plant scale up study, operations, large scale manufacturing techniques (formula, equipment, process, stability and quality control) of solids, liquids, semisolid and parenteral dosage forms. New era of drug products: opportunities and challenges.	12 Hrs

4	Pharmaceutical packaging: Pharmaceutical dosage form and their packaging requirments, Pharmaceutical packaging materials, Medical device packaging, Enteral Packaging, Aseptic packaging systems, Container closure systems, Issues facing modern drug packaging, Selection and evaluation of Pharmaceutical packaging materials. Quality control test: Containers, closures and secondary packing materials.	12 Hrs
5	Technology transfer: Development of technology by R & D, Technology transfer from R & D to production, Optimization and Production, Qualitative and quantitative technology models. Documentation in technology transfer: Development report, technology transfer plan and Exhibit.	12 Hrs

REFERENCES

1. The process of new drug discovery and development. I and II Edition (2006) by Charles G. Smith, James T and O. Donnell. CRC Press, Group of Taylor and Francis.
2. Leon Lac Lachman, Herbert A. Liberman, Theory and Practice of Industrial Pharmacy. Marcel Dekker Inc. New York.
3. Sidney H Willing, Murray M, Tuckerman. Williams Hitchings IV, Good manufacturing of pharmaceuticals (A Plan for total quality control) 3rd Edition. Bhalani publishing house Mumbai.
4. Tablets Vol. I, II, III by Leon Lachman, Herbert A. Liberman, Joseph B. Schwartz, 2nd Edn. (1989) Marcel Dekker Inc. New York.
5. Text book of Bio- Pharmaceutics and clinical Pharmacokinetics by Milo Gibaldi, 3rd Edn, Lea & Febriger, Philadelphia.
6. Pharmaceutical product development. Vandana V. Patrevale. John I. Disouza. Maharukh T.Rustomji. CRC Press, Group of Taylor and Francis.
7. Dissolution, Bioavailability and Bio-Equivalence by Abdou H.M, Mack Publishing company, Eastern Pennsylvania.
8. Remingtons Pharmaceutical Sciences, by Alfonso & Gennaro, 19th Edn.(1995)OO2C Lippincott; Williams and Wilkins A Wolters Kluwer Company, Philadelphia.
9. The Pharmaceutical Sciences; the Pharma Path way 'Pure and applied Pharmacy' by D. A Sawant, Pragathi Books Pvt. Ltd.
10. Pharmaceutical Packaging technology by D.A. Dean. E.R. Evans, I.H. Hall. 1st Edition(Reprint 2006). Taylor and Francis. London and New York.

QUALITY ASSURANCE PRACTICAL - I
(MQA 105P)

PRACTICALS

1. Analysis of Pharmacopoeial compounds in bulk and in their formulations (tablet/ capsules/ semisolids) by UV Vis spectrophotometer
2. Simultaneous estimation of multi-drug component containing formulations by UV spectrophotometry
3. Experiments based on HPLC
4. Experiments based on Gas Chromatography
5. Estimation of riboflavin/quinine sulphate by fluorimetry
6. Estimation of sodium/potassium by flame photometry or AAS
7. Case studies on
   - Total Quality Management
   - Six Sigma
   - Change Management/ Change control. Deviations,
   - Out of Specifications (OOS)
   - Out of Trend (OOT)
   - Corrective & Preventive Actions (CAPA)
   - Deviations
8. Development of Stability study protocol
9. Estimation of process capability
10. In process and finished product quality control tests for tablets, capsules, parenterals and semisolid dosage forms.
11. Assay of raw materials as per official monographs
12. Testing of related and foreign substances in drugs and raw materials
13. To carry out pre formulation study for tablets, parenterals (2 experiment).
14. To study the effect of pH on the solubility of drugs, (1 experiment)
15. Quality control tests for Primary and secondary packaging materials
16. Accelerated stability studies (1 experiment)
17. Improved solubility of drugs using surfactant systems (1 experiment)
18. Improved solubility of drugs using co-solvency method (1 experiment)
19. Determination of Pka and Log p of drugs.

HAZARDS AND SAFETY MANAGEMENT
(MQA 201T)

Scope

This course is designed to convey the knowledge necessary to understand issues related to different kinds of hazard and their management. Basic theoretical and practical discussions integrate the proficiency to handle the emergency situation in the pharmaceutical product development process and provides the principle based approach to solve the complex tribulations.

Objectives

At completion of this course it is expected that students will be able to

- Understand about environmental problems among learners.
- Impart basic knowledge about the environment and its allied problems.
- Develop an attitude of concern for the industry environment.
- Ensure safety standards in pharmaceutical industry
- Provide comprehensive knowledge on the safety management
- Empower an ideas to clear mechanism and management in different kinds of hazard management system
- Teach the method of Hazard assessment, procedure, methodology for provide safe industrial atmosphere.

THEORY 60Hrs

1. Multidisciplinary nature of environmental studies: Natural Resources, Renewable and non-renewable resources, Natural resources and associated problems, 12 Hrs

   a) Forest resources; b) Water resources; c) Mineral resources; d) Energy resources; e) Land resources

   Ecosystems: Concept of an ecosystem and Structure and function of an ecosystem. Environmental hazards: Hazards based on Air, Water, Soil and Radioisotopes.

2 Air based hazards: Sources, Types of Hazards, Air circulation maintenance industry for sterile area and non sterile area, Preliminary Hazard Analysis (PHA) Fire protection system: Fire prevention, types of fire extinguishers and critical Hazard management system. 12 Hrs

3 Chemical based hazards: Sources of chemical hazards, Hazards of Organic synthesis, sulphonating hazard, Organic solvent hazard, Control measures for chemical hazards, 12 Hrs

Management of combustible gases, Toxic gases and Oxygen displacing gases management, Regulations for chemical hazard, Management of over-Exposure to chemicals and TLV concept.

4	Fire and Explosion: Introduction, Industrial processes and hazards potential, mechanical electrical, thermal and process hazards. Safety and hazards regulations, Fire protection system: Fire prevention, types of fire extinguishers and critical Hazard management system mechanical and chemical explosion, multiphase reactions, transport effects and global rates. Preventive and protective management from fires and explosion-electricity passivation, ventilation, and sprinkling, proofing, relief systems -relief valves, flares, scrubbers.	12 Hrs
5	Hazard and risk management: Self-protective measures against workplace hazards. Critical training for risk management, Process of hazard management, ICH guidelines on risk assessment and Risk management methods and Tools Factory act and rules, fundamentals of accident prevention, elements of safety programme and safety management, Physicochemical measurements of effluents, BOD, COD, Determination of some contaminants, Effluent treatment procedure, Role of emergency services.	12 Hrs

REFERENCES

1. Y.K. Sing, Environmental Science, New Age International Pvt, Publishers, Bangalore
2. "Quantitative Risk Assessment in Chemical Process Industries" American Institute of Chemical Industries, Centre for Chemical Process safety.
3. Bharucha Erach, The Biodiversity of India, Mapin Pu blishing Pvt. Ltd., Ahmedabad – 380 013, India,
4. Hazardous Chemicals: Safety Management and Global Regulations, T.S.S. Dikshith, CRC press

PHARMACEUTICAL VALIDATION
(MQA 202T)

Scope

The main purpose of the subject is to understand about validation and how it can be applied to industry and thus improve the quality of the products. The subject covers the complete information about validation, types, methodology and application.

Objectives

At completion of this course, it is expected that students will be able to understand

- The concepts of calibration, qualification and validation
- The qualification of various equipments and instruments
- Process validation of different dosage forms
- Validation of analytical method for estimation of drugs
- Cleaning validation of equipments employed in the manufacture of pharmaceuticals

THEORY 60 Hrs

1. Introduction to validation: Definition of Calibration, Qualification and Validation, Scope, frequency and importance. Difference between calibration and validation. Calibration of weights and measures. Advantages of Validation, scope of Validation, Organization for Validation, Validation Master plan, Types of Validation, Streamlining of qualification & Validation process and Validation Master Plan. 10 Hrs

   Qualification: User requirement specification, Design qualification, Factory Acceptance Test (FAT)/Site Acceptance Test (SAT), Installation qualification, Operational qualification, Performance qualification, Re-Qualification (Maintaining status-Calibration Preventive Maintenance, Change management).

2 Qualification of manufacturing equipment: Dry Powder Mixers, Fluid Bed and Tray dryers, Tablet Compression (Machine), Dry heat sterilization/Tunnels, Autoclaves, Membrane filtration, Capsule filling machine. 10 Hrs

   Qualification of analytical instruments: UV-Visible spectrophotometer, FTIR, DSC, GC, HPLC, HPTLC, LC-MS.

3	Qualification of laboratory equipments: Hardness tester, Friability test apparatus, tap density tester, Disintegration tester, Dissolution test apparatus Validation of Utility systems: Pharmaceutical water system & pure steam, HVAC system, Compressed air and nitrogen.	10 Hrs
4	Process Validation: Concept, Process and documentation of Process Validation. Prospective, Concurrent & Retrospective Validation, Re validation criteria, Process Validation of various formulations (Coated tablets, Capsules, Ointment/Creams, Liquid Orals and aerosols.), Aseptic filling: Media fill validation, USFDA guidelines on Process Validation- A life cycle approach. Analytical method validation: General principles, Validation of analytical method as per ICH guidelines and USP.	10 Hrs
5	Cleaning Validation: Cleaning Method development, Validation of analytical method used in cleaning, Cleaning of Equipment, Cleaning of Facilities. Cleaning in place (CIP). Validation of facilities in sterile and non-sterile plant. Computerized system validation: Electronic records and digital signature - 21 CFR Part 11 and GAMP	10 Hrs
6	General Principles of Intellectual Property: Concepts of Intellectual Property (IP), Intellectual Property Protection (IPP), Intellectual Property Rights (IPR); Economic importance, mechanism for protection of Intellectual Property –patents, Copyright, Trademark; Factors affecting choice of IP protection; Penalties for violation; Role of IP in pharmaceutical industry; Global ramification and financial implications. Filing a patent applications; patent application forms and guidelines. Types patent applications-provisional and non provisional, PCT and convention patent applications; International patenting requirement procedures and costs; Rights and responsibilities of a patentee; Practical aspects regarding maintaining of a Patent file; Patent infringement meaning and scope. Significance of transfer technology (TOT), IP and ethics-positive and negative aspects of IPP; Societal responsibility, avoiding unethical practices.	10 Hrs

REFERENCES

1. B. T. Loftus & R. A. Nash, "Pharmaceutical Process Validation", Drugs and Pharm Sci. Series, Vol. 129, 3rd Ed., Marcel Dekker Inc., N.Y.
2. The Theory & Practice of Industrial Pharmacy, 3rd edition, Leon Lachman, Herbert A. Lieberman, Joseph. L. Karig, Varghese Publishing House, Bombay.
3. Validation Master plan by Terveeks or Deeks, Davis Harwood International publishing.
4. Validation of Aseptic Pharmaceutical Processes, 2nd Edition, by Carleton & Agalloco,
5. (Marcel Dekker).
6. Michael Levin, Pharmaceutical Process Scale-Up", Drugs and Pharm. Sci. Series, Vol. 157,2nd Ed., Marcel Dekker Inc., N.Y.
7. Validation Standard Operating Procedures: A Step by Step Guide for Achieving Compliance in the Pharmaceutical, Medical Device, and Biotech Industries, Syed Imtiaz Haider
8. Pharmaceutical Equipment Validation: The Ultimate Qualification Handbook, Phillip A. Cloud, Interpharm Press
9. Validation of Pharmaceutical Processes: Sterile Products, Frederick J. Carlton (Ed.) and James Agalloco (Ed.), Marcel Dekker
10. Analytical Method validation and Instrument Performance Verification by Churg Chan, Heiman Lam, Y.C. Lee, Yue. Zhang, Wiley Interscience.
11. Huber L. Validation and Qualification in Analytical Laboratories. Informa Healthcare
12. Wingate G. Validating Corporate Computer Systems: Good IT Practice for Pharmaceutical Manufacturers. Interpharm Press
13. LeBlanc DA. Validated Cleaning Technologies for Pharmaceutical Manufacturing. Interpharm Press

AUDITS AND REGULATORY COMPLIANCE
(MPA 203T)

Scope

This course deals with the understanding and process for auditing in pharmaceutical industries. This subject covers the methodology involved in the auditing process of different in pharmaceutical industries.

Objectives

Upon completion of this course the student should be able to

- To understand the importance of auditing
- To understand the methodology of auditing
- To carry out the audit process
- To prepare the auditing report
- To prepare the check list for auditing

THEORY 60 Hrs

1.	Introduction: Objectives, Management of audit, Responsibilities, Planning process, information gathering, administration, Classifications of deficiencies	12 Hrs
2	Role of quality systems and audits in pharmaceutical manufacturing environment: cGMP Regulations, Quality assurance functions, Quality systems approach, Management responsibilities, Resource, Manufacturing operations, Evaluation activities, Transitioning to quality system approach, Audit checklist for drug industries.	12 Hrs
3	Auditing of vendors and production department: Bulk Pharmaceutical Chemicals and packaging material Vendor audit, Warehouse and weighing, Dry Production: Granulation, tableting, coating, capsules, sterile production and packaging.	12 Hrs
4	Auditing of Microbiological laboratory: Auditing the manufacturing process, Product and process information, General areas of interest in the building raw materials, Water, Packaging materials.	12 Hrs

5	Auditing of Quality Assurance and engineering department: Quality Assurance Maintenance, Critical systems: HVAC, Water, Water for Injection systems, ETP.	12 Hrs

REFERENCES

1. Compliance auditing for Pharmaceutical Manufacturers. Karen Ginsbury and Gil Bismuth, Interpharm/CRC, Boca Raton, London New York, Washington D.C.
2. Pharmaceutical Manufacturing Handbook, Regulations and Quality by Shayne Cox Gad. Wiley-Interscience, A John Wiley and sons, Inc., Publications.
3. Handbook of microbiological Quality control. Rosamund M. Baird, Norman A. Hodges, Stephen P. Denyar. CRC Press. 2000.
4. Laboratory auditing for quality and regulatory compliance. Donald C. Singer, Raluca-loana Stefan, Jacobus F. Van Staden. Taylor and Francis (2005).

PHARMACEUTICAL MANUFACTURING TECHNOLOGY
(MQA 204T)

Scope

This course is designed to impart knowledge and skills necessary to train the students with the industrial activities during Pharmaceutical Manufacturing.

Objectives

At completion of this course it is expected that students will be able to understand,

- The common practice in the pharmaceutical industry developments, plant layout and production planning
- Will be familiar with the principles and practices of aseptic process technology, non sterile manufacturing technology and packaging technology.
- Have a better understanding of principles and implementation of Quality by design (QbD) and process analytical technology (PAT) in pharmaceutical manufacturing

THEORY 60 Hrs

1. Pharmaceutical industry developments: Legal requirements and Licenses for API and formulation industry, Plant location-Factors influencing. 12 Hrs

   Plant layout: Factors influencing, Special provisions, Storage space requirements, sterile and aseptic area layout.

   Production planning: General principles, production systems, calculation of standard cost, process planning, routing, loading, scheduling, dispatching of records, production control.

2 Aseptic process technology: Manufacturing, manufacturing flowcharts, in process-quality control tests for following sterile dosage forms: Ointment, Suspension and Emulsion, Dry powder, Solution (Small Volume & large Volume). 12 Hrs

   Advanced sterile product manufacturing technology : Area planning & environmental control, wall and floor treatment, fixtures and machineries, change rooms, personnel flow, utilities & utilities equipment location, engineering and maintenance.

   Process Automation in Pharmaceutical Industry: With specific reference to manufacturing of sterile semisolids, Small Volume Parenterals & Large Volume Parenterals (SVP & LVP), Monitoring of Parenteral manufacturing facility, Cleaning in Place (CIP),

Sterilization in Place (SIP), Prefilled Syringe, Powdered Jet, Needle Free Injections, and Form Fill Seal Technology (FFS).
Lyophilization technology: Principles, process, equipment.

3	Non sterile manufacturing process technology: Manufacturing, manufacturing flowcharts, in process-quality control tests for following Non-Sterile solid dosage forms: Tablets (compressed & coated), Capsules (Hard & Soft). Advance non-sterile solid product manufacturing technology: Process Automation in Pharmaceutical Industry with specific reference to manufacturing of tablets and coated products, Improved Tablet Production: Tablet production process, granulation and pelletization equipments, continuous and batch mixing, rapid mixing granulators, rota granulators, spheronizers and marumerisers, and other specialized granulation and drying equipments. Problems encountered. Coating technology: Process, equipments, particle coating, fluidized bed coating, application techniques. Problems encountered.	12 Hrs
4	Containers and closures for pharmaceuticals: Types, performance, assuring quality of glass; types of plastics used, Drug plastic interactions, biological tests, modification of plastics by drugs; different types of closures and closure liners; film wrapper; blister packs; bubble packs; shrink packaging; foil / plastic pouches, bottle seals, tape seals, breakable seals and sealed tubes; quality control of packaging material and filling equipment, flexible packaging, product package compatibility, transit worthiness of package, Stability aspects of packaging. Evaluation of stability of packaging material.	12 Hrs
5	Quality by design (QbD) and process analytical technology (PAT): Current approach and its limitations. Why QbD is required, Advantages, Elements of QbD, Terminology: QTPP. CMA, CQA, CPP, RLD, Design space, Design of Experiments, Risk Assessment and mitigation/minimization. Quality by Design, Formulations by Design, QbD for drug products, QbD for Drug Substances, QbD for Excipients, Analytical QbD. FDA initiative on process analytical technology. PAT as a driver for improving quality and reducing costs: quality by design (QbD), QA, QC and GAMP. PAT guidance, standards and regulatory requirements.	12 Hrs

REFERENCES

1. Lachman L, Lieberman HA, Kanig JL. The theory and practice of industrial pharmacy, 3rd ed., Varghese Publishers, Mumbai 1991.
2. Sinko PJ. Martin's physical pharmacy and pharmaceutical sciences, 5th ed., B.I. Publications Pvt. Ltd, Noida, 2006.
3. Lieberman HA, Lachman L, Schwartz JB. Pharmaceutical dosage forms: tablets Vol. I-III, 2nd ed., CBS Publishers & distributors, New Delhi, 2005.
4. Banker GS, Rhodes CT. Modern Pharmaceutics, 4th ed., Marcel Dekker Inc, New York, 2005.
5. Sidney H Willing, Murray M, Tuckerman. Williams Hitchings IV, Good manufacturing of pharmaceuticals (A Plan for total quality control) 3rd Edition. Bhalani publishing house Mumbai.
6. Indian Pharmacopoeia. Controller of Publication. Delhi, 1996.
7. British Pharmacopoeia. British Pharmacopoeia Commission Office, London, 2008.
8. United States Pharmacopoeia. United States Pharmacopeial Convention, Inc, USA, 2003.
9. Dean D A, Evans E R and Hall I H. Pharmaceutical Packaging Technology. London, Taylor & Francis, 1st Edition. UK.
10. Edward J Bauer. Pharmaceutical Packaging Handbook. 2009. Informa Health care USA Inc. New york.
11. Shaybe Cox Gad. Pharmaceutical Manufacturing Handbook. John Willey and Sons, New Jersey, 2008.

QUALITY ASSURANCE PRACTICAL – II PRACTICALS
(MQA 205P)

1. Organic contaminants residue analysis by HPLC
2. Estimation of Metallic contaminants by Flame photometer
3. Identification of antibiotic residue by TLC
4. Estimation of Hydrogen Sulphide in Air.
5. Estimation of Chlorine in Work Environment.
6. Sampling and analysis of SO_2 using Colorimetric method
7. Qualification of following Pharma equipment
   a. Autoclave
   b. Hot air oven
   c. Powder Mixer (Dry)
   d. Tablet Compression Machine
8. Validation of an analytical method for a drug
9. Validation of a processing area
10. Qualification of at least two analytical instruments
11. Cleaning validation of one equipment
12. Qualification of Pharmaceutical Testing Equipment (Dissolution testing apparatus, Friability Apparatus, Disintegration Tester)
13. Check list for Bulk Pharmaceutical Chemicals vendors
14. Check list for tableting production.
15. Check list for sterile production area
16. Check list for Water for injection.
17. Design of plant layout: Sterile and non-sterile
18. Case study on application of QbD
19. Case study on application of PAT

PHARMACEUTICALREGULATORY AFFAIRS(MRA)

GOOD REGULATORY PRACTICES (MRA 101T)

Scope

This course is designed to impart fundamental knowledge on various Good Regulatory Practices viz., cGMP, GLP, GALP and GDP for Pharmaceuticals, Cosmetics, Food & Nutraceuticals, Medical devices, In-vitro Diagnostic Medical Devices (IVDs) and biological products and understand the rationale behind these requirements and will propose ways and means of complying with them.

Objectives

At completion of this course it is expected that students will be able to understand,

- The key regulatory and compliance elements with respect to Good Manufacturing Practices, Good Laboratory Practices, Good Automated Laboratory Practices and Good Documentation Practices.
- Prepare and implement the check lists and SOPs for various Good Regulatory Practices
- Implement Good Regulatory Practices in the Healthcare and related Industries
- Prepare for the readiness and conduct of audits and inspections.

THEORY 60 Hrs

1. Current Good Manufacturing Practices: Introduction, US cGMP Part 210 and Part 211.EC Principles of GMP (Directive 91/356/EEC) Article 6 to Article 14 and WHO cGMP guidelines GAMP-5; Medical device and IVDs Global Harmonization Task Force(GHTF) Guidance docs. — 12 Hrs

2 Good Laboratory Practices: Introduction, USFDA GLP Regulations (Subpart A to Subpart K), Controlling the GLP inspection process, Documentation, Audit, goals of Laboratory Quality Audit, Audit tools, Future of GLP regulations, relevant ISO and Quality Council of India(QCI) Standards — 12 Hrs

3 Good Automated Laboratory Practices: Introduction to GALP, Principles of GALP, GALP Requirements, SOPs of GALP, Training Documentation,21 CFR Part 11, General check list of 21CFR Part 11, Software Evaluation checklist, relevant ISO and QCI Standards. — 12 Hrs

4	Good Distribution Practices: Introduction to GDP, Legal GDP requirements put worldwide, Principles, Personnel, Documentation, Premises and Equipment, Deliveries to Customers, Returns, Self-Inspection, Provision of information, Stability testing principles, WHO GDP, USP GDP (Supply chain integrity), relevant CDSCO guidance and ISO standards	12 Hrs
5	Quality management systems: Concept of Quality, Total Quality Management, Quality by design, Six Sigma concept, Out of Specifications (OOS), Change control. Validation: Types of Validation, Types of Qualification, Validation master plan (VMP), Analytical Method Validation. Validation of utilities, [Compressed air, steam, water systems, Heat Ventilation and Air conditioning (HVAC)]and Cleaning Validation. The International Conference on Harmonization (ICH) process, ICH guidelines to establish quality, safety and efficacy of drug substances and products, ISO 13485, Sch MIII and other relevant CDSCO regulatory guidance documents.	12 Hrs

REFERENCES

1. Good Laboratory Practice Regulations, by Sandy Weinberg, Fourth Edition Drugs and the Pharmaceutical Sciences, Vol.168
2. Good Pharmaceutical Manufacturing practice, Rational and compliance by John Sharp, CRC Press
3. Establishing a cGMP Laboratory Audit System, A practical Guide by David M.Bleisner, Wiley Publication.
4. How to practice GLP by PP Sharma, Vandana Publications.
5. Laboratory Auditing for Quality and Regulatory compliance bu Donald C.Singer, Drugs and the Pharmaceutical Sciences, Vol.150.
6. Drugs & Cosmetics Act, Rules & Amendments

DOCUMENTATION AND REGULATORY WRITING
(MRA 102T)

Scope

This course is designed to impart fundamental knowledge on documentation and general principles involved in regulatory writing and submission to agencies.

Objectives

Upon completion of the course the student shall be able to,

- Know the various documents pertaining to drugs in pharmaceutical industry
- Understand the basics of regulatory compilation
- Create and assemble the regulation submission as per the requirements of agencies
- Follow up the submissions and post approval document requirements

THEORY 60 Hrs

1. Documentation in pharmaceutical industry: Exploratory Product Development Brief (EPDB) for Drug substance and Drug product, Product Development Plan (PDP), Product Development Report (PDR), Master Formula Record, Batch Manufacturing Record and its calculations, Batch Reconciliation, Batch Packaging Records, Print pack specifications, Distribution records, Certificate of Analysis (CoA), Site Master File and Drug Master Files (DMF). 12 Hrs

2 Dossier preparation and submission: Introduction and overview of dossiers, contents and organization of dossier, binders and sections, compilation and review of dossier. Paper submissions, overview and modules of CTD, electronic CTD submissions; Electronic submission: Planning electronic submission, requirements for submission, regulatory bindings and requirements, Tool and Technologies, electronic dossier submission process and validating the submission, Electronic Submission Gateway (ESG). Non eCTD electronic submissions (NeeS), Asian CTD formats (ACTD) submission. Organizing, process and validation of submission. Submission in Sugam system of CDSCO. 12 Hrs

3	Audits: Introduction, Definition, Summary, Types of audits, GMP compliance audit, Audit policy, Internal and External Audits, Second Party Audits, External third party audits, Auditing strategies, Preparation and conducting audit, Auditing strategies, audit analysis, audit report, audit follow up. Auditing/inspection of manufacturing facilities by regulatory agencies. Timelines for audits/inspection. GHTF study group 4 guidance document. ISO 13485.	12 Hrs
4	Inspections: Pre-approval inspections, Inspection of pharmaceutical manufacturers, Inspection of drug distribution channels, Quality systems requirements for national good manufacturing practice inspectorates, inspection report, model certificate of good manufacturing practices, Root cause analysis, Corrective and Preventive action (CAPA).	12 Hrs
5	Product life cycle management: Prior Approval Supplement (PAS), Post Approval Changes [SUPAC], Changes Being Effected in 30 Days (CBE-30), Annual Report, Post marketing Reporting Requirements, Post approval Labeling Changes, Lifecycle Management, FDA Inspection and Enforcement, Establishment Inspection Report (EIR), Warning Letters, Recalls, Seizure and Injunctions. ISO Risk Management Standard	12 Hrs

REFERENCES

1. Compliance auditing for Pharmaceutical Manufacturers. Karen Ginsbury and Gil Bismuth, Interpharm/CRC, Boca Raton, London New York, Washington D.C.
2. Pharmaceutical Manufacturing Handbook, Regulations and Quality by Shayne Cox Gad. Wiley-Interscience, A John Wiley and sons, Inc., Publications.
3. Handbook of microbiological Quality control. Rosamund M. Baird, Norman A. Hodges, Stephen P. Denyar. CRC Press. 2000.
4. Laboratory auditing for quality and regulatory compliance. Donald C. Singer, Raluca-loana Stefan, Jacobus F. Van Staden. Taylor and Francis (2005).
5. Implementing Juran's Road Map for Quality Leadership: Benchmarks and Results, By Al Endres, Wiley, 2000
6. Understanding, Managing and Implementing Quality: Frameworks, Techniques and Cases, By Jiju Antony; David Preece, Routledge, 2002

7. Organizing for High Performance: Employee Involvement, TQM, Reengineering, and Knowledge Management in the Fortune 1000: The CEO Report By Edward E. Lawler; Susan Albers Mohrman; George Benson, Jossey-Bass, 2001
8. Corporate Culture and the Quality Organization By James W. Fairfield-Sonn, Quorum Books, 2001
9. The Quality Management Sourcebook: An International Guide to Materials and Resources By Christine Avery; Diane Zabel, Routledge, 1997
10. The Quality Toolbox, Second Edition, Nancy R. Tague, ASQ Publications
11. Juran's Quality Handbook, Sixth Edition, Joseph M. Juran and Joseph A. De Feo, ASQ Publications
12. Root Cause Analysis, The Core of Problem Solving and Corrective Action, Duke Okes, 2009, ASQ Publications
13. International Medical Device Regulators Forum (IMDRF) Medical Device Single Audit Program (MDSAP)

CLINICAL RESEARCH REGULATIONS
(MRA 103T)

Scope

This course is designed to impart the fundamental knowledge on the clinical development process of drugs, pharmaceuticals and Medical Devices, phases and conduct of clinical trials and research, regulations and guidance governing the conduct of clinical research in India, USA and EU. It prepares the students to learn in detail on various laws, legislations and guidance related to safety, efficacy, ethical conduct and regulatory approval of clinical research.

Objectives

Upon completion of the course, the student shall be able to (know, do and appreciate)

- History, origin and ethics of clinical and biomedical research and evaluation
- Clinical drug, medical device development process and different types and phases of clinical trials
- Regulatory requirements and guidance for conduct of clinical trials and research

Theory — 60 Hrs

1. Clinical Drug Development Process — 12 Hrs
   - Different types of Clinical Studies
   - Phases of clinical trials, Clinical Trial protocol
   - Phase 0 studies
   - Phase I and subtype studies (single ascending, multiple ascending, dose escalation, methods, food effect studies, drug – drug interaction, PK end points
   - Phase II studies (proof of concept or principle studies to establish efficacy)
   - Phase III studies (Multi ethnicity, global clinical trial, registration studies)
   - Phase IV studies (Post Marketing Studies; PSUR)

   Clinical Investigation and Evaluation of Medical Devices & IVDs

   Different Types of Studies
   Key Concepts of Medical Device Clinical Evaluation
   Key concepts of Clinical Investigation

2 Ethics in Clinical Research: 12 Hrs

- Historical Perspectives: Nuremberg Code, Thalidomide study , Nazis Trials, Tuskegee Syphilis Study, The Belmont Report, The declaration of Helsinki
- Origin of International Conference on Harmonization - Good Clinical Practice (ICH-GCP) guidelines.
- The ethics of randomized clinical trials
- The role of placebo in clinical trials
- Ethics of clinical research in special population
- Institutional Review Board/Independent Ethics Committee/Ethics Committee – composition, roles, responsibilities, review and approval process and ongoing monitoring of safety data
- Data safety monitoring boards.
- Responsibilities of sponsor, CRO, and investigator in ethical conduct of clinical research
  - Ethical principles governing informed consent process
  - Patient Information Sheet and Informed Consent Form
  - The informed consent process and documentation

3 Regulations governing Clinical Trials 12 Hrs

India: Clinical Research regulations in India – Schedule Y & Medical Device Guidance

USA: Regulations to conduct drug studies in USA (FDA)

- NDA 505(b)(1) of the FD&C Act (Application for approval of a new drug)
- NDA 505(b)(2) of the FD&C Act (Application for approval of a new drug that relies, at least in part, on data not developed by the applicant)
- ANDA 505(j) of the FD&C Act (Application for approval of a generic drug product)
- FDA Guidance for Industry - Acceptance of Foreign Clinical Studies
- FDA Clinical Trials Guidance Document: Good Clinical Practice

EU: Clinical Research regulations in European Union (EMA)

4	Clinical Research Related Guidelines • Good Clinical Practice Guidelines (ICH GCP E6) • Indian GCP Guidelines • ICMR Ethical Guidelines for Biomedical Research • CDSCO guidelines GHTF study group 5 guidance documents Regulatory Guidance on Efficacy and Safety ICH Guidance's • E4 – Dose Response Information to support Drug Registration • E7 – Studies in support of General Population: Geriatrics • E8 – General Considerations of Clinical Trials • E10 – Choice of Control Groups and Related Issues in Clinical Trials, • E 11 – Clinical Investigation of Medicinal Products in the Pediatric Population • General biostatics principle applied in clinical research	12 Hrs
5	USA & EU Guidance USA: FDA Guidance • CFR 21Part 50: Protection of Human Subjects • CFR 21Part 54: Financial Disclosure by Clinical Investigators • CFR 21Part 312: IND Application • CFR 21Part 314: Application for FDA Approval to Market a New Drug • CFR 21Part 320: Bioavailability and bioequivalence requirements • CFR 21Part 812: Investigational Device Exemptions • CFR 21Part 822: Post-market surveillance • FDA Safety Reporting Requirements for INDs and BA/BE Studies • FDA Med Watch • Guidance for Industry: Good Pharmacovigilance Practices and Pharmacoepidemiologic Assessment European Union: EMA Guidance • EU Directives 2001 • EudraLex (EMEA) Volume 3 – Scientific guidelines for medicinal products for human use • EU Annual Safety Report (ASR) • Volume 9A – Pharmacovigilance for Medicinal Products for Human Use • EU MDD with respect to clinical research • ISO 14155	12 Hrs

REFERENCES

1. Clinical Trials and Human Research: A Practical Guide to Regulatory Compliance By Fay A. Rozovsky and Rodney K. Adams
2. HIPAA and Human Subjects Research: A Question and Answer Reference Guide By Mark Barnes, JD, LLM and Jennifer Kulynych, JD, PhD
3. Principles and Practices of Clinical Research, Second Edition Edited by John I. Gallin and Frederick P. Ognibene
4. Reviewing Clinical Trials: A Guide for the Ethics Committee; Johan PE Karlberg and Marjorie A Speers; Karlberg, Johan Petter Einar, Hong Kong.
5. International Pharmaceutical Product Registration: Aspects of Quality, Safety and Efficacy; Anthony C. Cartwright; Taylor & Francis Inc., USA.
6. New Drug Approval Process: The Global Challenge; Guarino, Richard A; Marcel Dekker Inc., NY.
7. FDA regulatory affairs: a guide for prescription drugs, medical devices, and biologics; Douglas J. Pisano, David Mantus; CRC Press, USA
8. Country Specific Guidelines from official websites.
9. Drugs & Cosmetics Act & Rules and Amendments

RECOMMENDED WEBSITES:

1. EU Clinical Research Directive 2001: http://www.eortc.be/services/doc/clinical-eudirective-04-april-01.pdf
2. Code of Federal Regulations, FDA: http://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/cdrh/cfdocs/cfcfr/cfrsearch.cfm
3. Guidelines of International Conference on Harmonization: http://www.ich.org/products/guidelines.html
4. Eudralex Guidelines: http://www.gmpcompliance.info/euguide.htm
5. FDA New Drug Application:
6. http://www.fda.gov/regulatoryinformation/legislation/FederalFoodDrugandCosmetic ActFDCAct/FDCActChapterVDrugsandDevices/ucm108125.htm
7. Medicines and Healthcare products Regulatory Agency: http://www.mhra.gov.uk
8. Central Drugs Standard Control Organization Guidance for Industry: http://cdsco.nic.in/CDSCO-GuidanceForIndustry.pdf
9. ICMR Ethical Guidelines for Biomedical Research: http://icmr.nic.in/ethical_guidelines.pdf

REGULATIONS AND LEGISLATION FOR DRUGS & COSMETICS, MEDICAL DEVICES, BIOLOGICALS & HERBALS, AND FOOD & NUTRACEUTICALS IN INDIA AND INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS

(MRA 104T)

Scope

This course is designed to impart fundamental knowledge on regulations and legislation in India w.r.t. Drugs & Cosmetics, Medical Devices, Biologicals & Herbals, and Food & Nutraceuticals. It prepares the students for basic regulatory requirements in India of Drugs & Cosmetics, Medical Devices, Biologicals & Herbals, and Food & Nutraceuticals. for manufacture, import & registration, export, sale, marketing authorization, clinical trials and intellectual property rights.

Objectives

Upon the completion of the course the student shall be able to:

- Know different Acts and guidelines that regulate Drugs & Cosmetics, Medical Devices, Biologicals & Herbals, and Food & Nutraceuticals industry in India.
- Understand the approval process and regulatory requirements for Drugs & Cosmetics, Medical Devices, Biologicals & Herbals, and Food & Nutraceuticals

THEORY — 60 Hrs

1. Biologicals & Herbals, and Food & Nutraceuticals Acts and Rules (with latest amendments): — 12 Hrs

    1. Drugs and Cosmetics Act 1940 and Rules 1945: DPCO and NPPA
    2. Other relevant provisions (rules schedules and guidelines for approval of Drugs & Cosmetics, Medical Devices, Biologicals & Herbals, and Food & Nutraceuticals in India

    Other relevant Acts: Narcotics Drugs and Psychotropic Substances Act; Medicinal and Toilet Preparations (Excise Duties) Act, 1955; Pharmacy Act, 1948; Drugs and Magic Remedies (Objectionable Advertisements) Act, 1955; Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act.

2	Regulatory requirements and approval procedures for Drugs & Cosmetics Medical Devices, Biologicals & Herbals, and Food & Nutraceuticals CDSCO (Central Drug Standard Control Organization) and State Licensing Authority: Organization, Responsibilities • Rules, regulations, guidelines and standards for regulatory filing of Drugs & Cosmetics, Medical Devices, Biologicals & Herbals, and Food & Nutraceuticals • Format and contents of Regulatory dossier filing Clinical trial/ investigations	12 Hrs
3	Indian Pharmacopoeial Standards, BIS standards and ISO and other relevant standards	12 Hrs
4	Bioavailability and Bioequivalence data (BA &BE), BCS Classification of Drugs, Regulatory Requirements for Bioequivalence study Stability requirements: ICH and WHO Guidelines for Drug testing in animals/Preclinical Studies Animal testing: Rationale for conducting studies, CPCSEA Guidelines Ethical guidelines for human participants ICMR-DBT Guidelines for Stem Cell Research	12 Hrs
5	Intellectual Property Rights: Patent, Trademark, Copyright, Industrial Designs and Geographical Indications, Indian Patent Scenario. IPR vs Regulatory Affairs	12 Hrs

REFERENCES

1. Manual of Patent Practice & Procedure, 3rd Edition, by The Patent Office of India
2. Patent Failure How Judges, Bureaucrats, and Lawyers put innovators at risk by James Bessen and Michael J. Meurer
3. Principles and Practice of Clinical Trial Medicine by Richard Chin and Bruce Y. Lee
4. Ethical Guidelines for Biomedical Research on Human Participants by Indian Council of Medical Research New delhi 2006.
5. CPCSEA Guidelines for Laboratory Animal Facility by Committee for the purpose of control and supervision on experiments on animals (CPCSEA)

6. ICH E6 Guideline — Good Clinical Practice‖ by ICH Harmonised Tripartite
7. Guidance for Industry on Submission of Clinical Trial Application for Evaluating Safety and Efficacy by CDSCO (Central Drug Standard Control Organisation)
8. Guidance for Industry on Requirement of Chemical & Pharmaceutical Information including Stability Study Data before approval of clinical trials / BE studies by CDSCO
9. Guidelines for Import and Manufacture of Medical Devices by CDSCO
10. Guidelines from official website of CDSCO

REGULATORY AFFAIRS PRACTICAL - I
(MRA 105P)

1. Case studies (4 Nos.) of each of Good Pharmaceutical Practices.
2. Documentation for in process and finished products Quality control tests for Solid, liquid, Semisolid and Sterile preparations.
3. Preparation of SOPs, Analytical reports (Stability and validation)
4. Protocol preparation for documentation of various types of records (BMR, MFR, DR)
5. Labeling comparison between brand & generics.
6. Preparation of clinical trial protocol for registering trial in India
7. Registration for conducting BA/ BE studies in India
8. Import of drugs for research and developmental activities
9. Preparation of regulatory dossier as per Indian CTD format and submission in SUGAM
10. Registering for different Intellectual Property Rights in India
11. GMP Audit Requirements as per CDSCO
12. Preparation and documentation for Indian Patent application.
13. Preparation of checklist for registration of IND as per ICH CTD format.
14. Preparation of checklist for registration of NDA as per ICH CTD format.
15. Preparation of checklist for registration of ANDA as per ICH CTD format.
16. Case studies on response with scientific rationale to USFDA Warning Letter
17. Preparation of submission checklist of IMPD for EU submission.
18. Comparison study of marketing authorization procedures in EU.
19. Comparative study of DMF system in US, EU and Japan
20. Preparation of regulatory submission using eCTD software
21. Preparation of Clinical Trial Application (CTA) for US submission
22. Preparation of Clinical Trial Application (CTA) for EU submission
23. Comparison of Clinical Trial Application requirements of US, EU and Japan of a dosage form.
24. Regulatory requirements checklist for conducting clinical trials in India.
25. Regulatory requirements checklist for conducting clinical trials in Europe.
26. Regulatory requirements checklist for conducting clinical trials in USA

SEMESTER II

REGULATORY ASPECTS OF DRUGS & COSMETICS

(MRA 201T)

Scope

This course is designed to impart the fundamental knowledge on the drug development process, regulatory requirements for approval of new drugs, drug products and cosmetics in regulated and semi-regulated countriesIt prepares the students to learn in detail on the regulatory requirements, documentation requirements, and registration procedures for marketing the drug products and cosmetics in regulated and semi-regulated countries.

Objectives

Upon completion of the course, the student shall be able to know

- process of drug discovery and development and generic product development
- regulatory approval process and registration procedures for API and drug products in US, EU
- Cosmetics regulations in regulated and semi-regulated countries
- A comparative study of India with other global regulated markets

Theory 60 Hrs

1. USA & CANADA: Organization structure and functions of FDA. Federal register and Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), History and evolution of United States Federal, Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act (FFDCA), Hatch Waxman act and Orange book, Purple book, Drug Master Files (DMF) system in US, Regulatory Approval Process for Investigational New Drug (IND), New Drug Application (NDA), Abbreviated New Drug Application (ANDA), Supplemental New Drug Application (SNDA); Regulatory requirements for Orphan drugs and Combination Products, Changes to an approved NDA / ANDA. Regulatory considerations for manufacturing, packaging and labeling of pharmaceuticals in USA. Legislation and regulations for import, manufacture, distribution and sale of cosmetics in USA and Canada. 12 Hrs

2 European Union & Australia: Organization and structure of EMA & EDQM, General guidelines, Active Substance Master Files (ASMF) system in EU, Content and approval process of IMPD, Marketing Authorization procedures in EU (Centralized procedure, 12 Hrs

	Decentralized procedure, Mutual recognition procedure and National Procedure). Regulatory considerations for manufacturing, packaging and labeling of pharmaceuticals in EU, Eudralex directives for human medicines, Variations & extensions, Compliance of European Pharmacopoeia (CEP)/ Certificate of Suitability (CoS), Marketing Authorization (MA) transfers, Qualified Person (QP) in EU. Legislation and regulations for import, manufacture, distribution and sale of cosmetics in European Union & Australia.	
3	Japan: Organization of the PMDA, Pharmaceutical Laws and regulations, types of registration applications, DMF system in Japan, drug regulatory approval process, Regulatory considerations for manufacturing, packaging and labeling of pharmaceuticals in Japan, Post marketing surveillance in Japan. Legislation and regulations for import, manufacture, distribution and sale of cosmetics in Japan	12 Hrs
4	Emerging Market: Introduction, Countries covered, Study of the world map,study of various committees across the globe (ASEAN, APEC, EAC, GCC, PANDRH, SADC) WHO: WHO, GMP, Regulatory Requirements for registration of drugs and post approval requirements in WHO through prequalification programme, Certificate of Pharmaceutical Product (CoPP) - General and Country Specific (South Africa, Egypt, Algeria and Morocco, Nigeria, Kenya and Botswana)	12 Hrs
5	Brazil, ASEAN, CIS and GCC Countries: ASIAN Countries: Introduction to ACTD, Regulatory Requirements for registration of drugs and post approval requirements in China and South Korea & Association of Southeast Asian Nations (ASEAN) Region i.e. Vietnam, Malaysia, Philippines, Singapore and Thailand. CIS (Commonwealth Independent States): Regulatory pre-requisites related to Marketing authorization requirements for drugs and post approval requirements in CIS countries i.e. Russia, Kazakhstan and Ukraine GCC (Gulf Cooperation Council) for Arab states: Regulatory pre-requisites related to Marketing authorization requirements for drugs and post approval requirements in Saudi Arabia and UAE Legislation and regulations for import, manufacture, distribution and sale of cosmetics in Brazil, ASEAN, CIS and GCC Countries.	12 Hrs

REFERENCES :

1. Generic Drug Product Development, Solid Oral Dosage forms, Leon Shargel and Isader Kaufer, Marcel Dekker series, Vol.143
2. The Pharmaceutical Regulatory Process, Edited by Ira R. Berry Marcel Dekker Series, Vol.144
3. The Pharmaceutical Regulatory Process, Second Edition Edited by Ira R. Berry and Robert P. Martin, Drugs and the Pharmaceutical Sciences, Vol.185 Informa Health care Publishers.
4. New Drug Approval Process: Accelerating Global Registrations By Richard A Guarino, MD, 5th edition, Drugs and the Pharmaceutical Sciences, Vol.190.
5. Guidebook for drug regulatory submissions / Sandy Weinberg. By John Wiley & Sons. Inc.
6. Drugs: From Discovery to Approval, Second Edition By Rick Ng
7. New Drug Development: A Regulatory Overview, Eighth Edition By Mark Mathieu
8. Pharmaceutical Risk Management By Jeffrey E. Fetterman, Wayne L. Pines and Gary H. Slatko
9. Preparation and Maintenance of the IND Application in eCTD Format By William K. Sietsema
10. Country Specific Guidelines from official websites.
11. http://www.who.int/medicines/areas/quality_safety/regulation_legislation/ListMRAWebsites.pdf
12. Roadmap to an ASEAN economic community Edited by Denis Hew. ISEAS Publications, Singapore 2005, ISBN981-230-347-2
13. ASEAN, Rodolfo C. Severino, ISEAS Publications, Singapore 2005, ISBN 978-981-230-750-7
14. Building a Future with Brics: The Next Decade for Offshoring, Mark Kobayashi-Hillary, Springer
15. Outsourcing to India: The Offshore Advantage, Mark Kobayashi-Hillary, Springer Trade performance and Regional Integration of the CIS Countries, Lev Freinkman,
16. The world Bank, Washington, DC, ISBN: 0-8212-5896-0
17. Global Pharmaceutical Policy: Ensuring Medicines for Tomorrow's World ByFrederick M. Abbott, Graham Dukes, Maurice Nelson Graham Dukes 139
18. The Gulf Cooperation Council: A Rising Power and Lessons for ASEAN by Linda Low and Lorraine Carlos Salazar (Nov 22, 2010)
19. Doing Business in the Asean Countries, Balbir Bhasin, Business Expert Press ISBN:13:978-1-60649-108-9
20. Realizing the ASEAN Economic Community: A Comprehensive Assessment, Michael G Plummer (Editor), Chia Siow Yue (Editor), Instute of South east asian studies, Singapore

REGULATORY ASPECTS OF HERBAL AND BIOLOGICALS
(MRA 202T)

Scope

This course is designed to impart fundamental knowledge on Regulatory Requirements, Licensing and Registration, Regulation on Labelling of Biologics in India, USA and Europe

It prepares the students to learn in detail on Regulatory Requirements for biologics, Vaccines and Blood Products

Objectives

Upon the completion of the course the student shall be able to :

- Know the regulatory Requirements for Biologics and Vaccines
- Understand the regulation for newly developed biologics and biosimilars
- Know the pre-clinical and clinical development considerations of biologics
- Understand the Regulatory Requirements of Blood and/or Its Components Including Blood Products and label requirements

Theory — 60 Hrs

1. India : Introduction, Applicable Regulations and Guidelines , Principles for Development of Similar Biologics, Data Requirements for Preclinical Studies, Data Requirements for Clinical Trial Application, Data Requirements for Market Authorization Application, Post-Market Data for Similar Biologics, Pharmacovigilance. GMP and GDP. — 12 Hrs

2 USA: Introduction to Biologics; biologics, biological and biosimilars, different biological products, difference between generic drug and biosimilars, laws, regulations and guidance on biologics/ biosimilars, development and approval of biologics and biosimilars (IND, PMA, BLA, NDA, 510(k), pre-clinical and clinical development considerations, advertising, labelling and packing of biologics — 12 Hrs

3 European Union: Introduction to Biologics; directives, scientific guidelines and guidance related to biologics in EU, comparability/ biosimilarity assessment, Plasma master file, TSE/ BSE evaluation, development and regulatory approval of biologics (Investigational medicinal products and biosimilars), pre-clinical — 12 Hrs

	and clinical development considerations; stability, safety, advertising, labelling and packing of biologics in EU	
4	Vaccine regulations in India, US and European Union: Clinical evaluation, Marketing authorisation, Registration or licensing, Quality assessment, Pharmacovigilance, Additional requirements Blood and Blood Products Regulations in India, US and European Union: Regulatory Requirements of Blood and/or Its Components Including Blood Products, Label Requirements, ISBT (International Society of Blood Transfusion) and IHN (International Haemovigilence Network)	12 Hrs
5	Herbal Products: Quality, safety and legislation for herbal products in India, USA and European Union.	12 Hrs

REFERENCES

1. FDA Regulatory Affairs: A Guide for Prescription Drugs, Medical Devices, and Biologics, Douglas J. Pisano , David S. Mantus ; Informa ,2008
2. Biological Drug Products: Development and Strategies; Wei Wang , Manmohan Singh ; wiley ,2013
3. Development of Vaccines: From Discovery to Clinical Testing; Manmohan Singh , Indresh K. Srivastava ;Wiley, 2011
4. www.who.int/biologicals/en
5. www.fda.gov/BiologicsBloodVaccines/GuidanceComplianceRegulatoryInformation/
6. www.ihn-org.com
7. www.isbtweb.org
8. Guidelines on Similar Biologics: Regulatory Requirements for Marketing Authorization in India
9. www.cdsco.nic.in
10. www.ema.europa.eu › scientific guidelines › Biologicals
11. www.fda.gov/biologicsbloodVaccines/GuidanceCompliance Regulatory Information (Biologics)

REGULATORY ASPECTS OF MEDICAL DEVICES
(MRA 203T)

Scope

This course is designed to impart the fundamental knowledge on the medical devices and in vitro diagnostics, basis of classification and product life cycle of medical devices, regulatory requirements for approval of medical devices in regulated countries like US, EU and Asian countries along with WHO regulations. It prepares the students to learn in detail on the harmonization initiatives, quality and ethical considerations, regulatory and documentation requirements for marketing medical devices and IVDs in regulated countries.

Objectives

Upon completion of the course, the student shall be able to know

- basics of medical devices and IVDs, process of development, ethical and quality considerations
- harmonization initiatives for approval and marketing of medical devices and IVDs
- regulatory approval process for medical devices and IVDs in India, US, Canada, EU, Japan and ASEAN
- clinical evaluation and investigation of medical devices and IVDs

Theory — 60 Hrs

1. Medical Devices: Introduction, Definition, Risk based classification and Essential Principles of Medical Devices and IVDs. Differentiating medical devices IVDs and Combination Products from that of pharmaceuticals, History of Medical Device Regulation, Product Lifecycle of Medical Devices and Classification of Medical Devices. — 12 Hrs

   IMDRF/GHTF: Introduction, Organizational Structure, Purpose and Functions, Regulatory Guidelines, Working Groups, Summary Technical Document (STED), Global Medical Device Nomenclature (GMDN).

2 Ethics: Clinical Investigation of Medical Devices, Clinical Investigation Plan for Medical Devices, Good Clinical Practice for Clinical Investigation of medical devices (ISO 14155:2011) — 12 Hrs

   Quality: Quality System Regulations of Medical Devices: ISO 13485, Quality Risk Management of Medical Devices: ISO 14971, Validation and Verification of Medical device, Adverse Event Reporting of Medical device

3	USA: Introduction, Classification, Regulatory approval process for Medical Devices (510k) Premarket Notification, Pre-Market Approval (PMA), Investigational Device Exemption (IDE) and In vitro Diagnostics, Quality System Requirements 21 CFR Part 820, Labeling requirements 21 CFR Part 801, Post marketing surveillance of MD and Unique Device Identification (UDI). Basics of In vitro diagnostics, classification and approval process.	12 Hrs
4	European Union: Introduction, Classification, Regulatory approval process for Medical Devices (Medical Device Directive, Active Implantable Medical Device Directive) and In vitro Diagnostics (In Vitro Diagnostics Directive), CE certification process. Basics of In vitro diagnostics, classification and approval process.	12 Hrs
5	ASEAN, China & Japan: Medical Devices and IVDs, Regulatory registration procedures, Quality System requirements and clinical evaluation and investigation. IMDRF study groups and guidance documents.	12 Hrs

REFERENCES

1. FDA regulatory affairs: a guide for prescription drugs, medical devices, and biologics by Douglas J. Pisano, David Mantus.
2. Medical Device Development: A Regulatory Overview by Jonathan S. Kahan
3. Medical Product Regulatory Affairs: Pharmaceuticals, Diagnostics, Medical Devices by John J. Tobin and Gary Walsh
4. Compliance Handbook for Pharmaceuticals, Medical Devices and Biologics by Carmen Medina
5. Country Specific Guidelines from official websites.

REGULATORY ASPECTS OF FOOD & NUTRACEUTICALS
(MRA 204T)

Scope

This course is designed to impart the fundamental knowledge on Regulatory Requirements, Registration and Labeling Regulations of Nutraceuticals in India, USA and Europe.

It prepares the students to learn in detail on Regulatory Aspects for nutraceuticals and food supplements.

Objectives

Upon completion of the course, the student shall be able to

- Know the regulatory Requirements for nutraceuticals
- Understand the regulation for registration and labeling of nutraceuticals and food supplements in India, USA and Europe.

Theory — 60 Hrs

1.	Nutraceuticals: Introduction, History of Food and Nutraceutical Regulations, Meaning of Nutraceuticals, Dietary Supplements, Functional Foods, Medical Foods, Scope and Opportunities in Nutraceutical Market.	12 Hrs
2	Global Aspects: WHO guidelines on nutrition. NSF International: Its Role in the Dietary Supplements and Nutraceuticals Industries, NSF Certification, NSF Standards for Food And Dietary Supplements. Good Manufacturing Practices for Nutraceuticals.	12 Hrs
3	India : Food Safety and Standards Act, Food Safety and Standards Authority of India: Organization and Functions, Regulations for import, manufacture and sale of nutraceutical products in India, Recommended Dietary Allowances (RDA) in India.	12 Hrs
4	USA: US FDA Food Safety Modernization Act, Dietary Supplement Health and Education Act. U.S. regulations for manufacture and sale of nutraceuticals and dietary supplements, Labelling Requirements and Label Claims for Dietary Supplements, Recommended Dietary Allowances (RDA) in the U.S	12 Hrs

5	European Union: European Food Safety Authority (EFSA): Organization and Functions. EU Directives and regulations for manufacture and sale of nutraceuticals and dietary supplements. Nutrition labelling. European Regulation on Novel Foods and Novel Food Ingredients. Recommended Dietary Allowances (RDA) in Europe.	12 Hrs

REFERENCES

1. Regulation of Functional Foods and Nutraceuticals: A Global Perspective by Clare M. Hasler (Wiley Online Library)
2. Nutraceutical and Functional Food Regulations in the United States and Around the World by Debasis Bagchi (Academic Press, Elsevier)
3. http://www.who.int/publications/guidelines/nutrition/en/
4. http://www.europarl.europa.eu/RegData/etudes/STUD/2015/536324/IPOL_STU(2015)536324_EN.pdf
5. Handbook of Nutraceuticals by Yashwant Pathak (CRC Press)
6. Food Regulation: Law, Science, Policy and Practice by Neal D. Fortin (Wiley)
7. Country Specific Guidelines from official websites.

REGULATORY AFFAIRS PRACTICAL - II
(MRA 205P)

1. Case studies on
2. Change Management/ Change control. Deviations
3. Corrective & Preventive Actions (CAPA)
4. Documentation of raw materials analysis as per official monographs
5. Preparation of audit checklist for various agencies
6. Preparation of submission to FDA using eCTD software
7. Preparation of submission to EMA using eCTD software
8. Preparation of submission to MHRA using eCTD software
9. Preparation of Biologics License Applications (BLA)
10. Preparation of documents required for Vaccine Product Approval
11. Comparison of clinical trial application requirements of US, EU and India of Biologics
12. Preparation of Checklist for Registration of Blood and Blood Products
13. Registration requirement comparison study in 5 emerging markets (WHO) and preparing check list for market authorization
14. Registration requirement comparison study in emerging markets (BRICS) and preparing check list for market authorization
15. Registration requirement comparison study in emerging markets (China and South Korea) and preparing check list for market authorization
16. Registration requirement comparison study in emerging markets (ASEAN) and preparing check list for market authorization
17. Registration requirement comparison study in emerging markets (GCC) and preparing check list for market authorization
18. Checklists for 510k and PMA for US market
19. Checklist for CE marking for various classes of devices for EU
20. STED Application for Class III Devices
21. Audit Checklist for Medical Device Facility
22. Clinical Investigation Plan for Medical Devices

PHARMACEUTICALBIOTECHNOLOGY(MPB)

MODERN PHARMACEUTICAL ANALYTICAL TECHNIQUES (MPB 101T)

Scope

This subject deals with various advanced analytical instrumental techniques for identification, characterization and quantification of drugs. Instruments dealt are NMR, Mass spectrometer, IR, HPLC, GC etc.

Objectives

After completion of course student is able to know,

- The analysis of various drugs in single and combination dosage forms
- Theoretical and practical skills of the instruments

THEORY 60 Hrs

1. a. UV-Visible spectroscopy: Introduction, Theory, Laws, Instrumentation associated with UV-Visible spectroscopy, Choice of solvents and solvent effect and Applications of UV-Visible spectroscopy. 12 Hrs

   IR spectroscopy: Theory, Modes of Molecular vibrations, Sample handling, Instrumentation of Dispersive and Fourier - Transform IR Spectrometer, Factors affecting vibrational frequencies and Applications of IR spectroscopy

   b. Spectroflourimetry: Theory of Fluorescence, Factors affecting fluorescence, Quenchers, Instrumentation and Applications of fluorescence spectrophotometer.

   c. Flame emission spectroscopy and Atomic absorption spectroscopy: Principle, Instrumentation, Interferences and Applications.

2 NMR spectroscopy: Quantum numbers and their role in NMR, Principle, Instrumentation, Solvent requirement in NMR, Relaxation process, NMR signals in various compounds, Chemical shift, Factors influencing chemical shift, Spin-Spin coupling, Coupling constant, Nuclear magnetic double resonance, Brief outline of principles of FT-NMR and 13C NMR. Applications of NMR spectroscopy. 12 Hrs

3	Mass Spectroscopy: Principle, Theory, Instrumentation of Mass Spectroscopy, Different types of ionization like electron impact, chemical, field, FAB and MALDI, APCI, ESI, APPI Analyzers of Quadrupole and Time of Flight, Mass fragmentation and its rules, Meta stable ions, Isotopic peaks and Applications of Mass spectroscopy	12 Hrs
4	Chromatography: Principle, apparatus, instrumentation, chromatographic parameters, factors affecting resolution and applications of the following: a) Paper chromatography b) Thin Layer chromatography c) Ion exchange chromatography d) Column chromatography e) Gas chromatography f) High Performance Liquid chromatography g) Affinity chromatography	12 Hrs
5	a. Electrophoresis: Principle, Instrumentation, Working conditions, factors affecting separation and applications of the following: a) Paper electrophoresis b) Gel electrophoresis c) Capillary electrophoresis d) Zone electrophoresis e) Moving boundary electrophoresis f) Iso electric focusing b. X ray Crystallography: Production of X rays, Different X ray methods, Bragg's law, Rotating crystal technique, X ray powder diffration technique, Types of crystals and applications of X-ray diffraction.	12 Hrs

REFERENCES

1. Spectrometric Identification of Organic compounds - Robert M Silverstein, Sixth edition, John Wiley & Sons.
2. Principles of Instrumental Analysis - Doglas A Skoog, F. James Holler, Timothy A. Nieman, 5th edition, Eastern press, Bangalore.
3. Instrumental methods of analysis – Willards, 7th edition, CBS publishers.
4. Practical Pharmaceutical Chemistry – Beckett and Stenlake, Vol II, 4th edition, CBS Publishers, New Delhi.
5. Organic Spectroscopy - William Kemp, 3rd edition, ELBS.
6. Quantitative Analysis of Drugs in Pharmaceutical formulation - P D Sethi, 3rd Edition, CBS Publishers, New Delhi.
7. Pharmaceutical Analysis- Modern methods – Part B - J W Munson, Volume 11, Marcel Dekker Series

MICROBIAL AND CELLULAR BIOLOGY
(MPB 102T)

Scope

This subject is designed to provide the advanced knowledge to the biotechnology students in invaluable areas of advanced microbiology which plays a crucial role in determining its future use and applications in medicine, drug discovery and in pharmaceutical industry.

Objective

At the completion of this course it is expected that the students will get an understanding about the following aspects;

- Importance of Microorganisms in Industry
- Central dogma of molecular biology
- Structure and function of cell and cell communication
- Cell culture technology and its applications in pharmaceutical industries.
- Microbial pathogenesis and correlating it to rational use of antimicrobial agents.

THEORY 60Hrs

1. Microbiology 12 Hrs

Introduction – Prokaryotes and Eukaryotes. Bacteria, fungi, actionomycetes and virus - structure, chemistry and morphology, cultural, physiological and reproductive features. Methods of isolation, cultivation and maintenance of pure cultures. Industrially important microorganisms - examples and applications

2 Molecular Biology: Structure of nucleus and chromosome, Nucleic acids and composition, structure and types of DNA and RNA. Central dogma of molecular biology: Replication, Transcription and translation. 12 Hrs

Gene regulation

Gene copy number, transcriptional control and translational control.

RNA processing

Modification and Maturation, RNA splicing, RNA editing, RNA amplification. Mutagenesis and repair mechanisms, types of mutants, application of mutagenesis in stain improvement, gene mapping of plasmids- types purification and application. Phage genetics, geneticorganization, phage mutation and lysogeny.

3	Cell structure and function Cell organelles, cytoskeleton & cell movements, basic aspectsof cell regulation, bioenergetics and fuelling reactions of aerobics and anaerobics,secondary metabolism & its applications. Cell communication, cell cycle and apoptosis, mechanism of cell division. Celljunctions/adhesion and extra cellular matrix, germ cells and fertilization, histology – thelife and death of cells in tissues. Cell Cycle and Cytoskeleton Cell Division and its Regulation, G-Protein CoupledReceptors, Kinases, Nuclear receptors, Cytoskeleton & cell movements, IntermediateFilaments. Apoptosis and Oncogenes Programmed Cell Death, Tumor cells, carcinogens & repair. Differentiation and Developmental Biology Fertilization, Events of Fertilization, In vitro Fertilization, Embryonic Germ Cells, Stem Cells and its Application.	12 Hrs
4	Principles of microbial nutrition Physical and chemical environment for microbial growth, Stability and degeneration of microbial cultures. Growth of animal cells in culture General procedure for cell culture, Nutrient composition, Primary, established and transformed cell cultures, applications of cell cultures in pharmaceutical industry and research. Growth of viruses in cell culture propagation and enumeration. In-vitro screening techniques- cytotoxicity, anti-tumor, anti-viral assays.	12 Hrs
5	Microbial pathology Identifying the features of pathogenic bacteria, fungi and viruses. Mechanism of microbial pathogenicity, etiology and pathology of common microbial diseases and currently recommended therapies for common bacterial, fungal & viral infections. Mechanism of action of antimicrobial agents and possible sites of chemotherapy.	12 Hrs

REFERENCES

1. W.B. Hugo and A.D. Russel: Pharmaceutical Microbiology, Blackwell Scientific publications, Oxford London.
2. Prescott and Dunn, Industrial Microbiology, CBS Publishers & Distributors, Delhi.
3. Pelczar, Chan Kreig, Microbiology, Tata McGraw Hill edn.
4. David Freifelder, Molecular Biology, 2nd edition, Narosa Publishing House.
5. R. Ian Freshney, Culture of animal cells – A manual of Basic techniques, 6th edition, Wileys publication house.
6. David Baltimore,Molecular cell biology, W H Freeman & Co publishers.
7. Cell biology vol-I,II,III by Julio E.Cells
8. Bergeys manual of systematic bacteriology, Williams and Wilkins- A Waverly company.

BIOPROCESS ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY
(MPB 103T)

Scope

This paper has been designed to provide the knowledge to the biotechnology students in invaluable areas of bioprocess technology to develop skills to modify, design and operate different types of fermenters, to understand and implement various fermentation procedures, to train students in scale up fermentation operations.

Objective

At the completion of this subject it is expected that students will be able to,

- Understand basics and design of fermentation technology
- Scale up and scale down processing of fermentation technology
- Bioprocessing of the industrially important microbial metabolites in industries and R & D organizations.
- Regulation governing the manufacturing of biological products
- Understand and conduct fermentation process kinetics.

THEORY 60 Hrs

1. Introduction to fermentation technology 12 Hrs

Basic principles of fermentation

Study of the design and operation of bioreactor

Ancillary parts and function, impeller design and agitation, power requirements on measurements and control of dissolved oxygen, carbon dioxide, temperature, pH and foam.

Types of bioreactor

CSTR, tower, airlift, bubble column, packed glass bead, hollow fiber, configuration and application

Computer control of fermentation process

System configuration and application

2 Mass transfer 12 Hrs

Theory, diffusional resistance to oxygen requirements of microorganisms, measurements of mass transfer co- efficient and factor affecting them, effects of aeration and agitation on mass transfer, supply of air, air compressing, cleaning and sterilization of air and plenum ventilation, air sampling and testing standards for air purity.

Rheology

Rheological properties of fermentation system and their importance in bioprocessing.

3	Scale up of fermentation process Principles, theoretical considerations, techniques used, media for fermentation, HTST sterilization, advantage and disadvantage, liquid sterilization. Cultivation and immobilized culture system Cultivation system - batch culture, continuous culture, synchronous cultures, fed batch culture. Graphical plot representing the above systems. Introduction to immobilization Techniques, immobilization of whole cell, immobilized culture system to prepare fine chemicals. Immobilization of enzymes and their applications in the industry. Reactors for immobilized systems and perspective of enzyme engineering.	12 Hrs
4	Scale down of fermentation process Theory, equipment design and operation, methods of filtration, solvent extraction, chromatographic separation, crystallization turbidity analysis and cell yield determination, metabolic response assay, enzymatic assay, bioautographic techniques and disruption of cells for product recovery. Isolation and screening Primary and secondary, maintenance of stockculture, strain improvement for increased yield.	12 Hrs
5	Bioprocessing of the industrially important microbial metabolites a) Organic solvents – Alcohol and Glycerol b) Organic acids - Citric acids, Lactic acids, c) Amino acids - Glutamic acids, Lysine, Cyclic AMP and GMP d) Antibiotics - Penicillin, Streptomycin, Griseofulvin, e) Vitamins - B12, Riboflavin and Vitamin C Biosynthetic pathways for some secondary metabolites, microbial transformation of steroids and alkaloids Regulation governing the manufacturing of biological products .	12 Hrs

REFERENCES

1. Peter Stanbury, Allan Whitaker, Stephen Hall, Principles of Fermentation technology, Elsevier stores.
2. L.E. Casida, Industrial Microbiology, John Wiley & sons Inc.
3. F.M. Asubel, Current protocols in molecular biology, volume I and II, John Wiley Publishers.
4. Biotol Board, Bioreactor design and product yield, Butterworth and Helhemann Publishers.
5. H. Patel, Industrial microbiology, Macmillan India Limited.

ADVANCED PHARMACEUTICAL BIOTECHNOLOGY
(MPB 104T)

Scope

This paper has been designed to provide the knowledge to the students to develop skills of advanced techniques of isolation and purification of enzymes, to enrich students with current status of development of vaccines and economic importance of biotechnology products.

Objective

At the completion of this subject it is expected that students will be able to

- Understand about the latest technology development in biotechnology technique, tools and their uses in drug and vaccine development.
- Identify appropriate sources of enzymes.
- Understand and perform genetic engineering techniques in gene manipulation, r-DNA technology and gene amplification.
- Understand the overview of pharmacogenomics.
- Learn the regulatory approval process and key regulatory agencies for new drugs, biologics, devices, and drug-device combinations.

THEORY 60 Hrs

1. Enzyme Technology 12 Hrs

Classification, general properties of enzymes, dynamics of enzymatic activity,sources of enzymes, extraction and purification, pharmaceutical,therapeutic and clinical application. Production of amyloglucosidase, glucose isomerase,amylase and trypsin.

2 Genetic Engineering 12 Hrs

Techniques of gene manipulation, cloning strategies,procedures, cloning vectors expression vectors, recombinant selection andscreening, expression in E.coli and yeast.

Site directed mutagenesis, polymerase chain reaction, and analysis of DNAsequences.

Gene library and cDNA

Applications of the above technique in the production of,

- Regulatory proteins - Interferon, Interleukins
- Blood products - Erythropoietin
- Vaccines - Hepatitis-B
- Hormones - Insulin

3 Therapeutic peptides 12 Hrs

Study on controlled and site specified delivery of therapeutic peptides and proteins through various routes of administration.

Transgenic animals

Production of useful proteins in transgenic animals and gene therapy.

Human Genome

The human genome project-a brief study, Human chromosome – Structure and classification, chromosomal abnormalities – Syndromes

4 Signal transduction 12 Hrs

Introduction, cell signaling pathways, Ion channels, Sensors and effectors, ON and OFF mechanisms, Spatial and temporal aspects of signaling, cellular process, development, cell cycle and proliferation, neuronal signaling, cell stress, inflammatory responses and cell death, signaling defects and diseases.

Oncogenes

Introduction, definition, various oncogenes and their proteins.

5 Microbial Biotransformation 12 Hrs

Biotransformation for the synthesis of chiral drugs and steroids.

Microbial Biodegradation

Biodegradation of xenobiotics, chemical and industrial wastes, Production of single-cell protein,
Applications of microbes in environmental monitoring.

Biosensors

Definition, characteristics of ideal biosensors, types of biosensors, biological recognition elements, transducers, application of biosensors.

REFERENCES

1. Biotechnology-The biological principles: MD Trevan, S Boffey, KH Goulding and P.F. Stanbury.
2. Immobilization of cells and enzymes: HosevearKennadycabral& Bicker staff
3. Principles of Gene Manipulating: RW Old and S.B.Primrose.
4. Molecular Cell Biology: Harvey Lodish, David Baltimore, Arnold Berk, S LawenceZipursky, Paul Matsudaira, James Darnell.
5. Modern Biotechnology: S.B Primrose

6. Gene transfer and expression protocols-methods in Molecular Biology, vol. VII, Edit E.T. Murray
7. Current protocols in Molecular Biology, Vo1.I & II:F.M. Asubel, John wiley Publishers
8. Current protocols in cellular biology, Vo1.1 & II John wiley publishers.
9. Principles of human genetics; by Curt Stern, published by W.H. Freeman.

PHARMACEUTICAL BIOTECHNOLOGY PRACTICAL - I
(MPB 105P)

1. Analysis of Pharmacopoeial compounds and their formulations by UV Vis spectrophotometer
2. Simultaneous estimation of multi component containing formulations by UV spectrophotometry
3. Experiments based on HPLC
4. Experiments based on Gas Chromatography
5. Estimation of riboflavin/quinine sulphate by fluorimetry
6. Estimation of sodium/potassium by flame photometry
7. Isolation and Purification of microorganism from the soil
8. Microbial contamination of Water and biochemical parameters.
9. Determination of Minimum Inhibitory concentration by gradient plate technique and serial dilution method.
10. UV- survival curve and Dark repair
11. Sterility test for pharmaceutical preparations
12. Sub culturing of cells and cytotoxicity assays.
13. Construction of growth curve and determination of specific growth rate and doubling time
14. Fermentation process of alcohol and wine production
15. Fermentation of vitamins and antibiotics
16. Whole cell immobilization engineering
17. Thermal death kinetics of bacteria
18. Replica plating
19. Bio-autography.
20. Isolation and estimation of DNA
21. Isolation and estimation of RNA
22. Isolation of plasmids
23. Agarose gel electrophoresis.
24. Transformation techniques
25. SDS – polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis for proteins
26. Polymerase chain reaction technique.

PROTEINS AND PROTEIN FORMULATIONS
(MPB 201T)

Scope

This course is designed to impart knowledge and skills necessary for knowing fundamental aspects of proteins and their formulations is a part of drug research and development process. Basic theoretical discussions of the principles of more integrated and coherent use of information for protein formulation and design are provided to help the students to clarify the various biological concepts of protein.

Objective

At the completion of this course it is expected that students will be able to understand,

- Various methods of purification of proteins
- Peptides in drug development
- Protein identification and characterization
- Protein based formulations
- Sequencing proteins

THEORY 60 Hrs

1. Protein engineering — 12 Hrs

   Concepts for protein engineering. Isolation and purification of proteins, Stability and activity based approaches of protein engineering, Chemical and Physical Considerations in Protein and Peptide Stability, Different methods for protein engineering, gene shuffling, and direct evolution.

2 Peptidomimetics — 12 Hrs

   Introduction, classification; Conformationally restricted peptides, design, pseudopeptides, peptidomimetics and transition state analogs; Biologically active template; Amino acid replacements; Peptidomimetics and rational drug design; CADD techniques in peptidomimetics; Development of non peptide peptidomimetics.

3 Proteomics — 12 Hrs

   Protein identification and characterization: Methods/strategies, protein identification, de novo protein characterization, Isotope labelling, N- and C-terminal tags.

2-Dimensional gel electrophoresis

Methods including immobilized pH gradients (IPGs), resolution, reproducibility and image analysis, future developments

4	Protein formulation Different strategies used in the formulation of DNA and proteins, Analytical and biophysical parameters of proteins and DNA in pre-formulation, Liposomes, Neon-spears, Neon-particulate system, PEGylation, Biological Activity, Biophysical Characterization Techniques, Forced degradation studies of protein.	12 Hrs
5	Methods of protein sequencing Various methods of protein sequencing, characterisation, Edman degradation, Tryptic and/or Chymotryptic Peptide Mapping.	12 Hrs

REFERENCES

1. H. Lodhishet. Al. Molecular Cell Biology, W. H. Freeman and Company
2. Protein Purification – Hand Book, Amersham pharmacia biotech
3. EngelbertBuxbaum, Fundamentals of Protein Structure and Function, Springer Science
4. Sheldon J. Park, Jennifer R. Cochran, Protein Engineering and Design, CRC press.
5. Robert K. Skopes. Protein purification, principle and practice, springer link.
6. David Whitford, Proteins-Structure and Function, John Wiley & Sons Ltd.
7. James Swarbrick, Protein Formulation and Delivery Informa Healthcare USA,Inc.
8. Rodney Pearlman, Y. John Wang Formulation, Characterization, and Stability of Protein Drugs, Kluwer Academic Publishers.

IMMUNOTECHNOLOGY
(MPB 202T)

Scope

This course is designed to impart knowledge on production and engineering of antibodies, the application of antigens, the design of (recombinant) vaccines, strategies for immune intervention, etc. The Immunotechnology - based techniques will be used for therapeutics and diagnostics, industries in the production, quality control and quality assurance, and in R&D.

Objective

After this course, the students will be able to:-

- Understand the techniques like immunodiagnostic tests,
- Characterization of lymphocytes, purification of antigens and antibody, etc.
- Access health problems with immunological background;
- Develop approaches for the immune intervention of diseases

THEORY 60 Hrs

1. Fundamental aspects of immunology — 12 Hrs

Introduction, cells and organs of the immune system, cellular basis of Immune response, primary and secondary lymphoid organs, antigen antibody and their structure.

Types of immune responses, anatomy of immune response.

Overview of innate and adaptive Immunity.

Humoral Immunity

B – Lymphocytes and their activation. Structure and function of immunoglobulins, idiotypes and anti idiotypic antibodies.

Cell mediated Immunity

Thymus derived lymphocytes (T cells) – their ontogeny and types, MHC complex, antigen presenting cells (APC), mechanisms of T cell activation, macrophages, dendritic cells, langerhans cells, mechanism of phagocytosis

2 Immune Regulation and Tolerance — 12 Hrs

Complement activation and types and their biological functions, cytokines and their role in immune response.

Hypersensitivity

Hypersensitivity Types I-IV, Hypersensitivity reactions and treatment

Autoimmune diseases

3 Vaccine technology 12 Hrs

Vaccine and their types, conventional vaccines, novel methods for vaccine production, antiidiotype vaccine, DNA vaccine, genetically engineered vaccine, iscoms, synthetic peptides, and immunodiagnostics.

Stem cell technology

Stem cell technology and applications to immunology

4 Hybridoma Technology 12 Hrs

Hybridoma techniques – fusion methods for myeloma cells and B-Lymphocytes, selection and screening techniques. Production and purification of monoclonal antibodies and their applications in Pharmaceutical industry.

5 Immunological Disorder 12 Hrs

Autoimmune disorders and types, pathogenic mechanisms, treatment, experimental models of auto immune diseases, primary and secondary immunodeficiency disorders.

Immunodiagnosis

Antigen antibody interaction – Precipitation reaction, Agglutination reactions, Principles and applications of ELISA, Radio Immuno Assay, Western blot analysis, immune-electrophoresis, immuno fluorescence, chemiluminescence assay, complement fixation reaction.

REFERENCES

1. J. Kubey, Immunology – an Introduction.
2. S.C. Rastogi, Immunodiagonstics, New Age International.
3. Ashim Chakravarthy, Immunology and Immunotechnology, Oxford University Press.
4. E. Benjamini, Molecular Immunology.

BIOINFORMATICS AND COMPUTATIONAL BIOTECHNOLOGY
(MPB 203T)

Scope

This paper has been designed to provide the advanced knowledge to the biotechnology students in invaluable areas of advanced bioinformatics which plays a crucial role in determining its future use and applications in medicine, drug discovery and in pharmaceutical industry.

Objectives

Upon completion of this course it is expected that the students will be able to understand,

- Use of computers in developing a new drugs
- Biological concepts for bioinformatics
- Proteins and their diversity
- Various gene finding methods
- Searching the biological databases
- Target searching
- Various methods of drug designing

THEORY — 60 Hrs

1. Introduction to Bioinformatics — 12 Hrs

Definition and History of Bioinformatics, Internet and Bioinformatics, Introduction to Data Mining, Applications of Data Mining to Bioinformatics,

Biological Database

Protein and nucleic acid databases. Structural data bases. Collecting and storing the sequence and Applications of Bioinformatics.

2 Sequence analysis — 12 Hrs

Sequence alignment, pair wise alignment techniques, multiple sequence analysis, multiple sequence alignment; Flexible sequence similarity searching with the FAST3 program package, the use of CLUSTAL W and CLUSTAL X for the multiple sequence alignment. Tools used for sequence analysis.

3 Protein informatics — 12 Hrs

Introduction; Force field methods; Energy, buried and exposed residues, side chains and neighbours; Fixed regions, hydrogen bonds, mapping properties onto surfaces; Fitting monomers, R &

S fit of conformers, assigning secondary structures; Sequence alignment-methods, evaluation, scoring; Protein completion, backbone construction and side chain addition; Small peptide methodology, software accessibility, building peptides; Protein displays; Substructure manipulations, annealing.

Protein structure prediction

Protein folding and model generation; Secondary structure prediction, analyzing secondary structures; Protein loop searching, loop generating methods, loop analysis; Homology modeling, concepts of homology modeling, potential applications, description, methodology, homologous sequence identification; Align structures, align model sequence; Construction of variable and conserved regions, threading techniques, Topology fingerprint approach for prediction, evaluation of alternate models; Structure prediction on a mystery sequence, structure aided sequence techniques of structure prediction, structural profiles, alignment algorithms, mutation tables, prediction, validation, sequence based methods of structure prediction, prediction using inverse folding, fold prediction; Significance analysis, scoring techniques, sequence- sequence scoring.

Docking

Docking problems, methods for protein- ligand docking, validation studies and applications; Screening small molecule databases, docking of combinatorial libraries, input data, analyzing docking results.

4 Diversity of Genomes 12 Hrs

Prokaryotic and Eukaryotic Gene Families. Genome Analysis: Introduction, Gene prediction methods, Gene mapping and applications- Genetic and Physical Mapping, Integrated map, Sequence assembly and gene expression.

Completed Genomes

Bacterium, Nematode, Plant and Human

Evolution of Genomes

Lateral or Horizontal Transfer among Genomes, Transcriptome and Proteome-General Account

Phylogenetic analysis

Evolutionary Change in Nucleotide Sequences, Rates and Patterns of Nucleotide Substitution, Models for Nucleotide Substitution, Construction of Phylogenetic Tree, Genome Annotation technique.

5	Target searching and Drug Designing Target and lead, timeline for drug development, target discovery, target modulators, In-silico gene expression, microarray, and lead discovery, libraries of ligands, active site analysis, and prediction of drug quality.	12 Hrs

REFERENCES

1. David W. Mount, Bioinformatics Sequence and Genome Analysis, CBS Publishers and Distributors
2. S. C. Rastogiet. al. Bioinformatics- Concepts Skill and Applications, CBS Publishers and Distributors
3. T. E. Creighton, Protein Structure and Molecular Properties, W. H.Freeman and Company
4. Andreas D. Baxevanis, B. F. Francis Ouellette, Bioinformatics; A Practical Guide to the Analysis of Genes and Proteins, John Wiley & Sons, Inc.
5. Arthur M. Lesk, Introduction to Bioinformatics, Oxford University Press.
6. Shui Qing Ye. Bioinformatics: A Practical Approach, Chapman & Hall/CRC.
7. David Posada, Bioinformatics for DNA Sequence Analysis, Humana press.
8. Lesk, A.M. Introduction to Bioinformatics. Oxford University Press.
9. Letovsky, S.I. Bioinformatics. Kluwer Academic Publishers.
10. Baldi, P. and Brunak, S. Bioinformatics. The MIT Press.

BIOLOGICAL EVALUATION OF DRUG THERAPY
(MPB 204T)

Scope

This paper has been designed to provide the knowledge to the biotechnology students to understand the importance of biological and evaluation of drug therapy of biological medicines.

Objective

At the completion of this subject it is expected that students will be able to,

- Understand about the general concept of standardization of biological.
- Understand the importance of transgenic animals and knockout animals.
- Understand the biological medicines in development of various diseases.
- Learn the biological evaluation of drugs in vitro and in vivo

THEORY 60 Hrs

1. Biological Standardization — 12 Hrs

General principles, Scope and limitation of bio-assay, bioassay of some official drugs.

Preclinical drug evaluation

Preclinical drug evaluation of its biological activity, potency and toxicity-Toxicity test in animals including acute, sub-acute and chronic toxicity, ED50 and LD50 determination, special toxicity test like teratogenecity and mutagenecity.

Guidelines for toxicity studies

Various guidelines for toxicity studies. Animal experiments assessing safety of packaging materials.

2 Pyrogens — 12 Hrs

Pyrogens: Sources, Chemistry and properties of bacterial pyrogens and endotoxins, Official pyrogen tests.

Microbiological assay

Assay of antibiotics and vitamins.

Biological evaluation of drugs

Screening and evaluation (including principles of screening, development of models for diseases: In vivo models / In vitro models / cell line study).

3	Biologic Medicines in Development for various diseases - By Therapeutic Category • Genetic Disorders • Eye related Disorders • Digestive Disorders • Diabetes/Related Conditions • Cardiovascular Disease • Cancer/Related Conditions • Blood Disorders • Autoimmune Disorders • Infectious Diseases • Neurologic Disorders • Skin Diseases • Organe Transplantation Biologic Medicines in Development for various diseases – by Product Category • Antisense • Vaccines • Recombinant Hormones/Proteins • Monoclonal Antibodies (mAb) • Interferons • Growth Factors • Gene Therapy • RNA Interference	12 Hrs
4	Regulatory aspects : drugs, biologics and medical devices An introduction to the regulations and documents necessary for approval of a medical product. Regulatory consideration Regulatory consideration for pre-clinical testing and clinical testing of drugs, biologics and medical devices. New Drug Applications for Global Pharmaceutical Product Approvals	12 Hrs
5	Bioavailability Objectives and consideration in bio-availability studies of Biopharmaceuticals, Concept of equivalents, Measurements of bio-availability.	12 Hrs

Determination of the rate of absorption, Bioequivalence and its importance, Regulatory aspects of bio-availability and bioequivalence studies for conventional dosage forms and controlled drug delivery systems of Biopharmaceuticals.

Pharmacokinetics

Pharmacokinetics:- Basic consideration, Pharmacokinetic models, Application of Pharmacokinetics in new drug development of Biopharmaceuticals and designing of dosage forms and Novel drug delivery systems of Biopharmaceuticals.

REFERENCES

1. Perkins F.T., Hennessen W. Standardization and Control of Biologicals Produced by Recombinant DNA Technology, International Association of Biological Standardization
2. J.H. Burn., Biological Standardization, Oxford University Press
3. Drug Discovery and Evaluation in Pharmacology assay: Vogel
4. Chow, Shein, Ching, Design and analysis of animal studies in pharmaceutical development,
5. Nodine and Siegler, Animal and Clinical pharmacologic Techniques in Drug Evaluation.
6. Screening methods in pharmacology (vol I & II), R.A. Turner.

PHARMACEUTICAL BIOTECHNOLOGY PRACTICAL - II
(MPB 205P)

1. Protein identification
2. Protein characterization
3. Protein biochemistry
4. Recombinant DNA Technology
5. Protein expression
6. Protein formulations
7. Database searching
8. Sequence analysis methods
9. Protein structure prediction
10. Gene annotation methods
11. Phylogenetic analysis
12. Protein, DNA binding studies
13. Preparation of DNA for PCR applications – Isolation, Purity and Quantification
14. Introduction to PCR – working of PCR, Programming.
15. Introduction to RT-PCR – working, programming.
16. Primer design using softwares.
17. Gene DNA amplification by random / specific primers.
18. Southern Hybridization
19. Western Blotting
20. Gene transformation

PHARMACYPRACTICE(MPP)

CLINICAL PHARMACY PRACTICE (MPP 101T)

Scope

This course is designed to impart the basic knowledge and skills that are required to practice pharmacy including the provision of pharmaceutical care services to both healthcare professionals and patients in clinical settings.

Objectives

Upon completion of this course it is expected that students shall be able to :

- Understand the elements of pharmaceutical care and provide comprehensive patient care services
- Interpret the laboratory results to aid the clinical diagnosis of various disorders
- Provide integrated, critically analyzed medicine and poison information to enable healthcare professionals in the efficient patient management

THEORY	60 Hrs
1. Introduction to Clinical Pharmacy: Definition, evolution and scope of clinical pharmacy, International and national scenario of clinical pharmacy practice, Pharmaceutical care Clinical Pharmacy Services: Ward round participation, Drug therapy review (Drug therapy monitoring including medication order review, chart endorsement, clinical review and pharmacist interventions)	12 Hrs
2 Clinical Pharmacy Services: Patient medication history interview, Basic concept of medicine and poison information services, Basic concept of pharmacovigilance, Hemovigilance, Materiovigilance and AEFI, Patient medication counselling, Drug utilisation evaluation, Documentation of clinical pharmacy services, Quality assurance of clinical pharmacy services.	12 Hrs
3 Patient Data Analysis: Patient Data & Practice Skills: Patient's case history - its structure and significances in drug therapy management, Common medical abbreviations and terminologies used in clinical practice, Communication skills: verbal and non-verbal communications, its applications in patient care services.	12 Hrs

	Lab Data Interpretation: Hematological tests, Renal function tests, Liver function tests	
4	Lab Data Interpretation: Tests associated with cardiac disorders, Pulmonary function tests, Thyroid function tests, Fluid and electrolyte balance, Microbiological culture sensitivity tests	12 Hrs
5	Medicines & Poison Information Services Medicine Information Service: Definition and need for medicine information service, Medicine information resources, Systematic approach in answering medicine information queries, Preparation of verbal and written response, Establishing a drug information centre. Poison Information Service: Definition, need, organization and functions of poison information centre.	12 Hrs

REFERENCES

1. A Textbook of Clinical Pharmacy Practice – Essential concepts and skills – Parthasarathi G, Karin Nyfort-Hansen and Milap Nahata
2. Practice Standards and Definitions - The Society of Hospital Pharmacists of Australia
3. Basic skills in interpreting laboratory data - Scott LT, American Society of Health System Pharmacists Inc
4. Relevant review articles from recent medical and pharmaceutical literature.

PHARMACOTHERAPEUTICS-I
(MPP 102T)

Scope

This course aims to enable the students to understand the different treatment approaches in managing various disease conditions. Also, it imparts knowledge and skills in optimizing drug therapy of a patient by individualizing the treatment plan through evidence-based medicines.

Objectives

Upon completion of this course it is expected that students shall be able to:

- Describe and explain the rationale for drug therapy
- Summarize the therapeutic approach for management of various disease conditions including reference to the latest available evidence
- Discuss the clinical controversies in drug therapy and evidence based medicine
- Prepare individualized therapeutic plans based on diagnosis
- Identify the patient specific parameters relevant in initiating drug therapy, and monitoring therapy (including alternatives, time- course of clinical and laboratory indices of therapeutic response and adverse effect/s)

THEORY 60 Hrs

Etiopathogenesis and pharmacotherapy of diseases associated with following systems

1.	Cardiovascular system: Hypertension, Congestive cardiac failure, Acute coronary syndrome, Arrhythmias, Hyperlipidemias.	12 Hrs
2	Respiratory system: Asthma, Chronic obstructive airways disease, Drug induced pulmonary diseases Endocrine system: Diabetes, Thyroid diseases	12 Hrs
3	Gastrointestinal system: Peptic ulcer diseases, Reflux esophagitis, Inflammatory bowel diseases, Jaundice & hepatitis	12 Hrs
4	Gastrointestinal system: Cirrhosis, Diarrhea and Constipation, Drug-induced liver disease	12 Hrs
	Hematological diseases: Anemia, Deep vein thrombosis, Drug induced hematological disorders	

5	Bone and joint disorders: Rheumatoid arthritis, Osteoarthritis, Gout, Osteoporosis	12 Hrs
	Dermatological Diseases: Psoriasis, Eczema and scabies, impetigo, drug induced skin disorders	
	Ophthalmology: Conjunctivitis, Glaucoma	

REFERENCES

1. Roger and Walker. Clinical Pharmacy and Therapeutics - Churchill Livingstone publication
2. Joseph T. Dipiro et al. Pharmacotherapy: A Pathophysiologic Approach- Appleton & Lange
3. Robins SL. Pathologic basis of disease -W.B. Saunders publication
4. Eric T. Herfindal. Clinical Pharmacy and Therapeutics- Williams and Wilkins Publication
5. Lloyd Young and Koda-Kimble MA Applied Therapeutics: The clinical Use of Drugs- Lippincott Williams and Wilkins
6. Chisholm- Burns Wells Schwinghammer Malone and Joseph P Dipiro. Pharmacotherapy Principles and practice-– McGraw Hill Publication
7. Carol Mattson Porth. Principles of Pathophysiology- Lippincott Williams and Wilkins
8. Harrison's. Principles of Internal Medicine - McGraw Hill
9. Relevant review articles from recent medical and pharmaceutical literature

HOSPITAL & COMMUNITY PHARMACY
(MPP 103T)

Scope

This course is designed to impart basic knowledge and skills that are required to practice pharmacy in both hospital and community settings.

Objectives

Upon completion of this course it is expected that students shall be able to:

- Understand the organizational structure of hospital pharmacy
- Understand drug policy and drug committees
- Know about procurement & drug distribution practices
- Know the admixtures of radiopharmaceuticals
- Understand the community pharmacy management
- Know about value added services in community pharmacies

THEORY — 60 Hrs

1. Introduction to Hospitals – Definition, classification, organizational structure — 12 Hrs

   Hospital Pharmacy: Definition, Relationship of hospital pharmacy department with other departments, Organizational structure, legal requirements, work load statistics, Infrastructural requirements, Hospital Pharmacy Budget and Hospital Pharmacy management

   Hospital Drug Policy: Pharmacy & Therapeutics Committee, Infection Control committee, Research & Ethics Committee, Management of Medicines as per NABH

2 Hospital Formulary Guidelines and its development, Developing Therapeutic guidelines, Drug procurement process, and methods of Inventory control, Methods of Drug distribution, Intravenous admixtures, Hospital Waste Management — 12 Hrs

3 Education and training: Training of technical staff, training and continuing education for pharmacists, Pharmacy students, Medical staff and students, Nursing staff and students, Formal and informal meetings and lectures, Drug and therapeutics newsletter. — 12 Hrs

   Community Pharmacy Practice: Definition, roles & responsibilities of community pharmacists, and their relationship with other health care providers.

Community Pharmacy management: Legal requirements to start community pharmacy, site selection, lay out & design, drug display, super drug store model, accounts and audits, Good dispensing practices, Different softwares & databases used in community pharmacies. Entrepreneurship in community pharmacy.

4	Prescription – Legal requirements & interpretation, prescription related problems Responding to symptoms of minor ailments: Head ache, pyrexia, menstrual pains, food and drug allergy, OTC medication: Rational use of over the counter medications Medication counseling and use of patient information leaflets Medication adherence – Definition, factors influencing adherence behavior, strategies to improve medication adherence Patient referrals to the doctors ADR monitoring in community pharmacies	12 Hrs
5	Health Promotion – Definition and health promotion activities, family planning, Health screening services, first aid, prevention of communicable and non-communicable diseases, smoking cessation, Child & mother care National Health Programs- Role of Community Pharmacist in Malaria and TB control programs Home Medicines review program – Definition, objectives, Guidelines, method and outcomes Research in community pharmacy Practice	12 Hrs

REFERENCES

1. Hospital Pharmacy - Hassan WE. Lea and Febiger publication.
2. Textbook of hospital pharmacy - Allwood MC and Blackwell.
3. Avery's Drug Treatment, Adis International Limited.
4. Community Pharmacy Practice – Ramesh Adepu, BSP Publishers, Hyderabad
5. Remington Pharmaceutical Sciences.
6. Relevant review articles from recent medical and pharmaceutical literature

CLINICAL RESEARCH
(MPP 104T)

Scope

This course aims to provide the students an opportunity to learn drug development process especially the phases of clinical trials and also the ethical issues involved in the conduct of clinical research. Also, it aims to imparts knowledge and develop skills on conceptualizing, designing, conducting and managing clinical trials.

Objectives

Upon completion of this course it is expected that students shall be able to:

- Know the new drug development process.
- Understand the regulatory and ethical requirements.
- Appreciate and conduct the clinical trials activities
- Know safety monitoring and reporting in clinical trials
- Manage the trial coordination process

THEORY 60 Hrs

1. Drug development process: Introduction, various approaches to drug discovery, Investigational new drug application submission Ethics in Biomedical Research: Ethical Issues in Biomedical Research – Principles of ethics in biomedical research, Ethical committee [institutional review board] - its constitution and functions, Challenges in implementation of ethical guidelines, ICH GCP guidelines and ICMR guidelines in conduct of Clinical trials, Drug Safety Reporting. 12 Hrs

2 Types and Designs used in Clinical Research: Planning and execution of clinical trials, Various Phases of clinical trials, Bioavailability and Bioequivalence studies, Randomization techniques (Simple randomization, restricted randomization, blocking method and stratification), Types of research designs based on Controlling Method (Experimental, Quasi experimental, and Observational methods) Time Sequences (Prospective and Retrospective), Sampling methods (Cohort study, case Control study and cross sectional study), Health outcome measures (Clinical & Physiological, Humanistic and economic) 12 Hrs
Clinical Trial Study team: Roles and responsibilities of: Investigator, Study Coordinator, Sponsor, Monitor, Contract Research Organization.

3	Clinical trial Documents: Guidelines to the preparation of following documents: Protocols, Investigator's Brochure, Informed Consent Form, Case report forms, Contracts and agreements, Dairy Cards Clinical Trial Start up activities: Site Feasibility Studies, Site/Investigator selection, Pre-study visit, Investigator meeting, Clinical trial agreement execution, Ethics committee document preparation and submission	12 Hrs
4	Investigational Product: Procurement and Storage of investigation product Filing procedures: Essential documents for clinical trial, Trial Master File preparation and maintenance, Investigator Site File, Pharmacy File, Site initiation visit, Conduct, Report and Follow up Clinical Trial Monitoring and Close out: Preparation and conduct of monitoring visit: Review of source documents, CRF, ICF, IP storage, accountability and reconciliation, Study Procedure, EC communications, Safety reporting, Monitoring visit reporting and follow-up Close-Out visit: Study related documents collection, Archival requirement, Investigational Product reconciliation and destruction, Close-Out visit report.	12 Hrs
5	Quality Assurance and Quality Control in Clinical Trials: Types of audits, Audit criteria, Audit process, Responsibilities of stakeholders in audit process, Audit follow-up and documentation, Audit resolution and Preparing for FDA inspections, Fraud and misconduct management Data Management Infrastructure and System Requirement for Data Management: Electronic data capture systems, Selection and implementation of new systems, System validation and test procedures, Coding dictionaries, Data migration and archival Clinical Trial Data Management: Standard Operating Procedures, Data management plan, CRF & Data base design considerations, Study set-up, Data entry, CRF tracking and corrections, Data cleaning, Managing laboratory and ADR data, Data transfer and database lock, Quality Control and Quality Assurance in CDM, Data mining and warehousing.	12 Hrs

REFERENCES

1. Principles and practice of pharmaceutical medicine, Second edition. Authors:Lionel. D. Edward, Aadrew.J.Flether Anthony W Fos , Peter D Sloaier Publisher:Wiley;
2. Handbook of clinical research. Julia Lloyd and Ann Raven Ed. Churchill Livingstone
3. Principles of Clinical Research edited by Giovanna di Ignazio, Di Giovanna and Haynes.
4. Central Drugs Standard Control Organization. Good Clinical Practices-Guidelines for Clinical Trials on Pharmaceutical Products in India. New Delhi: Ministry of Health.
5. International Conference on Harmonisation of Technical requirements for registration of Pharmaceuticals for human use. ICH Harmonised Tripartite Guideline. Guideline for Good Clinical Practice.E6; May 1996.
6. Ethical Guidelines for Biomedical Research on Human Subjects. Indian Council of Medical Research, New Delhi.
7. Textbook of Clinical Trials edited by David Machin, Simon Day and Sylvan Green, John Wiley and Sons.
8. Clinical Data Management edited by R K Rondels, S A Varley, C F Webbs. Second Edition, Jan 2000, Wiley Publications.
9. Goodman & Gilman: JG Hardman, LE Limbard, McGraw Hill Publications.
10. Relevant review articles from recent medical and pharmaceutical literature.

PHARMACY PRACTICE PRACTICAL – I
(MPP 105P)

Pharmacy Practice practical component includes experiments covering important topics of the courses Clinical Pharmacy Practice, Pharmacotherapeutics-I, Hospital & Community Pharmacy and Clinical Research.

List of Experiments (24)

1. Treatment Chart Review (one)
2. Medication History Interview (one)
3. Patient Medication Counseling (two)
4. Drug Information Query (two)
5. Poison Information Query (one)
6. Lab Data Interpretation (two)
7. Presentation of clinical cases of various disease conditions adopting Pharmaceutical Care Plan Model (eight)
8. ABC Analysis of a given list of medications (one)
9. Preparation of content of a medicine, with proper justification, for the inclusion in the hospital formulary (one)
10. Formulation and dispensing of a given IV admixtures (one)
11. Preparation of a patient information leaflet (two)
12. Preparation of Study Protocol (one)
13. Preparation of Informed Consent Form (one)

PRINCIPLES OF QUALITY USE OF MEDICINES
(MPP 201T)

Scope:

This course is designed to impart basic knowledge and skills that are required to practice quality use of medicines (QUM) in different healthcare settings and also to promote quality use of medicines, in clinical practice, through evidence-based medicine approach.

Objectives:

Upon completion of this course it is expected that students shall be able to:

- Understand the principles of quality use of medicines
- Know the benefits and risks associated with use of medicines
- Understand regulatory aspects of quality use of medicines
- Identify and resolve medication related problems
- Promote quality use of medicines
- Practice evidence-based medicines

THEORY 60 Hrs

1.	Introduction to Quality use of medicines (QUM): Definition and Principles of QUM, Key partners and responsibilities of the partners, Building blocks in QMC, Evaluation process in QMC, Communication in QUM, Cost effective prescribing.	12 Hrs
2	Concepts in QUM Evidence based medicine: Definition, concept of evidence based medicine, Approach and practice of evidence based medicine in clinical settings Essential drugs: Definition, need, concept of essential drug, National essential drug policy and list Rational drug use: Definition, concept and need for rational drug use, Rational drug prescribing, Role of pharmacist in rational drug use.	12 Hrs
3	QUM in various settings: Hospital settings, Ambulatory care/Residential care, Role of health care professionals in promoting the QUM, Strategies to promote the QUM, Impact of QUM on E-health, integrative medicine and multidisciplinary care. QUM in special population: Pediatric prescribing, Geriatric prescribing, Prescribing in pregnancy and lactation, Prescribing in immune compromised and organ failure patients.	12 Hrs

4	Regulatory aspects of QUM in India: Regulation including scheduling, Regulation of complementary medicines, Regulation of OTC medicines, Professional responsibility of pharmacist, Role of industry in QUM in medicine development.	12 Hrs
5	Medication errors: Definition, categorization and causes of medication errors, Detection and prevention of medication errors, Role of pharmacist in monitoring and management of medication errors Pharmacovigilance: Definition, aims and need for pharmacovigilance, Types, predisposing factors and mechanism of adverse drug reactions (ADRs), Detection, reporting and monitoring of ADRs, Causality assessment of ADRs, Management of ADRs, Role of pharmacist in pharmacovigilance.	12 Hrs

REFERENCES:

1. A Textbook of Clinical Pharmacy Practice – Essential concepts and skills – Parthasarathi G, Karin Nyfort-Hansen and Milap Nahata
2. Andrews EB, Moore N. Mann's Pharmacovigilance
3. Dipiro JT, Talbert RL, Yee GC. Pharmacotherapy: A Pathophysiologic Approach
4. Straus SE, Richardson WS, Glasziou P, Haynes RB. Evidence-Based Medicine: How to practice and teach it
5. Cohen MR. Medication Errors
6. Online:
   - http://medicinesaustralia.com.au/files/2012/05/MA_QUM_External_Reduced.pdf
   - http://curriculum.racgp.org.au/statements/quality-use-of-medicines/
   - http://www.rug.nl/research/portal/files/14051541/Chapter_2.pdf
7. Relevant review articles from recent medical and pharmaceutical literature.

PHARMACOTHERAPEUTICS II
(MPP 202T)

Scope

This course aims to enable the students to understand the different treatment approaches in managing various disease conditions. Also, it imparts knowledge and skills in optimizing drug therapy of a patient by individualizing the treatment plan through evidence-based medicines.

Objectives

Upon completion of this course it is expected that students shall be able to:

- Describe and explain the rationale for drug therapy
- Summarize the therapeutic approach for management of various disease conditions including reference to the latest available evidence
- Discuss the clinical controversies in drug therapy and evidence based medicine
- Prepare individualized therapeutic plans based on diagnosis
- Identify the patient specific parameters relevant in initiating drug therapy, and monitoring therapy (including alternatives, time- course of clinical and laboratory indices of therapeutic response and adverse effect/s)

THEORY	60 Hrs
1. Nervous system: Epilepsy, Parkinson's disease, Stroke, Headache, Alzheimer's disease, Neuralgias and Pain pathways and Pain management.	12 Hrs
2 Psychiatric disorders: Schizophrenia, Depression, Anxiety disorders, Sleep disorders, Drug induced psychiatric disorders Renal system: Acute renal failure, Chronic renal failure, Renal dialysis, Drug induced renal disease	12 Hrs
3 Infectious diseases: General guidelines for the rational use of antibiotics and surgical prophylaxis, Urinary tract infections, Respiratory tract infections, Gastroenteritis, Tuberculosis, Malaria, Bacterial endocarditis, Septicemia.	12 Hrs
4 Infectious diseases: Meningitis, HIV and opportunistic infections, Rheumatic fever, Dengue fever, H1N1, Helmenthiasis, Fungal infections Gynecological disorders: Dysmenorrhea, Hormone replacement therapy.	12 Hrs

5	Oncology: General principles of cancer chemotherapy, pharmacotherapy of breast cancer, lung cancer, head & neck cancer, hematological malignancies, Management of nausea and vomiting, Palliative care	12 Hrs

REFERENCES

1. Roger and Walker. Clinical Pharmacy and Therapeutics - Churchill Livingstone publication.
2. Joseph T. Dipiro et al. Pharmacotherapy: A Pathophysiologic Approach- Appleton & Lange
3. Robins SL. Pathologic basis of disease -W.B. Saunders publication
4. Eric T. Herfindal. Clinical Pharmacy and Therapeutics- Williams and Wilkins Publication
5. Lloyd Young and Koda-Kimble MA Applied Therapeutics: The clinical Use of Drugs- Lippincott Williams and Wilkins
6. Chisholm- Burns Wells Schwinghammer Malone and Joseph P Dipiro. Pharmacotherapy Principles and practice-- McGraw Hill Publication
7. Carol Mattson Porth. Principles of Pathophysiology- Lippincott Williams and Wilkins
8. Harrison's. Principles of Internal Medicine - McGraw Hill
9. Relevant review articles from recent medical and pharmaceutical literature

CLINICAL PHARMACOKINETICS AND THERAPEUTIC DRUG MONITORING
(MPP 203T)

Scope

This course is designed to enable students to understand the basics principles and applications of pharmacokinetics in designing the individualized dosage regimen, to interpret the plasma drug concentration profile in altered pharmacokinetics, drug interactions and in therapeutic drug monitoring processes to optimize the drug dosage regimen. Also, it enables students to understand the basic concepts of pharmacogenetics, pharmacometrics for modeling and simulation of pharmacokinetic data.

Objectives

Upon completion of this course it is expected that students shall be able to:

- Design the drug dosage regimen for individual patients
- Interpret and correlate the plasma drug concentrations with patients' therapeutic outcomes
- Recommend dosage adjustment for patients with renal/ hepatic impairment
- Recommend dosage adjustment for paediatrics and geriatrics
- Manage pharmacokinetic drug interactions
- Apply pharmacokinetic parameters in clinical settings
- Interpret the impact of genetic polymorphisms of individuals on pharmacokinetics and or pharmacodynamics of drugs
- Do pharmacokinetic modeling for the given data using the principles of pharmacometrics

THEORY 60 Hrs

1. Introduction to Clinical pharmacokinetics: Compartmental and Non compartmental models, Renal and non-renal clearance, Organ extraction and models of hepatic clearance, Estimation and determinants of bioavailability, Multiple dosing, Calculation of loading and maintenance doses — 12 Hrs

   Designing of dosage regimens: Determination of dose and dosing intervals, Conversion from intravenous to oral dosing, Nomograms and Tabulations in designing dosage regimen.

2	Pharmacokinetics of Drug Interaction: Pharmacokinetic drug interactions, Inhibition and Induction of Drug metabolism, Inhibition of Biliary Excretion Pharmacogenetics: Genetic polymorphism in Drug metabolism: Cytochrome P-450 Isoenzymes, Genetic Polymorphism in Drug Transport and Drug Targets, Pharmacogenetics and Pharmacokinetic / Pharmacodynamic considerations Introduction to Pharmacometrics: Introduction to Bayesian Theory, Adaptive method or Dosing with feedback, Analysis of Population pharmacokinetic Data.	12 Hrs
3	Non Linier Mixed Effects Modelling: The Structural or Base Model, Modeling Random Effects, Modeling Covariate Relationships, Mixture Model, Estimation Methods, Model Building Techniques, Covariate Screening Methods, Testing the model assumptions, Precision of the parameter estimates and confidence intervals, Model misspecification and violation of the model assumptions, Model Validation, Simulation of dosing regimens and dosing recommendations, Pharmacometrics software.	12 Hrs
4	Altered Pharmacokinetics: Drug dosing in the elderly, Drug dosing in the paediatrics, Drug dosing in the obese patients, Drug dosing in the pregnancy and lactation, Drug dosing in the renal failure and extracorporeal removal of drugs, Drug dosing in the in hepatic failure.	12 Hrs
5	Therapeutic Drug monitoring: Introduction, Individualization of drug dosage regimen (Variability – Genetic, age, weight, disease and Interacting drugs), Indications for TDM, Protocol for TDM, Pharmacokinetic/Pharmacodynamic Correlation in drug therapy, TDM of drugs used in the following conditions: Cardiovascular disease: Digoxin, Lidocaine, Amiodarone; Seizure disorders: Phenytoin, Carbamazepine, Sodium Valproate; Psychiatric conditions: Lithium, Fluoxetine, Amitriptyline; Organ transplantations: Cyclosporine; Cytotoxic Agents: Methotrexate, 5-FU, Cisplatin; Antibiotics: Vancomycin, Gentamicin, Meropenem.	12 Hrs

REFERENCES

1. Leon Shargel, Susanna Wu-Pong, Andrew Yu. Applied Biopharmaceutics & Pharmacokinetics. New York: Mc Graw Hill.
2. Peter L. Bonate. Pharmacokinetic - Pharmacodynamic Modeling and Simulation. Springer Publications.
3. Michael E. Burton, Leslie M. Shaw, Jerome J. Schentag, William E.Evans. Applied Pharmacokinetics & Pharmacodynamics: Principles of Therapeutic Drug Monitoring. lippincott Williams & Wilkins.
4. Steven How-Yan Wong, Irving Sunshine. Handbook of Analytical Therapeutic Drug Monitoring and Toxicology. CRC Press, USA.
5. Soraya Dhillon, Andrzej Kostrzewski. Clinical pharmacokinetics. 1st edition. London: Pharmaceutical Press.
6. Joseph T.Dipiro, William J.Spruill, William E.Wade, Robert A.Blouin and Jane M.Pruemer .Concepts in Clinical Pharmacokinetics. American Society of Health-System Pharmacists, USA.
7. Malcolm Rowland, Thomas N. Tozer .Clinical Pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamics: concepts and applications. lippincott Williams & Wilkins, USA.
8. Evans, Schentag, Jusko. Applied pharmacokinetics. American Society of Health system Pharmacists, USA.
9. Michael E. Winter. Basic Clinical Pharmacokinetics. lippincott Williams & Wilkins, USA.
10. Milo Gibaldi. Biopharmaceutics and Clinical Pharmacokinetics. Pharma Book Syndicate, USA.
11. Dhillon and Kostrzewski. Clinical pharmacokinetics. Pharmaceutical Press, London.
12. John E .Murphy. Clinical Pharmacokinetics. 5th edition. US: American Society of Health- System Pharmacist, USA.
13. Relevant review articles from recent medical and pharmaceutical literature

PHARMACOEPIDEMIOLOGY & PHARMACOECONOMICS
(MPP 204T)

Scope

This course enables students to understand various pharmacoepidemiological methods and their clinical applications. Also, it aims to impart knowledge on basic concepts, assumptions, terminology, and methods associated with Pharmacoeconomics and health related outcomes, and when should be appropriate Pharmacoeconomic model should be applied for a health care regimen.

Objectives

Upon completion of this course it is expected that students shall be able to:

- Understand the various epidemiological methods and their applications
- Understand the fundamental principles of Pharmacoeconomics.
- Identify and determine relevant cost and consequences associated with pharmacy products and services.
- Perform the key Pharmacoeconomics analysis methods
- Understand the Pharmacoeconomic decision analysis methods and its applications.
- Describe current Pharmacoeconomic methods and issues.
- Understand the applications of Pharmacoeconomics to various pharmacy settings.

THEORY 60 Hrs

1. Introduction to Pharmacoepidemiology: Definition, Scope, Need, Aims & Applications; Outcome measurement: Outcome measures, Drug use measures: Monetary units, Number of prescriptions, units of drug dispensed, defined daily doses, prescribed daily doses, Diagnosis and Therapy surveys, Prevalence, Incidence rate, Monetary units, number of prescriptions, unit of drugs dispensed, defined daily doses and prescribed daily doses, medications adherence measurements. Concept of risk: Measurement of risk, Attributable risk and relative risk, Time- risk relationship and odds ratio — 12 Hrs

2 Pharmacoepidemiological Methods: Qualitative models: Drug Utilization Review; Quantitative models: case reports, case series, Cross sectional studies, Cohort and case control studies, Calculation of Odds' ratio, Meta analysis models, Drug effects study in populations: Spontaneous reporting, Prescription event — 12 Hrs

monitoring, Post marketing surveillance, Record linkage systems, Applications of Pharmacoepidemiology

3	Introduction to Pharmacoeconomics: Definition, history of Pharmacoeconomics, Need of Pharmacoeconomic studies in Indian healthcare system. Cost categorization and resources for cost estimation: Direct costs. Indirect costs. Intangible costs. Outcomes and Measurements of Pharmacoeconomics: Types of outcomes: Clinical outcome, Economic outcomes, Humanistic outcomes; Quality Adjusted Life Years, Disability Adjusted Life Years Incremental Cost Effective Ratio, Average Cost Effective Ratio. Person Time, Willingness To Pay, Time Trade Off and Discounting.	12 Hrs
4	Pharmacoeconomic evaluations: Definition, Steps involved, Applications, Advantages and disadvantages of the following Pharmacoeconomic models: Cost Minimization Analysis (CMA), Cost Benefit Analysis (CBA), Cost Effective Analysis (CEA), Cost Utility Analysis (CUA), Cost of Illness (COI), Cost Consequences Analysis (COA).	12 Hrs
5	Definition, Steps involved, Applications, Advantages and disadvantages of the following: Health related quality of life (HRQOL): Definition, Need for measurement of HRQOL, Common HRQOL measures. Definition, Steps involved, Applications of the following: Decision Analysis and Decision tree, Sensitivity analysis, Markov Modeling, Software used in pharmacoeconomic analysis, Applications of Pharmacoeconomics.	12 Hrs

REFERENCES

1. Rascati K L. Essentials of Pharmacoeconomics, Woulters Kluwer Lippincott Williams & Wilkins, Philadelphia.
2. Thomas E Getzen. Health economics. Fundamentals and Flow of Funds. John Wiley & Sons, USA.
3. Andrew Briggs, Karl Claxton, Mark Sculpher. Decision Modelling for Health Economic Evaluation, Oxford University Press, London.
4. Michael Drummond, Mark Sculpher, George Torrence, Bernie O'Brien and Greg Stoddart. Methods for the Economic Evaluation of Health Care Programmes Oxford University Press, London.

5. George E Mackinnon III. Understanding health outcomes and pharmacoeconomics.
6. Graker, Dennis. Pharmacoeconomics and outcomes.
7. Walley, Pharmacoeconomics.
8. Pharmacoeconomic – ed. by Nowakowska – University of Medical Sciences, Poznan.
9. Relevant review articles from recent medical and pharmaceutical literature

PHARMACY PRACTICE PRACTICAL - II
(MPP 205P)

Pharmacy Practice practical component includes experiments covering important topics of the courses Principles of Quality Use of Medicines, Pharmacotherapeutics-II, Clinical Pharmacokinetics & Therapeutic Drug Monitoring and Pharmacoepidemiology and Pharmacoeconomics.

List of Experiments (24)

1. Causality assessment of adverse drug reactions (three)
2. Detection and management of medication errors (three)
3. Rational use of medicines in special population (three)
4. Presentation of clinical cases of various disease conditions adopting Pharmaceutical Care Plan Model (eight)
5. Calculation of Bioavailability and Bioequivalence from the given data (two)
6. Interpretation of Therapeutic Drug Monitoring reports of a given patient (three)
7. Calculation of various Pharmacoeconomic outcome analysis for the given data (two)

PHARMACOLOGY (MPL)

MODERN PHARMACEUTICAL ANALYTICAL TECHNIQUES (MPL 101T)

Scope

This subject deals with various advanced analytical instrumental techniques for identification, characterization and quantification of drugs. Instruments dealt are NMR, Mass spectrometer, IR, HPLC, GC etc.

Objectives

After completion of course student is able to know about,

- Chemicals and Excipients
- The analysis of various drugs in single and combination dosage forms
- Theoretical and practical skills of the instruments

THEORY 60 Hrs

1. UV-Visible spectroscopy: Introduction, Theory, Laws, Instrumentation associated with UV-Visible spectroscopy, Choice of solvents and solvent effect and Applications of UV-Visible spectroscopy, Difference/ Derivative spectroscopy. 10 Hrs

   IR spectroscopy: Theory, Modes of Molecular vibrations, Sample handling, Instrumentation of Dispersive and Fourier - Transform IR Spectrometer, Factors affecting vibrational frequencies and Applications of IR spectroscopy, Data Interpretation.

   Spectroflourimetry: Theory of Fluorescence, Factors affecting fluorescence (Characterestics of drugs that can be analysed by flourimetry), Quenchers, Instrumentation and Applications of fluorescence spectrophotometer.

   Flame emission spectroscopy and Atomic absorption spectroscopy: Principle, Instrumentation, Interferences and Applications.

2 NMR spectroscopy: Quantum numbers and their role in NMR, Principle, Instrumentation, Solvent requirement in NMR, Relaxation process, NMR signals in various compounds, Chemical shift, Factors influencing chemical shift, Spin-Spin coupling, Coupling constant, Nuclear magnetic double resonance, Brief outline of principles of FT-NMR and 13C NMR. Applications of NMR spectroscopy. 10 Hrs

3	Mass Spectroscopy: Principle, Theory, Instrumentation of Mass Spectroscopy, Different types of ionization like electron impact, chemical, field, FAB and MALDI, APCI, ESI, APPI Analyzers of Quadrupole and Time of Flight, Mass fragmentation and its rules, Meta stable ions, Isotopic peaks and Applications of Mass spectroscopy.	10 Hrs
4	Chromatography: Principle, apparatus, instrumentation, chromatographic parameters, factors affecting resolution, isolation of drug from excipients, data interpretation and applications of the following: j) Thin Layer chromatography k) High Performance Thin Layer Chromatography l) Ion exchange chromatography m) Column chromatography n) Gas chromatography o) High Performance Liquid chromatography p) Ultra High Performance Liquid chromatography q) Affinity chromatography r) Gel Chromatography	10 Hrs
5	Electrophoresis: Principle, Instrumentation, Working conditions, factors affecting separation and applications of the following: a) Paper electrophoresis b) Gel electrophoresis c) Capillary electrophoresis d) Zone electrophoresis e) Moving boundary electrophoresis f) Iso electric focusing X ray Crystallography: Production of X rays, Different X ray methods, Bragg's law, Rotating crystal technique, X ray powder technique, Types of crystals and applications of X-ray diffraction.	10 Hrs
6	Potentiometry: Principle, working, Ion selective Electrodes and Application of potentiometry. Thermal Techniques: Principle, thermal transitions and Instrumentation (Heat flux and power-compensation and designs), Modulated DSC, Hyper DSC, experimental parameters (sample preparation, experimental conditions, calibration, heating and cooling rates, resolution, source of errors) and their influence, advantage and disadvantages, pharmaceutical applications. Differential Thermal Analysis (DTA): Principle, instrumentation and advantage and disadvantages, pharmaceutical applications, derivative differential thermal analysis (DDTA). TGA: Principle, instrumentation, factors affecting results, advantage and disadvantages, pharmaceutical applications.	10 Hrs

REFERENCES

1. Spectrometric Identification of Organic compounds - Robert M Silverstein, Sixth edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2004.
2. Principles of Instrumental Analysis - Doglas A Skoog, F. James Holler, Timothy A. Nieman, 5th edition, Eastern press, Bangalore, 1998.
3. Instrumental methods of analysis – Willards, 7th edition, CBS publishers.
4. Practical Pharmaceutical Chemistry – Beckett and Stenlake, Vol II, 4th edition, CBS Publishers, New Delhi, 1997.
5. Organic Spectroscopy – William Kemp, 3rd edition, ELBS, 1991.
6. Quantitative Analysis of Drugs in Pharmaceutical formulation - P D Sethi, 3rd Edition, CBS Publishers, New Delhi, 1997.
7. Pharmaceutical Analysis - Modern Methods – Part B - J W Munson, Vol 11, Marcel. Dekker Series
8. Spectroscopy of Organic Compounds, 2nd edn., P.S/Kalsi, Wiley estern Ltd., Delhi.
9. Textbook of Pharmaceutical Analysis, KA.Connors, 3rd Edition, John Wiley & Sons, 1982.

ADVANCED PHARMACOLOGY - I
(MPL 102T)

Scope

The subject is designed to strengthen the basic knowledge in the field of pharmacology and to impart recent advances in the drugs used for the treatment of various diseases. In addition, this subject helps the students to understand the concepts of drug action and mechanisms involved

Objectives

Upon completion of the course the student shall be able to :

- Discuss the pathophysiology and pharmacotherapy of certain diseases
- Explain the mechanism of drug actions at cellular and molecular level
- Understand the adverse effects, contraindications and clinical uses of drugs used in treatment of diseases

THEORY 60 Hrs

1. General Pharmacology 12 Hrs

a. Pharmacokinetics: The dynamics of drug absorption, distribution, biotransformation and elimination. Concepts of linear and non-linear compartment models. Significance of Protein binding.

b. Pharmacodynamics: Mechanism of drug action and the relationship between drug concentration and effect. Receptors, structural and functional families of receptors, quantitation of drug receptors interaction and elicited effects.

2 Neurotransmission 12 Hrs

a. General aspects and steps involved in neurotransmission.

b. Neurohumoral transmission in autonomic nervous system (Detailed study about neurotransmitters- Adrenaline and Acetyl choline).

c. Neurohumoral transmission in central nervous system (Detailed study about neurotransmitters- histamine, serotonin, dopamine, GABA, glutamate and glycine].

d. Non adrenergic non cholinergic transmission (NANC). Co-transmission

Systemic Pharmacology

A detailed study on pathophysiology of diseases, mechanism of action, pharmacology and toxicology of existing as well as novel drugs used in the following systems

Autonomic Pharmacology

Parasympathomimetics and lytics, sympathomimetics and lytics, agents affecting
neuromuscular junction

3	Central nervous system Pharmacology General and local anesthetics Sedatives and hypnotics, drugs used to treat anxiety. Depression, psychosis, mania, epilepsy, neurodegenerative diseases. Narcotic and non-narcotic analgesics.	12 Hrs
4	Cardiovascular Pharmacology Diuretics, antihypertensives, antiischemics, anti- arrhythmics, drugs for heart failure and hyperlipidemia. Hematinics, coagulants , anticoagulants, fibrinolytics and anti-platelet drugs	12 Hrs
5	Autocoid Pharmacology The physiological and pathological role of Histamine, Serotonin, Kinins Prostaglandins Opioid autocoids. Pharmacology of antihistamines, 5HT antagonists.	12 Hrs

REFEERENCES

1. The Pharmacological Basis of Therapeutics, Goodman and Gillman's
2. Principles of Pharmacology. The Pathophysiologic basis of drug Therapy by David E Golan, Armen H, Tashjian Jr, Ehrin J,Armstrong, April W, Armstrong, Wolters, Kluwer-Lippincott Williams & Wilkins Publishers.
3. Basic and Clinical Pharmacology by B.G Katzung
4. Hand book of Clinical Pharmacokinetics by Gibaldi and Prescott.
5. Applied biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics by Leon Shargel and Andrew B.C.Yu.
6. Graham Smith. Oxford textbook of Clinical Pharmacology.
7. Avery Drug Treatment
8. Dipiro Pharmacology, Pathophysiological approach.
9. Green Pathophysiology for Pharmacists.

10. Robbins & Cortan Pathologic Basis of Disease, 9th Ed. (Robbins Pathology)
11. A Complete Textbook of Medical Pharmacology by Dr. S.K Srivastava published by APC Avichal Publishing Company
12. KD.Tripathi. Essentials of Medical Pharmacology.
13. Modern Pharmacology with Clinical Applications, Craig Charles R. & Stitzel Robert E., Lippincott Publishers.
14. Clinical Pharmacokinetics & Pharmacodynamics : Concepts and Applications – Malcolm Rowland and Thomas N.Tozer, Wolters Kluwer, Lippincott Williams & Wilkins Publishers.
15. Applied biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics, Pharmacodynamics and Drug metabolism for industrial scientists.
16. Modern Pharmacology, Craig CR. & Stitzel RE, Little Brown & Company.

PHARMACOLOGICAL AND TOXICOLOGICAL SCREENING METHODS - I
(MPL 103T)

Scope

This subject is designed to impart the knowledge on preclinical evaluation of drugs and recent experimental techniques in the drug discovery and development. The subject content helps the student to understand the maintenance of laboratory animals as per the guidelines, basic knowledge of various in-vitro and in-vivo preclinical evaluation processes

Objectives

Upon completion of the course the student shall be able to,

- Appraise the regulations and ethical requirement for the usage of experimental animals.
- Describe the various animals used in the drug discovery process and good laboratory practices in maintenance and handling of experimental animals
- Describe the various newer screening methods involved in the drug discovery process
- Appreciate and correlate the preclinical data to humans

THEORY 60 Hrs

1. Laboratory Animals 12 Hrs

Common laboratory animals: Description, handling and applications of different species and strains of animals.

Transgenic animals: Production, maintenance and applications

Anaesthesia and euthanasia of experimental animals.

Maintenance and breeding of laboratory animals.

CPCSEA guidelines to conduct experiments on animals

Good laboratory practice.

Bioassay-Principle, scope and limitations and methods

2 Preclinical screening of new substances for the pharmacological activity using in vivo, in vitro, and other possible animal alternative models. 12 Hrs

General principles of preclinical screening. CNS Pharmacology: behavioral and muscle co ordination, CNS stimulants and

depressants, anxiolytics, anti-psychotics, anti epileptics and nootropics. Drugs for neurodegenerative diseases like Parkinsonism, Alzheimers and multiple sclerosis. Drugs acting on Autonomic Nervous System.

3	Preclinical screening of new substances for the pharmacological activity using in vivo, in vitro, and other possible animal alternative models. Respiratory Pharmacology: anti-asthmatics, drugs for COPD and anti allergics. Reproductive Pharmacology: Aphrodisiacs and antifertility agents Analgesics, antiinflammatory and antipyretic agents. Gastrointestinal drugs: anti ulcer, anti -emetic, anti-diarrheal and laxatives.	12 Hrs
4	Preclinical screening of new substances for the pharmacological activity using in vivo, in vitro, and other possible animal alternative models. Cardiovascular Pharmacology: antihypertensives, antiarrythmics, antianginal, antiatherosclerotic agents and diuretics. Drugs for metabolic disorders like anti-diabetic, antidyslipidemic agents. Anti cancer agents. Hepatoprotective screening methods.	12 Hrs
5	Preclinical screening of new substances for the pharmacological activity using in vivo, in vitro, and other possible animal alternative models. Iimmunomodulators, Immunosuppressants and immunostimulants General principles of immunoassay: theoretical basis and optimization of immunoassay, heterogeneous and homogenous immunoassay systems. Immunoassay methods evaluation; protocol outline, objectives and preparation. Immunoassay for digoxin and insulin Limitations of animal experimentation and alternate animal experiments. Extrapolation of in vitro data to preclinical and preclinical to humans	12 Hrs

REFERENCES

1. Biological standardization by J.H. Burn D.J. Finney and I.G. Goodwin
2. Screening methods in Pharmacology by Robert Turner. A
3. Evaluation of drugs activities by Laurence and Bachrach
4. Methods in Pharmacology by Arnold Schwartz.
5. Fundamentals of experimental Pharmacology by M.N.Ghosh
6. Pharmacological experiment on intact preparations by Churchill Livingstone
7. Drug discovery and Evaluation by Vogel H.G.
8. Experimental Pharmacology by R.K.Goyal.
9. Preclinical evaluation of new drugs by S.K. Guta
10. Handbook of Experimental Pharmacology, SK.Kulkarni
11. Practical Pharmacology and Clinical Pharmacy, SK.Kulkarni, 3rd Edition.
12. David R.Gross. Animal Models in Cardiovascular Research, 2nd Edition, Kluwer Academic Publishers, London, UK.
13. Screening Methods in Pharmacology, Robert A.Turner.
14. Rodents for Pharmacological Experiments, Dr.Tapan Kumar chatterjee.
15. Practical Manual of Experimental and Clinical Pharmacology by Bikash Medhi (Author), Ajay Prakash (Author)

CELLULAR AND MOLECULAR PHARMACOLOGY
(MPL 104T)

Scope:

The subject imparts a fundamental knowledge on the structure and functions of cellular components and help to understand the interaction of these components with drugs. This information will further help the student to apply the knowledge in drug discovery process.

Objectives:

Upon completion of the course, the student shall be able to,

- Explain the receptor signal transduction processes.
- Explain the molecular pathways affected by drugs.
- Appreciate the applicability of molecular pharmacology and biomarkers in drug discovery process.
- Demonstrate molecular biology techniques as applicable for pharmacology

THEORY		60 Hrs
1.	Cell biology Structure and functions of cell and its organelles Genome organization. Gene expression and its regulation, importance of siRNA and micro RNA, gene mapping and gene sequencing Cell cycles and its regulation. Cell death- events, regulators, intrinsic and extrinsic pathways of apoptosis. Necrosis and autophagy.	12 Hrs
2	Cell signaling Intercellular and intracellular signaling pathways. Classification of receptor family and molecular structure ligand gated ion channels; G-protein coupled receptors, tyrosine kinase receptors and nuclear receptors. Secondary messengers: cyclic AMP, cyclic GMP, calcium ion, inositol 1,4,5-trisphosphate, (IP3), NO, and diacylglycerol. Detailed study of following intracellular signaling pathways: cyclic AMP signaling pathway, mitogen-activated protein kinase (MAPK) signaling, Janus kinase (JAK)/signal transducer and activator of transcription (STAT) signaling pathway.	12 Hrs

3	Principles and applications of genomic and proteomic tools DNA electrophoresis, PCR (reverse transcription and real time), Gene sequencing, micro array technique, SDS page, ELISA and western blotting, Recombinant DNA technology and gene therapy Basic principles of recombinant DNA technology-Restriction enzymes, various types of vectors. Applications of recombinant DNA technology. Gene therapy- Various types of gene transfer techniques, clinical applications and recent advances in gene therapy.	12 Hrs
4	Pharmacogenomics Gene mapping and cloning of disease gene. Genetic variation and its role in health/ pharmacology Polymorphisms affecting drug metabolism Genetic variation in drug transporters Genetic variation in G protein coupled receptors Applications of proteomics science: Genomics, proteomics, metabolomics, functionomics, nutrigenomics Immunotherapeutics Types of immunotherapeutics, humanisation antibody therapy, Immunotherapeutics in clinical practice	12 Hrs
5	a. Cell culture techniques Basic equipments used in cell culture lab. Cell culture media, various types of cell culture, general procedure for cell cultures; isolation of cells, subculture, cryopreservation, characterization of cells and their application. Principles and applications of cell viability assays, glucose uptake assay, Calcium influx assays Principles and applications of flow cytometry b. Biosimilars	12 Hrs

REFERENCES:

1. The Cell, A Molecular Approach. Geoffrey M Cooper.
2. Pharmacogenomics: The Search for Individualized Therapies. Edited by J. Licinio and M -L. Wong
3. Handbook of Cell Signaling (Second Edition) Edited by Ralph A. et.al
4. Molecular Pharmacology: From DNA to Drug Discovery. John Dickenson et.al
5. Basic Cell Culture protocols by Cheril D.Helgason and Cindy L.Miller
6. Basic Cell Culture (Practical Approach) by J. M. Davis (Editor)
7. Animal Cell Culture: A Practical Approach by John R. Masters (Editor)
8. Current porotocols in molecular biology vol I to VI edited by Frederick M.Ausuvel et la.

PHARMACOLOGICAL PRACTICAL - I
(MPL 105P)

1. Analysis of pharmacopoeial compounds and their formulations by UV Vis spectrophotometer
2. Simultaneous estimation of multi component containing formulations by UV spectrophotometry
3. Experiments based on HPLC
4. Experiments based on Gas Chromatography
5. Estimation of riboflavin/quinine sulphate by fluorimetry
6. Estimation of sodium/potassium by flame photometry

Handling of laboratory animals.

1. Various routes of drug administration.
2. Techniques of blood sampling, anesthesia and euthanasia of experimental animals.
3. Functional observation battery tests (modified Irwin test)
4. Evaluation of CNS stimulant, depressant, anxiogenics and anxiolytic, anticonvulsant activity.
5. Evaluation of analgesic, anti-inflammatory, local anesthetic, mydriatic and miotic activity.
6. Evaluation of diuretic activity.
7. Evaluation of antiulcer activity by pylorus ligation method.
8. Oral glucose tolerance test.
9. Isolation and identification of DNA from various sources (Bacteria, Cauliflower, onion, Goat liver).
10. Isolation of RNA from yeast
11. Estimation of proteins by Braford/Lowry's in biological samples.
12. Estimation of RNA/DNA by UV Spectroscopy
13. Gene amplification by PCR.
14. Protein quantification Western Blotting.
15. Enzyme based in-vitro assays (MPO, AChEs, α amylase, α glucosidase).
16. Cell viability assays (MTT/Trypan blue/SRB).
17. DNA fragmentation assay by agarose gel electrophoresis.
18. DNA damage study by Comet assay.
19. Apoptosis determination by fluorescent imaging studies.
20. Pharmacokinetic studies and data analysis of drugs given by different routes of administration using softwares
21. Enzyme inhibition and induction activity
22. Extraction of drug from various biological samples and estimation of drugs in biological fluids using different analytical techniques (UV)
23. Extraction of drug from various biological samples and estimation of drugs in biological fluids using different analytical techniques (HPLC)

REFERENCES

1. CPCSEA, OECD, ICH, USFDA, Schedule Y, EPA guidelines,
2. Fundamentals of experimental Pharmacology by M.N.Ghosh
3. Handbook of Experimental Pharmacology by S.K. Kulkarni.
4. Drug discovery and Evaluation by Vogel H.G.
5. Spectrometric Identification of Organic compounds - Robert M Silverstein,
6. Principles of Instrumental Analysis - Doglas A Skoog, F. James Holler, Timothy A. Nieman,
7. Vogel's Text book of quantitative chemical analysis - Jeffery, Basset, Mendham, Denney,
8. Basic Cell Culture protocols by Cheril D. Helgason and Cindy L.Mille
9. Basic Cell Culture (Practical Approach) by J. M. Davis (Editor)
10. Animal Cell Culture: A Practical Approach by John R. Masters (Editor)
11. Practical Manual of Experimental and Clinical Pharmacology by Bikash Medhi(Author), Ajay Prakash (Author) Jaypee brothers' medical publishers Pvt. Ltd

ADVANCED PHARMACOLOGY - II
(MPL 201T)

Scope

The subject is designed to strengthen the basic knowledge in the field of pharmacology and to impart recent advances in the drugs used for the treatment of various diseases. In addition, the subject helps the student to understand the concepts of drug action and mechanism involved

Objectives

Upon completion of the course the student shall be able to:

- Explain the mechanism of drug actions at cellular and molecular level
- Discuss the Pathophysiology and pharmacotherapy of certain diseases
- Understand the adverse effects, contraindications and clinical uses of drugs used in treatment of diseases

THEORY		60 Hrs
1.	Endocrine Pharmacology Molecular and cellular mechanism of action of hormones such as growth hormone, prolactin, thyroid, insulin and sex hormones Anti-thyroid drugs, Oral hypoglycemic agents, Oral contraceptives, Corticosteroids. Drugs affecting calcium regulation	12 Hrs
2	Chemotherapy Cellular and molecular mechanism of actions and resistance of antimicrobial agents such as ß-lactams, aminoglycosides, quinolones, Macrolide antibiotics. Antifungal, antiviral, and anti-TB drugs.	12 Hrs
3	Chemotherapy Drugs used in Protozoal Infections Drugs used in the treatment of Helminthiasis Chemotherapy of cancer Immunopharmacology Cellular and biochemical mediators of inflammation and immune response. Allergic or hypersensitivity reactions. Pharmacotherapy of asthma and COPD. Immunosuppressants and Immunostimulants	12 Hrs

4	GIT Pharmacology Antiulcer drugs, Prokinetics, antiemetics, anti-diarrheals and drugs for constipation and irritable bowel syndrome. Chronopharmacology Biological and circadian rhythms, applications of chronotherapy in various diseases like cardiovascular disease, diabetes, asthma and peptic ulcer	12 Hrs
5	Free radicals Pharmacology Generation of free radicals, role of free radicals in etiopathology of various diseases such as diabetes, neurodegenerative diseases and cancer. Protective activity of certain important antioxidant Recent Advances in Treatment: Alzheimer's disease, Parkinson's disease, Cancer, Diabetes mellitus	12 Hrs

REFERENCES

1. The Pharmacological basis of therapeutics- Goodman and Gill man's
2. Principles of Pharmacology. The Pathophysiologic basis of drug therapy by David E Golan et al.
3. Basic and Clinical Pharmacology by B.G -Katzung
4. Pharmacology by H.P. Rang and M.M. Dale.
5. Hand book of Clinical Pharmacokinetics by Gibaldi and Prescott.
6. Text book of Therapeutics, drug and disease management by E T. Herfindal and Gourley.
7. Applied biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics by Leon Shargel and Andrew B.C.Yu.
8. Handbook of Essential Pharmacokinetics, Pharmacodynamics and Drug Metabolism for Industrial Scientists
9. Robbins & Cortan Pathologic Basis of Disease, 9th Ed. (Robbins Pathology)
10. A Complete Textbook of Medical Pharmacology by Dr. S.K Srivastava published by APC Avichal Publishing Company.
11. KD.Tripathi. Essentials of Medical Pharmacology
12. Principles of Pharmacology. The Pathophysiologic basis of drug Therapy by David E Golan, Armen H, Tashjian Jr, Ehrin J,Armstrong, April W, Armstrong, Wolters, Kluwer-Lippincott Williams & Wilkins Publishers

PHARMACOLOGICAL AND TOXICOLOGICAL SCREENING METHODS-II
(MPL 202T)

Scope:

This subject imparts knowledge on the preclinical safety and toxicological evaluation of drug & new chemical entity. This knowledge will make the student competent in regulatory toxicological evaluation.

Objectives:

Upon completion of the course, the student shall be able to,

- Explain the various types of toxicity studies.
- Appreciate the importance of ethical and regulatory requirements for toxicity studies.
- Demonstrate the practical skills required to conduct the preclinical toxicity studies.

THEORY 60 Hrs

1.	Basic definition and types of toxicology (general, mechanistic, regulatory and descriptive) Regulatory guidelines for conducting toxicity studies OECD, ICH, EPA and Schedule Y OECD principles of Good laboratory practice (GLP) History, concept and its importance in drug development	12 Hrs
2	Acute, sub-acute and chronic- oral, dermal and inhalational studies as per OECD guidelines. Acute eye irritation, skin sensitization, dermal irritation & dermal toxicity studies. Test item characterization- importance and methods in regulatory toxicology studies	12 Hrs
3	Reproductive toxicology studies, Male reproductive toxicity studies, female reproductive studies (segment I and segment III), teratogenecity studies (segment II) Genotoxicity studies (Ames Test, in vitro and in vivo Micronucleus and Chromosomal aberrations studies) In vivo carcinogenicity studies	12 Hrs
4	IND enabling studies (IND studies)- Definition of IND, importance of IND, industry perspective, list of studies needed for IND submission.	12 Hrs

Safety pharmacology studies- origin, concepts and importance of safety pharmacology.
Tier1- CVS, CNS and respiratory safety pharmacology, HERG assay. Tier2- GI, renal and other studies

5	Toxicokinetics- Toxicokinetic evaluation in preclinical studies, saturation kinetics Importance and applications of toxicokinetic studies. Alternative methods to animal toxicity testing.	12 Hrs

REFERENCES

1. Hand book on GLP, Quality practices for regulated non-clinical research and development (http://www.who.int/tdr/publications/documents/glp-handbook.pdf).
2. Schedule Y Guideline: drugs and cosmetics (second amendment) rules, 2005, ministry of health and family welfare (department of health) New Delhi
3. Drugs from discovery to approval by Rick NG.
4. Animal Models in Toxicology, 3rd Edition, Lower and Bryan
5. OECD test guidelines.
6. Principles of toxicology by Karen E. Stine, Thomas M. Brown.
7. Guidance for Industry M3(R2) Nonclinical Safety Studies for the Conduct of Human Clinical Trials and Marketing Authorization for Pharmaceuticals (http://www.fda.gov/downloads/drugs/guidancecomplianceregulatoryinformation/guidances/ucm073246.pdf)

PRINCIPLES OF DRUG DISCOVERY
(MPL 203T)

Scope:

The subject imparts basic knowledge of drug discovery process. This information will make the student competent in drug discovery process

Objectives:

Upon completion of the course, the student shall be able to,

- Explain the various stages of drug discovery.
- Appreciate the importance of the role of genomics, proteomics and bioinformatics in drug discovery
- Explain various targets for drug discovery.
- Explain various lead seeking method and lead optimization
- Appreciate the importance of the role of computer aided drug design in drug discovery

THEORY	60 Hrs
1. An overview of modern drug discovery process: Target identification, target validation, lead identification and lead Optimization. Economics of drug discovery. Target Discovery and validation-Role of Genomics, Proteomics and Bioinformatics. Role of Nucleic acid microarrays, Protein microarrays, Antisense technologies, siRNAs, antisense oligonucleotides, Zinc finger proteins. Role of transgenic animals in target validation.	12 Hrs
2 Lead Identification- combinatorial chemistry & high throughput screening, in silico lead discovery techniques, Assay development for hit identification. Protein structure Levels of protein structure, Domains, motifs, and folds in protein structure. Computational prediction of protein structure: Threading and homology modeling methods. Application of NMR and X-ray crystallography in protein structure prediction	12 Hrs
3 Rational Drug Design Traditional vs rational drug design, Methods followed in traditional drug design, High throughput screening, Concepts of Rational Drug Design, Rational Drug Design Methods: Structure and Pharmacophore based approaches	12 Hrs

	Virtual Screening techniques: Drug likeness screening, Concept of pharmacophore mapping and pharmacophore based Screening,	
4	Molecular docking: Rigid docking, flexible docking, manual docking; Docking based screening. De novo drug design. Quantitative analysis of Structure Activity Relationship History and development of QSAR, SAR versus QSAR, Physicochemical parameters, Hansch analysis, Fee Wilson analysis and relationship between them.	12 Hrs
5	QSAR Statistical methods – regression analysis, partial least square analysis (PLS) and other multivariate statistical methods. 3D-QSAR approaches like COMFA and COMSIA Prodrug design-Basic concept, Prodrugs to improve patient acceptability, Drug solubility, Drug absorption and distribution, site specific drug delivery and sustained drug action. Rationale of prodrug design and practical consideration of prodrug design	12 Hrs

REFERENCES

1. MouldySioud. Target Discovery and Validation Reviews and Protocols: Volume 2 Emerging Molecular Targetsand Treatment Options. 2007 Humana Press Inc.
2. Darryl León. Scott MarkelIn. Silico Technologies in Drug Target Identification and Validation. 2006 by Taylor and Francis Group, LLC.
3. Johanna K. DiStefano. Disease Gene Identification. Methods and Protocols. Springer New York Dordrecht Heidelberg London.
4. Hugo Kubiny. QSAR: Hansch Analysis and Related Approaches. Methods and Principles in Medicinal Chemistry. Publisher Wiley-VCH
5. Klaus Gubernator, Hans-Joachim Böhm. Structure-Based Ligand Design. Methods and Principles in Medicinal Chemistry. Publisher Wiley-VCH
6. Abby L . Parrill. M . Rami Reddy. Rational Drug Design. Novel Methodology and Practical Applications. ACS Symposium Series; American Chemical Society: Washington, DC, 1999.
7. J. Rick Turner. New drug development design, methodology and, analysis. John Wiley & Sons, Inc., New Jersey.

CLINICAL RESEARCH AND PHARMACOVIGILANCE
(MPL 204T)

Scope:

This subject will provide a value addition and current requirement for the students in clinical research and pharmacovigilance. It will teach the students on conceptualizing, designing, conducting, managing and reporting of clinical trials. This subject also focuses on global scenario of Pharmacovigilance in different methods that can be used to generate safety data. It will teach the students in developing drug safety data in Pre-clinical, Clinical phases of Drug development and post market surveillance.

Objectives:

Upon completion of the course, the student shall be able to,

- Explain the regulatory requirements for conducting clinical trial
- Demonstrate the types of clinical trial designs
- Explain the responsibilities of key players involved in clinical trials
- Execute safety monitoring, reporting and close-out activities
- Explain the principles of Pharmacovigilance
- Detect new adverse drug reactions and their assessment
- Perform the adverse drug reaction reporting systems and communication in Pharmacovigilance

THEORY — 60 Hrs

1. Regulatory Perspectives of Clinical Trials: — 12 Hrs
   Origin and Principles of International Conference on Harmonization - Good Clinical Practice (ICH-GCP) guidelines
   Ethical Committee: Institutional Review Board, Ethical Guidelines for Biomedical Research and Human Participant- Schedule Y, ICMR
   Informed Consent Process: Structure and content of an Informed Consent Process Ethical principles governing informed consent process
2. Clinical Trials: Types and Design — 12 Hrs
   Experimental Study- RCT and Non RCT,
   Observation Study: Cohort, Case Control, Cross sectional
   Clinical Trial Study Team
   Roles and responsibilities of Clinical Trial Personnel: Investigator, Study Coordinator, Sponsor, Contract Research Organization and its management

3	Clinical Trial Documentation- Guidelines to the preparation of documents, Preparation of protocol, Investigator Brochure, Case Report Forms, Clinical Study Report Clinical Trial Monitoring- Safety Monitoring in CT Adverse Drug Reactions: Definition and types. Detection and reporting methods. Severity and seriousness assessment.Predictability and preventability assessment, Management of adverse drug reactions; Terminologies of ADR.	12 Hrs
4	Basic aspects, terminologies and establishment of pharmacovigilance History and progress of pharmacovigilance, Significance of safety monitoring, Pharmacovigilance in India and international aspects, WHO international drug monitoring programme, WHO and Regulatory terminologies of ADR, evaluation of medication safety, Establishing pharmacovigilance centres in Hospitals, Industry and National programmes related to pharmacovigilance. Roles and responsibilities in Pharmacovigilance	12 Hrs
5	Methods, ADR reporting and tools used in Pharmacovigilance International classification of diseases, International Non-proprietary names for drugs, Passive and Active surveillance, Comparative observational studies, Targeted clinical investigations and Vaccine safety surveillance. Spontaneous reporting system and Reporting to regulatory authorities, Guidelines for ADRs reporting. Argus, Aris G Pharmacovigilance, VigiFlow, Statistical methods for evaluating medication safety data.	12 Hrs
6	Pharmacoepidemiology, pharmacoeconomics, safety pharmacology	12 Hrs

REFERENCES

1. Central Drugs Standard Control Organization- Good Clinical Practices, Guidelines for Clinical Trials on Pharmaceutical Products in India. New Delhi: Ministry of Health;2001.
2. International Conference on Harmonization of Technical requirements for registration of Pharmaceuticals for human use. ICH Harmonized Tripartite Guideline. Guideline for Good Clinical Practice.E6; May 1996.

3. Ethical Guidelines for Biomedical Research on Human Subjects 2000. Indian Council of Medical Research, New Delhi.
4. Textbook of Clinical Trials edited by David Machin, Simon Day and Sylvan Green, March 2005, John Wiley and Sons.
5. Clinical Data Management edited by R K Rondels, S A Varley, C F Webbs. Second Edition, Jan 2000, Wiley Publications.
6. Handbook of clinical Research. Julia Lloyd and Ann Raven Ed. Churchill Livingstone.
7. Principles of Clinical Research edited by Giovanna di Ignazio, Di Giovanna and Haynes.

PHARMACOLOGICAL PRACTICAL - II
(MPL 205P)

1. To record the DRC of agonist using suitable isolated tissues preparation.
2. To study the effects of antagonist/potentiating agents on DRC of agonist using suitable isolated tissue preparation.
3. To determine to the strength of unknown sample by matching bioassay by using suitable tissue preparation.
4. To determine to the strength of unknown sample by interpolation bioassay by using suitable tissue preparation
5. To determine to the strength of unknown sample by bracketing bioassay by using suitable tissue preparation
6. To determine to the strength of unknown sample by multiple point bioassay by using suitable tissue preparation.
7. Estimation of PA_2 values of various antagonists using suitable isolated tissue preparations.
8. To study the effects of various drugs on isolated heart preparations
9. Recording of rat BP, heart rate and ECG.
10. Recording of rat ECG
11. Drug absorption studies by averted rat ileum preparation.
12. Acute oral toxicity studies as per OECD guidelines.
13. Acute dermal toxicity studies as per OECD guidelines.
14. Repeated dose toxicity studies- Serum biochemical, haematological, urine analysis, functional observation tests and histological studies.
15. Drug mutagenicity study using mice bone-marrow chromosomal aberration test.
16. Protocol design for clinical trial.(3 Nos.)
17. Design of ADR monitoring protocol.
18. In-silico docking studies. (2 Nos.)
19. In-silico pharmacophore based screening.
20. In-silico QSAR studies.
21. ADR reporting

REFERENCES

1. Fundamentals of experimental Pharmacology-by M.N.Ghosh
2. Hand book of Experimental Pharmacology-S.K.Kulakarni
3. Text book of in-vitro practical Pharmacology by Ian Kitchen
4. Bioassay Techniques for Drug Development by Atta-ur-Rahman, Iqbal choudhary and William Thomsen
5. Applied biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics by Leon Shargel and Andrew B.C.Yu.
6. Handbook of Essential Pharmacokinetics, Pharmacodynamics and Drug Metabolism for Industrial Scientists.

PHARMACOGNOSY (MPG)

MODERN PHARMACEUTICAL ANALYTICAL TECHNIQUES (MPG 101T)

Scope

This subject deals with various advanced analytical instrumental techniques for identification, characterization and quantification of drugs. Instruments dealt are NMR, Mass spectrometer, IR, HPLC, GC etc.

Objectives

After completion of course student is able to know,

- The analysis of various drugs in single and combination dosage forms
- Theoretical and practical skills of the instruments

THEORY 60 Hrs

1. UV-Visible spectroscopy: Introduction, Theory, Laws, Instrumentation associated with UV-Visible spectroscopy, Choice of solvents and solvent effect and Applications of UV-Visible spectroscopy. 12 Hrs

   IR spectroscopy: Theory, Modes of Molecular vibrations, Sample handling, Instrumentation of Dispersive and Fourier - Transform IR Spectrometer, Factors affecting vibrational frequencies and Applications of IR spectroscopy

   Spectroflourimetry: Theory of Fluorescence, Factors affecting fluorescence, Quenchers, Instrumentation and Applications of fluorescence spectrophotometer.

   Flame emission spectroscopy and Atomic absorption spectroscopy: Principle, Instrumentation, Interferences and Applications.

2 NMR spectroscopy: Quantum numbers and their role in NMR, Principle, Instrumentation, Solvent requirement in NMR, Relaxation process, NMR signals in various compounds, Chemical shift, Factors influencing chemical shift, Spin-Spin coupling, Coupling constant, Nuclear magnetic double resonance, Brief outline of principles of FT-NMR and 13C NMR. Applications of NMR spectroscopy.1 12 Hrs

3	Mass Spectroscopy: Principle, Theory, Instrumentation of Mass Spectroscopy, Different types of ionization like electron impact, chemical, field, FAB and MALDI, APCI, ESI, APPI Analyzers of Quadrupole and Time of Flight, Mass fragmentation and its rules, Meta stable ions, Isotopic peaks and Applications of Mass spectroscopy.	10 Hrs
4	Chromatography: Principle, apparatus, instrumentation, chromatographic parameters, factors affecting resolution, isolation of drug from excipients, data interpretation and applications of the following: a) Thin Layer chromatography b) High Performance Thin Layer Chromatography c) Ion exchange chromatography d) Column chromatography e) Gas chromatography f) High Performance Liquid chromatography g) Ultra High Performance Liquid chromatography h) Affinity chromatography i) Gel Chromatography	10 Hrs
5	Electrophoresis: Principle, Instrumentation, Working conditions, factors affecting separation and applications of the following: a) Paper electrophoresis b) Gel electrophoresis c) Capillary electrophoresis d) Zone electrophoresis e) Moving boundary electrophoresis f) Iso electric focusing X ray Crystallography: Production of X rays, Different X ray methods, Bragg's law, Rotating crystal technique, X ray powder technique, Types of crystals and applications of X-ray diffraction.	10 Hrs
6	Potentiometry: Principle, working, Ion selective Electrodes and Application of potentiometry. Thermal Techniques: Principle, thermal transitions and Instrumentation (Heat flux and power-compensation and designs), Modulated DSC, Hyper DSC, experimental parameters (sample preparation, experimental conditions, calibration, heating and	10 Hrs

cooling rates, resolution, source of errors) and their influence, advantage and disadvantages, pharmaceutical applications. Differential Thermal Analysis (DTA): Principle, instrumentation and advantage and disadvantages, pharmaceutical applications, derivative differential thermal analysis (DDTA). TGA: Principle, instrumentation, factors affecting results, advantage and disadvantages, pharmaceutical applications.

REFERENCES

1. Spectrometric Identification of Organic compounds - Robert M Silverstein, Sixth edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2004.
2. Principles of Instrumental Analysis - Doglas A Skoog, F. James Holler, Timothy A. Nieman, 5th edition, Eastern press, Bangalore, 1998.
3. Instrumental methods of analysis – Willards, 7th edition, CBS publishers.
4. Practical Pharmaceutical Chemistry – Beckett and Stenlake, Vol II, 4th edition, CBS Publishers, New Delhi, 1997.
5. Organic Spectroscopy - William Kemp, 3rd edition, ELBS, 1991.
6. Quantitative Analysis of Drugs in Pharmaceutical formulation - P D Sethi, 3rd Edition, CBS Publishers, New Delhi, 1997.
7. Pharmaceutical Analysis - Modern Methods – Part B - J W Munson, Vol 11, Marcel. Dekker Series
8. Spectroscopy of Organic Compounds, 2nd edn., P.S/Kalsi, Wiley estern Ltd., Delhi.

ADVANCED PHARMACOGNOSY - I
(MPG 102T)

SCOPE

To learn and understand the advances in the field of cultivation and isolation of drugs of natural origin, various phytopharmaceuticals, nutraceuticals and their medicinal use and health benefits.

OBJECTIVES

Upon completion of the course, the student shall be able to know the,

- advances in the cultivation and production of drugs
- various phyto-pharmaceuticals and their source, its utilization and medicinal value.
- various nutraceuticals/herbs and their health benefits
- Drugs of marine origin
- Pharmacovigilance of drugs of natural origin

THEORY 60 Hrs

1. Plant drug cultivation: General introduction to the importance of Pharmacognosy in herbal drug industry, Indian Council of Agricultural Research, Current Good Agricultural Practices, Current Good Cultivation Practices, Current Good Collection Practices, Conservation of medicinal plants- Ex-situ and In-situ conservation of medicinal plants. — 12 Hrs

2 Marine natural products: General methods of isolation and purification, Study of Marine toxins, Recent advances in research in marine drugs, Problems faced in research on marine drugs such as taxonomical identification, chemical screening and their solution. — 12 Hrs

3 Nutraceuticals: Current trends and future scope, Inorganic mineral supplements, Vitamin supplements, Digestive enzymes, Dietary fibres, Cereals and grains, Health drinks of natural origin, Antioxidants, Polyunsaturated fatty acids, Herbs as functional foods, Formulation and standardization of neutraceuticals, Regulatory aspects, FSSAI guidelines, Sources, name of marker compounds and their chemical nature, medicinal uses and health benefits of following — 12 Hrs

i) Spirulina ii) Soya bean iii) Ginseng iv) Garlic v) Broccoli vi) Green and Herbal Tea vii) Flax seeds viii) Black cohosh ix) Turmeric.

4 Phytopharmaceuticals: Occurrence, isolation and characteristic features (Chemical nature, uses in pharmacy, medicinal and health benefits) of following. 12 Hrs

a) Carotenoids – i) α and β - Carotene ii) Xanthophyll (Lutein)
b) Limonoids – i) d-Limonene ii) α – Terpineol
c) Saponins – i) Shatavarins
d) Flavonoids – i) Resveratrol ii) Rutin iii) Hesperidin iv) Naringin v) Quercetin
e) Phenolic acids- Ellagic acid
f) Vitamins
g) Tocotrienols and Tocopherols
h) Andrographolide, Glycolipids, Gugulipids, Withanolides, Vascine, Taxol
i) Miscellaneous

5 Pharmacovigilance of drugs of natural origin: WHO and AYUSH guidelines for safety monitoring of natural medicine, Spontaneous reporting schemes for biodrug adverse reactions, bio drug-drug and bio drug-food interactions with suitable examples. 12 Hrs

REFERENCES (Latest Editions of)

1. Pharmacognosy - G. E. Trease and W.C. Evans. Saunders Edinburgh, New York.
2. Pharmacognosy-Tyler, Brady, Robbers
3. Modem Methods of Plant Analysis- Peach & M.V. Tracey, Vol. I&II
4. Text Book of Pharmacognosy by T.E. Wallis
5. Marine Natural Products-Vol.I to IV.
6. Natural products: A lab guide by Raphael Ikan , Academic Press 1991.
7. Glimpses of Indian Ethano Pharmacology, P. Pushpangadam. Ulf Nyman. V.George Tropical Botanic Garden & Research Institute, 1995.
8. Medicinal natural products (a biosynthetic approach), Paul M. Dewick, John Wiley & Sons Ltd., England, 1998.
9. Chemistry of Marine Natural Products- Paul J. Schewer 1973.
10. Herbal Drug Industry by RD. Choudhary, Eastern Publisher, New Delhi, 1996.
11. Cultivation of Medicinal Plants by C.K. Atal & B.M. Kapoor.
12. Cultivation and Utilization of Aromatic Plants, C.K. Atal & B.M. Kapoor
13. Cultivation of medicinal and aromatic crops, AA Farooqui and B.S. Sreeramu. University Press, 2001.

14. Natural Products from Plants, 1st edition, by Peter B. Kaufman, CRC Press, New York, 1998
15. Recent Advances in Phytochemistry- Vol. 1&4: Scikel Runeckles- Appleton Century crofts.
16. Text book of Pharmacognosy, C.K.Kokate, Purohit, Ghokhale, Nirali Prakasshan, 1996.
17. Pharmacognosy and Pharmacobiotechnology, Ashutoshkar, New Age Publications, New Delhi.

PHYTOCHEMISTRY
(MPG 103T)

SCOPE

Students shall be equipped with the knowledge of natural product drug discovery and will be able to isolate, identify and extract and the phyto-constituents

OBJECTIVES

Upon completion of the course, the student shall be able to know the,

- different classes of phytoconstituents, their biosynthetic pathways, their properties, extraction and general process of natural product drug discovery
- phytochemical fingerprinting and structure elucidation of phytoconstituents.

THEORY 60 Hrs

1. Biosynthetic pathways and Radio tracing techniques: Constituents & their Biosynthesis, Isolation, Characterization and purification with a special reference to their importance in herbal industries of following phyto-pharmaceuticals containing drugs: 12 Hrs
   a) Alkaloids: Ephedrine, Quinine, Strychynine, Piperine, Berberine, Taxol, Vinca alkoloids.
   b) Glycosides: Digitoxin, Glycyrrhizin, Sennosides, Bacosides, Quercitin.
   c) Steroids: Hecogenin, guggulosterone and withanolides
   d) Coumarin: Umbelliferone.
   e) Terpenoids: Cucurbitacins

2 Drug discovery and development: History of herbs as source of drugs and drug discovery, the lead structure selection process, structure development, product discovery process and drug registration, Selection and optimization of lead compounds with suitable examples from the following source : artemesin, andrographolides. Clinical studies emphasising on phases of clinical trials, protocol design for lead molecules. 12 Hrs

3 Extraction and Phytochemical studies: Recent advances in extractions with emphasis on selection of method and choice of solvent for extraction, successive and exhaustive extraction and other methods of extraction commonly used like microwave 12 Hrs

assisted extraction, Methods of fractionation. Separation of phytoconstituents by latest CCCET, SCFE techniques including preparative HPLC and Flash column chromatography.

4	Phytochemical finger printing: HPTLC and LCMS/GCMS applications in the characterization of herbal extracts. Structure elucidation of phytoconstituents.	12 Hrs
5	Structure elucidation of the following compounds by spectroscopic techniques like UV, IR, MS, NMR (1H, 13C) a. Carvone, Citral, Menthol b. Luteolin, Kaempferol c. Nicotine, Caffeine iv) Glycyrrhizin.	12 Hrs

REFERENCES (Latest Editions of)

1. Organic chemistry by I.L. Finar Vol.II
2. Pharmacognosy by Trease and Evans, ELBS.
3. Pharmacognosy by Tylor and Brady.
4. Text book of Pharmacognosy by Wallis.
5. Clark's isolation and Identification of drugs by A.C. Mottal.
6. Plant Drug Analysis by Wagner & Bladt.
7. Wilson and Gisvolds text book of Organic Medicinnal and Pharmaceutical Chemistry by Deorge. R.F.
8. The Chemistry of Natural Products, Edited by R.H. Thomson, Springer International Edn. 1994.
9. Natural Products Chemistry Practical Manual by Anees A Siddiqui and SeemiSiddiqui
10. Organic Chemistry of Natural Products, Vol. 1&2. Gurdeep R Chatwal.
11. Chemistry of Natural Products- Vol. 1 onwards IWPAC.
12. Modem Methods of Plant Analysis- Peach & M.V. Tracey, Vol. I&II
13. Medicinal Natural products – a biosynthetic approach, Dewick PM, John Wiley & Sons, Toronto, 1998.
14. Chemistry of Natural Products, Bhat SV, Nagasampagi BA, Meenakshi S, Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi.
15. Pharmacognosy & Phytochemistry of Medicinal Plants, 2nd edition, Bruneton J, Interceptt Ltd., New York, 1999.

INDUSTRIAL PHARMACOGNOSTICAL TECHNOLOGY
(MPG 104T)

SCOPE

To understand the Industrial and commercial potential of drugs of natural origin, integrate traditional Indian systems of medicine with modern medicine and also to know regulatory and quality policy for the trade of herbals and drugs of natural origin.

OBJECTIVES

By the end of the course the student shall be able to know,

- the requirements for setting up the herbal/natural drug industry.
- the guidelines for quality of herbal/natural medicines and regulatory issues.
- the patenting/IPR of herbals/natural drugs and trade of raw and finished materials.

THEORY 60 Hrs

1. Herbal drug industry: Infrastructure of herbal drug industry involved in production of standardized extracts and various dosage forms. Current challenges in upgrading and modernization of herbal formulations. Entrepreneurship Development, Project selection, project report, technical knowledge, Capital venture, plant design, layout and construction. Pilot plant scale –up techniques, case studies of herbal extracts. Formulation and production management of herbals. 12 Hrs

2 Regulatory requirements for setting herbal drug industry: Global marketing management. Indian and international patent law as applicable herbal drugs and natural products. Export - Import (EXIM) policy, TRIPS. 12 Hrs

Quality assurance in herbal/natural drug products.
Concepts of TQM, GMP, GLP, ISO-9000.

3 Monographs of herbal drugs: General parameters of monographs of herbal drugs and comparative study in IP, USP, Ayurvedic Pharmacopoeia, Siddha and Unani Pharmacopoeia, American herbal pharmacopoeia, British herbal pharmacopoeia, WHO guidelines in quality assessment of herbal drugs.

4	Testing of natural products and drugs: Herbal medicines - clinical laboratory testing. Stability testing of natural products, protocols.	12 Hrs
5	Patents: Indian and international patent laws, proposed amendments as applicable to herbal/natural products and process. Geographical indication, Copyright, Patentable subject maters, novelty, non obviousness, utility, enablement and best mode, procedure for Indian patent filing, patent processing, grant of patents, rights of patents, cases of patents, opposition and revocation of patents, patent search and literature, Controllers of patents.	12 Hrs

REFERENCES (Latest Editions of)

1. Herbal drug industry by R.D. Choudhary (1996), Eastern Publisher, New Delhi.
2. GMP for Botanicals - Regulatory and Quality issues on Phytomedicine by Pulok K Mukharjee (2003), Ist Edition, Business horizons Robert Verpoorte, New Delhi.
3. Quality control of herbal drugs by Pulok K Mukarjee (2002), Business Horizons Pharmaceutical Publisher, New Delhi.
4. PDR for Herbal Medicines (2000), Medicinal Economic Company, New Jersey.
5. Indian Herbal Pharmacopoeia (2002), IDMA, Mumbai.
6. Text book of Pharmacognosy by C.K. Kokate, Purohit, Gokhlae (1996), Nirali Prakashan, New Delhi.
7. Text book of Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry by Vinod D. RangarI (2002), Part I & II, Career Publication, Nasik, India.
8. Plant drug analysis by H.Wagner and S.Bladt, Springer, Berlin.
9. Standardization of Botanicals. Testing and extraction methods of medicinal herbs by V. Rajpal (2004), Vol.I, Eastern Publisher, New Delhi.
10. Phytochemical Dictionary. Handbook of Bioactive Compounds from Plants by J.B.Harborne, (1999), IInd Edition, Taylor and Francis Ltd, UK.
11. Herbal Medicine. Expanded Commission E Monographs by M.Blumenthal, (2004), IST Edition,
12. Drug Formulation Manual by D.P.S.Kohli and D.H.Shah (1998), Eastern Publisher, New Delhi.

PHARMACOGNOSY PRACTICAL - I
(MPG I05P)

1. Analysis of Pharmacopoeial compounds of natural origin and their formulations by UV Vis spectrophotometer
2. Analysis of recorded spectra of simple phytoconstituents
3. Experiments based on Gas Chromatography
4. Estimation of sodium/potassium by flame photometry
5. Development of fingerprint of selected medicinal plant extracts commonly used in herbal drug industry viz. Ashwagandha, Tulsi, Bael, Amla, Ginger, Aloe, Vidang, Senna, Lawsonia by TLC/HPTLC method.
6. Methods of extraction
7. Phytochemical screening
8. Demonstration of HPLC- estimation of glycerrhizin
9. Monograph analysis of clove oil
10. Monograph analysis of castor oil.
11. Identification of bioactive constituents from plant extracts
12. Formulation of different dosage forms and their standardisation.

MEDICINAL PLANT BIOTECHNOLOGY
(MPG 201T)

SCOPE

To explore the knowledge of Biotechnology and its application in the improvement of quality of medicinal plants

OBJECTIVES

Upon completion of the course, the student shall be able to,

- Know the process like genetic engineering in medicinal plants for higher yield of Phytopharmaceuticals.
- Use the biotechnological techniques for obtaining and improving the quality of natural products/medicinal plants

THEORY 60 Hrs

1. Introduction to Plant biotechnology: Historical perspectives, prospects for development of plant biotechnology as a source of medicinal agents. Applications in pharmacy and allied fields. Genetic and molecular biology as applied to pharmacognosy, study of DNA, RNA and protein replication, genetic code, regulation of gene expression, structure and complicity of genome, cell signaling, DNA recombinant technology. — 12 Hrs

2 Different tissue culture techniques: Organogenesis and embryogenesis, synthetic seed and monoclonal variation, Protoplast fusion, Hairy root multiple shoot cultures and their applications. Micro propagation of medicinal and aromatic plants. Sterilization methods involved in tissue culture, gene transfer in plants and their applications. — 15 Hrs

3 Immobilisation techniques & Secondary Metabolite Production: Immobilization techniques of plant cell and its application on secondary metabolite Production. Cloning of plant cell: Different methods of cloning and its applications. Advantages and disadvantages of plant cell cloning. Secondary metabolism in tissue cultures with emphasis on production of medicinal agents. Precursors and elicitors on production of secondary metabolites. — 15 Hrs

4 Biotransformation and Transgenesis: Biotransformation, bioreactors for pilot and large scale cultures of plant cells and retention of biosynthetic potential in cell culture. Transgenic — 13 Hrs

plants, methods used in gene identification, localization and sequencing of genes. Application of PCR in plant genome analysis.

5	Fermentation technology: Application of Fermentation technology, Production of ergot alkaloids, single cell proteins, enzymes of pharmaceutical interest.	05 Hrs

REFERENCES (Latest Editions of)

1. Plant tissue culture, Bhagwani, vol 5, Elsevier Publishers.
2. Plant cell and Tissue Culture (Lab. Manual), JRMM. Yeoman.
3. Elements in biotechnology by PK. Gupta, Rastogi Publications, New Delhi.
4. An introduction to plant tissue culture by MK. Razdan, Science Publishers.
5. Experiments in plant tissue culture by John HD and Lorin WR., Cambridge University Press.
6. Pharmaceutical biotechnology by SP. Vyas and VK. Dixit, CBS Publishers.
7. Plant cell and tissue culture by Jeffrey W. Pollard and John M Walker, Humana press.
8. Plant tissue culture by Dixon, Oxford Press, Washington DC, 1985
9. Plant tissue culture by Street.
10. Pharmacognosy by G. E. Trease and WC. Evans, Elsevier.
11. Biotechnology by Purohit and Mathur, Agro-Bio, 3rd revised edition.
12. Biotechnological applications to tissue culture by Shargool, Peter D, Shargoal, CKC Press.
13. Pharmacognosy by Varo E. Tyler, Lynn R. Brady and James E. Robberrt, That Tjen, NGO.
14. Plant Biotechnology, Ciddi Veerasham.

ADVANCED PHARMACOGNOSY - II
(MPG 202T)

SCOPE

To know and understand the Adulteration and Deterioration that occurs in herbal/natural drugs and methods of detection of the same. Study of herbal remedies and their validations, including methods of screening

OBJECTIVES

Upon completion of the course, the student shall be able to know the,

- validation of herbal remedies
- methods of detection of adulteration and evaluation techniques for the herbal drugs
- methods of screening of herbals for various biological properties

THEORY 60 Hrs

1. Herbal remedies – Toxicity and Regulations: Herbals vs Conventional drugs, Efficacy of Herbal medicine products, Validation of herbal therapies, Pharmacodynamic and Pharmacokinetic issues. — 12 Hrs

2 Adulteration and Deterioration: Introduction, Types of Adulteration/ Substitution of Herbal drugs, Causes and Measures of Adulteration, Sampling Procedures, Determination of Foreign Matter, DNA Finger printing techniques in identification of drugs of natural origin, detection of heavy metals, pesticide residues, phytotoxin, microbial contamination in herbs and their formulations. — 12 Hrs

3 Ethnobotany and Ethnopharmacology: Ethnobotany in herbal drug evaluation, Impact of Ethnobotany in traditional medicine, New development in herbals, Bio-prospecting tools for drug discovery, Role of Ethnopharmacology in drug evaluation, Reverse Pharmacology. — 12 Hrs

4 Analytical Profiles of herbal drugs: Andrographis paniculata, Boswellia serata, Coleus forskholii, Curcuma longa, Embelica officinalis, Psoralea corylifolia. — 12 Hrs

5 Biological screening of herbal drugs: Introduction and Need for Phyto-Pharmacological Screening, New Strategies for evaluating — 12 Hrs

Natural Products, In vitro evaluation techniques for Antioxidants, Antimicrobial and Anticancer drugs. In vivo evaluation techniques for Anti-inflammatory, Antiulcer, Anticancer, Wound healing, Antidiabetic, Hepatoprotective, Cardio protective, Diuretics and Antifertility, Toxicity studies as per OECD guidelines.

REFERENCES (Latest Editions of)

1. Glimpses of Indian Ethano Pharmacology by P. Pushpangadam. Ulf Nyman. V.George Tropical Botanic Garden & Research Institute.
2. Natural products: A lab guide by Raphael Ikan, Academic Press.
3. Pharmacognosy - G. E. Trease and W.C. Evans. WB. Saunders Edinburgh, New York.
4. Pharmacognosy-Tyler, Brady, Robbers, Lee & Fetiger.
5. Modem Methods of Plant Analysis- Peach & M.V. Tracey, Vol. I & II, Springer Publishers.
6. Herbal Drug Industry by RD. Choudhary, Eastern Publishers, New Delhi.
7. Text book of Pharmacognosy by C.K.Kokate, Purohit, Ghokhale, Nirali Prakashan.
8. Text Book of Pharmacognosy by T.E. Wallis, J & A Churchill Ltd., London.
9. Quality control of herbal drugs by Pulok K Mukherjee, Business Horizons Pharmaceutical Publishers, New Delhi.
10. Indian Herbal Pharmacopoeia, IDMA, Mumbai.
11. Text book of Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry by Vinod D. RangarI, Part I & II, Career Publication, Nasik, India.
12. Plant drug analysis by H.Wagner and S.Bladt, 2nd edition, Springer, Berlin.
13. Standardization of Botanicals. Testing and extraction methods of medicinal herbs by V. Rajpal (2004), Vol.I, Eastern PublisherS, New Delhi.
14. Herbal Medicine. Expanded Commission E Monographs, M.Blumenthal.

INDIAN SYSTEMS OF MEDICINE
(MPG 203T)

SCOPE

To make the students understand thoroughly the principles, preparations of medicines of various Indian systems of medicine like Ayurveda, Siddha, Homeopathy and Unani. Also focusing on clinical research of traditional medicines, quality assurance and challenges in monitoring the safety of herbal medicines.

OBJECTIVES

After completion of the course, student is able to

- To understand the basic principles of various Indian systems of medicine
- To know the clinical research of traditional medicines, Current Good Manufacturing Practice of Indian systems of medicine and their formulations.

THEORY 60 Hrs

1. Fundamental concepts of Ayurveda, Siddha, Unani and Homoeopathy systems of medicine — 12 Hrs

   Different dosage forms of the ISM.

   Ayurveda: Ayurvedic Pharmacopoeia, Analysis of formulations and bio crude drugs with references to: Identity, purity and quality.

   Siddha: Gunapadam (Siddha Pharmacology), raw drugs/Dhatu/Jeevam in Siddha system of medicine, Purification process (Suddhi).

2 Naturopathy, Yoga and Aromatherapy practices — 12 Hrs

   a) Naturopathy - Introduction, basic principles and treatment modalities.

   b) Yoga - Introduction and Streams of Yoga. Asanas, Pranayama, Meditations and Relaxation techniques.

   c) Aromatherapy – Introduction, aroma oils for common problems, carrier oils.

3 Formulation development of various systems of medicine — 12 Hrs

   Salient features of the techniques of preparation of some of the important class of Formulations as per Ayurveda, Siddha, Homeopathy and Unani Pharmacopoeia and texts. Standardization,

   Shelf life and Stability studies of ISM formulations.

4	Schedule T – Good Manufacturing Practice of Indian systems of medicine Components of GMP (Schedule – T) and its objectives, Infrastructural requirements, working space, storage area, machinery and equipments, standard operating procedures, health and hygiene, documentation and records. Quality assurance in ISM formulation industry - GAP, GMP and GLP. Preparation of documents for new drug application and export registration. Challenges in monitoring the safety of herbal medicines: Regulation, quality assurance and control, National/Regional Pharmacopoeias.	12 Hrs
5	TKDL, Geographical indication Bill, Government bills in AYUSH, ISM, CCRAS, CCRS, CCRH, CCRU	12 Hrs

REFERENCES (Latest Editions of)

1. Ayurvedic Pharmacopoeia, The Controller of Publications, Civil Lines, Govt. of India, New Delhi.
2. Hand Book on Ayurvedic Medicines, H. Panda, National Institute of Industrial Research, New Delhi.
3. Ayurvedic System of Medicine, Kaviraj Nagendranath Sengupata, Sri Satguru Publications, New Delhi.
4. Ayurvedic Pharmacopoeia. Formulary of Ayurvedic Medicines, IMCOPS, Chennai.
5. Homeopathic Pharmacopoeia. Formulary of Homeopathic Medicines, IMCOPS, Chennai.
6. Homeopathic Pharmacy : An introduction & Hand book, Steven B. Kayne, Churchill Livingstone, New York.
7. Indian Herbal Pharmacopoeia, IDMA, Mumbai.
8. British Herbal Pharmacopoeia, bRITISH Herbal Medicine Association, UK.
9. GMP for Botanicals - Regulatory and Quality issues on Phytomedicine, Pulok K Mukharjee, Business Horizons, New Delhi.
10. Indian System of Medicine and Homeopathy in India, Planning and Evaluation Cell, Govt. of India, New Delhi.
11. Essential of Food and Nutrition, Swaminathan, Bappco, Bangalore.
12. Clinical Dietitics and Nutrition, F.P. Antia, Oxford University Press, Delhi.
13. Yoga - The Science of Holistic Living by V.K.Yoga, Vivekananda Yoga Prakashna Publishing, Bangalore.

HERBAL COSMETICS
(MPG 204T)

SCOPE

This subject deals with the study of preparation and standardization of herbal/natural cosmetics. This subject gives emphasis to various national and international standards prescribed regarding herbal cosmeceuticals.

OBJECTIVES

After completion of the course, student shall be able to,

- understand the basic principles of various herbal/natural cosmetic preparations
- current Good Manufacturing Practices of herbal/natural cosmetics as per the regulatory authorities

THEORY 60 Hrs

1. Introduction: Herbal/natural cosmetics, Classification & Economic aspects. 12 Hrs

   Regulatory Provisions relation to manufacture of cosmetics: - License, GMP, offences & Penalties, Import & Export of Herbal/natural cosmetics, Industries involved in the production of Herbal/natural cosmetics.

2 Commonly used herbal cosmetics, raw materials, preservatives, surfactants, humectants, oils, colors, and some functional herbs, preformulation studies, compatibility studies, possible interactions between chemicals and herbs, design of herbal cosmetic formulation. 12 Hrs

3 Herbal Cosmetics : Physiology and chemistry of skin and pigmentation, hairs, scalp, lips and nail, Cleansing cream, Lotions, Face powders, Face packs, Lipsticks, Bath products, soaps and baby product, Preparation and standardisation of the following :
Tonic, Bleaches, Dentifrices and Mouth washes & Tooth Pastes, Cosmetics for Nails. 12 Hrs

4 Cosmeceuticals of herbal and natural origin: Hair growth formulations, Shampoos, Conditioners, Colorants & hair oils, Fairness formulations, vanishing & foundation creams, anti-sun burn preparations, moisturizing creams, deodorants. 12 Hrs

5	Analysis of Cosmetics, Toxicity screening and test methods: Quality control and toxicity studies as per Drug and Cosmetics Act.	12 Hrs

REFERENCES (Latest Editions of)

1. Panda H. Herbal Cosmetics (Hand book), Asia Pacific Business Press Inc, New Delhi.
2. Thomson EG. Modern Cosmetics, Universal Publishing Corporation, Mumbai.
3. P.P.Sharma. Cosmetics - Formulation, Manufacturing & Quality Control, Vandana Publications, New Delhi.
4. Supriya K B. Handbook of Aromatic Plants, Pointer Publishers, Jaipur.
5. Skaria P. Aromatic Plants (Horticulture Science Series), New India Publishing Agency, New Delhi.
6. Kathi Keville and Mindy Green. Aromatheraphy (A Complete Guide to the Healing Art), Sri Satguru Publications, New Delhi.
7. Chattopadhyay PK. Herbal Cosmetics & Ayurvedic Medicines (EOU), National Institute of Industrial Research, Delhi.
8. Balsam MS & Edward Sagarin. Cosmetics Science and Technology, Wiley Interscience, New York.

HERBAL COSMETICS PRACTICALS
(MPG 205P)

1. Isolation of nucleic acid from cauliflower heads
2. Isolation of RNA from yeast
3. Quantitative estimation of DNA
4. Immobilization technique
5. Establishment of callus culture
6. Establishment of suspension culture
7. Estimation of aldehyde contents of volatile oils
8. Estimation of total phenolic content in herbal raw materials
9. Estimation of total alkaloid content in herbal raw materials
10. Estimation of total flavonoid content in herbal raw materials
11. Preparation and standardization of various simple dosage forms from Ayurvedic, Siddha, Homoeopathy and Unani formulary
12. Preparation of certain Aromatherapy formulations
13. Preparation of herbal cosmetic formulation such as lip balm, lipstick, facial cream, herbal hair and nail care products
14. Evaluation of herbal tablets and capsules
15. Preparation of sunscreen, UV protection cream, skin care formulations.
16. Formulation & standardization of herbal cough syrup.

Semester III

MRM 301T - Research Methodology & Biostatistics

UNIT – I

General Research Methodology: Research, objective, requirements, practical difficulties, review of literature, study design, types of studies, strategies to eliminate errors/bias, controls, randomization, crossover design, placebo, blinding techniques.

UNIT – II

Biostatistics: Definition, application, sample size, importance of sample size, factors influencing sample size, dropouts, statistical tests of significance, type of significance tests, parametric tests(students "t" test, ANOVA, Correlation coefficient, regression), non-parametric tests (wilcoxan rank tests, analysis of variance, correlation, chi square test), null hypothesis, P values, degree of freedom, interpretation of P values.

UNIT – III

Medical Research: History, values in medical ethics, autonomy, beneficence, non-maleficence, double effect, conflicts between autonomy and beneficence/non-maleficence, euthanasia, informed consent, confidentiality, criticisms of orthodox medical ethics, importance of communication, control resolution, guidelines, ethics committees, cultural concerns, truth telling, online business practices, conflicts of interest, referral, vendor relationships, treatment of family members, sexual relationships, fatality.

UNIT – IV

CPCSEA guidelines for laboratory animal facility: Goals, veterinary care, quarantine, surveillance, diagnosis, treatment and control of disease, personal hygiene, location of animal facilities to laboratories, anesthesia, euthanasia, physical facilities, environment, animal husbandry, record keeping, SOPs, personnel and training, transport of lab animals.

UNIT – V

Declaration of Helsinki: History, introduction, basic principles for all medical research, and additional principles for medical research combined with medical care.

SAVITRIBAI PHULE PUNE UNIVERSITY

FACULTY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

RULES & SYLLABUS

FIRST YEAR BACHELOR OF PHARMACY (B. Pharm.) COURSE – 2019 pattern (EFFECTIVE FROM ACADEMIC YEAR 2019-2020)

CHAPTER- I: REGULATIONS

1. **Short Title and Commencement** These regulations shall be called as "The Revised Regulations for the B. Pharm. Degree Program (CBCS) of the Pharmacy Council of India, New Delhi". They shall come into effect from the Academic Year 2016-17. The regulations framed are subject to modifications from time to time by Pharmacy Council of India.

2. **Minimum qualification for admission**

2.1 **First year B. Pharm**: Candidate shall have passed 10+2 examination conducted by the respective state/central government authorities recognized as equivalent to 10+2 examination by the Association of Indian Universities (AIU) with English as one of the subjects and Physics, Chemistry, Mathematics (P.C.M) and or Biology (P.C.B / P.C.M.B.) as optional subjects individually. Any other qualification approved by the Pharmacy Council of India as equivalent to any of the above examinations.

2.2. **B. Pharm lateral entry (to third semester**): A pass in D. Pharm. course from an institution approved by the Pharmacy Council of India under section 12 of the Pharmacy Act.

3. **Duration of the program** The course of study for B.Pharm shall extend over a period of eight semesters (four academic years) and six semesters (three academic years) for lateral entry students. The curricula and syllabi for the program shall be prescribed from time to time by Pharmacy Council of India, New Delhi.

4. **Medium of instruction and examinations** Medium of instruction and examination shall be in English.

5. **Working days in each semester** Each semester shall consist of not less than 90 working days. The odd semesters shall be conducted from the month of June/July to November/December and the even semesters shall be conducted from December/January to May/June in every calendar year.

6. Attendance and progress A candidate is required to put in at least 80% attendance in individual courses considering theory and practical separately. The candidate shall complete the prescribed course satisfactorily to be eligible to appear for the respective examinations.

7. Program/Course credit structure As per the philosophy of Credit Based Semester System, certain quantum of academic work viz. theory classes, tutorial hours, practical classes, etc. are measured in terms of credits. On satisfactory completion of the courses, a candidate earns credits.

The amount of credit associated with a course is dependent upon the number of hours of instruction per week in that course. Similarly, the credit associated with any of the other academic, co/extra-curricular activities is dependent upon the quantum of work expected to be put in for each of these activities per week.

7.1. Credit assignment

7.1.1. Theory and Laboratory courses Courses are broadly classified as Theory and Practical. Theory courses consist of lecture (L) and /or tutorial (T) hours, and Practical (P) courses consist of hours spent in the laboratory. Credits (C) for a course is dependent on the number of hours of instruction per week in that course, and is obtained by using a multiplier of one (1) for lecture and tutorial hours, and a multiplier of half (1/2) for practical (laboratory) hours. Thus, for example, a theory course having three lectures and one tutorial per week throughout the semester carries a credit of 4. Similarly, a practical having four laboratory hours per week throughout semester carries a credit of 2.

7.2. Minimum credit requirements The minimum credit points required for award of a B. Pharm. degree is 208. These credits are divided into Theory courses, Tutorials, Practical, Practice School and Project over the duration of eight semesters. The credits are distributed semester-wise as shown in Table IX. Courses generally progress in sequences, building competencies and their positioning indicates certain academic maturity on the part of the learners. Learners are expected to follow the semester-wise schedule of courses given in the syllabus. The lateral entry students shall get 52 credit points transferred from their D. Pharm program. Such students shall take up additional remedial courses of 'Communication Skills' (Theory and Practical) and 'Computer Applications in Pharmacy' (Theory and Practical) equivalent to 3 and 4 credit points respectively, a total of 7 credit points to attain 59 credit points, the maximum of I and II semesters.

8. Academic work A regular record of attendance both in Theory and Practical shall be maintained by the teaching staff of respective courses.

9. Course of study The course of study for B. Pharm shall include Semester Wise Theory & Practical as given in Table – I to VIII. The number of hours to be devoted to each theory, tutorial and practical course in any semester shall not be less than that shown in Table – I to VIII.

Table-I: Course of study for semester I

Course code	Name of the course	No. of Hours per week/Total no of hours	Tutorial	Credit points
BP101T	Human Anatomy and Physiology I– Theory	3/45	1	4
BP102T	Pharmaceutical Analysis I – Theory	3/45	1	4
BP103T	Pharmaceutics I – Theory	3/45	1	4
BP104T	Pharmaceutical Inorganic Chemistry – Theory	3/45	1	4
BP105T	Communication skills – Theory *	2/30	-	2
BP106RBT BP106RMT	Remedial Biology/ Remedial Mathematics – Theory*	2/30	-	D
BP107P	Human Anatomy and Physiology – Practical	4/60	-	2
BP108P	Pharmaceutical Analysis I – Practical	4/60	-	2
BP109P	Pharmaceutics I – Practical	4/60	-	2
BP110P	Pharmaceutical Inorganic Chemistry – Practical	4/60	-	2
BP111P	Communication skills – Practical*	2/30	-	1
BP112RBP	Remedial Biology – Practical*	2/30	-	D
	Total	**32/34$^{\$}$/36$^{\#}$/480/510$^{\$}$/540$^{\#}$**	**4**	**27**

#Applicable ONLY for the students who have studied Mathematics / Physics / Chemistry at HSC and appearing for Remedial Biology (RB) course. However for Remedial biology and Mathematics no credits to be allotted only 50 % passing i.e D grade will be prerequisite.

$Applicable ONLY for the students who have studied Physics / Chemistry / Botany / Zoology at HSC and appearing for Remedial Mathematics (RM) course.

* Non University Examination (NUE)

Table-II: Course of study for semester II

Course Code	Name of the course	No. of Hours per week/Total no of hours	Tutorial	Credit points
BP201T	Human Anatomy and Physiology II – Theory	3/45	1	4
BP202T	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry I – Theory	3/45	1	4
BP203T	Biochemistry – Theory	3/45	1	4
BP204T	Pathophysiology – Theory	3/45	1	4
BP205T	Computer Applications in Pharmacy – Theory *	3/45	-	3
BP206T	Environmental sciences – Theory *	3/45	-	3
BP207P	Human Anatomy and Physiology II – Practical	4/60	-	2
BP208P	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry I– Practical	4/60	-	2
BP209P	Biochemistry – Practical	4/60	-	2
BP210P	Computer Applications in Pharmacy – Practical*	4/60	-	1
	Total	**32/480**	**4**	**29**

*Non University Examination (NUE)

Table-III: Course of study for semester III

Course code	Name of the course	No. of Hours per week/Total no of hours	Tutorial	Credit points
BP301T	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry II – Theory	3/45	1	4
BP302T	Physical Pharmaceutics I – Theory	3/45	1	4
BP303T	Pharmaceutical Microbiology – Theory	3/45	1	4
BP304T	Pharmaceutical Engineering – Theory	3/45	1	4
BP305P	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry II – Practical	4/60	-	2
BP306P	Physical Pharmaceutics I – Practical	4/60	-	2
BP307P	Pharmaceutical Microbiology – Practical	4/60	-	2
BP 308P	Pharmaceutical Engineering –Practical	4/60	-	2
	Total	**28/420**	**4**	**24**

Table-IV: Course of study for semester IV

Course code	Name of the course	No. of Hours per week/Total no of hours	Tutorial	Credit points
BP401T	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry III– Theory	3/45	1	4
BP402T	Medicinal Chemistry I – Theory	3/45	1	4
BP403T	Physical Pharmaceutics II – Theory	3/45	1	4
BP404T	Pharmacology I – Theory	3/45	1	4
BP405T	Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry I– Theory	3/45	1	4
BP406P	Medicinal Chemistry I – Practical	4/60	-	2
BP407P	Physical Pharmaceutics II – Practical	4/60		2
BP408P	Pharmacology I – Practical	4/60	-	2
BP409P	Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry I – Practical	4/60	-	2
	Total	**31/465**	**5**	**28**

Table-V: Course of study for semester V

Course code	Name of the course	No. of Hours per week/Total no of hours	Tutorial	Credit points
BP501T	Medicinal Chemistry II – Theory	3/45	1	4
BP502T	Formulative Pharmacy– Theory	3/45	1	4
BP503T	Pharmacology II – Theory	3/45	1	4
BP504T	Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry II– Theory	3/45	1	4
BP505T	Pharmaceutical Jurisprudence – Theory	3/45	1	4
BP506P	Formulative Pharmacy – Practical	4/60	-	2
BP507P	Pharmacology II – Practical	4/60	-	2
BP508P	Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry II – Practical	4/60	-	2
	Total	**27/405**	**5**	**26**

Table-VI: Course of study for semester VI

Course code	Name of the course	No. of Hours per week/Total no of hours	Tutorial	Credit points
BP601T	Medicinal Chemistry III – Theory	3/45	1	4
BP602T	Pharmacology III – Theory	3/45	1	4
BP603T	Herbal Drug Technology – Theory	3/45	1	4
BP604T	Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics – Theory	3/45	1	4
BP605T	Pharmaceutical Biotechnology – Theory	3/45	1	4
BP606T	Quality Assurance –Theory	3/45	1	4
BP607P	Medicinal chemistry III – Practical	4/60	-	2
BP608P	Pharmacology III – Practical	4/60	-	2
BP609P	Herbal Drug Technology – Practical	4/60	-	2
	Total	**30/450**	**6**	**30**

Table-VII: Course of study for semester VII

Course code	Name of the course	No. of Hours per week/Total no of hours	Tutorial	Credit points
BP701T	Instrumental Methods of Analysis – Theory	3/45	1	4
BP702T	Industrial Pharmacy – Theory	3/45	1	4
BP703T	Pharmacy Practice – Theory	3/45	1	4
BP704T	Novel Drug Delivery System – Theory	3/45	1	4
BP705P	Instrumental Methods of Analysis – Practical	4/60	-	2
BP706PS	Practice School*	12/180	-	6
Total		**28/420**	**5**	**24**

***** Non University Examination (NUE)

Table-VIII: Course of study for semester VIII

Course code	Name of the course	No. of Hours per week/Total no of hours	Tutorial	Credit points
BP801T	Biostatistics and Research Methodology	3/45	1	4
BP802T	Social and Preventive Pharmacy	3/45	1	4
BP803ET	Pharmaceutical Marketing	3 + 3 = 6/90	1 + 1 = 2	4 + 4 = 8
BP804ET	Pharmaceutical Regulatory Science			
BP805ET	Pharmacovigilance			
BP806ET	Quality Control and Standardizations of Herbals			
BP807ET	Computer Aided Drug Design			
BP808ET	Cell and Molecular Biology			
BP809ET	Cosmetic Science			
BP810ET	Experimental Pharmacology			
BP811ET	Advanced Instrumentation Techniques			
BP812PW	Project Work	12/180	-	6
	Total	**24/360**	**4**	**22**

Table-IX: Semester wise credits distribution

Semester	Credit Points
I	**27**
II	29
III	26
IV	28
V	26
VI	26
VII	24
VIII	22
Extracurricular/ Co curricular activities	01*
Total credit points for the program	**209**

* The credit points assigned for extracurricular and or co-curricular activities shall be given by the Principals of the colleges and the same shall be submitted to the University. The criteria to acquire this credit point shall be defined by the colleges from time to time.

$Applicable ONLY for the students studied Physics / Chemistry / Botany / Zoology at HSC and appearing for Remedial Mathematics course**.**

#Applicable ONLY for the students studied Mathematics / Physics / Chemistry at HSC and appearing for Remedial Biology course**.**

1. Program Committee

1. The B. Pharm. program shall have a Program Committee constituted by the Head of the institution in consultation with all the Heads of the departments.

2. The composition of the Program Committee shall be as follows:

   A senior teacher shall be the Chairperson; One Teacher from each department handling B.Pharm courses; and four student representatives of the program (one from each academic year), nominated by the Head of the institution.

3. Duties of the Program Committee:

   i. Periodically reviewing the progress of the classes.
   ii. Discussing the problems concerning curriculum, syllabus and the conduct of classes.
   iii. Discussing with the course teachers on the nature and scope of assessment for the course and the same shall be announced to the students at the beginning of respective semesters.
   iv. Communicating its recommendation to the Head of the institution on academic matters.
   v. The Program Committee shall meet at least thrice in a semester preferably at the end of each Sessionalexam (Internal Assessment) and before the end semester exam.

2. Examinations/Assessments

The scheme for internal assessment and end semester examinations is given in Table – X.

2.1. End semester examinations

The End Semester Examinations for each theory and practical coursethrough semesters I to VIII shall beconducted by the university except for the subjects with asterix symbol (*) in table I and II for which examinations shall be conducted by the subject experts at college level and the marks/grades shall be submitted to the university.

Tables-X: Schemes for internal assessments and end semester examinations semester wise

Semester I

Course code	Name of the course	Internal Assessment				End Semester Exams		Total Marks
		Continuous Mode	Sessional Exams		Total	Marks	Duration	
			Marks	Duration				
BP101T	Human Anatomy and Physiology I– Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP102T	Pharmaceutical Analysis I – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP103T	Pharmaceutics I – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP104T	Pharmaceutical Inorganic Chemistry – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP105T	Communication skills – Theory *	5	10	1 Hr	15	35	1.5 Hrs	50
BP106RBT BP106RMT	Remedial Biology/ Mathematics – Theory*	5	10	1 Hr	15	35	1.5 Hrs	50
BP107P	Human Anatomy and Physiology – Practical	5	10	4 Hrs	15	35	4 Hrs	50
BP108P	Pharmaceutical Analysis I – Practical	5	10	4 Hrs	15	35	4 Hrs	50
BP109P	Pharmaceutics I – Practical	5	10	4 Hrs	15	35	4 Hrs	50
BP110P	Pharmaceutical Inorganic Chemistry – Practical	5	10	4 Hrs	15	35	4 Hrs	50
BP111P	Communication skills – Practical*	5	5	2 Hrs	10	15	2 Hrs	25
BP112RBP	Remedial Biology – Practical*	5	5	2 Hrs	10	15	2 Hrs	25
Total		**70/75$/80#**	**115/125$/130#**	**23/24$/26# Hrs**	**185/200$/210#**	**490/525$/ 540#**	**31.5/33$/ 35# Hrs**	**675/725$/ 750#**

#Applicable ONLY for the students studied Mathematics / Physics / Chemistry at HSC and appearing for Remedial Biology (RB)course.

$Applicable ONLY for the students studied Physics / Chemistry / Botany / Zoology at HSC and appearing for Remedial Mathematics (RM)course.

* Non University Examination (NUE)

Semester II

Course code	Name of the course	Internal Assessment				End Semester Exams		Total Marks
		Continuous Mode	Sessional Exams		Total	Marks	Duration	
			Marks	Duration				
BP201T	Human Anatomy and Physiology II – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP202T	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry I – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP203T	Biochemistry – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP204T	Pathophysiology – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP205T	Computer Applications in Pharmacy – Theory*	10	15	1 Hr	25	50	2 Hrs	75
BP206T	Environmental sciences – Theory*	10	15	1 Hr	25	50	2 Hrs	75
BP207P	Human Anatomy and Physiology II –Practical	5	10	4 Hrs	15	35	4 Hrs	50
BP208P	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry I– Practical	5	10	4 Hrs	15	35	4 Hrs	50
BP209P	Biochemistry – Practical	5	10	4 Hrs	15	35	4 Hrs	50
BP210P	Computer Applications in Pharmacy – Practical*	5	5	2 Hrs	10	15	2 Hrs	25
Total		**80**	**125**	**20 Hrs**	**205**	**520**	**30 Hrs**	**725**

***** The subject experts at college level shall conduct examinations

Semester III

Course code	Name of the course	Internal Assessment				End Semester Exams		Total Marks
		Continuous Mode	Sessional Exams		Total	Marks	Duration	
			Marks	Duration				
BP301T	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry II – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP302T	PhysicalPharmaceuticsI –Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP303T	Pharmaceutical Microbiology – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP304T	Pharmaceutical Engineering – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP305P	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry II – Practical	5	10	4 Hr	15	35	4 Hrs	50
BP306P	Physical Pharmaceutics I – Practical	5	10	4 Hr	15	35	4 Hrs	50
BP307P	Pharmaceutical Microbiology – Practical	5	10	4 Hr	15	35	4 Hrs	50
BP308P	Pharmaceutical Engineering – Practical	5	10	4 Hr	15	35	4 Hrs	50
Total		**60**	**100**	**20**	**160**	**440**	**28Hrs**	**600**

Semester IV

Course code	Name of the course	Internal Assessment				End Semester Exams		Total Marks
		Continuous Mode	Sessional Exams		Total	Marks	Duration	
			Marks	Duration				
BP401T	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry III– Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP402T	Medicinal Chemistry I – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP403T	Physical Pharmaceutics II – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP404T	Pharmacology I – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP405T	Pharmacognosy I – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP406P	Medicinal Chemistry I – Practical	5	10	4 Hr	15	35	4 Hrs	50
BP407P	Physical Pharmaceutics II – Practical	5	10	4 Hrs	15	35	4 Hrs	50
BP408P	Pharmacology I – Practical	5	10	4 Hrs	15	35	4 Hrs	50
BP409P	Pharmacognosy I – Practical	5	10	4 Hrs	15	35	4 Hrs	50
Total		**70**	**115**	**21 Hrs**	**185**	**515**	**31 Hrs**	**700**

Semester V

Course code	Name of the course	Internal Assessment				End Semester Exams		Total Marks
		Continuous Mode	Sessional Exams		Total	Marks	Duration	
			Marks	Duration				
BP501T	Medicinal Chemistry II – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP502T	Formulative Pharmacy– Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP503T	Pharmacology II – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP504T	Pharmacognosy II – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP505T	Pharmaceutical Jurisprudence – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP506P	Formulative Pharmacy – Practical	5	10	4 Hr	15	35	4 Hrs	50
BP507P	Pharmacology II – Practical	5	10	4 Hr	15	35	4 Hrs	50
BP508P	Pharmacognosy II – Practical	5	10	4 Hr	15	35	4 Hrs	50
Total		**65**	**105**	**17 Hr**	**170**	**480**	**27 Hrs**	**650**

Semester VI

Course code	Name of the course	Internal Assessment				End Semester Exams		Total Marks
		Continuous Mode	Sessional Exams		Total	Marks	Duration	
			Marks	Duration				
BP601T	Medicinal Chemistry III – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP602T	Pharmacology III – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP603T	Herbal Drug Technology – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP604T	Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP605T	Pharmaceutical Biotechnology– Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP606T	Quality Assurance– Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP607P	Medicinal chemistry III – Practical	5	10	4 Hrs	15	35	4 Hrs	50
BP608P	Pharmacology III – Practical	5	10	4 Hrs	15	35	4 Hrs	50
BP609P	Herbal Drug Technology – Practical	5	10	4 Hrs	15	35	4 Hrs	50
Total		**75**	**120**	**18 Hrs**	**195**	**555**	**30 Hrs**	**750**

Semester VII

Course code	Name of the course	Internal Assessment				End Semester Exams		Total Marks
		Continuous Mode	Sessional Exams		Total	Marks	Duration	
			Marks	Duration				
BP701T	Instrumental Methods of Analysis – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP702T	Industrial Pharmacy – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP703T	Pharmacy Practice – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP704T	Novel Drug Delivery System – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP705 P	Instrumental Methods of Analysis – Practical	5	10	4 Hrs	15	35	4 Hrs	50
BP706 PS	Practice School*	25	-	-	25	125	5 Hrs	150
Total		**70**	**70**	**8Hrs**	**140**	**460**	**21 Hrs**	**600**

***** The subject experts at college level shall conduct examinations

Semester VIII

Course code	Name of the course	Internal Assessment				End Semester Exams		Total Marks
		Continuous Mode	Sessional Exams		Total	Marks	Duration	
			Marks	Duration				
BP801T	Biostatistics and Research Methodology – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP802T	Social and Preventive Pharmacy – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP803ET	Pharmaceutical Marketing – Theory	10 + 10 = 20	15 + 15 = 30	1 + 1 = 2 Hrs	25 + 25 = 50	75 + 75 = 150	3 + 3 = 6 Hrs	100 + 100 = 200
BP804ET	Pharmaceutical Regulatory Science – Theory							
BP805ET	Pharmacovigilance – Theory							
BP806ET	Quality Control and Standardizations of Herbals – Theory							
BP807ET	Computer Aided Drug Design – Theory							
BP808ET	Cell and Molecular Biology – Theory							
BP809ET	Cosmetic Science – Theory							
BP810ET	Experimental Pharmacology – Theory							
BP811ET	Advanced Instrumentation Techniques – Theory							
BP812PW	Project Work	-	-	-	-	150	4 Hrs	150
	Total	**40**	**60**	**4 Hrs**	**100**	**450**	**16 Hrs**	**550**

11.2 Internal assessment: Continuous mode

The marks allocated for Continuous mode of Internal Assessment shall be awarded as per the scheme given below.

Table-XI: Scheme for awarding internal assessment: Continuous mode

Theory		
Criteria	**Maximum Marks**	
Attendance (Refer Table – XII)	4	2
Academic activities (Average of any 2 activities e.g. quiz, assignment, open book test, field work, group discussion and seminar)	4	03
Student – Teacher interaction	2	
Total	**10**	**5**
Practical		
Attendance (Refer Table – XII)	2	
Based on Practical Records, Regular viva voce, etc.	3	
Total	**5**	

Table- XII: Guidelines for the allotment of marks for attendance

Percentage of Attendance	Theory	Practical
95 – 100	4	2
90 – 94	3	1.5
85 – 89	2	1
80 – 84	1	0.5
Less than 80	0	0

11.2.1. Sessional Exams

Two Sessional exams shall be conducted for each theory / practical course as per the schedule fixed by the college(s). The scheme of question paper for theory and practical Sessional examinations is given below. The average marks of two Sessional exams shall be computed for internal assessment as per the requirements given in tables – X.

Sessional exam shall be conducted for 30 marks for theory and shall be computed for 15 marks. Similarly Sessional exam for practical shall be conducted for 40 marks and shall be computed for 10 marks. The duration for the conduct of the exam is as below

Exam Type	Marks allotted	Duration
Theory	30	1.5 Hr
Practical	40	04 Hr

Question paper pattern for theory Sessional

For subjects having University exams

I. Objective Type Questions (Answer 05 out of 7)	=5 x 2 = 10
II. Long Answers (Answer 1 out of 2)	=1 x 10 = 10
III. Short Answers (Answer 2 out of 3)	=2 x 5 = 10
Total	**30 marks**

For subjects having Non University Examination

I. Long Answers (Answer 1 out of 2)	=1 x 10 = 10
II.Short Answers (Answer 4 out of 6)	=4 x 5 = 20
Total	**30 marks**

Question paper pattern for practical sessional examinations

I. Synopsis	= 10
II. Experiments	= 25
III. Viva voce	= 05
Total	**40 marks**

12 . Promotion and award of grades

A student shall be declared PASS and eligible for getting grade in a course of B.Pharm.program if he/she secures at least 50% marks in that particular course including internal assessment. For example, to be declared as PASS and to get grade, the student has to secure a minimum of 50 marks for the total of 100 including continuous mode of assessment and end semester theory examination and has to secure a minimum of 25 marks for the total 50 including internal assessment and end semester practical examination.

13. Carry forward of marks

In case a student fails to secure the minimum 50% in any Theory or Practical course as specified in 12,then he/she shall reappear for the end semester examination of that course. However his/her marks of the Internal Assessment shall be carried over and he/she shall be entitled for grade obtained by him/her on passing.

14. Improvement of internal assessment

A student shall have the opportunity to improve his/her performance in the Sessional exam component of the internal assessment. The re-conduct of the Sessional exam shall be completed before the commencement of next end semester theory examinations.

15. Re-examination of end semester examinations

Reexamination ofend semester examinationshall be conducted as per the schedule given in table XIII. The exact dates of examinations shall be notified from time to time.

Table-XIII: Tentative schedule of end semester examinations

Semester	For Regular Candidates	For Failed Candidates
I, III, V and VII	November / December	May / June
II, IV, VI and VIII	May / June	November / December

Question paper pattern for end semester theory examinations

For 75 marks paper

I. Objective Type Questions (Answer 5 out of 7)	=5x 3= 15
II. Long Answers (Answer 2 out of 4)	= 2 x 10 = 20
III. Short Answers (Answer 8 out of 10)	= 8 x 5 = 40
Total	**= 75marks**

For 50 marks paper

I. Long Answers (Answer 2 out of 3)	= 2 x 10 = 20
II. Short Answers (Answer 6 out of 8)	= 6 x 5 = 30
Total	**= 50 marks**

For 35 marks paper

I. Long Answers (Answer 1out of 2)	= 1 x 10 = 10
II. Short Answers (Answer 5 out of 7)	= 5 x 5 = 25
Total	**= 35 marks**

Question paper pattern for end semester practical examinations

I. Synopsis	= 05
II. Experiments	= 25
III. Viva voce	= 05
Total	**= 35marks**

16. Academic Progression:

No student shall be admitted to any examination unless he/she fulfills the norms given in 6. Academic progression rules are applicable as follows:

A student shall be eligible to carry forward all the courses of I, II and III semesters till the IV semester examinations. However, he/she shall not be eligible to attend the courses of V semester until all the courses of I and II semesters are successfully completed.

A student shall be eligible to carry forward all the courses of III, IV and V semesters till the VI semester examinations. However, he/she shall not be eligible to attend the courses of VII semester until all the courses of I, II, III and IV semesters are successfully completed.

A student shall be eligible to carry forward all the courses of V, VI and VII semesters till the VIII semester examinations. However, he/she shall not be eligible to get the course completion certificate until all the courses of I, II, III, IV, V and VI semesters are successfully completed.

A student shall be eligible to get his/her CGPA upon successful completion of the courses of I to VIII semesters within the stipulated time period as per the norms specified in 26.

A lateral entry student shall be eligible to carry forward all the courses of III, IV and V semesters till the VI semester examinations. However, he/she shall not be eligible to attend the courses of VII semester until all the courses of III and IV semesters are successfully completed.

A lateral entry student shall be eligible to carry forward all the courses of V, VI and VII semesters till the VIII semester examinations. However, he/she shall not be eligible to get the course completion certificate until all the courses of III, IV, V and VI semesters are successfully completed.

A lateral entry student shall be eligible to get his/her CGPA upon successful completion of the courses of III to VIII semesters within the stipulated time period as per the norms

specified in 26.

Any student who has given more than 4 chances for successful completion of I / III semester courses and more than 3 chances for successful completion of II / IV semester courses shall be permitted to attend V / VII semester classes ONLY during the subsequent academic year as the case may be. In simpler terms there shall NOT be any ODD BATCH for any semester.

Note: Grade AB should be considered as failed and treated as one head for deciding academic progression. Such rules are also applicable for those students who fail to register for examination(s) of any course in any semester.

Rules for Carry Forward:

The curriculum (including regulations, structure and syllabi) is in force from academic year 2018-19 and onwards for First Year B. Pharm, for academic year 2019- 20 onwards for Second Year B. Pharm., for academic year 2020-21 and onwards for Third Year B. Pharm., and for academic year 2021-22 and onwards for Final Year B. Pharm.

The learners who were admitted to First Year B. Pharm. of 2015 pattern during the academic year 2017-18 or before & failed in the First Year B.Pharm. of 2015 pattern examination will have to take admission to Semester-III of Second Year B. Pharm. of

2018 pattern in academic year 2019-20 or onwards, provided that

a. Their result of F. Y. B. Pharm of 2015 pattern is either pass or fails with A. T. K. T. The said students will have to take up additional remedial courses as follows.

b) The learners who were admitted to S.Y B. Pharm. of 2015 pattern during the academic year 2018-19 or before and fail in the S.Y B.Pharm. of 2015 pattern examination will have to take admission to Semester-V of Third Year B. Pharm. of 2018 pattern in academic year 2020-21 or onwards, provided that Their result of S. Y. B. Pharm of 2015 pattern is either pass or fails with A. T. K. T. The said students will have to take up additional remedial course as follows.

Sr. No	**Remedial courses for admission to S.Y.B.Pharm in Academic Year 2019-20 (Cleared F.Y. B. Pharm as per 2015 Pattern)**		
	(Non University Examination)	**Semester**	**Passing Criteria**
1.	Biochemistry – Theory/Practicals	Semester III	Minimum 50% marks with D grade
2.	Pathophysiology- Theory		Minimum 50% marks with D grade
3.	Computer Applications in	Semester IV	Minimum 50% marks with D

	Pharmacy – Theory/Practicals		grade
4.	Environmental sciences – Theory		Minimum 50% marks with D grade

Sr. No	Remedial courses for admission to T.Y. B.Pharm in Academic Year 2020-21 (Cleared S. Y.B. Pharm as per 2015 Pattern)		
	(Non University Examination with 50% passing.)	**Semester**	**Passing Criteria**
1.	Medicinal Chemistry I – Theory/ Practical	Semester V	Minimum 50% marks with D grade

17. Grading of performances

17.1. Letter grades and grade points allocations:

Based on the performances, each student shall be awarded a final letter grade at the end of the semester for each course. The letter grades and their corresponding grade points are given in Table – XII.

Table – XII: Letter grades and grade points equivalent to Percentage of marks and performances

Percentage of Marks Obtained	Letter Grade	Grade Point	Performance
90.00 – 100	O	10	Outstanding
80.00 – 89.99	A	9	Excellent
70.00 – 79.99	B	8	Good
60.00 – 69.99	C	7	Fair
50.00 – 59.99	D	6	Average
Less than 50	F	0	Fail
Absent	AB	0	Fail

A learner who remains absent for any end semester examination shall be assigned a letter grade of ABand a corresponding grade point of zero. He/she should reappear for the said evaluation/examination in due course.

18. The Semester grade point average (SGPA)

The performance of a student in a semester is indicated by a number called ‘Semester

Grade Point Average' (SGPA). The SGPA is the weighted average of the grade points obtained in all the courses by the student during the semester. For example, if a student takes five courses(Theory/Practical) in a semester with credits C1, C2, C3, C4 and C5 and the student's grade points in these courses are G1, G2, G3, G4 and G5, respectively, and then students' SGPA is equal to:

$$SGPA = \frac{C_1G_1 + C_2G_2 + C_3G_3 + C_4G_4 + C_5G_5}{C1 + C2 + C3 + C4 + C5}$$

The SGPA is calculated to two decimal points.It should be noted that, the SGPA for any semester shall take into consideration the F and ABS grade awarded in that semester. For example if a learner has a F or ABS grade in course 4, the SGPA shall then be computed as:

$$SGPA = \frac{C1G1 + C2G2 + C3G3 + C4 * ZERO + C5G5}{C1 + C2 + C3 + C4 + C5}$$

19. Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA)

The CGPA is calculated with the SGPA of all the VIII semesters to two decimal points and is indicated in final grade report card/final transcript showing the grades of all VIII semesters and their courses. The CGPA shall reflect the failed statusin case of F grade(s),till the course(s) is/are passed. When the course(s)is/are passedby obtaining a pass grade on subsequent examination(s) theCGPA shall only reflect the new grade and not the fail grades earned earlier.The CGPA is calculated as:

$$CGPA = \frac{C1S1 + C2S2 + C3S3 + C4S4 + C5S5 + C6S6 + C7S7 + C8S8}{C1 + C2 + C3 + C4 + C5 + C6 + C7 + C8}$$

where $C_1, C_2, C_3, \ldots$ is the total number of credits for semester I,II,III,…. and $S_1, S_2, S_3, \ldots$ is the SGPA of semester I,II,III,…. .

20. Declaration of class

The class shall be awarded on the basis of CGPA as follows

First Class with Distinction	= CGPA of. 7.50 and above
First Class	= CGPA of. 6.00 to 7.49
Second Class	= CGPA of. 5.00 to 5.99

21. Project work

All the students shall undertake a project under the supervision of a teacher and submit a report. The area of the project shall directly relate any one of the elective subject opted by the student in semester VIII. The project shall be carried out in group not exceeding 5 in number. The project report shall be submitted in triplicate (typed & bound copy not less than 25 pages).

The internal and external examiner appointed by the University shall evaluate the project at the time of the Practical examinations of other semester(s). Students shall be evaluated in groups for four hours (i.e., about half an hour for a group of five students). The projects shall be evaluated as per the criteria given below

Evaluation of Dissertation Book:

Objective(s) of the work done	15 Marks
Methodology adopted	20 Marks
Results and Discussions	20 Marks
Conclusions and Outcomes	20 Marks
Total	**75 Marks**

Evaluation of Presentation:

Presentation of work	25 Marks
Communication skills	20 Marks
Question and answer skills	30 Marks
Total	**75 Marks**

Explanation: The 75 marks assigned to the dissertation book shall be same for all the students in a group. However, the 75 marks assigned for presentation shall be awarded based on the performance of individual students in the given criteria.

22. Industrial training (Desirable)

Every candidate shall be required to work for at least 150 hours spread over four weeks in a Pharmaceutical Industry/Hospital. It includes Production unit, Quality Control department, Quality Assurance department, Analytical laboratory, Chemical manufacturing unit, Pharmaceutical R&D, Hospital (Clinical Pharmacy), Clinical Research Organization, Community Pharmacy, etc. After the Semester – VI and before the commencement of Semester – VII, and shall submit satisfactory report of such work and certificate duly signed by the authority of training organization to the head of the institute.

AND/OR

Every candidate shall be required to undergo any one of the Skill development modules mentioned below**(Duration – Min. 04 weeks)**

a) Hands on Training (Central instrumentation lab/Machine room etc)

b) UGC/AICTE recognized online courses (SWAYAM/NPTEL etc)

After the successful completion of the module the candidate shall submit satisfactory report and certificate duly signed by the authority of training organization/Head of the institute

23. Practice School

In the VII semester, every candidate shall undergo practice school for a period of 150 hours evenly distributed throughout the semester. The student shall opt any one of the domains for practice school declared by the program committee from time to time.

At the end of the practice school, every student shall submit a printed report (in triplicate) on the practice school he/she attended (not more than 25 pages). Along with the exams of semester VII, the report submitted by the student, knowledge and skills acquired by the student through practice school shall be evaluated by the subject experts at college level and grade point shall be awarded.

24. Award of Ranks

Ranks and Medals shall be awarded on the basis of final CGPA. However, candidates who fail in one or more courses during the B.Pharm program shall not be eligible for award of ranks. Moreover, the candidates should have completed the B. Pharm program in minimum prescribed number of years, (four years) for the award of Ranks.

25. Award of degree

Candidates who fulfill the requirements mentioned above shall be eligible for award of degree during the ensuing convocation.

26. Duration for completion of the program of study

The duration for the completion of the program shall be fixed as double the actual duration of the program and the students have to pass within the said period, otherwise they have to get fresh Registration.

27. Re-admission after break of study

Candidate who seeks re-admission to the program after break of study has to get the approval from the university by paying a condonation fee.

No condonation is allowed for the candidate who has more than 2 years of break up period and he/she has to rejoin the program by paying the required fees.

Chapter-II: Syllabus

Semester-I

BP101T. HUMAN ANATOMY AND PHYSIOLOGY-I (Theory) 45 Hours

Scope: This subject is designed to impart fundamental knowledge on the structure and functions of the various systems of the human body. It also helps in understanding both homeostatic mechanisms. The subject provides the basic knowledge required to understand the various disciplines of pharmacy.

Objectives: Upon completion of this course the student should be able to

1. Explain the gross morphology, structure and functions of various organs of the human body.
2. Describe the various homeostatic mechanisms and their imbalances.
3. Identify the various tissues and organs of different systems of human body.
4. Perform the various experiments related to special senses and nervous system.
5. Appreciate coordinated working pattern of different organs of each system

Course Content:

Unit-I **10 hours**

a) Introduction to human body 3 hours

Definition and scope of anatomy and physiology, levels of structural organization and body systems, basic life processes, homeostasis, basic anatomical terminology.

b) Cellular level of organization 3 hours

Structure and functions of cell, transport across cell membrane, cell division, cell junctions. General principles of cell communication, intracellular signalling pathway activation by extracellular signal

molecule, Forms of intracellular signalling: a) Contact-dependent b) Paracrine c) Synaptic d) Endocrine

c) Tissue level of organization 4 hours

Classification of tissues, structure, location and functions of epithelial,

muscular and nervous and connective tissues.

Unit -II **10 hours**

a) Integumentary system 4 hours

Structure and functions of skin

b) Skeletal system 4 hours

Divisions of skeletal system, types of bone, salient features and functions of bones of axial and appendicular skeletal system Organization of skeletal muscle, physiology of muscle contraction, neuromuscular junction.

c) Joints 2 hours

Structural and functional classification, types of joints movements and its articulation

Unit-III **10 hours**

a) Body fluids and blood 7 hours

Body fluids, composition and functions of blood, blood cells, hemopoeisis, formation of hemoglobin, anaemia, mechanisms of coagulation, blood grouping, Rh factors, transfusion, its significance and disorders of blood, Reticulo endothelial system.

b) Lymphatic system 3hours

Lymphatic organs and tissues, lymphatic vessels, lymph circulation and functions of lymphatic system.

Unit-IV **08 hours**

a) Peripheral nervous system: 3 Hours

Classification of peripheral nervous system: Structure and functions of sympathetic and parasympathetic nervous system. Origin and functions of spinal and cranial nerves.

b) Special senses 5 Hours

Structure and functions of eye, ear, nose, tongue, and their disorders.

Unit-V **07 hours**

Cardiovascular system

Heart – anatomy of heart, blood circulation, blood vessels, structure and functions of artery, vein and capillaries, elements of conduction system of heart and heart beat, its regulation by autonomic nervous system, cardiac output, cardiac cycle. Regulation of blood pressure, pulse, electrocardiogram and disorders of heart.

Recommended Books:

1. Chatterjee, C.C., Human Physiology. Medical Allied Agency, Kolkata.
2. Ganong, W.F., Review of Medical Physiology. Prentice-Hall International, London.
3. Guyton, A.C., Textbook of Medical Physiology. W. B. Saunders Co., Philadelphia, USA.
4. Tortora, G.J. and Grabowski, S.R., 2005. Principals of Anatomy and Physiology. Harper Collins College Publishers, New York.
5. Vander, A.J., Sherman, J.H. and Luciano, D.S., Human Physiology. McGraw-Hill Publishing Co., USA.
6. Waugh, A. and Grant, A., Ross and Wilson's Anatomy and Physiology in Health and Illness. Churchill-Livingstone, London.
7. West, J.B., Best and Taylor's Physiological Basis of Medical Practice. Williams and Wilkins,Baltimore, USA.
8. Warwick, R. and Williams, P., Gray's Anatomy. Longman, London.
9. Chaudhari S K. Concise Medical Physiology. New Central Book Agency (P) Ltd., Calcutta.
10. Godkar P.B and Godkar D.P., Textbook of Medical Laboratory Technology. Bhalani Publishing House, Mumbai.
11. Joshi V.D. Practical Physiology. Vora Medical Publications, Mumbai.
12. DiFiore-Mariano S.H., Atlas of Human Histology. Lea and Febiger, Philadelphia.
13. Garg K., Bahel I. and Kaul M., A Textbook of Histology. CBS Publishers and Distributors, New Delhi.
14. Goyal, R.K., Patel, N.M. and Shah, S.A., Practical Anatomy, Physiology and Biochemistry. B. S. Shah Prakashan, Ahmedabad.
15. Ranade, V.G., Joshi, P.N. and Pradhan, S., Textbook of Practical Physiology. Pune Vidyarthi Griha Prakashan, Pune.
16. Singh, I., BD., Chaurasia's Human Anatomy. CBS Publisher and Distributors, New Delhi.
17. Singh, I., Textbook of Human Histology. Jaypee brothers Medical Publishers, New Delhi.
18. Mukherjee, K.L., Medical Laboratory Technology. Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Ltd. New Delhi.
19. Beck, W.S., Human Desigh: Molecular, Cellular and Systemic Physiology. Harcourt Brace Jovanovich Inc. New York.
20. Essentials of Medical Physiology by K. Sembulingam and P. Sembulingam. Jaypee Brothers medical publishers, New Delhi.
21. Anatomy and Physiology in Health and Illness by Kathleen J.W. Wilson, Churchill Livingstone, New York
22. Physiological basis of Medical Practice-Best and Tailor. Williams & Wilkins Co, Riverview, MI USA
23. Textbook of Human Histology by Inderbir Singh, Jaypee brother’s medical publishers, New Delhi.
24. Textbook of Practical Physiology by C.L. Ghai, Jaypee brother’s medical publishers, New Delhi.

BP107P. HUMAN ANATOMY AND PHYSIOLOGY (Practical)

4 Hours/week

Practical physiology is complimentary to the theoretical discussions in physiology. Practicals allow the verification of physiological processes discussed in theory classes through experiments on living tissue, intact animals or normal human beings. This is helpful for developing an insight on the subject**.**

1. Study of compound microscope.

2. Microscopic study of epithelial and connective tissue

3. Microscopic study of muscular and nervous tissue

4. Identification of axial bones

5. Identification of appendicular bones

6. Introduction to haemocytometer.

7. Enumeration of white blood cell (WBC) count

8. Enumeration of total red blood corpuscles (RBC) count

9. Determination of bleeding time

10. Determination of clotting time

11. Estimation of haemoglobin content

12. Determination of blood group.

13. Determination of erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR).

14. Determination of heart rate and pulse rate.

15. Recording of blood pressure.

16. Visit to Blood bank.

Recommended Books:

1. Godkar P.B and Godkar D.P., Textbook of Medical Laboratory Technology. Bhalani Publishing House, Mumbai.
2. Joshi V.D. Practical Physiology. Vora Medical Publications, Mumbai.
3. DiFiore-Mariano S.H., Atlas of Human Histology. Lea and Febiger, Philadelphia.

4. Mukherjee, K.L., Medical Laboratory Technology. Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Ltd. New Delhi.
5. Beck, W.S., Human Desigh: Molecular, Cellular and Systemic Physiology. Harcourt Brace Jovanovich Inc. New York.
6. Chatterjee, C.C., Human Physiology. Medical Allied Agency, Kolkata.
7. Ganong, W.F., Review of Medical Physiology. Prentice-Hall International, London.
8. Guyton, A.C., Textbook of Medical Physiology. W. B. Saunders Co., Philadelphia, USA.
9. Tortora, G.J. and Grabowski, S.R., 2005.
10. Principals of Anatomy and Physiology. Harper Collins College Publishers, New York.
11. Vander, A.J., Sherman, J.H. and Luciano, D.S., Human Physiology. McGraw-Hill Publishing Co., USA.
12. Garg K., Bahel I. and Kaul M., A Textbook of Histology. CBS Publishers and Distributors, New Delhi.
13. Practical workbook of Human Physiology by K. Srinageswari and Rajeev Sharma, Jaypee Brother's medical publishers, New Delhi.

BP102T. PHARMACEUTICAL ANALYSIS (Theory) 45 hours

Scope

This course deals with the fundamentals of analytical chemistry and principles of electrochemical analysis of drugs.

Objectives

Upon completion of the course a student shall be able to understand -

- The principles of volumetric and electrochemical analysis.
- Carry out various volumetric and electrochemical titrations.
- Develop analytical skills.

COURSE CONTENT

UNIT-1

a) **Pharmaceutical analysis -** Definition and scope
   i. Different techniques of analysis
   ii. Methods of expressing concentration **05 hours**
   iii. Primary and Secondary standards.

b) **Errors :** Sources of errors, types of errors, methods of minimizing errors, accuracy, precision and significant figures

UNIT-II

a) Acid base titration: Theories of acid base indicators, classification of acid base titrations and theory involved in titrations of strong, weak, and very weak acids and bases, neutralization curves. Preparation and standardization of sodium hydroxide, hydrochloric acid, sulphuric acid, Estimation of ammonium chloride **10 hours**

b) Non aqueous titration: Solvents, acidimetry and alkalimetry titrations, and estimation of sodium benzoate.

UNIT-III

a) Precipitation titrations: Mohr's method, Volhard's method, Modified Volhard's method, Fajans method, and estimation of Sodium Chloride I.P.

b) Complexometric titration: Classification, metal ion indicators, masking and demasking reagents, and estimation of Calcium gluconate I.P. **12 hours**

c) Gravimetry: Principle and steps involved in gravimetric analysis. Purity of the precipitate: co-precipitation and post precipitation, and estimation of Barium sulphate I. P.

UNIT-IV

Redox titrations

i. Concepts of oxidation and reduction
ii. Preparation and standardization of Potassium Permanganate I. P., Ceric Ammonium Sulphate I. P./B. P. and Sodium Thiosulphate I. P./B. P. **08 Hours**
iii. Types of redox titrations (Principles and applications) : Permaganometry,

Cerimetry, Iodimetry, Iodometry, Bromatometry, Dichrometry, Titrations with Potassium Iodate I. P.

UNIT-V

a) Electrochemical methods of analysis

i. **Conductometry** - Introduction, Conductivity cell, Conductometric titrations, applications.

ii. **Potentiometry** - Electrochemical cell, construction and working of reference (Standard Hydrogen Electrode, Silver Chloride Electrode and Calomel Electrode) and Indicator Eectrodes (Metal electrodes and Glass Electrode), methods to determine end point of potentiometric titration and applications.

iii. **Polarography** - Principle and llkovik Equation.

b) Refractometry - Introduction, refractive index, specific and molar refraction, measurement of RI, Abbe's refractometer and applications.

10 hours

BP108P. PHARMACEUTICAL ANALYSIS (Practical)

4 Hours/week

I. Preparation and standardization of

(1) Aq. Sodium Hydroxide I. P.

(2) Aq. Sulphuric Acid I. P./ Aq. Hydrochloric Acid I. P.

(3) Aq. Sodium Thiosulfate I. P.

3 turns

(4) Aq. Potassium Permanganate I. P.

(5) Aq. Ceric Ammonium Sulphate I. P.

II. Assay of the following compounds along with Standardization of Titrant

(1) Ammonium chloride by acid-base titration

(2) Sodium benzoate I. P. by non-aqueous titration

(3) Sodium chloride I. P. by precipitation titration

(4) Calcium gluconate I. P. by complexometry

8 turns

(5) Hydrogen peroxide I. P./B. P. by Permanganometry

(6) Ferrous sulphate I. P. by cerimetry

(7) Copper sulphate I. P. by iodometry

III. Determination of Normality by electro-analytical methods

(1) Conductometric titrations of strong acid against strong base

(2) Conductometric titration of strong acid and weak acid against strong base

3 turns

(3) Potentiometric titration of strong acid against strong base (Using Sigmoidal and First order derivative plot)

IV. Measurement of refractive index of some samples

1 turn

(Glycerol, Water, Rectified Spirit, Castor Oil I. P.)

Recommended Books

1. Indian Pharmacopoeia, Ministry of Health and Family Welfare, Controller of Publications Edition, New Delhi.
2. British Pharmacopoeia, British Pharmacopoeia Commission, London, 2015.
3. Beckett, A.H. and Stenlake J. B., Practical Pharmaceutical Chemistry, Vol I, Stahlome Press, University of London.
4. Vogel, A. I., A Textbook of Quantitative Chemical Analysis, Thames Polytechnic, London, Longman Group, UK Ltd.
5. Connors K. A., A Textbook of Pharmaceutical Analysis, Third Edition, John Wiley and Sons.
6. Christian G. D., Analytical Chemistry, 6/Ed, John Wiley & Sons.
7. Mahadik K. R., Wadodkar S.G., More H. N, Pharmaceutical Analysis, Vol. I and II, Nirali Prakashan.
8. Kar Ashutosh, Pharmaceutical Drug Analysis, Minerva Press, New Delhi.
9. Day R. A. & Underwood A. L. Quantitative Analysis. 5/Ed., Prentice Hall of India Pvt.Ltd. New Delhi.
10. Skoog, A. D. West, D. M. et al. Fundamentals of Analytical Chemistry. 8/ Ed. Thomson Brookslcole.
11. Willard Merit. Dean Settle, Instrumental Methods of Analysis, 7/Ed, CBS Publisher & Distributor.
12. Sharma, B. K. Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis, Goel Publishing House.

BP103T. PHARMACEUTICS- I (Theory) 45 Hours

Scope: This course is designed to impart a fundamental knowledge on the preparatory pharmacy with arts and science of preparing the different conventional dosage forms.

Objectives: Upon completion of this course the student should be able to:

- Know the history of profession of pharmacy
- Understand the basics of different dosage forms, pharmaceutical incompatibilities and pharmaceutical calculations
- Understand the professional way of handling the prescription
- Preparation of various conventional dosage forms

Course Content:

UNIT – I 10 Hours

- **Historical background and development of profession of pharmacy**: History of profession of Pharmacy in India in relation to pharmacy education, industry and organization, Pharmacy as a career.
- **Dosage forms:** Introduction to dosage forms, classification and definitions
- **Prescription:** Definition, Parts of prescription, handling of Prescription and Errors in prescription.
- **Posology:** Definition, Factors affecting posology. Pediatric dose calculations based on age, body weight and body surface area.

UNIT – II 10 Hours

- **Pharmaceutical calculations**: Weights and measures – Imperial & Metric system, Calculations involving percentage solutions, alligation, proof spirit and isotonic solutions based on freezing point and molecular weight.
- **Powders:** Definition, classification, advantages and disadvantages,Simple & compound powders – official preparations, dusting powders, effervescent, efflorescent and hygroscopic powders, eutectic mixtures. Geometric dilutions.
- **Liquid dosage forms:** Advantages and disadvantages of liquid dosage forms. Excipients used in formulation of liquid dosage forms. Solubility enhancement techniques

UNIT – III **10 Hours**

- **Monophasic liquids:** Definitions and preparations of Gargles, Mouthwashes, Throat Paint, Eardrops, Nasal drops, Enemas, Syrups, Elixirs, Liniments and Lotions.
- **Biphasic liquids:**
  Suspensions: Definition, advantages and disadvantages, classifications, Preparation of suspensions; Flocculated and Deflocculated suspension & stability problems and methods to overcome.

  Emulsions: Definition, classification, emulsifying agent, test for the identification of type of Emulsion, Methods of preparation & stability problems and methods to overcome.

UNIT – IV **08 Hours**

- **Suppositories**: Definition, types, advantages and disadvantages, types of bases, methods of preparations. Displacement value & its calculations, evaluation of suppositories.
- **Pharmaceutical incompatibilities**: Definition, classification, physical, chemical and therapeutic incompatibilities with examples.

UNIV – V **07 Hours**

- **Semisolid dosage forms:** Definitions, classification, mechanisms and factors influencing dermal penetration of drugs. Preparation of ointments, pastes, creams and gels. Excipients used in semi solid dosage forms. Evaluation of semi solid dosages forms

BP109P. PHARMACEUTICS I (Practical)

4 Hours / week

1 . Syrups

a) Syrup IP'66

b) Compound syrup of Ferrous Phosphate BPC'68

2. Elixirs a) Piperazine citrate elixir

b) Paracetamol pediatric elixir

3.Linctus a) Terpin Hydrate Linctus IP'66

b) Iodine Throat Paint (Mandles Paint)

4. Solutions

a) Strong solution of ammonium acetate

b) Cresol with soap solution

c) LugOL'S SOLUTion

5. Suspensions (Any two experiments)

a) Calamine lotion

b) Magnesium Hydroxide mixture

c) Aluminimum Hydroxide gel

6. Emulsions a) Turpentine Liniment

b) Liquid paraffin emulsion

7. Powders and Granules (Any three experiments)

a) ORS powder (WHO)

b) Effervescent granules

c) Dusting powder

d) Divided powders

8. Suppositories (Any two experiments)

a) Glycero gelatin suppository

b) Coca butter suppository

c) Zinc Oxide suppository

8. Semisolids (Any two experiments)

a) Sulphur ointment

b) Non staining-iodine ointment with methyl salicylate

c) Carbopol gel

9. Gargles and Mouthwashes

a) Iodine gargle

b) Chlorhexidine mouthwash

Recommended Books:

1. H.C. Ansel et al., Pharmaceutical Dosage Form and Drug Delivery System, Lippincott Williams and Walkins, New Delhi.
2. Carter S.J., Cooper and Gunn's-Dispensing for Pharmaceutical Students, CBS publishers, New Delhi.
3. M.E. Aulton, Pharmaceutics, The Science& Dosage Form Design, Churchill Livingstone, Edinburgh.
4. Indian pharmacopoeia.
5. British pharmacopoeia.
6. Lachmann. Theory and Practice of Industrial Pharmacy,Lea& Febiger Publisher, The University of Michigan.
7. Alfonso R. Gennaro Remington. The Science and Practice of Pharmacy, Lippincott Williams, New Delhi.
8. Carter S.J., Cooper and Gunn's. Tutorial Pharmacy, CBS Publications, New Delhi.
9. E.A. Rawlins, Bentley's Text Book of Pharmaceutics, English Language Book Society, Elsevier Health Sciences, USA.
10. Isaac Ghebre Sellassie: Pharmaceutical Pelletization Technology, Marcel Dekker, INC, New York.
11. Dilip M. Parikh: Handbook of Pharmaceutical Granulation Technology, Marcel Dekker, INC, New York.
12. Francoise Nieloud and Gilberte Marti-Mestres: Pharmaceutical Emulsions and Suspensions, Marcel Dekker, INC, New York.

BP104T. PHARMACEUTICAL INORGANIC CHEMISTRY (Theory) 45 Hours

Scope

This subject deals with the concepts and monographs of inorganic drugs and pharmaceuticals.

Objectives

Upon completion of course student shall be able to

- Know the sources of impurities and methods to determine the impurities in drugs and pharmaceuticals
- Understand the medicinal and pharmaceutical importance of inorganic compounds

COURSE CONTENT

UNIT I

a) **Impurities in pharmaceutical substances**: History of pharmacopoeia, sources and types of impurities, principle, reaction and procedure involved in the limit test for chloride, sulphate, iron, arsenic, lead and heavy metals, modified limit test for chloride and sulphate. **10 hours**

b) **Water:** Different official waters and official control test for water.

General methods of preparation and assay for compounds superscripted with asterisk (*). Properties and Medicinal uses of Inorganic Compounds belonging to the following classes

UNIT II

a) **Acids, Bases and Buffers:** Buffer equations and buffer capacity in general, buffers in pharmaceutical systems, preparation, stability, buffered isotonic solutions, measurements of tonicity, calculations and methods of adjusting isotonicity.

b) **Major extra and intracellular electrolytes:** Functions of major physiological ions, Electrolytes used in the replacement therapy: Sodium chloride*, Potassium chloride, Calcium gluconate* and Oral Rehydration Salt (ORS), Physiological acid base balance. **10 hours**

c) **Dental products:** Dentifrices, role of fluoride in the treatment of dental caries, Desensitizing agents, Calcium carbonate, Sodium fluoride, and Zinc eugenol cement.

UNIT III

a) **Gastrointestinal agents**
   i. **Acidifiers:** Ammonium chloride* and Dil. HCl
   ii. **Antacid:** Ideal properties of antacids, combinations of antacids, Sodium
   iii. Bicarbonate*, Aluminum hydroxide gel, Magnesium hydroxide mixture **10 hours**
   iv. **Cathartics:** Magnesium sulphate, Sodium orthophosphate,

b) **Protectives and Adsorbents**: Kaolin and Bentonite

c) **Antimicrobials:** Mechanism, classification, Potassium permanganate, Boric acid, Hydrogen peroxide*, Chlorinated lime*, Iodine and its preparations

UNIT IV

Miscellaneous Compounds

08 hours

a) **Expectorants**: Potassium iodide, Ammonium chloride
b) **Emetics**: Copper sulphate* , Sodium potassium tartarate
c) **Haematinics**: Ferrous sulphate*, Ferrous gluconate
d) **Poison and Antidote**: Sodium thiosulphate*, Activated charcoal, Sodium nitrite
e) **Astringents:** Zinc Sulphate, Potash Alum

UNIT V

07 hours

Radiopharmaceuticals: Radio activity, measurement of radioactivity, properties of α, β, γ radiations, half-life, radio isotopes and study of radio isotopes - Sodium iodide^{131} , · Indium^{111}, Calcium^{47} , Chromium ^{51}, Erbium^{169}, Gallium^{68}, Technetium^{99m} , Storage conditions, precautions & pharmaceutical applications of radioactive substances.

BP110P. PHARMACEUTICAL INORGANIC CHEMISTRY (Practical)
4 Hours/Week

I.	**Limit Test of the following:** (1) Chloride (2) Sulphate (3) Iron (4) Arsenic (5) Lead (6) Heavy metals	**6 turns**
II.	**Identification test** (1) Magnesium hydroxide (2) Ferrous sulphate (3) Sodium bicarbonate (4) Calcium gluconate (5) Copper sulphate	**3 turns**
III.	**Test for purity** (1) Swelling power of Bentonite (2) Neutralizing capacity of Aluminum hydroxide gel (3) Determination of Potassium iodate and iodine in Potassium Iodide	**3 turns**
IV.	**Preparation of Inorganic Pharmaceuticals** (1) Boric acid (2) Potash alum (3) Ferrous sulphate	**3 turns**

Recommended Books

1. Beckett, A.H. and Stenlake, J. B. 1970, Practical Pharmaceutical Chemistry, Vol I & II, 4th edn, Stahlone Press of University of London.
2. Jeffery, G. H., Bassett, J., Mendham, J. and Cdenney, R., Vogel's Textbook of Quantitative Chemical Analysis, 5th edn, Thames Polytechnic, Longman Group, UK Ltd, London.
3. Gundu Rao, P. 2008, Pharmaceutical and Medicinal Inorganic Chemistry, Vallabh Prakashan.
4. Bentley, A.O., Driver, J.E. and Atherden, L.M. 1969, Bentley and Driver's Textbook of Pharmaceutical Chemistry, Oxford University Press, London.
5. Anand, S.K. and Chatwal, G.R. 2017, Inorganic Pharmaceutical Chemistry, Himalaya Publishing House Pvt Ltd.
6. Block, J.H., Roche, E.B., Soine, T.O and Wilson, C.O. 1974, Inorganic Medicinal and Pharmaceutical Chemistry, Philadelphia, PA.
7. Indian Pharmacopoeia, Ministry of Health and Family Welfare, Controller of Publications Edition, New Delhi.

BP105T.COMMUNICATION SKILLS (Theory) 30hours

Scope: This course will prepare the young pharmacy student to interact effectively with doctors, nurses, dentists, physiotherapists and other health workers. At the end of this course the student will get the soft skills set to work cohesively with the team as a team player and will add value to the pharmaceutical business**.**

Objectives:

Upon completion of the course the student shall be able to

1. Understand the behavioral needs for a Pharmacist to function effectively in the areas of pharmaceutical operation

2. Communicate effectively (Verbal and Non Verbal)
3. Effectivelymanage the team as a team player
4. Develop interview skills
5. Develop Leadership qualities and essentials

COURSE CONTENT

UNIT – I

- **Communication Skills:** Introduction, Definition, The Importance of Communication,
The Communication Process – Source, Message, Encoding, Channel, Decoding, Receiver, Feedback, Context
- **Barriers to communication:** Physiological Barriers, Physical Barriers, Cultural Barriers, Language Barriers, Gender Barriers, Interpersonal Barriers, Psychological
Barriers, Emotional barriers **07 Hours**
- **Perspectives in Communication:** Introduction, Visual Perception, Language, Other
factors affecting our perspective - Past Experiences, Prejudices, Feelings, Environment

UNIT – II

- **Elements of Communication:** Introduction, Face to Face Communication - Tone of
Voice, Body Language (Non-verbal communication), Verbal Communication, Physical
Communication **07 Hours**
- **Communication Styles:** Introduction, The Communication Styles Matrix with example
for each -Direct Communication Style, Spirited Communication Style, Systematic
c) Communication Style, Considerate Communication Style

UNIT – III

- **Basic Listening Skills:** Introduction, Self-Awareness, Active Listening, Becoming an
Active Listener, Listening in Difficult Situations **07 Hours**
- **Effective Written Communication:** Introduction, When and When Not to Use

Written
Communication - Complexity of the Topic, Amount of Discussion' Required, Shades of
Meaning, Formal Communication

- **Writing Effectively:** Subject Lines, Put the Main Point First, Know Your Audience,

d) Organization of the Message

UNIT – IV

- **Interview Skills:** Purpose of an interview, Do's and Dont's of an interview
- **Giving Presentations:** Dealing with Fears, Planning your Presentation, Structuring Your

05 Hours

iv. Presentation, Delivering Your Presentation, Techniques of Delivery

UNIT – V

- **Group Discussion:** Introduction, Communication skills in group discussion, Do's and

04 Hours

c) Dont's of group discussion.

BP111P.COMMUNICATION SKILLS (Practical)
2 Hours / week

The following learning modules are to be conducted using wordsworth® English language lab software

Basic communication covering the following topics

Meeting People

Asking Questions

Making Friends

What did you do?

Do's and Dont's

Pronunciations covering the following topics

Pronunciation (Consonant Sounds)

Pronunciation and Nouns

Pronunciation (Vowel Sounds)

Advanced Learning

Listening Comprehension / Direct and Indirect Speech

Figures of Speech

Effective Communication

Writing Skills

Effective Writing

Interview Handling Skills

E-Mail etiquette

Presentation Skills

Recommended Books: (Latest Edition)

1. Basic communication skills for Technology, Andreja. J. Ruther Ford, 2nd Edition, Pearson Education, 2011

2. Communication skills, Sanjay Kumar, Pushpalata, 1stEdition, Oxford Press, 2011

3. Organizational Behaviour, Stephen .P. Robbins, 1stEdition, Pearson, 2013

4. Brilliant- Communication skills, Gill Hasson, 1stEdition, Pearson Life, 2011

5. The Ace of Soft Skills: Attitude, Communication and Etiquette for success, Gopala Swamy Ramesh, 5thEdition, Pearson, 2013

6. Developing your influencing skills, Deborah Dalley, Lois Burton, Margaret, Green hall, 1st Edition Universe of Learning LTD, 2010

7. Communication skills for professionals, Konar nira, 2ndEdition, New arrivals –PHI, 2011

8. Personality development and soft skills, Barun K Mitra, 1stEdition, Oxford Press, 2011

9. Soft skill for everyone, Butter Field, 1st Edition, Cengage Learning india pvt.ltd, 2011

10. Soft skills and professional communication, Francis Peters SJ, 1stEdition, Mc Graw Hill Education, 2011

11. Effective communication, John Adair, 4thEdition, Pan Mac Millan,2009

12. Bringing out the best in people, Aubrey Daniels, 2ndEdition, Mc Graw Hill, 1999

BP 106RBT.REMEDIAL BIOLOGY (Theory) **30 hours**

Scope: To learn and understand the components of living world, structure and functional system of plant and animal kingdom.

Objectives: Upon completion of the course, the student shall be able to

- know the classification and salient features of five kingdoms of life
- understand the basic components of anatomy & physiology of plant
- know understand the basic components of anatomy & physiology animal with special reference to human

COURSE CONTENT

UNIT I

Living world:

- Definition and characters of living organisms
- Diversity in the living world
- Binomial nomenclature
- Five kingdoms of life and basis of classification. Salient features of Monera, Potista, Fungi, Animalia and Plantae, Virus, **07 Hours**

Morphology of Flowering plants

- Morphology of different parts of flowering plants – Root, stem, inflorescence, flower, leaf, fruit, seed.
- General Anatomy of Root, stem, leaf of monocotyledons & Dicotylidons.

UNIT II

Body fluids and circulation

- Composition of blood, blood groups, coagulation of blood
- Composition and functions of lymph
- Human circulatory system
- Structure of human heart and blood vessels
- Cardiac cycle, cardiac output and ECG

Digestion and Absorption **07 Hours**

- Human alimentary canal and digestive glands
- Role of digestive enzymes
- Digestion, absorption and assimilation of digested food

Breathing and respiration

- Human respiratory system
- Mechanism of breathing and its regulation
- Exchange of gases, transport of gases and regulation of respiration
- Respiratory volumes

UNIT III

Excretory products and their elimination **07 Hours**

- Modes of excretion

- Human excretory system- structure and function
- Urine formation
- Rennin angiotensin system

Neural control and coordination

- Definition and classification of nervous system
- Structure of a neuron
- Generation and conduction of nerve impulse
- Structure of brain and spinal cord
- Functions of cerebrum, cerebellum, hypothalamus and medulla oblongata

Chemical coordination and regulation

- Endocrine glands and their secretions
- Functions of hormones secreted by endocrine glands

Human reproduction

- Parts of female reproductive system
- Parts of male reproductive system
- Spermatogenesis and Oogenesis
- Menstrual cycle

UNIT IV

Plants and mineral nutrition:

- Essential mineral, macro and micronutrients
- Nitrogen metabolism, Nitrogen cycle, biological nitrogen fixation **05 Hours**

Photosynthesis

- Autotrophic nutrition, photosynthesis, Photosynthetic pigments, Factors affecting photosynthesis

UNIT V

Plant respiration: Respiration, glycolysis, fermentation (anaerobic).

Plant growth and development

- Phases and rate of plant growth, Condition of growth,Introduction to plant growth regulators **04 Hours**

Cell - The unit of life

- Structure and functions of cell and cell organelles.Cell division

Tissues

Definition, types of tissues, location and functions.

Text Books

1. Text book of Biology by S. B. Gokhale
2. A Text book of Biology by Dr. Thulajappa and Dr. Seetaram.

Reference Books

1. A Text book of Biology by B.V. Sreenivasa Naidu
2. A Text book of Biology by Naidu and Murthy
3. Botany for Degree students By A.C.Dutta.
4. Outlines of Zoology byM. Ekambaranatha ayyer and T. N. Ananthakrishnan.
5. A manual for pharmaceutical biology practical by S.B. Gokhale and C. K. Kokate

BP112RBP.REMEDIAL BIOLOGY (Practical)
2 Hours/week

1. Introduction to experiments in biology

a) Study of Microscope

b) Section cutting techniques

c) Mounting and staining

d) Permanent slide preparation

2. Study of cell and its inclusions

3. Study of Stem, Root, Leaf, seed, fruit, flower and their modifications

4. Detailed study of frog by using computer models

5. Microscopic study and identification of tissues pertinent to Stem, Root

Leaf, seed, fruit and flower

6. Identification of bones

7. Determination of blood group

8. Determination of blood pressure

9. Determination of tidal volume

Reference Books

1. Practical human anatomy and physiology. by S.R.Kale and R.R.Kale.
2. A Manual of pharmaceutical biology practical by S.B.Gokhale, C.K.Kokate and S.P.Shriwastava.
3. Biology practical manual according to National core curriculum .Biology forum of Karnataka. Prof .M.J.H.Shafi

BP 106 RMT.REMEDIAL MATHEMATICS (Theory) 30 hours

Scope: This is an introductory course in mathematics. This subject deals with the introduction to Partial fraction, Logarithm, matrices and Determinant, Analytical geometry, Calculus, differential equation and Laplace transform.

Objectives: Upon completion of the course the student shall be able to:-

1. Know the theory and their application in Pharmacy

2. Solve the different types of problems by applying theory

3. Appreciate the important application of mathematics in Pharmacy

COURSE CONTENT

UNIT – I

Partial fraction

Introduction, Polynomial, Rational fractions, Proper and Improper fractions, Partial fraction , Resolving into Partial fraction, Application of Partial Fraction in Chemical Kinetics and Pharmacokinetics.

Logarithms

Introduction, Definition, Theorems/Properties of logarithms, Common logarithms, Characteristic and Mantissa, worked examples, application of logarithm to solve pharmaceutical problems. **06 Hours**

Function*:*

Real Valued function, Classification of real valued functions

Limits and continuity :

Introduction , Limit of a function, Definition of limit of a function ($\in$ - δ $_{nn}$ definition) ,

$$\lim \frac{x^n - a^n}{} = na^{n-1} , \qquad \lim \frac{\sin\theta}{\theta} = 1,$$

UNIT –II

Matrices and Determinant:

Introduction matrices, Types of matrices, Operation on matrices,Transpose of a matrix, Matrix Multiplication, Determinants, Properties of determinants , Product of determinants, Minors and co-Factors, Adjoint or adjugate of a square matrix , Singular and non-singular matrices, Inverse of a matrix, Solution of system of linear of equations using matrix method, Cramer's rule, Characteristic equation and roots of a square matrix, Cayley–Hamilton theorem,Applicationof Matrices in solving Pharmacokinetic equationsRespiratory volumes **06 Hours**

UNIT – III

Calculus

Differentiation : Introductions, Derivative of a function, Derivative of a constant, Derivative of a product of a constant and a function , Derivative of the sum or difference of two functions, Derivative of the product of two functions (product formula), Derivative of the quotient of two functions **06 Hours**

(Quotient formula) – **Without Proof**, Derivative of *xn w.r.t*x,where *n* is any rational number, Derivative of *ex,*, Derivative of loge *x* , Derivative of *ax* ,Derivative of trigonometric functions from first principles **(without Proof)**, Successive Differentiation, Conditions for a function to be a maximum or a minimum at a point. Application

UNIT – IV

Analytical Geometry

Introduction: Signs of the Coordinates, Distance formula, **Straight Line** : Slope or gradient of a straight line, Conditions for parallelism and perpendicularity of two lines, Slope of a line joining two points, Slope – intercept form of a straight line

06 Hours

Integration:

Introduction, Definition, Standard formulae, Rules of integration , Method of substitution, Method of Partial fractions, Integration by parts, definite integrals, application

UNIT-V

Differential Equations : Some basic definitions, Order and degree, Equations in separable form , Homogeneous equations, Linear Differential equations, Exact equations, **Application in solving Pharmacokinetic equations**

Laplace Transform : Introduction, Definition, Properties of Laplace transform, Laplace Transforms of elementary functions, Inverse Laplace transforms, Laplace transform of derivatives, Application to solve Linear differential equations, **Application in solving Chemical kinetics and Pharmacokinetics equations**

06 Hours

Recommended Books (Latest Edition)

1. Differential Calculus by Shanthinarayan
2. Pharmaceutical Mathematics with application to Pharmacy by Panchaksharappa Gowda D.H.
3. Integral Calculus by Shanthinarayan
4. Higher Engineering Mathematics by Dr.B.S.Grewal

Semester- II

BP 201T. HUMAN ANATOMY AND PHYSIOLOGY-II (Theory) **45 Hours**

Scope: This subject is designed to impart fundamental knowledge on the structure and functions of the various systems of the human body. It also helps in understanding both homeostatic mechanisms. The subject provides the basic knowledge required to understand the various disciplines of pharmacy.

Objectives: Upon completion of this course the student should be able to:

1. Explain the gross morphology, structure and functions of various organs of the human body.
2. Describe the various homeostatic mechanisms and their imbalances.
3. Identify the various tissues and organs of different systems of human body.
4. Perform the hematological tests like blood cell counts, haemoglobin estimation, bleeding/clotting time etc. and also record blood pressure, heart rate, pulse and respiratory volume.
5. Appreciate coordinated working pattern of different organs of each system
6. Appreciate the interlinked mechanisms in the maintenance of normal functioning (homeostasis) of human body.

Course Content:

Unit-I **Nervous system** **10 hours**

Organization of nervous system, neuron, neuroglia, classification and properties of nerve fiber, electrophysiology, action potential, nerve impulse, receptors, synapse, neurotransmitters.

Central nervous system: Meninges, ventricles of brain and cerebrospinal fluid. structure and functions of brain (cerebrum, brain stem, cerebellum), spinal cord (gross structure, functions of afferent and efferent nerve tracts, reflex activity)

Unit -II **Digestive system** **08hours**

Anatomy of GI Tract with special reference to anatomy and functions of stomach, (Acid production in the stomach, regulation of acid production through parasympathetic nervous system, pepsin role in protein digestion) small intestine and large intestine, anatomy and functions of salivary glands, pancreas and liver, movements of GIT, digestion and absorption of nutrients and disorders of GIT.

Energetics: Formation and role of ATP, Creatinine Phosphate and BMR.

Unit-III **10 hours**

Respiratory system **6 hours**

Anatomy of respiratory system with special reference to anatomy of lungs, mechanism of respiration, regulation of respiration Lung Volumes

and capacities transport of respiratory gases, artificial respiration, and resuscitation methods.

Urinary system **4 hours**

Anatomy of urinary tract with special reference to anatomy of kidney and nephrons, functions of kidney and urinary tract, physiology of urine formation, micturition reflex and role of kidneys in acid base balance, role of RAS in kidney and disorders of kidney.

Unit-IV **08 hours**

Endocrine system

Classification of hormones, mechanism of hormone action, structure and functions of pituitary gland, thyroid gland, parathyroid gland, adrenal gland, pancreas, pineal gland, thymus and their disorders.

Unit-V **09 hours**

Reproductive system **07 Hours**

Anatomy of male and female reproductive system, Functions of male and female reproductive system, sex hormones, physiology of menstruation, fertilization, spermatogenesis, oogenesis, pregnancy and parturition

Introduction to genetics **02 hours**

Chromosomes, genes and DNA, protein synthesis, genetic pattern of inheritance

Recommended Books

1. Essentials of Medical Physiology by K. Sembulingam and P. Sembulingam. Jaypee brothers medical publishers, New Delhi.
2. Anatomy and Physiology in Health and Illness by Kathleen J.W. Wilson, Churchill Livingstone, New York
3. Physiological basis of Medical Practice-Best and Tailor. Williams & Wilkins Co, Riverview,MI USA
4. Text book of Medical Physiology- Arthur C, Guyton and John.E. Hall. Miamisburg, OH, U.S.A.
5. Principles of Anatomy and Physiology by Tortora Grabowski. Palmetto, GA, U.S.A.
6. Textbook of Human Histology by Inderbir Singh, Jaypee brothers medical publishers, New Delhi.
7. Textbook of Practical Physiology by C.L. Ghai, Jaypee brothers medical publishers, New Delhi.
8. Practical workbook of Human Physiology by K. Srinageswari and Rajeev Sharma, Jaypee brother's medical publishers, New Delhi.

9. Physiological basis of Medical Practice-Best and Tailor. Williams & Wilkins Co, Riverview, MI USA
10. Text book of Medical Physiology- Arthur C, Guyton and John. E. Hall. Miamisburg, OH, U.S.A.
11. Human Physiology (vol 1 and 2) by Dr. C.C. Chatterrje ,Academic Publishers Kolkata

BP 207 P. HUMAN ANATOMY AND PHYSIOLOGY (Practical)

4 Hours/week

Practical physiology is complimentary to the theoretical discussions in physiology. Practicals allow the verification of physiological processes discussed in theory classes through experiments on living tissue, intact animals or normal human beings. This is helpful for developing an insight on the subject**.**

1. To study the integumentary and special senses using specimen, models, etc.,
2. To determine the Platelet count.
3. To perform the differential leukocyte count (DLC).
4. To determine the Arneth index.
5. Determination of osmotic fragility of RBCs.
6. To study the nervous system using specimen, models, etc.,
7. To study the endocrine system using specimen, models, etc
8. To demonstrate the general neurological examination
9. To demonstrate the function of olfactory nerve
10. To examine the different types of taste.
11. To demonstrate the visual acuity
12. To demonstrate the reflex activity
13. Recording of body temperature
14. To demonstrate positive and negative feedback mechanism.
15. Determination of tidal volume and vital capacity.
16. Study of Digestive, respiratory, cardiovascular systems, urinary and reproductive systems with the help of models, charts and specimens.
17. Recording of basal mass index.
18. Study of familyplanning devices and pregnancy diagnosis test.

19. Demonstration of total blood count by cell analyzer.
20. Permanent slides of vital organs and gonads.
21. Visit to Hospital/ Pathology Laboratory.

Recommended Books:

1. Godkar P.B and Godkar D.P., Textbook of Medical Laboratory Technology. Bhalani Publishing House, Mumbai.
2. Joshi V.D. Practical Physiology. Vora Medical Publications, Mumbai.
3. DiFiore-Mariano S.H., Atlas of Human Histology. Lea and Febiger, Philadelphia.
4. Mukherjee, K.L., Medical Laboratory Technology. Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Ltd. New Delhi.
5. Beck, W.S., Human Desigh: Molecular, Cellular and Systemic Physiology. Harcourt Brace Jovanovich Inc. New York.
6. Chatterjee, C.C., Human Physiology. Medical Allied Agency, Kolkata.
7. Ganong, W.F., Review of Medical Physiology. Prentice-Hall International, London.
8. Guyton, A.C., Textbook of Medical Physiology. W. B. Saunders Co., Philadelphia, USA.
9. Tortora, G.J. and Grabowski, S.R., 2005.
10. Principals of Anatomy and Physiology. Harper Collins College Publishers, New York.
11. Vander, A.J., Sherman, J.H. and Luciano, D.S., Human Physiology. McGraw-Hill Publishing Co., USA.
12. Garg K., Bahel I. and Kaul M., A Textbook of Histology. CBS Publishers and Distributors, New Delhi.
13. Practical workbook of Human Physiology by K. Srinageswari and Rajeev Sharma, Jaypee Brother's medical publishers, New Delhi.

BP202T. PHARMACEUTICAL ORGANIC CHEMISTRY – I (Theory) 45 hours

Scope

This subject deals with classification and nomenclature of simple organic compounds, isomerism, intermediates formed in reactions, important physical properties, reactions and methods of preparation of these compounds. The syllabus also emphasizes on mechanisms and orientation of reactions.

Objectives

Upon completion of the course the student shall be able to

- Write the structure, name and the type of isomerism of the organic compound
- Write the reaction, name the reaction and orientation of reactions
- Account for reactivity/stability of compounds
- Identify/confirm the identification of organic compounds

COURSE CONTENT

Note:

1. **General methods of preparation (any 05) and reactions of class of compounds superscripted with asterisk (*) to be explained.**
2. **To emphasize on definition, types, classification, principles/mechanisms, applications, examples and differences.**

UNIT 1

Basic Principles of Organic Chemistry

Hybridization of atomic orbitals of carbon, nitrogen and oxygen to form molecular orbitals. Types of bonds, bond fission, intermolecular forces, inductive effect, steric effect, electromeric, mesomeric effect and resonance, hyperconjugation, concept of tautomerism. **04 hours**

UNIT II

Classification, Nomenclature and Isomerism

a) Classification of organic compounds

i. Compounds containing carbon and hydrogen atoms only : hydrocarbons (alkanes, alkenes alkynes, aromatic hydrocarbons, polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons, aryl-alkyl hydrocarbons, alicyclic hydrocarbons)
ii. Compounds containing carbon, hydrogen and oxygen atoms only (alcohols, phenols, ethers and epoxides, carbonyl compounds, carboxylic acids, esters, anhydrides)
iii. Compounds containing carbon, hydrogen and nitrogen atoms only
iv. (amines and imine, nitriles, hydrazines, nitro compounds)
v. Compounds containing carbon, hydrogen, and halogens with oxygen (alkyl halides, aryl halides, acyl halides)
vi. Compounds containing carbon, hydrogen, oxygen and nitrogen atoms only (amides , imides, aldoxime and ketoxime)
vii. Compounds containing carbon, hydrogen and sulphur with/without nitrogen, oxygen and halogen. Sulphonic acids, sulphonylhalides.
(At least five mono-functional examples of each class including aromatic

08 hours

and aliphatic compounds should be covered with their common names.)

b) Common and IUPAC systems of nomenclature of organic compounds
IUPAC nomenclature of all classes of compounds: nomenclature of mono-substituted and poly-substituted compounds should be covered.

c) Structural isomerism in organic compounds

UNIT-II

Alkanes*, Alkenes* and Conjugated dienes*

i. Halogenation of alkanes, uses of paraffins.
ii. Stabilities of alkenes, E1 and E2 reactions – kinetics, order of reactivity of alkyl halides, rearrangement of carbocations, Saytzeff's orientation, Hofmann orientation and evidences. Factors affecting E1 and E2 reactions.
iii. Chemical Reactions: Ozonolysis, electrophilic addition reactions of alkenes, Markownikoff's orientation, free radical addition reactions of alkenes, Anti Markownikoff's orientation
iv. Stability of conjugated dienes, Diel's-Alder, 1,2 and 1,4- electrophilic addition, free radical addition reactions of conjugated dienes, allylic rearrangement names.

10 hours

UNIT-III

a) Alkyl halides*

i. S_N1 and S_N2 reactions - kinetics, order of reactivity of alkyl halides, stereochemistry and rearrangement of carbocations. S_N1 versus S_N2 reactions, factors affecting S_N1 and S_N2 reactions.
ii. b.Structure and uses of ethylchloride, chloroform, trichloroethylene, dichloromethane, tetrachloromethane and iodoform.

08 hours

b) Alcohols* - Qualitative tests, structure and uses of ethyl alcohol, chlorobutanol, cetosteryl alcohol, benzyl alcohol, glycerol, and propylene glycol.

UNIT-IV

Carbonyl compounds* (Aldehydes and ketones)

i. Nucleophilic addition, Electromeric effect, Aldol condensation, Crossed Aldol condensation, Cannizzaro reaction, Crossed Cannizzaro reaction, Benzoin condensation, and Perkin condensation.
ii. Qualitative tests, structure and uses of formaldehyde, paraldehyde, acetone, chloral hydrate, benzaldehyde, vanillin, and cinnamaldehyde.

08 Hours

UNIT V

a) Carboxylic acids*

i. Acidity of carboxylic acids, effect of substituent/s on acidity, qualitative tests for carboxylic acids, amide and ester. Reactions of interconversion of carboxylic acids, amides and esters.
ii. Structure and uses of acetic acid, lactic acid, tartaric acid/s, citric acid, succinic acid, oxalic acid, salicylic acid, benzoic acid, benzyl benzoate, dimethyl phthalate, methyl salicylate and acetyl salicylic acid.

07 Hours

b) Aliphatic amines* - Basicity, effect of substituent on basicity, qualitative test, structure and uses of ethanolamine, ethylenediamine

BP208P. PHARMACEUTICAL ORGANIC CHEMISTRY – I (Practical)

4 Hours/Week

I. Safety measures in an organic laboratory. **1 turn**

II. Introduction to laboratory techniques: Calibration of thermometer, melting point, boiling point, distillation, and crystallization. **3 turns**

III. Systematic qualitative analysis of unknown organic compounds (min 05) **8 turns**

1. Preliminary test: color, odour, aliphatic/aromatic compounds, saturation and unsaturation, etc.
2. Detection of elements like nitrogen, sulphur and halogen by Lassaigne's test.
3. Solubility test
4. Functional group test like phenols, amides, carbohydrates, amines, carboxylic acids, aldehydes and ketones, alcohols, esters, aromatic and halogenated hydrocarbons, nitro compounds and anilides.
5. Melting point/Boiling point of organic compounds.
6. Identification of the unknown compound from the literature using melting point/ boiling point.

IV. Preparation of suitable solid derivatives from organic compounds **2 turns**

V. Building of molecular models of structures containing various functional groups **1 turns**

Recommended Books

1. Morrison, R. T. & Boyd, R. D., Textbook of Organic Chemistry, VI (ed.) ELBS, London, 1996
2. Pine, S. H, Organic Chemistry, V, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2007
3. Finar, I. L., Organic Chemistry Vol. I, V (ed.), ELBS, Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2003
4. Finar, I. L., Organic Chemistry Vol. II, V (ed.), ELBS, Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2003
5. Eliel, E. L., "Stereochemistry of Carbon Compounds", Wiley-Interscience, 1994.

BP203 T. BIOCHEMISTRY (Theory) 45 hours

Scope

Biochemistry deals with complete understanding of the molecular levels of the chemical process associated with living cells. The scope of the subject is to provide biochemical facts and the principles to understand metabolism of nutrient molecules in physiological and pathological conditions. It also emphasizes on genetic organization of mammalian genome, hetero and autocatalytic functions of DNA.

Objectives

Upon completion of course the students shall able to

- Understand the catalytic role of enzymes and importance of enzyme in biochemical process.
- Understand the metabolism of nutrient molecules in physiological and pathological conditions.
- Understand the genetic organization of mammalian genome and functions of DNA in the synthesis of RNAs and proteins.

COURSE CONTENT

UNIT –I

a) Biomolecules

Introduction, classification, chemical nature and biological role of carbohydrates, lipids, nucleic acids, amino acids and proteins.

b) Carbohydrate metabolism

i. Glycolysis – Pathway, energetics and significance.
ii. Citric acid cycle- Pathway, energetics and significance. **10 hours**
iii. HMP shunt and its significance; Glucose-6-Phosphate ehydrogenase (G6PD) deficiency.
iv. Glycogen metabolism Pathways and glycogen storage diseases (GSD).
v. Gluconeogenesis- Pathway and its significance.
vi. Hormonal regulation of blood glucose level and Diabetes mellitus.

UNIT-1I

a) Biological oxidation

i. Electron transport chain (ETC) and its mechanism.
ii. Oxidative phosphorylation & its mechanism and substrate level. Phosphorylation Inhibitor
iii. ETC and oxidative phosphorylation / uncouplers. **08 hours**

b) Bioenergetics

i. Concept of free energy, endergonic and exergonic reaction, relationship between free energy, enthalpy and entropy.
ii. Energy rich compounds; classification; biological significances of ATP and cyclic AMP.

UNIT-III **10 hours**

a) Lipid metabolism

i. β-Oxidation of saturated fatty acid (Palmitic acid).
ii. Formation and utilization of ketone bodies; ketoacidosis.
iii. *De novo* synthesis of fatty acids (Palmitic acid).

Biological significance of cholesterol and conversion of cholesterol into bile acids, steroid hormone and vitamin D.

Disorders of lipid metabolism: hypercholesterolemia, atherosclerosis, fatty liver and obesity.

b) Amino acid metabolism

i. General reactions of amino acid metabolism: Transamination, deamination & decarboxylation, urea cycle and its disorders.
ii. Catabolism of phenylalanine and tyrosine and their metabolic disorders (Phenyketonuria, alkaptonuria, tyrosinemia)
iii. Synthesis and significance of biological substances; 5-HT, melatonin, dopamine, noradrenaline, adrenaline
iv. Catabolism of heme; hyperbilirubinemia

UNIT-IV

Nucleic acid metabolism and genetic information transfer

i. Biosynthesis of purine and pyrimidine nucleotides.
ii. Catabolism of purine nucleotides and hyperuricemia and gout disease.
iii. Organization of mammalian genome. **10 hours**
iv. Structure of DNA and RNA and their functions.
v. DNA replication (semi conservative model)
vi. Transcription or RNA synthesis.
vii. Genetic code, Translation or Protein synthesis and inhibitors.

UNIT-V

Enzymes

i. Introduction, properties, nomenclature and IUB classification of enzymes.
ii. Enzyme kinetics (Michaelis plot, Line Weaver Burke plot).
iii. Enzyme inhibitors with examples. **07 hours**
iv. Regulation of enzymes: enzyme induction and repression, allosteric enzyme-regulation.
v. Therapeutic and diagnostic applications of enzymes and isoenzymes.
vi. Coenzymes–Structure and biochemical functions; Co-factors.

BP 209 P. BIOCHEMISTRY (Practical)

4 Hours / week

1.	Qualitative analysis of carbohydrates (Glucose, Fructose, Lactose, Maltose, Sucrose and Starch)	**3 turns**
2.	Identification tests for amino acids (any one aromatic and one aliphatic)	**1 turn**
3.	Identification tests for proteins (albumin and casein)	**1 turn**
4.	Qualitative analysis of urine for abnormal constituents (at least four abnormal constituents)	**2 turns**
5.	Determination of blood creatinine	**1 turn**
6.	Determination of blood sugar by Folin-Wu method/Glucose-oxidase method	**1 turn**
7.	Determination of serum total cholesterol.	**1 turn**
8.	Preparation of buffer solution and measurement of pH (any two).	**1 turn**
9.	Quantitative analysis of reducing sugars (DNSA method) and Proteins (Biuret method).	**1 turn**
10.	Determination of salivary amylase activity.	**1 turn**
11.	Study the effect of temperature on salivary amylase activity.	**1 turn**
12.	Study the effect of substrate concentration on salivary amylase activity.	**1 turn**

Recommended Books

1. David Nelson and Cox M. M., Lehninger's Principles of Biochemistry, 4/Ed., Palgrave Macmillon.
2. Robert K. Murry, Daryl K., Granner and Victor W. Rodwell, Harper's Biochemistry, 27/Ed, McGraw Hill.
3. Lubert Stryer, W.H., Freeman & Company, Biochemistry, New York
4. U. Satyanarayana & U. Chakrapani, Biochemistry, 3/Ed., Books & Allied (P) Ltd.
5. Rao, A. V. S. S. Rama Rao, Textbook of Biochemistry, first edition, UBS Publishers' Distributors Pvt. Ltd.
6. Deb, A. C. Viva & Practical Biochemistry, 3/Ed., New Central Book Agency (P) Ltd.
7. Conn Eric. E. and Stumpf, Paul K. et al., Outlines of Biochemistry, Wiley student edition.
8. Gupta R. C. and Bhargavan, S. Practical Biochemistry, 5/Ed, CBS publishers and distributors.
9. David T. Plummer, Introduction of Practical Biochemistry. 3/Ed, Tata McGraw-Hill Education Pvt. Ltd.
10. Rajagopal and Ramakrishna, Practical Biochemistry for Medical students, Orient BlackSwan (1983)
11. Harold Varley, Varley's Practical Clinical Biochemistry, 6/Ed., CBS Publishers, New Delhi.
12. David T. Plummer, Introduction to Practical Biochemistry, III (ed.), McGraw-Hill Publishing Co., New York, 1987.
13. Alan H. Gowenlock, Varley's Practical Clinical Biochemistry, VI (ed.), Butterworth-Heinemann Ltd., UK & CBS Publication, New Delhi, 2002.

BP 204T. PATHOPHYSIOLOGY (THEORY) 45Hours

Scope: Pathophysiology is the study of causes of diseases and reactions of the body to such disease producing causes.This course is designed to impart a thorough knowledge of the relevant aspects of pathology of various conditions with reference to its pharmacological applications, and understanding of basic pathophysiological mechanisms. Hence it will not only help to study the syllabus of pathology, but also to get baseline knowledge required to practice medicine safely, confidently, rationally and effectively. Pharmacotherapy of drugs is particularly not to be considered as a part of this subject from examination point of view as the subject deals with pathophysiological aspects of the diseases.

Objectives: Upon completion of the subject, student shall be able to –

1. Describe the etiology and pathogenesis of the selected diseasestates;
2. Name the signs and symptoms of the diseases

Unit-I **Basic principles of Cell injury and Adaptation** **10 Hrs**

Introduction& definitions

Causes of cellular injury**,**Pathogenesis (Cellmembrane damage, Mitochondrial damage, Ribosome damage, Nuclear damage)**,**

Morphology of cell injury – Adaptive changes(Atrophy, Hypertrophy, Hyperplasia, Metaplasia, Dysplasia)**,**Cellswelling, Intracellular accumulation, Calcification, Enzyme leakageand cell death, acidosis and alkalosis, Electrolyte imbalance

Basic mechanism involved in the process of inflammation andrepair

Introduction, Clinical signs of inflammation, Different types of Inflammation,Mechanism of Inflammation – Alteration in vascular permeability and blood flow, migration of WBC's,Mediators of inflammation,Basic principles of wound healing in the skin

Unit -II. **CardiovascularSystem:** **10 Hrs**

Hypertension, Congestive heart failure, Ischemic heart diseases (angina,myocardial infarction, atherosclerosis and arteriosclerosis)

Respiratory system:

Asthma, Chronic obstructive airwaysdiseases

Renal system:

Acute and chronicrenalfailure

Unit-III **HaematologicalDiseases:** **12 Hrs**

Iron deficiencyanaemia, Megaloblasticanaemia (Vit B12 and folic acid), Sickle cell anemia, Thalassemia, Hereditary acquired anemia, Hemophilia

Endocrine system:

Diabetes, Thyroid diseases(Hypothyroidism, hyperthyroidism, Goitre)Disorders of sexhormones(Amenorrhoea, polycystic ovarian syndrome, hypogonadism)

Nervous system:

	Epilepsy, Parkinson's disease, Stroke, Psychiatricdisorders: Depression, Schizophrenia and Alzheimer'sdisease **Gastrointestinal system:** PepticUlcer, Inflammatory Bowel Diseases, Jaundice, Hepatitis (A,B,C,D,E,F), Alcoholicliver disease	
Unit-IV	**Diseases of bones and joints** Rheumatoid Arthritis,Osteoporosis,Gout **Cancer:**Classification, etiology and pathogenesis ofcancer	**06 Hrs**
Unit-V	**Infectiousdiseases** Tuberculosis, Leprosy, Malaria, Dengue, Meningitis,Typhoid, Urinary tractinfections **Sexually transmitted diseases** AIDS, Syphilis,Gonorrhea	**07 Hrs**

REFERENCES:

1. Vinay Kumar, Abul K. Abas, Jon C. Aster; Robbins &Cotran Pathologic Basis of Disease; South Asia edition; India; Elsevier;2014.
2. Harsh Mohan; Text book of Pathology; 6th edition; India; Jaypee Publications;2010.
3. Laurence B, Bruce C, Bjorn K. ; Goodman Gilman's The Pharmacological Basis of Therapeutics; 12th edition; New York; McGraw-Hill;2011.
4. Best, Charles Herbert 1899-1978; Taylor, Norman Burke 1885-1972; West, John B (John Burnard); Best and Taylor's Physiological basis of medical practice; 12th ed; unitedstates.
5. William and Wilkins, Baltimore;1991 [1990printing].
6. Nicki R. Colledge, Brian R. Walker, Stuart H. Ralston;Davidson's Principles andPractice of Medicine; 21st edition; London; ELBS/Churchill Livingstone;2010.
7. Guyton A, John .E Hall; Textbook of Medical Physiology; 12th edition; WB Saunders Company;2010.
8. Joseph DiPiro, Robert L. Talbert, Gary Yee, Barbara Wells, L. Michael Posey; Pharmacotherapy: A Pathophysiological Approach; 9th edition; London; McGraw-Hill Medical; 2014.
9. V. Kumar, R. S. Cotran and S. L. Robbins; Basic Pathology; 6th edition; Philadelphia; WB Saunders Company;1997.
10. Roger Walker, Clive Edwards; Clinical Pharmacy and Therapeutics; 3rd edition; London; Churchill Livingstone publication;2003.

Recommended Journals

1. The Journal of Pathology. ISSN: 1096-9896(Online)
2. The American Journal of Pathology. ISSN:0002-9440
3. Pathology. 1465-3931 (Online)
4. International Journal of Physiology, Pathophysiology and Pharmacology. ISSN: 1944-8171 (Online)
5. Indian Journal of Pathology and Microbiology.ISSN-0377-4929.

BP205 T. COMPUTER APPLICATIONS IN PHARMACY (Theory) 30 Hrs

Scope: This subject deals with the introduction Database, Database Management system, computer application in clinical studies and use of databases.

Objectives: Upon completion of the course the student shall be able to

1. know the various types of application of computers in pharmacy
2. know the various types of databases
3. know the various applications of databases in pharmacy

COURSE CONTENT

UNIT – I

Number system: Binary number system, Decimal number system, Octal number system, Hexadecimal number systems, conversion decimal to binary, binary to decimal, octal to binary etc, binary addition, binary subtraction – One's complement ,Two's complement method, binary multiplication, binary division **06 hours**

Concept of Information Systems and Software : Information gathering, requirement and feasibility analysis, data flow diagrams, process specifications, input/output design, process life cycle, planning and managing the project

UNIT –II

Web technologies:Introduction to HTML, XML,CSS and Programming languages, introduction to web servers and Server Products Introduction to databases, MYSQL, MS ACCESS, Pharmacy Drug database **06 hours**

UNIT – III

Application of computers in Pharmacy – Drug information storage and retrieval, Pharmacokinetics, Mathematical model in Drug design, Hospital and Clinical Pharmacy, Electronic Prescribing and discharge (EP) systems, barcode medicine identification and automated dispensing of drugs, mobile technology and adherence monitoring Diagnostic System, Lab-diagnostic System, Patient Monitoring System, Pharma Information System **06 hours**

UNIT – IV

Bioinformatics: Introduction, Objective of Bioinformatics, Bioinformatics Databases, Concept of Bioinformatics, Impact of Bioinformatics in Vaccine Discovery. **06 hours**

UNIT-V

Computers as data analysis in Preclinical development: Chromatographic dada analysis(CDS), Laboratory Information management System (LIMS) and Text Information Management System(TIMS) **06 hours**

BP210P. COMPUTER APPLICATIONS IN PHARMACY (Practical)

1. Design a questionnaire using a word processing package to gather information about a particular disease.
2. Create a HTML web page to show personal information.
3 Retrieve the information of a drug and its adverse effects using online tools
4 Creating mailing labels Using Label Wizard , generating label in MS WORD
5 Create a database in MS Access to store the patient information with the required fields Using access
6. Design a form in MS Access to view, add, delete and modify the patient record in the database
7. Generating report and printing the report from patient database
8. Creating invoice table using – MS Access
9. Drug information storage and retrieval using MS Access
10. Creating and working with queries in MS Access
11. Exporting Tables, Queries, Forms and Reports to web pages
12. Exporting Tables, Queries, Forms and Reports to XML pages

Recommended books :

1. Computer Application in Pharmacy – William E.Fassett –Lea and Febiger, 600 South Washington Square, USA, (215) 922-1330.
2. Computer Application in Pharmaceutical Research and Development –Sean Ekins – Wiley-Interscience, A John Willey and Sons, INC., Publication, USA
3. Bioinformatics (Concept, Skills and Applications) – S.C.Rastogi-CBS Publishers and Distributors, 4596/1- A, 11 Darya Gani, New Delhi – 110 002(INDIA)
4. Microsoft office Access - 2003, Application Development Using VBA, SQL Server, DAP and Infopath – Cary N.Prague – Wiley Dreamtech India (P) Ltd., 4435/7, Ansari Road, Daryagani, New Delhi – 110002

BP 206 T. ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCES (Theory) 30 hours

Scope: Environmental Sciences is the scientific study of the environmental system and the status of its inherent or induced changes on organisms. It includes not only the study of physical and biological characters of the environment but also the social and cultural factors and the impact of man on environment.

Objectives: Upon completion of the course the student shall be able to**:**

1. Create the awareness about environmental problems among learners.
2. Impart basic knowledge about the environment and its allied problems.
3. Develop an attitude of concern for the environment.
4. Motivate learner to participate in environment protection and environment improvement.
5. Acquire skills to help the concerned individuals in identifying and solving environmental problems.
6. Strive to attain harmony with Nature.

COURSE CONTENT

Unit-I

The Multidisciplinary nature of environmental studies Natural Resources Renewable and non-renewable resources:

10hours

Natural resources and associated problems

a) Forest resources; b) Water resources; c) Mineral resources; d) Food resources; e) Energy resources; f) Land resources: Role of an individual in conservation of natural resources

Unit-II

Ecosystems

- Concept of an ecosystem.
- Structure and function of an ecosystem.

10hours

- Introduction, types, characteristic features, structure and function of the ecosystems: Forest ecosystem; Grassland ecosystem; Desert ecosystem; Aquatic ecosystems (ponds, streams, lakes, rivers, oceans, estuaries)

Unit- III

10 hours

Environmental Pollution: Air pollution; Water pollution; Soil pollution

Recommended Books:

1. Y.K. Sing, Environmental Science, New Age International Pvt, Publishers, Bangalore
2. Agarwal, K.C. 2001 Environmental Biology, Nidi Publ. Ltd. Bikaner.
3. Bharucha Erach, The Biodiversity of India, Mapin Pu blishing Pvt. Ltd., Ahmedabad – 380 013, India,
4. Brunner R.C., 1989, Hazardous Waste Incineration, McGraw Hill Inc. 480p
5. Clark R.S., Marine Pollution, Clanderson Press Oxford
6. Cunningham, W.P. Cooper, T.H. Gorhani, E & Hepworth, M.T. 2001, Environmental Encyclopedia, Jaico Publ. House, Mumbai, 1196p
7. De A.K., Environmental Chemistry, Wiley Eastern Ltd.
8. Down of Earth, Centre for Science and Environment

SAVITRIBAI PHULE PUNE UNIVERSITY

FACULTY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

RULES & SYLLABUS

FIRST YEAR MASTER OF PHARMACY (M. Pharm.) COURSE
(EFFECTIVE FROM ACADEMIC YEAR 2019-2020)

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CHAPTER - I : REGULATIONS

1. Short Title and Commencement

These regulations shall be called as "The Revised Regulations for the Master of Pharmacy (M. Pharm.)Degree Program – Credit Based Semester System (CBSS) of the Pharmacy Council of India, New Delhi". They shall come into effect from the Academic Year 2016–17. The regulations framed are subject to modifications from time to time by the authorities of theuniversity.

2. Minimum qualification for admission

A. Pass in the following examinations -

a) Pharm Degree examination of an Indian university established by law in India from an institution approved by Pharmacy Council of India and has scored not less than 55 % of the maximum marks (aggregate of 4 years of B.Pharm.)

b) Every student, selected for admission to post graduate pharmacy program in any PCI approved institution should have obtained registration with the State Pharmacy Council or should obtain the same within one month from the date of his/her admission, failing which the admission of the candidate shall be cancelled.

Note: It is mandatory to submit a migration certificate obtained from the respective university where the candidate had passed his/her qualifying degree (B.Pharm.)

3. Duration of the program

The program of study for M.Pharm. shall extend over a period of four semesters (two academic years). The curricula and syllabi for the program shall be prescribed from time to time by Phamacy Council of India, New Delhi.

4. Medium of instruction and examinations

Medium of instruction and examination shall be in English.

5. Working days in each semester

Each semester shall consist of not less than 100 working days. The odd semesters shall be conducted from the month of June/July to November/December and the even semesters shall be conducted from the month of December/January to May/June in every calendar year.

6. Attendance and progress

A candidate is required to put in at least 80% attendance in individual courses considering theory and practical separately. The candidate shall complete the prescribed course satisfactorily to be eligible to appear for the respective examinations.

7. Program / Course credit structure

As per the philosophy of Credit Based Semester System, certain quantum of academic work viz. theory classes, practical classes, seminars, assignments, etc. are measured in terms of credits. On satisfactory completion of the courses, a candidate earns credits. The amount of credit associated with a course is dependent upon the number of hours of instruction per week in that course. Similarly the credit associated with any of the other academic, co/extra– curricular activities is dependent upon the quantum of work expected to be put in for each of these activities per week / per activity.

7.1 Credit assignment

Theory and Laboratory courses

Courses are broadly classified as Theory and Practical. Theory courses consist of lecture (L) and Practical (P) courses consist of hours spent in the laboratory. Credits (C) for a course is dependent on the number of hours of instruction per week in that course, and is obtained by using a multiplier of one (1) for lecture and a multiplier of half (1/2) for practical (laboratory) hours.Thus, for example, a theory course having four lectures per week throughout the semester carries a credit of 4. Similarly, a practical having four laboratory hours per week throughout semester carries a credit of 2.

The contact hours of seminars, assignments and research work shall be treated as that of practical courses for the purpose of calculating credits. i.e., the contact hours shall be multiplied by 1/2. Similarly, the contact hours of journal club, research work presentations and discussions with the supervisor shall be considered as theory course and multiplied by 1.

Minimum credit requirements

The minimum credit points required for the award of M. Pharm. degree is 95. However based on the credit points earned by the students under the head of co–curricular activities, a student shall earn a maximum of 100 credit points. These credits are divided into Theory courses, Practical, Seminars, Assignments, Research work, Discussions with the supervisor, Journal club and Co–Curricular activities over the duration of four semesters. The credits are distributed semester–wise as shown in Table 14. Courses generally progress in sequence, building competencies and their positioning indicates certain academic maturity on the part of the learners. Learners are expected to follow the semester–wise schedule of courses given in the syllabus.

8. Academic work

A regular record of attendance both in Theory, Practical, Seminar and Assignment and Journal club, Discussion with the supervisor, Research work presentation and Dissertation shall be maintained by the department / teaching staff of respective courses.

9. Course of study

The specializations in M.Pharm program is given in Table 1.

Table – 1: List of M.Pharm. Specializations and their Code

Sr. No.	Specialization	Code
1.	Pharmaceutics	MPH
2.	Industrial Pharmacy	MIP
3.	Pharmaceutical Chemistry	MPC
4.	Pharmaceutical Analysis	MPA
5.	Pharmaceutical Quality Assurance	MQA
6.	Pharmaceutical Regulatory Affairs	MRA
7.	Pharmaceutical Biotechnology	MPB
8.	Pharmacy Practice	MPP
9.	Pharmacology	MPL
10.	Pharmacognosy	MPG

The course of study for M.Pharm specializations shall include Semester wise Theory & Practical as given in Table - 2 to 11. The number of hours to be devoted to each theory and practical course in any semester shall not be less than that shown in Table - 2 to 11.

Table - 2: Course of study for M. Pharm. (Pharmaceutics)

Course Code	Course	Credit Hours	Credit Points	Hrs./wk	Marks
SEMESTER I					
MPAT101T	Modern Pharmaceutical Analytical Techniques	4	4	4	100
MPH102T	Drug Delivery System	4	4	4	100
MPH103T	Modern Pharmaceutics	4	4	4	100
MPH104T	Regulatory Affair	4	4	4	100
MPH105P	Pharmaceutics Practical I	12	6	12	150
-	Seminar/Assignment	7	4	7	100
	Total	**35**	**26**	**35**	**650**
SEMESTER II					
MPH201T	Molecular Pharmaceutics (Nano Tech and Targeted DDS)	4	4	4	100
MPH202T	Advanced Biopharmaceutics & Pharmacokinetics	4	4	4	100
MPH203T	Computer Aided Drug Development	4	4	4	100
MPH204T	Cosmetic & Cosmeceuticals	4	4	4	100
MPH205P	Pharmaceutics Practical II	12	6	12	150
-	Seminar/Assignment	7	4	7	100
	Total	**35**	**26**	**35**	**650**

Table - 3: Course of study for M. Pharm. (Industrial Pharmacy)

Course Code	Course	Credit Hours	Credit Points	Hrs./wk	Marks
SEMESTER I					
MPAT101T	Modern Pharmaceutical Analytical Techniques	4	4	4	100
MIP102T	Pharmaceutical Formulation Development	4	4	4	100
MIP103T	Novel drug delivery systems	4	4	4	100
MIP104T	Intellectual Property Rights	4	4	4	100
MIP105P	Industrial Pharmacy Practical I	12	6	12	150
-	Seminar/Assignment	7	4	7	100
	Total	**35**	**26**	**35**	**650**
SEMESTER II					
MIP201T	Advanced Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics	4	4	4	100
MIP202T	Scale up and Technology Transfer	4	4	4	100
MIP203T	Pharmaceutical Production Technology	4	4	4	100
MIP204T	Entrepreneurship Management	4	4	4	100
MIP205P	Industrial Pharmacy Practical II	12	6	12	150
-	Seminar/Assignment	7	4	7	100
	Total	**35**	**26**	**35**	**650**

Table - 4: Course of study for M. Pharm. (Pharmaceutical Chemistry)

Course Code	Course	Credit Hours	Credit Points	Hrs./wk	Marks
SEMESTER I					
MPAT101T	Modern Pharmaceutical Analytical Techniques	4	4	4	100
MPC1012T	Advanced Organic Chemistry – I	4	4	4	100
MPC103T	Advanced Medicinal Chemistry	4	4	4	100
MPC104T	Chemistry of Natural Products	4	4	4	100
MPC105P	Pharmaceutical Chemistry Practical I	12	6	12	150
-	Seminar / Assignment	7	4	7	100
	Total	**35**	**26**	**35**	**650**
SEMESTER II					
MPC201T	Advanced Spectral Analysis	4	4	4	100
MPC202T	Advanced Organic Chemistry –II	4	4	4	100
MPC203T	Computer Aided Drug Design	4	4	4	100
MPC204T	Pharmaceutical Process Chemistry	4	4	4	100
MPC205P	Pharmaceutical Chemistry Practical II	12	6	12	150
-	Seminar / Assignment	7	4	7	100
	Total	**35**	**26**	**35**	**650**

Table - 5: Course of study for M. Pharm. (Pharmaceutical Analysis)

Course Code	Course	Credit Hours	Credit Points	Hrs./wk	Marks
SEMESTER I					
MPAT101T	Modern Pharmaceutical Analytical Techniques	4	4	4	100
MPA102T	Advanced Pharmaceutical Analysis	4	4	4	100
MPA103T	Pharmaceutical Validation	4	4	4	100
MPA104T	Food Analysis	4	4	4	100
MPA105P	Pharmaceutical Analysis Practical I	12	6	12	150
-	Seminar/Assignment	7	4	7	100
	Total	**35**	**26**	**35**	**650**
SEMESTER II					
MPA201T	Advanced Instrumental Analysis	4	4	4	100
MPA202T	Modern Bio–Analytical Techniques	4	4	4	100
MPA203T	Quality Control and Quality Assurance	4	4	4	100
MPA204T	Herbal and Cosmetic Analysis	4	4	4	100
MPA205P	Pharmaceutical Analysis Practical II	12	6	12	150
-	Seminar/Assignment	7	4	7	100
	Total	**35**	**26**	**35**	**650**

Table - 6: Course of study for M. Pharm. (Pharmaceutical Quality Assurance)

Course Code	Course	Credit Hours	Credit Points	Hrs./wk	Marks
SEMESTER I					
MPAT101T	Modern Pharmaceutical Analytical Techniques	4	4	4	100
MQA102T	Quality Management System	4	4	4	100
MQA103T	Quality Control and Quality Assurance	4	4	4	100
MQA104T	Product Development and Technology Transfer	4	4	4	100
MQA105P	Pharmaceutical Quality Assurance Practical I	12	6	12	150
-	Seminar/Assignment	7	4	7	100
	Total	**35**	**26**	**35**	**650**
SEMESTER II					
MQA201T	Hazards and Safety Management	4	4	4	100
MQA202T	Pharmaceutical Validation	4	4	4	100
MQA203T	Audits and Regulatory Compliance	4	4	4	100
MQA204T	Pharmaceutical Manufacturing Technology	4	4	4	100
MQA205P	Pharmaceutical Quality Assurance Practical II	12	6	12	150
-	Seminar/Assignment	7	4	7	100
	Total	**35**	**26**	**35**	**650**

Table - 7: Course of study for M. Pharm. (Regulatory Affairs)

Course Code	Course	Credit Hours	Credit Points	Hrs./ wk	Marks
SEMESTER I					
MRA101T	Good Regulatory Practices	4	4	4	100
MRA102T	Documentation and Regulatory Writing	4	4	4	100
MRA103T	Clinical Research Regulations	4	4	4	100
MRA 104T	Regulations and Legislation for Drugs & Cosmetics, Medical Devices, Biologicals & Herbals, and Food & Nutraceuticals In India and Intellectual Property Rights	4	4	4	100
MRA105P	Regulatory Affairs Practical I	12	6	12	150
-	Seminar/Assignment	7	4	7	100
	Total	**35**	**26**	**35**	**650**
SEMESTER II					
MRA201T	Regulatory Aspects of Drugs & Cosmetics	4	4	4	100
MRA202T	Regulatory Aspects of Herbal & Biologicals	4	4	4	100
MRA203T	Regulatory Aspects of Medical Devices	4	4	4	100
MRA204T	Regulatory Aspects of Food & Nutraceuticals	4	4	4	100
MRA205P	Regulatory Affairs Practical II	12	6	12	150
-	Seminar/Assignment	7	4	7	100
	Total	**35**	**26**	**35**	**650**

Table - 8: Course of study for M. Pharm. (Pharmaceutical Biotechnology)

Course Code	Course	Credit Hours	Credit Points	Hrs./w k	Marks
SEMESTER I					
MPAT101T	Modern Pharmaceutical Analytical Techniques	4	4	4	100
MPB 102T	Microbial And Cellular Biology	4	4	4	100
MPB 103T	Bioprocess Engineering and Technology	4	4	4	100
MPB 104T	Advanced Pharmaceutical Biotechnology	4	4	4	100
MPB 105P	Pharmaceutical Biotechnology Practical I	12	6	12	150
-	Seminar/Assignment	7	4	7	100
	Total	**35**	**26**	**35**	**650**
SEMESTER II					
MPB 201T	Proteins and protein Formulation	4	4	4	100
MPB 202T	Immunotechnology	4	4	4	100
MPB 203T	Bioinformaticsand Computer Technology	4	4	4	100
MPB 204T	Biological Evaluation of Drug Therapy	4	4	4	100
MPB 205P	Pharmaceutical Biotechnology Practical II	12	6	12	150
-	Seminar/Assignment	7	4	7	100
	Total	**35**	**26**	**35**	**650**

Table - 9: Course of study for M. Pharm. (Pharmacy Practice)

Course Code	Course	Credit Hours	Credit Points	Hrs./wk	Marks
SEMESTER I					
MPP 101T	Clinical Pharmacy Practice	4	4	4	100
MPP 102T	Pharmacotherapeutics–I	4	4	4	100
MPP 103T	Hospital & Community Pharmacy	4	4	4	100
MPP 104T	Clinical Research	4	4	4	100
MPP 105P	Pharmacy Practice Practical I	12	6	12	150
-	Seminar / Assignment	7	4	7	100
	Total	**35**	**26**	**35**	**650**
SEMESTER II					
MPP 201T	Principles of Quality Use of Medicines	4	4	4	100
MPP 102T	Pharmacotherapeutics II	4	4	4	100
MPP 203T	Clinical Pharmacokinetics and Therapeutic Drug Monitoring	4	4	4	100
MPP 204T	Pharmacoepidemiology & Pharmacoeconomics	4	4	4	100
MPP 205P	Pharmacy Practice Practical II	12	6	12	150
-	Seminar/Assignment	7	4	7	100
	Total	**35**	**26**	**35**	**650**

Table - 10: Course of study for (Pharmacology)

Course Code	Course	Credit Hours	Credit Points	Hrs./wk	Marks
SEMESTER I					
MPAT101T	Modern Pharmaceutical Analytical Techniques	4	4	4	100
MPL102T	Advanced Pharmacology - I	4	4	4	100
MPL 103T	Pharmacological and Toxicological Screening Methods–I	4	4	4	100
MPL104T	Cellular and Molecular Pharmacology	4	4	4	100
MPL105P	Pharmacology Practical I	12	6	12	150
-	Seminar/Assignment	7	4	7	100
	Total	**35**	**26**	**35**	**650**
SEMESTER II					
MPL201T	Advanced Pharmacology II	4	4	4	100
MPL 202T	Pharmacological and Toxicological Screening Methods–II	4	4	4	100
MPL203T	Principles of Drug Discovery	4	4	4	100
MPL204T	Clinical Research and Pharmacovigilance	4	4	4	100
MPL205P	Pharmacology Practical II	12	6	12	150
-	Seminar/Assignment	7	4	7	100
	Total	**35**	**26**	**35**	**650**

Table - 11: Course of study for M. Pharm. (Pharmacognosy)

Course Code	Course	Credit Hours	Credit Points	Hrs./wk	Marks
SEMESTER I					
MPAT101T	Modern Pharmaceutical Analytical Techniques	4	4	4	100
MPG102T	Advanced Pharmacognosy–1	4	4	4	100
MPG103T	Phytochemistry	4	4	4	100
MPG104T	Industrial Pharmacognostical Technology	4	4	4	100
MPG105P	Pharmacognosy Practical I	12	6	12	150
-	Seminar/Assignment	7	4	7	100
	Total	**35**	**26**	**35**	**650**
SEMESTER II					
MPG201T	Medicinal Plant biotechnology	4	4	4	100
MPG102T	Advanced Pharmacognosy – II	4	4	4	100
MPG203T	Indian system of medicine	4	4	4	100
MPG204T	Herbal cosmetics	4	4	4	100
MPG205P	Pharmacognosy Practical II	12	6	12	150
-	Seminar/Assignment	7	4	7	100
	Total	**35**	**26**	**35**	**650**

Table - 12: Course of study for M. Pharm. III Semester (Common for All Specializations)

Course Code	Course	Credit Hours	Credit Points
MRM 301T	Research Methodology and Biostatistics*	4	4
-	Journal club	1	1
-	Discussion / Presentation (Proposal Presentation)	2	2
-	Research Work	28	14
	Total	**35**	**21**

** Non University Exam*

Table - 13: Course of study for M. Pharm. IV Semester (Common for All Specializations)

Course Code	Course	Credit Hours	Credit Points
-	Journal Club	1	1
-	Research Work	31	16
-	Discussion/Final Presentation	3	3
	Total	**35**	**20**

Table - 14: Semester wise credits distribution

Semester	Credit Points
I	26
II	26
III	21
IV	20
Co-curricular Activities (Attending Conference, Scientific Presentations and Other Scholarly Activities)	Minimum=02 Maximum=07*
Total Credit Points	Minimum=95 Maximum=100*

**Credit Points for Co–curricular Activities*

Table – 15 : Guidelines for Awarding Credit Points for Co-curricualr Activities

Name of the Activity	Maximum Credit Points Eligible / Activity
Participation in National Level Seminar/Conference/Workshop/Symposium/ Training Programs (related to the specialization of the student)	01
Participation in international Level Seminar/Conference/Workshop/Symposium/ Training Programs (related to the specialization of the student)	02
Academic Award/Research Award from State Level/National Agencies	01
Academic Award/Research Award from International Agencies	02
Research / Review Publication in National Journals (Indexed in Scopus / Web of Science)	01
Research / Review Publication in International Journals (Indexed in Scopus / Web of Science)	02

Note: International Conference: Held outside India
International Journal: The Editorial Board outside India

*The credit points assigned for extracurricular and or co–curricular activities shall be given by the Principals of the colleges and the same shall be submitted to the University. The criteria to acquire this credit point shall be defined by the colleges from time to time.

10. Program Committee

1. The M. Pharm. programme shall have a Programme Committee constituted by the Head of the institution in consultation with all the Heads of the departments.

2. The composition of the Programme Committee shall be as follows:
   A teacher at the cadre of Professor shall be the Chairperson; One Teacher from eachM.Pharm specialization and four student representatives (two from each academic year), nominated by the Head of the institution.

3. Duties of the Programme Committee:
   i. Periodically reviewing the progress of the classes.
   ii. Discussing the problems concerning curriculum, syllabus and the conduct of classes.
   iii. Discussing with the course teachers on the nature and scope of assessment for the course and the same shall be announced to the students at the beginning of respective semesters.
   iv. Communicating its recommendation to the Head of the institution on academic matters.
   v. The Programme Committee shall meet at least twice in a semester preferably at the end of each sessionalexam and before the end semester exam.

11. Examinations/Assessments

The schemes for internal assessment and end semester examinations are given in Table - 16.

11.1 End semester examinations

The End Semester Examinations for each theory and practical coursethrough semesters I to IVshall be conducted by the respective university except for the subject with asterix symbol (*) in table I and II for which examinations shall be conducted by the subject experts at college level and the marks/grades shall be submitted to the university.

Question paper pattern for end semester theory examination

I.	Long answer questions (solve 1 out of 2)	1 X 15=15
II.	Medium Length answers (Solve 2 out of 4)	2 X 7.5=15
III.	Short answer questions (solve 3 out of 5)	3 X 5=15
IV.	Long answer questions (solve 1 out of 2)	1 X 15=15
V.	Short notes (Solve 3 out of 5)	3 X5= 15
		Total Marks= 75

Question paper pattern for end semester practical examination

I.	Synopsis	15
II.	Experiment(s)	70
III.	Viva voce	15
		Total Marks = 100

Tables - 16 : Schemes for internal assessments and end semester (Pharmaceutics - MPH)

Course Code	Course	Internal Assessment				End Semester Exams		Total Marks
		Continuous Mode	Sessional Exams		Total	Marks	Duration	
			Marks	Duration				
SEMESTER I								
MPAT101T	Modern Pharmaceutical Analytical Techniques	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPH 102T	Drug Delivery System	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPH 103T	Modern Pharmaceutics	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPH104T	Regulatory Affair	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPH105P	Pharmaceutics Practical I	20	30	6 Hrs	50	100	6 Hrs	150
-	Seminar /Assignment	-	-	-	-	-	-	100
							Total	**650**
SEMESTER II								
MPH 201T	Molecular Pharmaceutics(Nano Tech and Targeted DDS)	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPH 202T	Advanced Biopharmaceutics & PharmacoKinetics	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPH 203T	Computer Aided Drug Development	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPH204T	Cosmetic and Cosmeceuticals	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPH205P	Pharmaceutics Practical II	20	30	6 Hrs	50	100	6 Hrs	150
-	Seminar Assignment	-	-	-	-	-	-	100
							Total	**650**

Tables - 17 : Schemes for internal assessments and end semester (Industrial Pharmacy–MIP)

Course Code	Course	Internal Assessment				End Se. Exams		Total Marks
		Continuous Mode	Sessional Exams		Total	Marks	Duration	
			Marks	Duration				
SEMESTER I								
MPAT101T	Modern Pharmaceutical Analytical Techniques	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3Hrs	100
MIP102T	Pharmaceutical Formulation Development	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3Hrs	100
MIP103T	Novel drug delivery systems	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3Hrs	100
MIP104T	Intellectual Property Rights	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3Hrs	100
MIP105P	Industrial Pharmacy Practical I	20	30	6 Hrs	50	100	6Hrs	150
-	Seminar /Assignment	-	-	-	-	-	-	100
							Total	**650**
SEMESTER II								
MIP201T	Advanced Biopharmaceu ticsand Pharmacokine tics	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3Hrs	100
MIP202T	Scale up and Technology Transfer	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3Hrs	100
MIP203T	Pharmaceutic al Production Technology	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3Hrs	100
MIP204T	Entrepreneurs hip Management	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3Hrs	100
MIP205P	Industrial Pharmacy Practical II	20	30	6 Hrs	50	100	6Hrs	150
-	Seminar /Assignment	-	-	-	-	-	-	100
							Total	**650**

Tables - 18 : Schemes for internal assessments and end semester (Pharmaceutical Chemistry–MPC)

Course Code	Course	Internal Assessment				End Semester Exams		Total Mark
		Continuous Mode	Sessional Exams		Total	Marks	Duration	
			Marks	Duration				
SEMESTER I								
MPAT101T	Modern Pharmaceutical Analytical Techniques	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3Hrs	100
MPC102T	Advanced Organic Chemistry –I	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3Hrs	100
MPC103T	Advanced Medicinal chemistry	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3Hrs	100
MPC104T	Chemistry of Natural Products	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3Hrs	100
MPC105P	Pharmaceutic al Chemistry Practical I	20	30	6 Hrs	50	100	6Hrs	150
-	Seminar /Assignment	-	-	-	-	-	-	100
							Total	**650**
SEMESTER II								
MPC201T	Advanced Spectral Analysis	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPC202T	Advanced Organic Chemistry –II	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPC203T	Computer AidedDrug Design	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPC204T	Pharmaceutic alProcess Chemistry	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPC205P	Pharmaceutic alChemistry Practical II	20	30	6 Hrs	50	100	6 Hrs	150
-	Seminar /Assignment	-	-	-	-	-	-	100
							Total	**650**

Tables - 19: Schemes for internal assessments and end semester examinations (Pharmaceutical Analysis–MPA)

Course Code	Course	Internal Assessment				End Semester Exams			Total Marks
		Continuous Mode	Sessional Exams		Total	Marks	Dura tion		
			Marks	Duration					
SEMESTER I									
MPAT101T	Modern Pharmaceuti cal Analysis Techniques	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs		100
MPA102T	Advanced Pharmaceuti cal Analysis	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs		100
MPA103T	Pharmaceuti cal Validation	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs		100
MPA104T	Food Analysis	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs		100
MPA105P	Pharmaceuti cal Analysis Practical–I	20	30	6 Hrs	50	100	6 Hrs		150
-	Seminar /Assignment	-	-	-	-	-	-		100
								Total	**650**
SEMESTER II									
MPA201T	Advanced Instrumental Analysis	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs		100
MPA202T	Modern Bio–Analytical Techniques	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs		100
MPA203T	Quality Control and Quality Assurance	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs		100
MPA204T	Herbal and Cosmetic analysis	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs		100
MPA205P	Pharmaceuti cal Analysis Practical– II	20	30	6 Hrs	50	100	6 Hrs		150
-	Seminar /Assignment	-	-	-	-	-	-		100
								Total	**650**

Tables - 20: Schemes for internal assessments and end semester examinations (Pharmaceutical Quality Assurance–MQA)

Course Code	Course	Internal Assessment				End Semester Exams		Total Marks
		Continuous	Sessional Exams		Total	Marks	Duration	
		Mode	Marks	Duration				
SEMESTER I								
MPAT101T	Modern Pharmaceutical Analytical Techniques	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MQA102T	Quality Management System	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MQA103T	Quality Control and Quality Assurance	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MQA1 04T	Product Developmentand Technology Transfer	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MQA1 05P	Pharmaceutical Quality Assurance Practical I	20	30	6 Hrs	50	100	6 Hrs	150
-	Seminar /Assignment	-	-	-	-	-	-	100
							Total	**650**
SEMESTER II								
MQA201T	Hazards and Safety Management	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MQA202T	Pharmaceutical Validation	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MQA2 03T	Auditsand Regulatory Compliance	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MQA2 04T	Pharmaceutical Manufacturing Technology	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MQA2 05P	Pharmaceutical QualityAssurance Practical II	20	30	6 Hrs	50	100	6 Hrs	150
-	Seminar /Assignment	-	-	-	-	-	-	100
							Total	**650**

Tables - 21: Schemes for internal assessments and end semester examinations (Pharmaceutical Regulatory Affairs–MRA)

Course Code	Course	Internal Assessment				End Semester Exams		
		Continuo Sessional Exams			Total	Marks	Duration	Total Marks
		Continuous Mode	Marks	Duration				
SEMESTER I								
MRA10 1T	Good Pharmaceutical Practices	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MRA10 2T	Documentation and Regulatory Writing	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MRA10 3T	Clinical Research Regulations	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MRA10 4T	Regulations and Legislation for Drugs & Cosmetics, Medical Devices, Biologicals & Herbals, and Food & Nutraceuticals In Indiaand ntellectual Property Rights	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MRA10 5T	Pharmaceutical Regulatory Affairs Practical I	20	30	6 Hrs	50	100	6 Hrs	150
-	Seminar /Assignment	–	–	–	–	–	–	100
							Total	**650**
SEMESTER II								
MRA20 1T	Regulatory Aspects of Drugs & Cosmetics	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MRA20 2T	Regulatory Aspects of Herbal & Biologicals	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MRA20 3T	Regulatory Aspects of Medical Devices	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MRA204T	Regulatory Aspects of Food & Nutraceuticals	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MRA20 5P	Pharmaceutical Regulatory Affairs Practical II	20	30	6 Hrs	50	100	6 Hrs	150
-	Seminar /Assignment	-	-	-	-	-	-	100
							Total	**650**

Tables - 22: Schemes for internal assessments and end semester examinations (Pharmaceutical Biotechnology–MPB)

Course Code	Course	Internal Assessment				End Semester Exams		Total Marks
		Continuous Mode	Sessional Exams		Total	Marks	Duration	
			Marks	Duration				
SEMESTER I								
MPAT101T	Modern Pharmaceutical Analytical Techniques	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPB102T	Microbial And Cellular Biology	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPB10 3T	Bioprocess Engineering and Technology	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPB10 4T	Advanced Pharmaceutical Biotechnology	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPB10 5P	Pharmaceutical Biotechnology Practical I	20	30	6 Hrs	50	100	6 Hrs	150
-	Seminar /Assignment	-	-	-	-	-	-	100
							Total	**650**
SEMESTER II								
MPB20 1T	Proteins and protein Formulation	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPB202T	Immunotechnolo gy	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPB20 3T	Bioinformatics And Computer Technology	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPB20 4T	Biological Evaluation of Drug Therapy	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	10
MPB20 5P	Pharmaceutical Biotechnology Practical II	20	30	6 Hrs	50	100	6 Hrs	150
-	Seminar /Assignment	-	-	-	-	-	-	100
							Total	**650**

Tables - 23: Schemes for internal assessments and end semester examinations (Pharmacy Practice–MPP)

Course Code	Course	Internal Assessment				End Semester Exams		Total Marks
		Continuous Mode	Sessional Exams		Total	Marks	Duration	
			Marks	Duration				
SEMESTER I								
MPP10 1T	Clinical Pharmacy Practice	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPP10 2T	Pharmacotherapeutics–I	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPP10 3T	Hospital Community Pharmacy	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPP10 4T	Clinical Research	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPP10 5P	PharmacyPractice Practical I	20	30	6 Hrs	50	100	6 Hrs	150
-	Seminar /Assignment	-	-	-	-	-	-	100
							Total	**650**
SEMESTER II								
MPP20 1T	Principles of Quality Use of Medicines	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPP10 2T	Pharmacotherapeutics II	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPP20 3T	Clinical Pharmacokinetics and Therapeutic Drug Monitoring	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPP20 4T	Pharmacoepidemiology & Pharmacoeconomics	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPP20 5P	Pharmacy Practice Practical II	20	30	6 Hrs	50	100	6 Hrs	150
-	Seminar /Assignment	-	-	-	-	-	-	100
							Total	**650**

Tables - 24: Schemes for internal assessments and end semester examinations (Pharmacology–MPL)

Course Code	Course	Internal Assessment				End Semester Exams		Total Marks
		Continuous Mode	Session Exams		Total	Marks	Duration	
			Marks	Duration				
SEMESTER I								
MPAT101T	Modern Pharmaceutical Analytical Techniques	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3Hrs	100
MPL102T	Advanced Pharmacology–I	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3Hrs	100
MPL10 3T	Pharmacological and Toxicological Screening Methods–I	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3Hrs	100
MPL10 4T	Cellular and Molecular Pharmacology	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3Hrs	100
MPL105P	Experimental Pharmacology – I	20	30	6 Hrs	50	100	6Hrs	150
-	Seminar /Assignment	-	-	-	-	-	-	100
Total								**650**
SEMESTER II								
MPL201T	Advanced Pharmacology II	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPL102T	Pharmacological and Toxicological Screening Methods–II	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPL203T	Principles of Drug Discovery	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPL204T	Clinical research and pharmacovigilance	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPL205P	Experimental Pharmacology- II	20	30	6 Hrs	50	100	6 Hrs	150
-	Seminar /Assignment	-	-	-	-	-	-	100
Total								650

Tables - 25: Schemes for internal assessments and end semester examinations (Pharmacognosy–MPG)

Course Code	Course	Internal Assessment				End Semester Exams		Total Marks
		Continuous Mode	Sessional Exams		Total	Marks	Duration	
			Marks	Duration				
SEMESTER I								
MPAT101T	Modern Pharmaceutical Analytical Techniques	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPG10 2T	Advanced Pharmacognosy–1	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPG103T	Phytochemistr y	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPG104T	Industrial Pharmacognostical Technology	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPG105P	Pharmacognos y Practical I	20	30	6 Hrs	50	100	6 Hrs	150
-	Seminar /Assignment	-	-	-	-	-	-	100
							Total	**650**
SEMESTER II								
MPG20 1T	Medicinal Plant biotechnology	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPG10 2T	Advanced Pharmacognosy–II	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPG203T	Indian system of medicine	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPG204T	Herbal cosmetics	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPG205P	Pharmacognos y Practical II	20	30	6 Hrs	50	100	6 Hrs	150
-	Seminar /Assignment	-	-	-	-	-	-	100
							Total	**650**

Seminar/Assignment

1. **Seminar:** The evaluation of seminar for semester I & II shall be carried out as per following scheme.
   a. Reference work and scientific contents --------- 10 marks
   b. Communication skill --------- 05 marks
   c. Discussion/defense --------- 05 marks
   d. Presentation --------- 30 marks
   Total --------- **50 marks**

2. **Assignment:** one assignment related to any topic from the specialization shall be conducted in semester I and II.
   Evaluation criteria for assignment are as follows:

   a. Structure, organization and content --------- 20 marks
   b. Creativity and originality --------- 05 marks
   c. Compilation of information --------- 10 marks
   d. Literature resources --------- 10 marks
   e. Reference style --------- 05 marks
   Total --------- **50 marks**

Tables - 26: Schemes for internal assessments and end semester examinations (Semester III& IV)

Course Code	Course	Internal Assessment				End Semester Exams		Total Marks
		Continuous Mode	Sessional Exams		Total	Marks	Duration	
			Marks	Duration				
SEMESTER III								
MRM30 1T	Research methodology and Biostatistics*	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
-	Journal club	–	–	–	25	–	–	25
-	Discussion / Presentation (Proposal Presentation)	–	–	–	50	–	–	50
-	Research work*	–	–	–	–	350	1 Hr	350
							Total	**525**
SEMESTER IV								
-	Journal club	–	–	–	25	–	–	25
-	Discussion / Presentation (Proposal Presentation)	–	–	–	75	–	–	75
-	Research work and Colloquium	–	–	–	–	400	1 Hr	400
							Total	**500**

*Non University Examination

11.2 Internal assessment: Continuous mode

The marks allocated for Continuous mode of Internal Assessment shall be awarded as per the scheme given below.

Table - 27: Scheme for awarding internal assessment: Continuous mode

Theory	
Criteria	**Maximum Marks**
Attendance (Refer Table – 28)	8
Student – Teacher interaction	2
Total	**10**
Practical	
Attendance (Refer Table – 28	10
Based on Practical Records, Regular viva voce, etc.	10
Total	**20**

Table - 28: Guidelines for the allotment of marks for attendance

Percentage of Attendance	Theory	Practical
95 – 100	8	10
90 – 94	6	7.5
85 – 89	4	5
80 – 84	2	2.5
Less than 80	0	0

Sessional Exams

Two sessional exams shall be conducted for each theory / practical course as per the schedule fixed by the college(s). The scheme of question paper for theory and practical sessional examinations is given in the table. The sessional exam will be conducted for 30 marks and computed for 15 marks. The average marks of two sessional exams shall be computed for internal assessment as per the requirements given in tables.

Scheme for theory Sessional examination

I. Objective Type questions (solve 5 out of 7) 5 X 2=10
II. Short answer questions (solve 2 out of 3) 2 X 5=10
III. Long answer questions (solve 1 out of 2) 1 X 10=10

Total Marks= 30

Scheme for Practical Sessional examination

I. Synopsis 05
II. Experiment(s) 20
III. Viva voce 05

Total Marks= 30

12. Promotion and award of grades

A student shall be declared PASS and eligible for getting grade in a course of M.Pharm.programme if he/she secures at least 50% marks in that particular course including internal assessment.

13. Carry forward of marks

In case a student fails to secure the minimum 50% in any Theory or Practical course as specified in 12, then he/she shall reappear for the end semester examination of that course. However his/her marks of the Internal Assessment shall be carried over and he/she shall be entitled for grade obtained by him/her on passing.

14. Improvement of internal assessment

A student shall have the opportunity to improve his/her performance in each semester sessional exam component of the internal assessment. The re-conduct of the sessional exam shall be completed before the commencement of end semester theory examinations.

15. Re examination of end semester examinations

Re examination of end semester examination shall be conducted as per the schedule given in table 29. The exact dates of examinations shall be notified from time to time.

Table - 29: Tentative schedule of end semester examinations

Semester	For Regular Candidates	For Failed Candidates
I and III	November / December	May / June
II and IV	May / June	November / December

16. Allowed to keep terms (ATKT):

No student shall be admitted to any examination unless he/she fulfills the norms given in 6. ATKT rules are applicable as follows:

A student shall be eligible to carry forward all the courses of I and II semesters till the III semester examinations. However, he/she shall not be eligible to attend the courses of IV semester until all the courses of I, II and III semesters are successfully completed.

A student shall be eligible to get his/her CGPA upon successful completion of the courses of I to IV semesters within the stipulated time period as per the norms.

Note: Grade AB should be considered as failed and treated as one head for deciding ATKT. Such rules are also applicable for those students who fail to register for examination(s) of any course in any semester.

17. Grading of performances

Letter grades and grade points allocations:

Based on the performances, each student shall be awarded a final letter grade at the end of the semester for each course.The letter grades and their corresponding grade points are given in Table - 30.

Table – 30: Letter grades and grade points equivalent to Percentage of marks and performances

Percentage of Marks Obtained	Letter Grade	Grade Point	Performance
90.00 – 100	O	10	Outstanding
80.00 – 89.99	A	9	Excellent
70.00 – 79.99	B	8	Good
60.00 – 69.99	C	7	Fair
50.00 – 59.99	D	6	Average
Less than 50	F	0	Fail
Absent	AB	0	Fail

A learner who remains absent for any end semester examination shall be assigned a letter grade of AB and a corresponding grade point of zero. He/she should reappear for the said evaluation/examination in due course.

18. The Semester grade point average (SGPA)

The performance of a student in a semester is indicated by a number called 'Semester Grade Point Average' (SGPA). The SGPA is the weighted average of the grade points obtained in all the courses by the student during the semester.
For example, if a student takes five courses (Theory/Practical) in a semester with credits C1, C2, C3 and C4 and the student's grade points in these courses are G1, G2, G3 and G4, respectively, and then students' SGPA is equal to:

$$SGPA = \frac{C_1G_1 + C_2G_2 + C_3G_3 + C_4G_4}{C_1 + C_2 + C_3 + C_4}$$

The SGPA is calculated to two decimal points. It should be noted that, the SGPA for any semester shall take into consideration the F and ABS grade awarded in that semester. For example if a learner has a F or ABS grade in course 4, theSGPA shall then be computed as:

$$SGPA = \frac{C_1G_1 + C_2G_2 + C_3G_3 + C_4 * \text{ZERO}}{C_1 + C_2 + C_3 + C_4}$$

19. Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA)

The CGPA is calculated with the SGPA of all the IV semesters to two decimal points and is indicated in final grade report card/final transcript showing the grades of all IV semesters and their courses. The CGPA shall reflect the failed status in case of F grade(s), till the course(s) is/are passed. When the course(s) is/are passed by obtaining a pass grade on subsequent examination(s) the CGPA shall only reflect the new grade and not the fail grades earned earlier.The CGPA is calculated as:

$$CGPA = \frac{C_1S_1 + C_2S_2 + C_3S_3 + C_4S_4}{C_1 + C_2 + C_3 + C_4}$$

where C_1, C_2, C_3,.... is the total number of credits for semester I,II,III,…. and S_1,S_2, S_3,....is the SGPA of semester I,II,III,….

20. Declaration of class

The class shall be awarded on the basis of CGPA as follows:

First Class with Distinction	= CGPA of. 7.50 And above
First Class	= CGPA of 6.00 to 7.49
Second Class	= CGPA of 5.00 to 5.99

21. Project work

All the students shall undertake a project under the supervision of a teacher in Semester III to IV and submit a report. 4 copies of the project report shall be submitted (typed & bound copy not less than 75 pages).The internal and external exainer appointed by the University shall evaluate the project at the time of the Practical examinations of other semester(s). The projects shall be evaluated as per the criteria given below.

Evaluation of Dissertation Book:

- Objective(s) of the work done 50 Marks
- Methodology adopted 150 Marks
- Results and Discussions 250 Marks
- Conclusions and Outcomes 50 Marks

Total 500 Marks

Evaluation of Presentation:

- Presentation of work 100 Marks
- Communication skills 50 Marks
- Question and answer skills 100 Marks

Total 250 Marks

22. Award of Ranks

Ranks and Medals shall be awarded on the basis of final CGPA. However, candidates who fail in one or more courses during the M.Pharm program shall not be eligible for award of ranks. Moreover, the candidates should have completed the M. Pharm program in minimum prescribed number of years, (two years) for the award of Ranks.

23. Award of degree

Candidates who fulfill the requirements mentioned above shall be eligible for award of degree during the ensuing convocation.

24. Duration for completion of the program of study

The duration for the completion of the program shall be fixed as double the actual duration of the program and the students have to pass within the said period, otherwise they have to get fresh Registration.

25. Revaluation and retotaling of answer papers

There is provision for re-totaling and revaluation of the answer papers in any examination. The candidates can apply for revaluation/ re-totaling by paying prescribed fee.

26. Re-admission after break of study

Candidate who seeks re–admission to the program after break of study has to get the approval from the university by paying a condonation fee.

Common subjects for all specializations except for Pharmaceutical Regulatory Affairs (MRA) and Pharmacy Practice (MPP)

MODERN PHARMACEUTICAL ANALYTICAL TECHNIQUES (Theory) (MPAT101T) **60 hours**

Scope

This subject deals with various advanced analytical instrumental techniques for identification, characterization and quantification of drugs.

Instruments dealt are UV, IR, NMR, Mass spectrometer, HPLC, GC etc.

Simple structure elucidation problems may be included based on UV-IR-NMR data.

Objectives

Upon completion of the course the student shall be able to

- Analytical techniques for identification, characterization and quantification of drugs
- Theoretical and practical skills of instrument handling and use.
- Structural Elucidation of organic compounds using spectroscopic tools

UNIT-1

a) **UV-Visible spectroscopy:** Introduction, Theory, Laws, Instrumentation associated with UV-Visible spectroscopy, Choice of solvents and solvent effect and Applications of UV Visible spectroscopy.

b) **IR spectroscopy:** Theory, Modes of Molecular vibrations, Sample handling, Instrumentation of Dispersive and Fourier - Transform IR Spectrometer, Factors affecting vibrational frequencies and Applications of IR spectroscopy, Data Interpretation. **10 hrs**

c) **Spectroflourimetry:** Theory of Fluorescence, Factors affecting fluorescence, Quenchers, Instrumentation and Applications of fluorescence spectroscopy.

d) **Flame emission spectroscopy and Atomic absorption spectroscopy:** Principle, Instrumentation, Interferences and Applications.

UNIT-II

- **NMR spectroscopy:** Quantum numbers and their role in NMR, Principle, Instrumentation, Solvent requirement in NMR, Relaxation process, NMR signals in various compounds, Chemical shift, Factors influencing chemical shift, Spin-Spin coupling, Coupling constant, Nuclear magnetic double resonance, Brief outline of principles of FT-NMR and 13C NMR. Applications of NMR spectroscopy. **10 hrs**

UNIT-III

- **Mass Spectrometry:** Principle, Theory, Instrumentation of Mass Spectrometry, Different types of ionization like electron impact, chemical, field, FAB and MALDI, APCI, ESI, APPI Analyzers of Quadrupole and Time of Flight, Mass fragmentation and its rules, Meta stable ions, Isotopic peaks and Applications of Mass spectrometry **12 hrs**
- **Simple structure elucidation problems based on UV, IR, NMR and Mass data.**

UNIT-IV

Chromatography: Principle, instrumentation, chromatographic parameters, factors affecting resolution and applications of the following: **10 hrs**

a) High Performance Liquid chromatography
b) High Performance Thin Layer Chromatography
c) Ion exchange chromatography

d) Gas chromatography
e) Ultra High Performance Liquid chromatography
f) Affinity chromatography
g) Gel Chromatography

UNIT-V

a) **Electrophoresis:** Principle, Instrumentation, Working conditions, factors affecting separation and applications of the following: a) Paper electrophoresis b) Gel electrophoresis c) Capillary electrophoresis d) Zone electrophoresis e) Moving boundary electrophoresis f) Iso electric focusing

10 hrs

b) **X ray Crystallography:** Production of X rays, Different X ray diffraction methods, Bragg's law, Rotating crystal technique, X ray powder technique, Types of crystals and applications of X ray diffraction.

UNIT - VI

Thermal Techniques:

a) **Thermogravimetric analysis (TGA):** Principle, instrumentation, factors affecting results, advantage and disadvantages, pharmaceutical applications.
b) **Differential scanning calorimetry (DSC):** Principle, thermal transitions and Instrumentation (Heat flux and power-compensation and designs), Modulated DSC, Hyper DSC, experimental parameters (sample preparation, experimental conditions, calibration, heating and cooling rates, resolution, source of errors) and their influence, advantage and disadvantages, pharmaceutical applications.
c) **Differential Thermal Analysis (DTA):** Principle, instrumentation and advantage and disadvantages, pharmaceutical applications, derivative differential thermal analysis (DDTA).

08 hrs

References

1. Spectrometric Identification of Organic compounds - Robert M Silverstein, Sixth edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2004.
2. Principles of Instrumental Analysis - Doglas A Skoog, F. James Holler, Timothy A. Nieman, 5th edition, Eastern press, Bangalore, 1998.
3. Instrumental methods of analysis – Willards, 7th edition, CBS publishers.
4. Practical Pharmaceutical Chemistry – Beckett and Stenlake, Vol II, 4th edition, CBS Publishers, New Delhi, 1997.
5. Organic Spectroscopy - William Kemp, 3rd edition, ELBS, 1991.
6. Quantitative Analysis of Drugs in Pharmaceutical formulation - P D Sethi, 3rd Edition, CBS Publishers, New Delhi, 1997.
7. Pharmaceutical Analysis- Modern methods – Part A and B - J W Munson, Volume 11, Marcel Dekker Series
8. Introduction to Spectroscopy, Donald L. Pavia, Gary M. Lampman, George S. Kriz, James A. Vyvyan, Cengage Learning, 2008.
9. Solving spectroscopy problems: A basic approach by Nazma Inamdar (Career publications).

PHARMACEUTICS (MPH)
DRUG DELIVERY SYSTEM (MPH 102T)

SCOPE

This course is designed to impart knowledge on the area of advances in novel drug delivery systems.

OBJECTIVES

Upon completion of the course, student shall be able to understand

- The various approaches for development of novel drug delivery systems.
- The criteria for selection of drugs and polymers for the development of delivering system
- The formulation and evaluation of Novel drug delivery systems.

		THEORY 60 Hrs
1.	Sustained Release (SR) and Controlled Release (CR) formulations: Introduction & basic concepts, advantages / disadvantages, factors influencing, Physicochemical & biological approaches for SR/CR formulation, Mechanism of Drug Delivery from SR/CR formulation. Polymers: introduction, definition, classification, properties and application Dosage Forms for Personalized Medicine: Introduction, Definition, Pharmacogenetics, and Categories of Patients for Personalized Medicines: Customized drug delivery systems, Bioelectronic Medicines, 3D printing of pharmaceuticals, Telepharmacy.	**10 Hrs**
2	Rate Controlled Drug Delivery Systems: Principles & Fundamentals, Types, Activation; Modulated Drug Delivery Systems;Mechanically activated, pH activated, Enzyme activated, and Osmotic activated Drug Delivery Systems Feedback regulated Drug Delivery Systems; Principles & Fundamentals.	**10 Hrs**
3.	Gastro-Retentive Drug Delivery Systems: Principle, concepts advantages and disadvantages, Modulation of GI transit time approaches to extend GI transit. Buccal Drug Delivery Systems: Principle of muco adhesion, advantages and disadvantages, Mechanism of drug permeation, Methods of formulation and its evaluations.	**10 Hrs**
4.	Occular Drug Delivery Systems: Barriers of drug permeation, Methods to overcome barriers	**06 Hrs**
5.	Transdermal Drug Delivery Systems: Structure of skin and barriers, Penetration enhancers, Transdermal Drug Delivery Systems, Formulation and evaluation.	**10 Hrs**
6.	Protein and Peptide Delivery: Barriers for protein delivery. Formulation and Evaluation of delivery systems of proteins and other macromolecules.	**08 Hrs**
7	Vaccine delivery systems: Vaccines, uptake of antigens, single shot vaccines, mucosal and transdermal delivery of vaccines.	**06 Hrs**

REFERENCES

1. Y W. Chien, Novel Drug Delivery Systems, 2nd edition, revised and expanded, Marcel Dekker, Inc., New York, 1992.
2. Robinson, J. R., Lee V. H. L, Controlled Drug Delivery Systems, Marcel Dekker,Inc., New York, 1992.
3. Encyclopedia of controlled delivery, Editor– Edith Mathiowitz, Published by WileyInterscience Publication, John Wiley and Sons, Inc, New York! Chichester/Weinheim
4. N.K.Jain, Controlled and Novel Drug Delivery, CBS Publishers & Distributors, New Delhi, First edition 1997 (reprint in 2001).
5. S.P.Vyas and R.K.Khar, Controlled Drug Delivery – concepts and advances, Vallabh Prakashan, New Delhi, First edition 2002

JOURNALS

1. Indian Journal of Pharmaceutical Sciences (IPA)
2. Indian drugs (IDMA)
3. Journal of controlled release (Elsevier Sciences) desirable
4. Drug Development and Industrial Pharmacy (Marcel &Decker) desirable

MODERN PHARMACEUTICS
(MPH 103T)

Scope

Course designed to impart advanced knowledge and skills required to learn various aspects and concepts at pharmaceutical industries

Objectives

Upon completion of the course, student shall be able to understand

- The elements of preformulation studies.
- The Active Pharmaceutical Ingredients and Generic drug Product development
- Industrial Management and GMP Considerations.
- Optimization Techniques & Pilot Plant Scale Up Techniques
- Stability Testing, sterilization process & packaging of dosage forms.

THEORY **60 HRS**

1. Preformation Concepts – Drug Excipient interactions - different methods, kinetics of stability, Stability testing. Theories of dispersion and pharmaceutical Dispersion (Emulsion and Suspension, SMEDDS) preparation and stability. Large and small volume parental – physiological and formulation consideration, Manufacturing and evaluation. **12 Hrs**

2. Optimization techniques in Pharmaceutical Formulation: Concept and parameters of optimization, Optimization techniques in pharmaceutical formulation and processing. Statistical design, Response surface method, Contour designs, Factorial designs and application in formulation . **10 Hrs**

3. Validation : Introduction to Pharmaceutical Validation, Scope & merits of Validation, ICH & WHO guidelines for validation of equipments, Validation of cone blender, mixer granulator and tablet compression machine, URS, DQ, IQ, OQ & P.Q. of facilities, Types of process validation. Process validation of any one dosage form. Technology transfer from R & D to pilot plant to plant scale. **12 Hrs**

4. GMP & Industrial Management: Objectives and policies of current good manufacturing practices, layout of buildings, services, equipments and their maintenance Production management: Production organization, materials management, handling and transportation, inventory management and control, production and planning control, Sales forecasting, budget and cost control, industrial and personal relationship. Concept of Total Quality Management. **10 Hrs**

5. Compression and compaction: Physics of tablet compression, compression, consolidation, effect of friction, distribution of forces, compaction profiles, Study of consolidation parameters, Heckel plots. **10 Hrs**

6. Diffusion parameters, Dissolution parameters and Pharmacokinetic parameters, Similarity factors – f2 and f1, Disolution models including Higuchi, Peppas plot, zero order, first order and Hixson Crowell. **06 Hrs**

REFERENCES

1. Theory and Practice of Industrial Pharmacy By Lachmann and Libermann
2. Pharmaceutical dosage forms: Tablets Vol. 1-3 by Leon Lachmann.
3. Pharmaceutical Dosage forms: Disperse systems, Vol, 1-2; By Leon Lachmann.
4. Pharmaceutical Dosage forms: Parenteral medications Vol. 1-2; By Leon Lachmann.
5. Modern Pharmaceutics; By Gillbert and S. Banker.
6. Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences.
7. Advances in Pharmaceutical Sciences Vol. 1-5; By H.S. Bean & A.H. Beckett.
8. Physical Pharmacy; By Alfred martin
9. Bentley's Textbook of Pharmaceutics – by Rawlins.
10. Good manufacturing practices for Pharmaceuticals: A plan for total quality control, Second edition; By Sidney H. Willig.
11. Quality Assurance Guide; By Organization of Pharmaceutical producers of India.
12. Drug formulation manual; By D.P.S. Kohli and D.H.Shah. Eastern publishers, New Delhi.
13. How to practice GMPs; By P.P.Sharma. Vandhana Publications, Agra.
14. Pharmaceutical Process Validation; By Fra. R. Berry and Robert A. Nash.
15. Pharmaceutical Preformulations; By J.J. Wells.
16. Applied production and operations management; By Evans, Anderson, Sweeney and Williams.
17. Encyclopaedia of Pharmaceutical technology, Vol I – III.

REGULATORY AFFAIRS
(MPH 104T)

SCOPE

Course designed to impart advanced knowledge and skills required to learn the concept of generic drug and their development, various regulatory filings in different countries, different phases of clinical trials and submitting regulatory documents: filing process of IND, NDA and ANDA

- To know the approval process of
- To know the chemistry, manufacturing controls and their regulatory importance
- To learn the documentation requirements for
- To learn the importance and

OBJECTIVES

Upon completion of the course, it is expected that the students will be able to understand

- The Concepts of innovator and generic drugs, drug development process
- The Regulatory guidance's and guidelines for filing and approval process
- Preparation of Dossiers and their submission to regulatory agencies in different countries
- Post approval regulatory requirements for actives and drug products
- Submission of global documents in CTD/ eCTD formats
- Clinical trials requirements for approvals for conducting clinical trials
- Pharmacovigilence and process of monitoring in clinical trials.

THEORY **60 Hrs**

1. a) Documentation in Pharmaceutical industry: Master formula record, DMF (Drug Master File), distribution records. Generic drugs product development Introduction , Hatch– Waxman act and amendments, CFR (CODE OF FEDERAL REGULATION) ,drug product performance, in–vitro, ANDA regulatory approval process, NDA approval process, BE and drug product assessment, in -vivo, scale up process approval changes, post marketing surveillance, outsourcing BA and BE to CRO. **12 Hrs**

   b) Regulatory requirement for product approval: API, biologics, novel, therapies obtaining NDA, ANDA for generic drugs ways and means of US registration for foreign drugs. **12 Hrs**

2. CMC, post approval regulatory affairs. Regulation for combination products and medical devices.CTD and ECTD format, industry and FDA liaison. ICH – Guidelines of ICH–Q, S E, M. Regulatory requirements of EU, MHRA, TGA and ROW countries. **12 Hrs**

3. Non clinical drug development: Global submission of IND, NDA, ANDA. Investigation of medicinal products dossier, dossier (IMPD) and investigator brochure (IB). **12 Hrs**

4. Clinical trials: Developing clinical trial protocols. Institutional review board/ independent ethics committee Formulation and working procedures informed Consent process and procedures. HIPAA – new, requirement to clinical study process, pharmacovigilance safety monitoring in clinical trials. **12 Hrs**

REFERENCES

1. Generic Drug Product Development, Solid Oral Dosage forms, Leon Shargel and IsaderKaufer,Marcel Dekker series, Vol.143
2. The Pharmaceutical Regulatory Process, Second Edition Edited by Ira R. Berry and Robert P.Martin, Drugs and the Pharmaceutical Sciences,Vol.185, Informa Health care Publishers.
3. New Drug Approval Process: Accelerating Global Registrations By Richard A Guarino, MD,5th edition, Drugs and the Pharmaceutical Sciences,Vol.190.
4. Guidebook for drug regulatory submissions / Sandy Weinberg. By John Wiley & Sons.Inc.
5. FDA regulatory affairs: a guide for prescription drugs, medical devices, and biologics/edited By Douglas J. Pisano, David Mantus.
6. Clinical Trials and Human Research: A Practical Guide to Regulatory Compliance By Fay A.Rozovsky and Rodney K. Adams
7. www.ich.org/
8. www.fda.gov/
9. europa.eu/index_en.htm
10. https://www.tga.gov.au/tga–basics

PHARMACEUTICS PRACTICALS – I
(MPH 105P)

1. Analysis of pharmacopoeial compounds and their formulations by UV Vis spectrophotometer
2. Simultaneous estimation of multi component containing formulations by UV spectrophotometry
3. Experiments based on HPLC
4. Experiments based on Gas Chromatography
5. Estimation of riboflavin/quinine sulphate by fluorimetry
6. Estimation of sodium/potassium by flame photometry
7. To perform In-vitro dissolution profile of CR/ SR marketed formulation
8. Formulation and evaluation of sustained release matrix tablets
9. Formulation and evaluation osmotically controlled DDS
10. Preparation and evaluation of Floating DDS– hydro dynamically balanced DDS
11. Formulation and evaluation of Muco adhesive tablets.
12. Formulation and evaluation of Trans dermal patches.
13. To carry out preformulation studies of tablets.
14. To study the effect of compressional force on tablets disintegration time.
15. To study Micromeritic properties of powders and granulation.
16. To study the effect of particle size on dissolution of a tablet.
17. To study the effect of binders on dissolution of a tablet.
18. To plot Heckal plot, Higuchi and peppas plot and determine similarity factors.

MOLECULAR PHARMACEUTICS
(NANO TECHNOLOGY & TARGETED DDS) (NTDS)
(MPH 201T)

SCOPE

This course is designed to impart knowledge on the area of advances in novel drug delivery systems.

OBJECTIVES

Upon completion of the course student shall be able to understand

- The various approaches for development of novel drug delivery systems.
- The criteria for selection of drugs and polymers for the development of NTDS
- The formulation and evaluation of novel drug delivery systems.

THEORY **60 Hrs**

1. Targeted Drug Delivery Systems: Concepts, Events and biological process involved in drug targeting. Tumor targeting and Brain specific delivery. **12 Hrs**

2. Targeting Methods: introduction preparation and evaluation. Nano Particles & Liposomes: Types, preparation and evaluation **12 Hrs**

3. Micro Capsules / Micro Spheres: Types, preparation and evaluation, Monoclonal Antibodies ; preparation and application, preparation and application of Niosomes, Aquasomes, Phytosomes, Electrosomes. **12 Hrs**

4. Pulmonary Drug Delivery Systems : Aerosols, propellents, ContainersTypes, preparation and evaluation, Intra Nasal Route Delivery systems; Types, preparation and evaluation. **12 Hrs**

5. Nucleic acid based therapeutic delivery system : Gene therapy, introduction (ex–vivo & in–vivo gene therapy). Potential target diseases for gene therapy (inherited disorder and cancer). Gene expression systems (viral and nonviral gene transfer). Liposomal gene delivery systems. **12 Hrs**

6. Biodistribution and Pharmacokinetics. knowledge of therapeutic antisense molecules and aptamers as drugs of future. **12 Hrs**

REFERENCES

1. Y W. Chien, Novel Drug Delivery Systems, 2nd edition, revised and expanded,Marcel Dekker, Inc., New York, 1992.

2. S.P.Vyas and R.K.Khar, Controlled Drug Delivery – concepts and advances, VallabhPrakashan, New Delhi, First edition 2002.

3. N.K. Jain, Controlled and Novel Drug Delivery, CBS Publishers & Distributors, NewDelhi, First edition 1997 (reprint in 2001).

ADVANCED BIOPHARMACEUTICS & PHARMACOKINETICS
(MPH 202T)

SCOPE

This course is designed to impart knowledge and skills necessary for dose calculations, dose adjustments and to apply biopharmaceutics theories in practical problem solving. Basic theoretical discussions of the principles of biopharmaceutics and pharmacokinetics are provided to help the students' to clarify the concepts.

OBJECTIVES

Upon completion of this course it is expected that students will be able understand,

- The basic concepts in biopharmaceutics and pharmacokinetics.
- The use raw data and derive the pharmacokinetic models and parameters the best describe the process of drug absorption, distribution, metabolism and elimination.
- The critical evaluation of biopharmaceutic studies involving drug product equivalency.
- The design and evaluation of dosage regimens of the drugs using pharmacokinetic and biopharmaceutic parameters.
- The potential clinical pharmacokinetic problems and application of basics of pharmacokinetic

THEORY **60 Hrs**

1. Drug Absorption from the Gastrointestinal Tract: Gastrointestinal tract, Mechanism of drug absorption, Factors affecting drug absorption, pH-partition theory of drug absorption. Formuulation and physicochemical factors: Dissolution rate, Dissolution process, Noyes-Whitney equation and drug dissolution, Factors affecting the dissolution rate. Gastrointestinal absorption: role of the dosage form: Solution (elixir, syrup and solution) as a dosage form ,Suspension as a dosage form, Capsule as a dosage form, Tablet as a dosage form ,Dissolution methods ,Formulation and processing factors, Correlation of in vivo data with in vitro dissolution data.Transport model: Permeability–Solubility–Charge State and the pH Partition Hypothesis, Properties of the Gastrointestinal Tract (GIT), pH Microclimate Intracellular pH Environment, Tight–Junction Complex. **12 Hrs**
2. Biopharmaceutic considerations in drug product design and In Vitro Drug Product Performance: Introduction, biopharmaceutic factors affecting drug bioavailability, rate–limiting steps in drug absorption, physicochemical nature of the drug formulation factors affecting drug product performance, in vitro: dissolution and drug release testing, compendial methods of dissolution, alternative methods of dissolution testing,meeting dissolution requirements,problems of variable control in dissolution testingperformance of drug products. In vitro-in vivo correlation, dissolution profile comparisons, drug product stability,considerations in the design of a drug product. **12 Hrs**
3. Pharmacokinetics: Basic considerations, pharmacokinetic models, compartment modeling: one compartment model– IV bolus, IV infusion, extra–vascular. Multi compartment model:two compartment – model in brief, non–linear pharmacokinetics: cause of non–linearity, Michaelis - Menten equation, estimation of k_{max} and v_{max}. Drug interactions: introduction, the effect of protein– binding interactions, the effect of tissue–binding interactions,cytochrome p450–based drug interactions,drug interactions linked to

transporters. **12 Hrs**

4. Drug Product Performance, In Vivo: Bioavailabilityand Bioequivalence: drug product performance, purpose of bioavailability studies, relative and absolute availability. methods for assessing bioavailability, bioequivalence studies, design and evaluation of bioequivalence studies, study designs, crossover study designs, evaluation of the data, bioequivalence example, study submission and drug review process. biopharmaceutics classification system, methods. Permeability: In–vitro, in–situ and In–vivo methods.generic biologics (biosimilar drug products),clinical significance of bioequivalence studies, special concerns in bioavailability and bioequivalence studies, generic substitution. **12 Hrs**
5. Application of Pharmacokinetics: Modified–Release Drug Products, Targeted Drug Delivery Systems and Biotechnological Products. Introduction to Pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamic, drug interactions. Pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamics of biotechnology drugs. Introduction, Proteins and peptides, Monoclonal antibodies, Oligonucleotides, Vaccines (immunotherapy), Gene therapies. **12 Hrs**

REFERENCES

1. Biopharmaceutics and Clinical Pharmacokinetics by Milo Gibaldi, 4th edition,Philadelphia, Lea and Febiger, 1991
2. Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics, A. Treatise, D .M. Brahmankar and Sunil B. Jaiswal., VallabPrakashan, Pitampura, Delhi
3. Applied Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics by Shargel. Land YuABC, 2ndedition, Connecticut Appleton Century Crofts, 1985
4. Textbook of Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics, Dr. Shobha Rani R. Hiremath,Prism Book
5. Pharmacokinetics by Milo Gibaldi and D. Perrier, 2nd edition, Marcel Dekker Inc.,New York, 1982
6. Current Concepts in Pharmaceutical Sciences: Biopharmaceutics, Swarbrick. J, Leaand Febiger, Philadelphia, 1970
7. Clinical Pharmacokinetics, Concepts and Applications 3rd edition by MalcolmRowland and Thom~ N. Tozer, Lea and Febiger, Philadelphia, 1995
8. Dissolution, Bioavailability and Bioequivalence, Abdou. H.M, Mack PublishingCompany, Pennsylvania 1989
9. Biopharmaceutics and Clinical Pharmacokinetics, An Introduction, 4th edition,revised and expande by Robert. E. Notari, Marcel Dekker Inc, New York and Basel,1987.
10. Biopharmaceutics and Relevant Pharmacokinetics by John. G Wagner and M.Pemarowski, 1st edition, Drug Intelligence Publications, Hamilton, Illinois, 1971.
11. Encyclopedia of Pharmaceutical Technology, Vol 13, James Swarbrick, James. G.Boylan, Marcel Dekker Inc, New York, 1996.
12. Basic Pharmacokinetics,1 st edition,Sunil S JambhekarandPhilip J Breen,pharmaceutical press, RPS Publishing,2009.
13. Absorption and Drug Development– Solubility, Permeability, and Charge State, Alex Avdeef, John Wiley & Sons, Inc,2003.

COMPUTER AIDED DRUG DEVELOPMENT

(MPH 203T)

SCOPE

This course is designed to impart knowledge and skills necessary for computer Applications in pharmaceutical research and development who want to understand the application of computers across the entire drug research and development process. Basic theoretical discussions of the principles of more integrated and coherent use of computerized information (informatics) in the drug development process are provided to help the students to clarify the concepts.

OBJECTIVES

Upon completion of this course it is expected that students will be able to understand,

- History of Computers in Pharmaceutical Research and Development
- Computational Modeling of Drug Disposition
- Computers in Preclinical Development
- Optimization Techniques in Pharmaceutical Formulation
- Computers in Market Analysis
- Computers in Clinical Development
- Artificial Intelligence (AI) and Robotics
- Computational fluid dynamics(CFD)

THEORY 60 Hrs

1. a) Computers in Pharmaceutical Research and Development: A General Overview: History of Computers in Pharmaceutical Research and Development. Statistical modeling in Pharmaceutical research and development: Descriptive versus Mechanistic Modeling, Statistical Parameters, Estimation, Confidence Regions, Nonlinearity at the Optimum, Sensitivity Analysis, Optimal Design, Population Modeling
   b) Quality-by-Design In Pharmaceutical Development: Introduction, ICH Q8 guideline, Regulatory and industry views on QbD, Scientifically based QbD – examples of application. **12 Hrs**
2. Computational Modeling Of Drug Disposition: Introduction ,Modeling Techniques: Drug Absorption, Solubility, Intestinal Permeation, Drug Distribution ,Drug Excretion, Active Transport; P–gp, BCRP, Nucleoside Transporters, hPEPT1, ASBT, OCT, OATP, BBB–Choline Transporter. **12 Hrs**
3. Computer-aided formulation development:: Concept of optimization, Optimization parameters, Factorial design, Optimization technology & Screening design. Computers in Pharmaceutical Formulation: Development of pharmaceutical emulsions, microemulsion drug carriers Legal Protection of Innovative Uses of Computers in R&D, The Ethics of Computing in Pharmaceutical Research, Computers in Market analysis **12 Hrs**
4. a) Computer-aided biopharmaceutical characterization: Gastrointestinal absorption simulation. Introduction, Theoretical background, Model construction, Parameter sensitivity analysis, Virtual trial, Fed vs. fasted state, In vitro dissolution and in vitro-in vivo correlation, Biowaiver considerations

b) Computer Simulations in Pharmacokinetics and Pharmacodynamics: Introduction, Computer Simulation: Whole Organism, Isolated Tissues, Organs, Cell, Proteins and Genes.

c) Computers in Clinical Development: Clinical Data Collection and Management, Regulation of Computer Systems **12 Hrs**

5. Artificial Intelligence (AI), Robotics and Computational fluid dynamics: General overview, Pharmaceutical Automation, Pharmaceutical applications, Advantages and Disadvantages. Current Challenges and Future Directions.

12 Hrs

REFERENCES

1. Computer Applications in Pharmaceutical Research and Development, Sean Ekins, 2006, John Wiley & Sons.
2. Computer–Aided Applications in Pharmaceutical Technology, 1st Edition, Jelena Djuris, Woodhead Publishing
3. Encyclopedia of Pharmaceutical Technology, Vol 13, James Swarbrick, James. G.Boylan, Marcel Dekker Inc, New York, 1996.

COSMETICS AND COSMECEUTICALS
(MPH 204T)

SCOPE

This course is designed to impart knowledge and skills necessary for the fundamental need for cosmetic and cosmeceutical products.

OBJECTIVES

Upon completion of the course, the students shall be able to understand

- Key ingredients used in cosmetics and cosmeceuticals.
- Key building blocks for various formulations.
- Current technologies in the market
- Various key ingredients and basic science to develop cosmetics and cosmeceuticals
- Scientific knowledge to develop cosmetics and cosmeceuticals with desired Safety, stability, and efficacy.

THEORY **60 Hrs**

1. Cosmetics – Regulatory : Definition of cosmetic products as per Indian regulation. Indian regulatory requirements for labeling of cosmetics Regulatory provisions relating to import of cosmetics., Misbranded and spurious cosmetics. Regulatory provisions relating to manufacture of cosmetics - Conditions for obtaining license, prohibition of manufacture and sale of certain cosmetics, loan license, offences and penalties. **12 Hrs**

2. Cosmetics - Biological aspects : Structure of skin relating to problems like dry skin, acne, pigmentation, prickly heat, wrinkles and body odor. Structure of hair and hair growth cycle. Common problems associated with oral cavity. Cleansing and care needs for face, eye lids, lips, hands, feet, nail, scalp, neck, body and under–arm. **12 Hrs**

3. Formulation Building blocks: Building blocks for different product formulations of cosmetics/cosmeceuticals. Surfactants - Classification and application. Emollients, rheological additives: classification and application. Antimicrobial used as preservatives, their merits and demerits. Factors affecting microbial preservative efficacy. Building blocks for formulation of a moisturizing cream, vanishing cream, cold cream, shampoo and toothpaste. Soaps and syndetbars. Perfumes; Classification of perfumes. Perfume ingredients listed as allergens in EU regulation. Controversial ingredients: Parabens, formal - ehyde liberators, dioxane. **12 Hrs**

4. Design of cosmeceutical products: Sun protection, sunscreens classification and regulatory aspects. Addressing dry skin, acne, sun–protection, pigmentation, prickly heat, wrinkles, body odor., dandruff, dental cavities, bleeding gums, mouth odor and sensitive teeth through cosmeceutical formulations. **12 Hrs**

5. Herbal Cosmetics : Herbal ingredients used in Hair care, skin care and oral care. Review of guidelines for herbal cosmetics by private bodies like cosmos with respect to preservatives, emollients, foaming agents, emulsifiers and rheology modifiers. Challenges in formulating herbal cosmetics. **12 Hrs**

REFERENCES

1. Harry's Cosmeticology. 8th edition.
2. Poucher'sperfumecosmeticsandSoaps,10th edition.
3. Cosmetics – Formulation, Manufacture and quality control, PP.Sharma,4th edition
4. Handbook of cosmetic science and Technology A.O.Barel, M.Paye and H.I. Maibach. 3 rd edition
5. Cosmetic and Toiletries recent suppliers' catalogue.
6. CTFA directory.

PHARMACEUTICS PRACTICALS - II
(MPH 205P)

1. To study the effect of temperature change, non solvent addition, incompatible polymer addition in microcapsules preparation
2. Preparation and evaluation of Alginate beads
3. Formulation and evaluation of gelatin /albumin microspheres
4. Formulation and evaluation of liposomes/niosomes
5. Formulation and evaluation of spherules/microparticles
6. Improvement of dissolution characteristics of slightly soluble drug by Solid dispersion technique.
7. Comparison of dissolution of two different marketed products /brands
8. Protein binding studies of a highly protein bound drug & poorly protein bound drug
9. Case studies of Bioavailability studies of Paracetamol in animals.
10. Case studies of Pharmacokinetic and IVIVC data analysis
11. Case studies of In vitro cell studies for permeability and metabolism
12. Design of Experiment for any formulation using Design Expert® Software (Only formulation DOE is expected)
13. Formulation data analysis Using Design Expert® Software (Data analysis and interpretation of the previous experiment is expected)
14. Quality-by-Design in Pharmaceutical Development
15. Case studies of Computer Simulations in Pharmacokinetics and Pharmacodynamics
16. Case studies of Computational Modeling of Drug Disposition
17. Case studies of Developing Clinical Data Collection manual
18. Case studies of Sensitivity Analysis, and Population Modeling
19. Development and evaluation of Creams
20. Development and evaluation of Shampoo and Toothpaste base
21. To incorporate herbal and chemical actives to develop products to address Dry skin, acne, blemish, Wrinkles, bleeding gums and dandruff

INDUSTRIALPHARMACY (MIP)

PHARMACEUTICAL FORMULATION DEVELOPMENT

(MIP 102T)

SCOPE

This course is designed to impart knowledge and skills necessary to train the students on par with the routine of Industrial activities in R&D and F&D.

OBJECTIVES

On completion of this course it is expected that students will be able to understand-

- The scheduled activities in a Pharmaceutical firm.
- The pre formulation studies of pilot batches of pharmaceutical industry. The significance of dissolution and product stability

THEORY 60 Hrs

1. Preformulation Studies: Molecular optimization of APIs (drug substances), crystal morphology and variations, powder flow, structure modification, drug–excipient compatibility studies, methods of determination. **12 Hrs**
2. Formulation Additives: Study of different formulation additives, factors influencing their incorporation, role of formulation development and processing, new developments in excipient science. Design of experiments - factorial design for product and process development.

   12 Hrs
3. Solubility: Importance, experimental determination, phase– solubility analysis, pH–solubility profile, solubility techniques to improve solubility and utilization of analytical methods - cosolvency, salt formation, complexation, solid dispersion, micellar solubilization and hydrotropy.

   12 Hrs
4. Dissolution: Theories, mechanisms of dissolution, in–vitro dissolution testing models - sink and non–sink. Factors influencing dissolution and intrinsic dissolution studies. Dissolution test apparatus - designs, dissolution testing for conventional and controlled release products. Data handling and correction factor. Biorelevent media, in–vitro and in–vivo correlations, levels of correlations.

   12 Hrs
5. Product Stability: Degradation kinetics, mechanisms, stability testing of drugs and pharmaceuticals, factors influencing–media effects and pH effects, accelerated stability studies, interpretation of kinetic data (API & tablets). Solid state stability and shelf life assignment. Stability protocols, reports and ICH guidelines. **12 Hrs**

REFERENCE

1. Lachman L, Lieberman HA, Kanig JL. The Theory and Practice Of Industrial Pharmacy, 3rd ed., Varghese Publishers, Mumbai 1991.
2. Sinko PJ. Martin's physical pharmacy and pharmaceutical sciences, 5th ed., B.I. Publications Pvt. Ltd, Noida, 2006.
3. Lieberman HA, Lachman L, Schwartz JB. Pharmaceutical dosage forms: tablets Vol. I–III, 2nd ed., CBS Publishers & distributors, New Delhi, 2005.

4. Conners KA. A Text book of pharmaceutical analysi Wells JI. Pharmaceutical preformulation: The physicochemical properties of drug substances. Ellis Horwood Ltd., England, 1998.
5. Yalkowsky SH. Techniques of solubilization of drugs. Vol–12. Marcel Dekker Inc., New York, 1981
6. Dressman J, Kramer J. Pharmaceutical dissolution testing. Saurah printer pvt. Ltd., New Delhi,2005.
7. Sethi PD. Quantitative analysis of drugs in pharmaceutical formulations, 3rd ed., CBS publications, New Delhi, 2008.
8. Carstensen JT, Rhodes CT. Drug stability principles and practices, 3 CBS Publishers & distributors, New Delhi, 2005.
9. Yoshioka S, Stella VJ. Stability of drugs and dosage forms, Springer (India) Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2006.
10. Banker GS, Rhodes CT. Modern Pharmaceutics, 4 Inc, New York, 2005.
11. W. Grimm – Stability testing of drug products.
12. Mazzo DJ. Internationalstability testing. Eastern Press Pvt. Ltd.,Bangalore, 1999.
13. Beckett AH, Stenlake JB. Practical pharmaceutical chemistry, Part I & II., 4th ed 2004.CBS Publishers & distributors, New Delhi,
14. Indian Pharmacopoeia. Controller of Publication. Delhi, 1996.
15. British Pharmacopoeia. British Pharmacopoeia Commission Office, London, 2008.
16. United States Pharmacopoeia. United States Pharmacopeial Convention, Inc, USA, 2003.
17. Encyclopaedia of Pharm. Technology, Vol I- III.
18. Wells J. I. Pharmaceutical Preformulation: The physicochemical properties of drug substances, Ellis Horwood Ltd. England, 1988.

NOVEL DRUG DELIVERY SYSTEMS
(MIP 103T)

SCOPE

This course is designed to impart knowledge and skills necessary to train the students in the area of novel drug delivery systems.

OBJECTIVE

On completion of this course, it is expected that students will be able to understand,

- The need, concept, design and evaluation of various customized, sustained and controlled release dosage forms.
- To formulate and evaluate various novel drug delivery systems

THEORY **60 Hrs**

1. Carriers for Drug Delivery:Polymers / co–polymers–introduction, classification, characterization, polymerization techniques, application in CDDS / NDDS, biodegradable & natural polymers. **12 Hrs**
2. Study of Various DDS: Concepts, design, formulation & evaluation of controlled release oral DDS, Mucoadhesive DDS (buccal, nasal, pulmonary) Pulsatile, colon specific, liquid sustained release systems, Ocular delivery systems **12 Hrs**
3. Transdermal Drug Delivery Systems: Theory, design, formulation & evaluation including iontophoresis and other latest developments in skin delivery systems. **08 Hrs**
4. Sub Micron Cosmeceuticals: Biology, formulation science and evaluation of various cosmetics for skin, hair, nail, eye etc and it's regulatory aspects. **04 Hrs**
5. Targeted Drug Delivery Systems: Importance, concept, biological process and events involved in drug targeting, design, formulation & evaluation, methods in drug targeting - nanoparticles, liposomes, niosomes, pharmacosomes, resealed erythrocytes, microspheres, magnetic microspheres. Specialized pharmaceutical emulsions - multiple emulsions, micro–emulsions. **12 Hrs**
6. Protein / Peptide Drug Delivery Systems: Concepts, delivery techniques, formulation, stability testing, causes of protein destabilization, stabilization methods.
7. Biotechnology in Drug Delivery Systems: Brief review of major areas – recombinant DNA technology, monoclonal antibodies, gene therapy. **06 Hrs**
8. New trends for Personalized Medicine: Introduction, Definition, Pharmacogenetics and Categories of Patients for Personalized Medicines: Customized drug delivery systems, Bioelectronic Medicines, 3D printing of pharmaceuticals, Telepharmacy. **06 Hrs**

REFERENCES

1. Novel Drug Delivery System, Y.W. Chein, Vol 50, Marcel Dekker, NY.
2. Controlled Drug Delivery Systems, Robinson, Vol 29, Marcel Dekker, NY.
3. Transdermal Controlled Systemic Medications, YW Chein, Vol 31, Marcel Dekker, NY.
4. Bioadhesive DDS, E. Mathiowitz, Vol 98, Marcel Dekker, NY.
5. Nasal System Drug Delivery, K.S.E. Su, Vol 39, Marcel Dekker, NY.
6. Drug Delivery Devices, Vol 32, P Tyle Marcel Dekker, NY.

7. Polymers for Controlled Drug Delivery, P.J. Tarcha, CRC Press.
8. Pharmaceutical Biotechnology, Vyas, CBS, Delhi.
9. Biotechnology of Industrial Antibiotics, E.J. Vandamme, Marcel Dekker, NY.
10. Protein Formulation & Delivery, E.J. McNally, Vol 99, Marcel Dekker, NY.
11. Drug Targeting, M.H. Rubinstein, John Wiley, NY.

INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS
(MIP 104T)

SCOPE

This course is designed to impart knowledge and skills necessary to train the students to be on par with the routine of Industrial activities in drug regulatory affairs

OBJECTIVES

On completion of this course it is expected that students will be able to understand,

- Assist in Regulatory Audit process.
- Establish regulatory guidelines for drug and drug products
- The Regulatory requirements for contract research organization

THEORY **60 Hrs**

1. Definition, Need for patenting, Types of Patents, Conditions to be satisfied by an invention to be patentable, Introduction to patent search. Parts of patents. Filling of patents. The essential elements of patent; Guidelines for preparation of laboratory note book, Non–obviousness in Patent. **12 Hrs**

2. Role of GATT, TRIPS, and WIPO **12 Hrs**

3. Brief introduction to Trademark protection and WHO Patents. IPR's and its types, Major bodies regulating Indian Pharmaceutical sector. **12 Hrs**

4. Brief introduction to CDSCO. WHO, USFDA, EMEA, TGA, MHRA, MCC, ANVISA **12 Hrs**

5. Regulatory requirements for contract research organization. Regulations for Biosimilars. **12 Hrs**

REFERENCES:

1. Pharmaceutical Process Validation: By Fra R. Berry and Robert A. Nash, Vol 57, 2nd Edition
2. Applied Production and Operation Management by Evans, Anderson and Williams
3. GMP for pharmaceuticals Material Management by K.K. Ahuja Published by CBS publishers
4. ISO 9000–Norms and explanations
5. GMP for pharmaceuticals– Willing S.H. Marcel and Dekker

INDUSTRIAL PHARMACY PRACTICAL – I
(MIP 105P)

1. Analysis of pharmacopoeial compounds and their formulations by UV Vis spectrophotometer
2. Simultaneous estimation of multi component containing formulations by UV spectrophotometry
3. Experiments based on HPLC / GC
4. Estimation of riboflavin/quinine sulphate by fluorimetry
5. Estimation of sodium/potassium by flame photometry
6. Effect of surfactants on the solubility of drugs.
7. Effect of pH on the solubility of drugs.
8. Stability testing of solution and solid dosage forms for photo degradation.
9. Stability studies of drugs in dosage forms at 25 RH. ^{o}C, 60% RH and 40^{o}C, 75%
10. Compatibility evaluation of drugs and excipients (DSC & FTIR).
11. Preparation and evaluation of different polymeric membranes.
12. Formulation and evaluation of sustained release oral matrix tablet / oral reservoir system.
13. Formulation and evaluation of microspheres / microcapsules.
14. Formulation and evaluation of transdermal drug delivery systems.
15. Design and evaluation of face wash, body– wash, creams, lotions, shampoo, toothpaste, lipstick.
16. Electrophoresis of protein solution.
17. Preparation and evaluation of Liposome delivery system.

ADVANCED BIOPHARMACEUTICS & PHARMACOKINETICS
(MIP 201T)

SCOPE

This course is designed to impart knowledge and skills necessary for dose calculations, dose adjustments and to apply Biopharmaceutics theories in practical problem solving.

OBJECTIVES

On completion of this course it is expected that students will be able to understand,

- The basic concepts in Biopharmaceutics and pharmacokinetics.
- The use of raw data and derive the pharmacokinetic models and parameters the best describe the process of drug absorption, distribution, metabolism and elimination.
- To critically evaluate Biopharmaceutics studies involving drug product equivalency.
- To design and evaluate dosage regimens of the drugs using pharmacokinetic and biopharmaceutic parameters.

THEORY 60 Hrs

1. Drug Absorption from The Gastrointestinal Tract: Gastrointestinal tract, Mechanism of drug absorption, Factors affecting, pH-partition theory, Formulation and physicochemical factors: Dissolution rate, Dissolution process, Noyes-Whitney equation and drug dissolution, Factors affecting the dissolution rate. Gastrointestinal absorption: role of the dosage form: Solution (elixir, syrup and solution) as a dosage form ,Suspension as a dosage form, Capsule as a dosage form, Tablet as a dosage form, Dissolution methods, Formulation and processing factors,

   Correlation of in vivo data with in vitro dissolution data. Transport model: Permeability -Solubility–Charge State and the pH Partition Hypothesis, Properties of the Gastrointestinal Tract (GIT), pH Microclimate Intracellular pH Environment, Tight - Junction Complex. Solubility: Experimental methods. Permeability: In–vitro, in–situ and In–vivo methods. **12 Hrs**

2. Biopharmaceutic Considerations in Drug Product Design and In Vitro Drug Product Performance: Introduction, Biopharmaceutic Factors Affecting Drug Bioavailability, Rate– Limiting Steps in Drug Absorption, Physicochemical Nature of the

   Drug Formulation Factors Affecting Drug Product Performance, In Vitro: Dissolution and Drug Release Testing, Compendial Methods of Dissolution, Alternative Methods of Dissolution Testing, Meeting Dissolution Requirements, Problems of Variable Control in Dissolution Testing Performance of Drug Products: In Vitro-In Vivo Correlation, Dissolution Profile Comparisons, Drug Product Stability, Considerations in the Design of a Drug Product. **12 Hrs**

3. Pharmacokinetics: Basic considerations, Pharmacokinetic models, Compartment modeling: One compartment model– IV bolus, IV infusion, Extra–vascular; Multi Compartment model: Two compartment – model in brief, Non–Linear Pharmacokinetics: Cause of non–linearity, Michaelis - Menten equation, Estimation Kmax and Vmax. Drug interactions: Introduction, The effect of protein–binding interactions, the effect of tissue–binding interactions, Cytochrome P450–based drug interactions, and Drug interactions linked to transporters. **12 Hrs**

4. Pharmacokinetics: Basic considerations, Pharmacokinetic models, Compartment modeling: One compartment model– IV bolus, IV infusion, Extra–vascular; Multi Compartment model: Two compartment – model in brief, Non–Linear Pharmacokinetics: Cause of non–linearity, Michaelis - Menten equation, Estimation Kmax and Vmax. Drug interactions: Introduction, The effect of protein–binding interactions, the effect of tissue–binding interactions, Cytochrome P450–based drug interactions, and Drug interactions linked to transporters. **12 Hrs**

5. Drug Product Performance, In Vivo: Bioavailability and Bioequivalence: Drug Product Performance, Purpose of Bioavailability Studies, Relative and Absolute Availability, , Methods for Assessing Bioavailability, Bioequivalence Studies, Design and Evaluation of Bioequivalence Studies, Study Designs, Crossover Study Designs, Evaluation of the Data, Bioequivalence Example, Study Submission and Drug Review Process, The Biopharmaceutics Classification System, Generic Biologics (Biosimilar Drug Products),Clinical Significance of Bioequivalence Studies, Special Concerns in Bioavailability and Bioequivalence Studies, Generic Substitution. **12 Hrs**

6. Application of Pharmacokinetics: Modified–Release Drug Products, Targeted Drug Delivery Systems and Biotechnological Products. Relationship between Pharmacokinetics including Pharmacodynamics: Generation of a pharmacokinetic-pharmacodynamic (PKPD) equation, Pharmacokinetic and pharmacodynamic, interactions. Pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamics of biotechnology drugs: Introduction, Proteins and peptides, Monoclonal antibodies, Oligonucleotides, Vaccines (immunotherapy), Gene therapies. **12 Hrs**

REFERENCES

1. Biopharmaceutics and Clinical Pharmacokinetics by Milo Gibaldi, 4th edition, Philadelphia, Lea and Febiger, 1991
2. Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics, A. Treatise, D .M. Brahmankar and Sunil B.J aiswal., Vallab Prakashan, Pitampura, Delhi
3. Applied Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics by Shargel. Land YuABC, 2nd edition, Connecticut Appleton Century Crofts, 1985
4. Textbook of Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics, Dr. Shobha Rani R. Hiremath, Prism Book
5. Pharmacokinetics by Milo Gibaldi and D. Perrier, 2nd edition, Marcel Dekker Inc., New York, 1982
6. Current Concepts in Pharmaceutical Sciences: Biopharmaceutics, Swarbrick. J, Lea and Febiger, Philadelphia, 1970
7. Clinical Pharmacokinetics, Concepts and Applications 3rd edition by Malcolm Rowland and Thom~ N. Tozer, Lea and Febiger, Philadelphia, 1995
8. Dissolution, Bioavailability and Bioequivalence, Abdou. H.M, Mack Publishing Company, Pennsylvania 1989
9. Biopharmaceutics and Clinical Pharmacokinetics, An Introduction, 4th edition, revised and expande by Robert. E. Notari, Marcel Dekker Inc, New York and Basel, 1987.
10. Biopharmaceutics and Relevant Pharmacokinetics by John. G Wagner and M.Pemarowski, 1st edition, Drug Intelligence Publications, Hamilton, Illinois, 1971.
11. Encyclopedia of Pharmaceutical Technology, Vol 13, James Swarbrick, James.

G.Boylan, Marcel Dekker Inc, New York, 1996.

12. Basic Pharmacokinetics,1 st edition, Sunil S Jambhekar and Philip J Breen,pharmaceutical press, RPS Publishing,2009.
13. Absorption and Drug Development– Solubility, Permeability, and Charge State, Alex Avdeef, John Wiley & Sons, Inc,2003.

SCALE UP AND TECHNOLOGY TRANSFER
(MIP 202T)

SCOPE

This course is designed to impart knowledge and skills necessary to train the students to be on scale up, technology transfer process and industrial safety issues.

OBJECTIVES:

On completion of this course it is expected that students will be able to understand,

- Manage the scale up process in pharmaceutical industry.
- Assist in technology transfer.
- To establish safety guidelines, which prevent industrial hazards.

THEORY **60 Hrs**

1. Pilot plant design: Basic requirements for design, facility, equipment selection, for tablets, capsules, liquid orals, parentral and semisolid preparations.

   Scale up: Importance, Technology transfer from R & D to pilot plant to plant scale, process scale up for tablets, capsules, liquid orals, semisolids, parentral, NDDS products - stress on formula, equipments, product uniformity, stability, raw materials, physical layout, input, in–process and finished product specifications, problems encountered during transfer of technology **12 Hrs**

2 Validation: General concepts, types, procedures & protocols, documentation, VMF. Analytical method validation, cleaning validation and vender qualification. **12 Hrs**

3 Equipment Qualification: Importance, IQ, OQ, PQ for equipments - autoclave, DHS, membrane filter, rapid mixer granulator, cone blender, FBD, tablet compression machine, liquid filling and sealing machine. Aseptic room validation. **12 Hrs**

4 Process validation: Importance, validation of mixing, granulation, drying, compression, tablet coating, liquid filling and sealing, sterilization, water process systems, environmental control. **12 Hrs**

5 Industrial safety: Hazards - fire, mechanical, electrical, chemical and pharmaceutical, Monitoring & prevention systems, industrial effluent testing & treatment. Control of environmental pollution. **12 Hrs**

REFERENCES

1. Pharmaceutical process validation, JR Berry, Nash, Vol 57, Marcel Dekker, NY.
2. Pharmaceutical Production facilities, design and applications, by GC Cole, Taylor and Francis.
3. Pharmaceutical project management, T.Kennedy, Vol 86, Marcel Dekker, NY.
4. The theory & Practice of Industrial Pharmacy, L.Lachman, H.A.Lieberman, Varghese Publ. Bombay.
5. Tablet machine instruments in pharmaceuticals, PR Watt, John Wiloy.
6. Pharmaceutical dosage forms, Tablets, Vol 1, 2, 3 by Lachman, Lieberman, Marcel Dekker, NY.
7. Pharmaceutical dosage forms, Parentral medications, Vol 1, 2 by K.E. Avis, Marcel

Dekker, NY.

8. Dispersed system Vol 1, 2, 3 by Lachman, Lieberman, Marcel Dekker, NY.
9. Subrahmanyam, CVS, Pharmaceutical production and Management, 2007, Vallabh Prakashan, Dehli.

PHARMACEUTICAL PRODUCTION TECHNOLOGY
(MIP 203T)

SCOPE

This course is designed to impart knowledge and skills necessary to train the students to be on par with the routine of Industrial activities in Production

OBJECTIVES

On completion of this course it is expected that students will be able to understand,

- Handle the scheduled activities in a Pharmaceutical firm.
- Manage the production of large batches of pharmaceutical formulations.

THEORY 60 Hrs

1. Improved Tablet Production: Tablet production process, unit operation improvements, granulation and pelletization equipments, continuous and batch mixing, rapid mixing granulators, rota granulators, spheronizers and marumerisers, and other specialized granulation and drying equipments. Problems encountered.

   Coating Technology: Process, equipments, particle coating, fluidized bed coating, and application techniques. Problems encountered. **12 Hrs**

2. Parenteral Production: Area planning & environmental control, wall and floor treatment, fixtures and machineries, change rooms, personnel flow, utilities & utilities equipment location, engineering and maintenance. **12 Hrs**

3. Lyophilization & Spray drying Technology: Principles, process, freeze–drying and spray drying equipments. **12 Hrs**

4. Capsule Production: Production process, improved capsule manufacturing and filling machines for hard and soft gelatin capsules. Layout and problems encountered. Disperse Systems Production: Production processes, applications of mixers, mills, disperse equipments including fine solids dispersion, problems encountered.

   Packaging Technology: Types of packaging materials, machinery, labeling, and package printing for different dosage forms. **12 Hrs**

5. Air Handling Systems: Study of AHUs, humidity & temperature control, air filtration systems, dust collectors. Water Treatment Process: Techniques and maintenance - RO, DM, ultra - filtration, WFI. **12 Hrs**

REFERENCES

1. The Theory & Practice of Industrial Pharmacy, L. Lachman, Varghese Publ, Bombay.
2. Modern Pharmaceutics by Banker, Vol 72, Marcel Dekker, NY.
3. Pharmaceutical Dosage Forms, Vol 1, 2, 3 by Lachman, Lieberman, Marcel Dekker, NY.
4. Pharmaceutical Dosage Forms, Parentral medications, Vol 1, 2 by K.E. Avis, Marcel Dekker, NY.
5. Pharmaceutical Production Facilities, design and applications, by G.C. Cole, Taylor and Francis.

6. Dispersed System Vol 1, 2, 3 by Lachman, Lieberman, Marcel Dekker, NY.
7. Product design and testing of polymeric materials by N.P. Chezerisionoff.
8. Pharmaceutical Project Management, T.Kennedy, Vol 86, Marcel Dekker, NY.
9. Packaging Pharmaceutical and Health Care, H.Lockhard.
10. Quality Control of Packaging Materials in Pharmaceutical Industy, .Kharburn, Marcel Dekker, NY.
11. Freeze drying / Lyophilization of Pharmaceuticals & Biological Products, L. Ray, Vol 96, Marcel Dekker, NY.
12. Tablet Machine Instrumentation in Pharmaceuticals, PR Watt, Ellis Horwoods, UK.

ENTREPRENEURSHIP MANAGEMENT
(MIP 204T)

SCOPE:

This course is designed to impart knowledge and skills necessary to train the students on entrepreneurship management.

OBJECTIVES:

On completion of this course it is expected that students will be able to understand,

- The Role of enterprise in national and global economy
- Dynamics of motivation and concepts of entrepreneurship
- Demands and challenges of Growth Strategies and Networking

THEORY **60 Hrs**

1. Conceptual Frame Work: Concept need and process in entrepreneurship development. Role of enterprise in national and global economy. Types of enterprise - Merits and Demerits. Government policies and schemes for enterprise development. Institutional support in enterprise development and management. **12 Hrs**

2 Entrepreneur: Entrepreneurial motivation - dynamics of motivation. Entrepreneurial competency -Concepts. Developing Entrepreneurial competencies – requirements and understanding the process of entrepreneurship development, self–awareness, interpersonal skills, creativity, assertiveness, achievement, factors affecting entrepreneur role. **12 Hrs**

3 Launching and Organising an Enterprise: Environment scanning - Information, sources, schemes of assistance, problems. Enterprise selection, market assessment, enterprise feasibility study, SWOT Analysis. Resource mobilisation – finance, technology, raw material, site and manpower. Costing and marketing management and quality control. Feedback, monitoring and evaluation. **12 Hrs**

4 Growth Strategies And Networking: Performance appraisal and assessment. Profitability and control measures, demands and challenges. Need for diversification. Future Growth - Techniques of expansion and diversification, vision strategies. Concept and dynamics. Methods, Joint venture, co–ordination and feasibility study. **12 Hrs**

5 Preparing Project Proposal to start on new Enterprise Project work - Feasibility report; Planning, resource mobilisation and implementation. **12 Hrs**

REFERENCES

1. Akhauri, M.M.P.(1990): Entrepreneurship for Women in India, NIESBUD, New Delhi.
2. Hisrich, R.D & Brush, C.G.(1996) The Women Entrepreneurs, D.C. Health & Co., Toranto.
3. Hisrich, R.D. and Peters, M.P. (1995): Entrepreneurship - Starting, Developing and Managing a New Enterprise, Richard D., Inwin, INC, USA.
4. Meredith, G.G. etal (1982): Practice of Entrepreneurship, ILO, Geneva.
5. Patel, V.C. (1987): Women Entrepreneurship - Developing New Entrepreneurs, Ahmedabad EDII.

INDUSTRIAL PHARMACY PRACTICAL – II
(MIP 205P)

1. Improvement of dissolution characteristics of slightly soluble drug by Solid dispersion technique.
2. Comparison of dissolution of two different marketed products /brands
3. Protein binding studies of a highly protein bound drug & poorly protein bound drug
4. Bioavailability studies of Paracetamol (Animal).
5. Pharmacokinetic and IVIVC data analysis by WinnolineR software
6. In vitro cell studies for permeability and metabolism
7. Formulation and evaluation of tablets
8. Formulation and evaluation of capsules
9. Formulation and evaluation of injections
10. Formulation and evaluation of emulsion
11. Formulation and evaluation of suspension.
12. Formulation and evaluation of enteric coating tablets.
13. Preparation and evaluation of a freeze dried formulation.
14. Preparation and evaluation of a spray dried formulation.

PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMISTRY (MPC)

ADVANCED ORGANIC CHEMISTRY - I (MPC 102T)	60 Hrs
Scope The subject is designed to provide in–depth knowledge about advances in organic chemistry, different techniques of organic synthesis and their applications to process chemistry as well as drug discovery. **Objectives** Upon completion of course, the student shall be to understand • The principles and applications of reterosynthesis • The mechanism & applications of various named reactions • The concept of disconnection to develop synthetic routes for small target molecule. • The various catalysts used in organic reactions • The chemistry of heterocyclic compounds	
UNIT-I **a) Basic Aspects of Organic Chemistry** **1. Organic intermediates:** Carbocations, carbanions, free radicals, carbenes and nitrenes, their method of formation, stability and synthetic applications. **2.** Types of reaction mechanisms and methods of determining them: reactions, mechanisms and their relative reactivity and orientations. **b) Addition reactions** • **Nucleophilic uni– and bimolecular reactions (SN1 and SN2)** • **Elimination reactions (E1 & E2; Hoffman & Saytzeff's rule)** • **Rearrangement reactions**	**10 Hrs**
UNIT-II **Study of mechanism and synthetic applications of following name reactions** **1) Important Name reactions:** Ullmann coupling reactions, Dieckmann reaction, Doebner-Miller reaction, Sandmeyer reaction, Mitsunobu reaction, Mannich reaction, Vilsmeyer-Haack reaction, Sharpless asymmetric epoxidation, Shapiro & Suzuki reaction, Ozonolysis, Michael addition reaction **2) Multi-component synthesis:** Ugi reaction, Biginelli reaction, Hantzsch reaction, Passerini reaction and Strecker synthesis.	**12 Hrs**
UNIT-III **a) Synthetic Reagents & Applications** Aluminiumisopropoxide, N–bromosuccinamide, diazomethane, dicyclohexylcarbodimide, Wilkinson reagent, Witting reagent. Osmium tetroxide, titanium chloride, diazopropane, diethyl azodicarboxylate, Triphenylphosphine, Benzotriazol–1–yloxy) tris (dimethylamino) phosphonium hexafluoro–phosphate (BOP). **b) Protecting groups** i. Role of protection in organic synthesis ii. Protection for the hydroxyl group, including 1,2–and1,3–diols: ethers, esters, carbonates, cyclic acetals & ketals iii. Protection for the Carbonyl Group: Acetals and Ketals iv. Protection for the Carboxyl Group: amides and hydrazides,	**12 Hrs**

esters v. Protection for the Amino Group and Amino acids: carbamates and amides	
UNIT-IV • **Heterocyclic Chemistry** Organic Name reactions with their respective mechanism and application involved in synthesis of drugs containing five, six membered and fused hetrocyclics such as Debus–Radziszewski imidazole synthesis, Knorr Pyrazole Synthesis Pinner Pyrimidine Synthesis, Combes Quinoline Synthesis, Bernthsen Acridine Synthesis, Smiles rearrangement and Traube purine synthesis. • **Synthesis of few representative drugs containing these hetrocyclic nucleus** such as Ketoconazole, Metronidazole, Celecoxib, Metamizole sodium, Antipyrine, Alprazolam, Triamterene, Sulfamerazine, Hydroxychloroquine, Quinacrine, Amsacrine, Prochlorpherazine, Promazine, Theophylline , Mercaptopurine.	**14 Hrs**
UNIT-V **Synthon approach and retrosynthesis applications** i. Basic principles, terminologies and advantages of retrosynthesis; guidelines for dissection of molecules. Functional group interconvertion and addition (FGI and FGA) ii. C-X disconnections; C-C disconnections - alcohols and carbonyl compounds; 1,2-, 1,3-,1,4-, 1,5-, 1,6-difunctionalized compounds iii. Strategies for synthesis of three, four, five and six-membered ring.	**12 Hrs**

REFERENCES

1. "Advanced Organic chemistry, Reaction, Mechanisms and Structure", J March, John Wiley and Sons, New York.
2. "Mechanism and Structure in Organic Chemistry", ES Gould, Hold Rinchart and Winston, New York.
3. "Organic Chemistry" Clayden, Greeves, Warren and Woihers. Oxford University Press 2001.
4. "Organic Chemistry" Vol I and II. I.L. Finar. ELBS, Pearson Education Lts, Dorling Kindersley 9India) Pvt. Ltd.
5. A guide to mechanisms in Organic Chemistry, Peter Skyes (Orient Longman, New Delhi).
6. Reactive Intermediates in Organic Chemistry, Tandom and Gowel, Oxford & IBH Publishers.
7. Combinational Chemistry - Synthesis and applications - Stephen R Wilson & Anthony W Czarnik, Wiley - Blackwell.
8. Carey, Organic Chemistry, 5th Edition (Viva Books Pvt. Ltd.)
9. Organic Synthesis - The Disconnection Approach, S. Warren, Wily India
10. Principles of Organic Synthesis, ROC Norman and JM Coxan, Nelson Thorns.
11. Organic Synthesis - Special Techniques. VK Ahluwalia and R Agarwal, Narosa Publishers.
12. Organic Reaction Mechanisms IVth Edtn, VK Ahluwalia and RK Parashar, Narosa Publishers.

ADVANCED MEDICINAL CHEMISTRY (MPC 103T)	60 Hrs
Scope The subject is designed to impart knowledge about recent advances in the field of medicinal chemistry at the molecular level including different techniques for the rational drug design. **Objectives** At completion of this course it is expected that students will be able to understand • Different stages of drug discovery • Role of medicinal chemistry in drug research • Different techniques for drug discovery • Various strategies to design and develop new drug like molecules for biological targets • Peptidomimetics	
UNIT-I **a) Drug discovery**: Stages of drug discovery, lead discovery; identification, validation and diversity of drug targets. **b) Biological drug targets**: Receptors, types, binding and activation, theories of drug receptor interaction, drug receptor interactions, agonist's vs antagonists, and artificial enzymes.	**12 Hrs**
UNIT-II **Medicinal Chemistry Aspects of following classess of drugs** **Systematic study, SAR, Mechanism of action and synthesis of new generation molecules of following class of drugs:** **a)** Anti–hypertensive drugs, psychoactive drugs, Anticonvulsant drugs, H1 & H2 receptor antagonist, COX-1 & COX-2 inhibitors, Alzheimer's and Parkinson's disease, Antineoplastic and Antiviral agents. **b) Stereochemistry and Drug action**: Stereo selectivity as a pre–requisite for evolution, role of chirality in selective and specific therapeutic agents, Enantio selectivity in drug adsorption, metabolism, distribution and elimination with Case studies.	**16 Hrs**
UNIT-III **Peptidomimetics** Therapeutic values of Peptidomimetics, design of peptidomimetics by manipulation of the amino acids, modification of the peptide backbone, incorporating conformational constraints locally or globally. Chemistry of prostaglandins, leukotrienes and thromboxones.	**10 Hrs**
UNIT-IV **Rational Design of Enzyme Inhibitors** Enzyme kinetics & Principles of Enzyme inhibitors, Enzyme inhibitors in medicine, Enzyme inhibitors in basic research, rational design of non-covalently and covalently binding enzyme inhibitors.	**10 Hrs**
UNIT-V **Prodrug Design and Analog design** **a) Prodrug design**: Basic concept, Carrier linked prodrugs/ Bioprecursors, Prodrugs of functional group, Prodrugs to improve patient acceptability, Drug solubility, Drug absorption and	**12 Hrs**

distribution, site specific drug delivery and sustained drug action. Rationale of prodrug design and practical consideration of prodrug design. **b) Combating drug resistance**: Causes for drug resistance, strategies to combat drug resistance in antibiotics and anticancer therapy, Genetic principles of drug resistance. **c) Analog Design**: Introduction, Classical & Non classical, Bioisosteric replacement strategies, rigid analogs, alteration of chain branching, changes in ring size, ring position isomers, design of stereo isomers and geometric isomers, fragments of a lead molecule, variation in inter atomic distance.	

REFERENCES

1. Medicinal Chemistry by Burger, Vol I -VI.
2. Wilson and Gisvold's Text book of Organic Medicinal and Pharmaceutical Chemistry, 12th Edition, Lppincott Williams & Wilkins, Woltess Kluwer (India) Pvt.Ltd, New Delhi.
3. Comprehensive Medicinal Chemistry - Corwin and Hansch.
4. Computational and structural approaches to drug design edited by Robert M Stroud and Janet. F Moore
5. Introduction to Quantitative Drug Design by Y.C. Martin.
6. Principles of Medicinal Chemistry by William Foye, 7th Edition, Ippincott Williams & Wilkins, Woltess Kluwer (India) Pvt.Ltd, New Delhi.
7. Drug Design Volumes by Arienes, Academic Press, Elsevier Publishers, Noida, Uttar Pradesh.
8. Principles of Drug Design by Smith.
9. The Organic Chemistry of the Drug Design and Drug action by Richard B.Silverman, II Edition, Elsevier Publishers, New Delhi.
10. An Introduction to Medicinal Chemistry, Graham L.Patrick, III Edition, Oxford University Press, USA.
11. Biopharmaceutics and pharmacokinetics, DM.Brahmankar, Sunil B. Jaiswal II Edition, 2014, Vallabh Prakashan, New Delhi.
12. Peptidomimetics in Organic and Medicinal Chemistry by Antonio Guarna and Andrea Trabocchi, First edition, Wiley publishers.

CHEMISTRY OF NATURAL PRODUCTS (MPC 104T)	60 Hrs
Scope The subject is designed to provide detail knowledge about chemistry of medicinal compounds from natural origin and general methods of structural elucidation of such compounds. It also emphasizes on isolation, purification and characterization of medicinal compounds from natural origin. **Objectives** At completion of this course it is expected that students will be able to understand – • Different types of natural compounds and their chemistry and medicinal importance • The importance of natural compounds as lead molecules for new drug discovery • The concept of rDNA technology tool for new drug discovery • General methods of structural elucidation of compounds of natural origin • Isolation, Purification and characterization of simple chemical constituents from natural source	
UNIT-I **Study of Natural products as leads for new pharmaceuticals for the following class of drugs** a) Drugs Affecting the Central Nervous System: Morphine Alkaloids b) Anticancer Drugs: Paclitaxel and Docetaxel, Etoposide, and Teniposide c) Cardiovascular Drugs: Lovastatin, Teprotide and Dicoumarol d) Neuromuscular Blocking Drugs: Curare alkaloids e) Anti-malarial drugs and Analogues f) Chemistry of macrolide antibiotics (Erythromycin, Azithromycin, Roxithromycin, and Clarithromycin) and β- Lactam antibiotics (Cephalosporins and Carbapenem)	**12 Hrs**
UNIT-II **a) Alkaloids**: General introduction, classification, isolation, purification, molecular modification and biological activity of alkaloids, general methods of structural determination of alkaloids, structural elucidation and stereochemistry of ephedrine, morphine, ergot, emetine and reserpine. **b) Flavonoids**: Introduction, isolation and purification of flavonoids, General methods of structural determination of flavonoids; Structural elucidation of quercetin. **c) Steroids**: General introduction, chemistry of sterols, sapogenin and cardiac glycosides. Stereochemistry and nomenclature of steroids, chemistry of contraceptive agents male & female sex hormones (Testosterone,Estradiol, Progesterone), adrenocorticoids (Cortisone), contraceptive agents and steroids (Vit - D).	**12 Hrs**
UNIT-III **a) Terpenoids**: Classification, isolation, isoprene rule and general methods of structural elucidation of Terpenoids; Structural elucidation of drugs belonging to mono (citral, menthol, camphor), di(retinol, Phytol, taxol) and tri terpenoids (Squalene,Ginsenoside) carotinoids (β carotene). **b) Vitamins** : Chemistry and Physiological significance of Vitamin A, B1, B2, B12, C, E, Folic acid and Niacin.	**12 Hrs**

UNIT-IV **a) Recombinant DNA technology and drug discovery** rDNA technology, hybridoma technology, New pharmaceuticals derived from biotechnology; Oligonucleotide therapy. Gene therapy: Introduction, Clinical application and recent advances in gene therapy, principles of RNA & DNA estimation **b) Active constituent of certain crude drugs used in Indigenous system** **Diabetic therapy**- *Gymnema sylvestre, Salacia reticulate, Pterocarpus marsupiam, Swertia chirata, Trigonella foenum graccum;* Liver dysfunction - *Phyllanthus niruri; Antitumor - Curcuma longa Linn.*	**12 Hrs**
UNIT-V **Structural Characterization of natural compounds** Structural characterization of natural compounds using IR, ^{1}H-NMR, ^{13}C-NMR and MS Spectroscopy of specific drugs e.g., Penicillin, Morphine, Camphor, Vit–D, Quercetin and Digitalis glycosides.	**12 Hrs**

REFERENCES

1. Modern Methods of Plant Analysis, Peech and M.V.Tracey, Springer - Verlag, Berlin, Heidelberg.
2. Phytochemistry Vol. I and II by Miller, Jan Nostrant Rein Hld.
3. Recent advances in Phytochemistry Vol. I to IV - Scikel Runeckles, Springer Science & Business Media.
4. Chemistry of natural products Vol I onwards IWPAC.
5. Natural Product Chemistry Nakanishi Gggolo, University Science Books, California.
6. Natural Product Chemistry "A laboratory guide" - Rapheal Khan.
7. The Alkaloid Chemistry and Physiology by RHF Manske, Academic Press.
8. Introduction to molecular Phytochemistry - CHJ Wells, Chapmannstall.
9. Organic Chemistry of Natural Products Vol I and II by Gurdeep and Chatwall, Himalaya Publishing House.
10. Organic Chemistry of Natural Products Vol I and II by O.P. Agarwal, Krishan Prakashan.
11. Organic Chemistry Vol I and II by I.L. Finar, Pearson education.
12. Elements of Biotechnology by P.K. Gupta, Rastogi Publishers.
13. Pharmaceutical Biotechnology by S.P.Vyas and V.K.Dixit, CBS Publishers.
14. Biotechnology by Purohit and Mathur, Agro–Bios, 13th edition.
15. Phytochemical methods of Harborne, Springer, Netherlands.
16. Burger's Medicinal Chemistry.

PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMISTRY PRACTICAL - I (MPC 105P)
1. Analysis of Pharmacopoeial compounds and their formulations by UV Vis spectrophotometer, RNA & DNA estimation 2. Simultaneous estimation of multi component containing formulations by UV spectrophotometry 3. Experiments based on Column chromatography 4. Experiments based on HPLC 5. Experiments based on Gas Chromatography 6. Estimation of riboflavin/quinine sulphate by fluorimetry 7. Estimation of sodium/potassium by flame photometry **To perform the following reactions of synthetic importance** 1. Purification of organic solvents, column chromatography 2. Claisen–Schimidt reaction. 3. Benzyllic acid rearrangement. 4. Beckmann rearrangement. 5. Hoffmann rearrangement 6. Mannich reaction 7. Synthesis of medicinally important compounds involving more than one step along with purification and Characterization using TLC, melting point and IR spectroscopy (4 experiments) 8. Estimation of elements and functional groups in organic natural compounds 9. Isolation, characterization like melting point, mixed melting point, molecular weight determination, functional group analysis, co–chromatographic technique for identification of isolated compounds and interpretation of UV and IR data. 10. Some typical degradation reactions to be carried on selected plant constituents

ADVANCED SPECTRAL ANALYSIS (MPC 201T)	60 Hrs
Scope This subject deals with various hyphenated analytical instrumental techniques for identification, characterization and quantification of drugs. Instruments dealt are LC–MS, GC–MS, ATR–IR, DSC etc. **Objectives** At completion of this course it is expected that students will be able to understand - • Interpretation of the NMR, Mass and IR spectra of various organic compounds • Theoretical and practical skills of the hyphenated instruments • Identification of organic compounds	
UNIT-I **UV and IR spectroscopy** • Woodward - Fieser rule for 1,3– butadienes, cyclic dienes and α, β– carbonyl compounds and interpretation compounds of enones. • ATR–IR, Interpretation of IR Spectra of Organic Compound	**12 Hrs**
UNIT-II **NMR spectroscopy** 1–D and 2–D NMR, NOESY and COSY, HECTOR, INADEQUATE techniques, Interpretation of organic compounds.	**12 Hrs**
UNIT-III **Mass Spectroscopy** Mass fragmentation and its rules, Fragmentation of important functional groups like alcohols, amines, carbonyl groups and alkanes, Meta stable ions, Mc Lafferty rearrangement, Ring rule, Isotopic peaks,Interpretation of organic compounds.	**12 Hrs**
UNIT-IV **Chromatography:** Principle, Instrumentation and Applications of the following : a) GC–MS b) GC-AAS c) LC-MS d) LC-FTIR e) LC-NMR f) CE- MS g) Super critical fluid chromatography h) Flash chromatography i.) LC-MS/MS	**16 Hrs**
UNIT-V **a) Thermal methods of analysis** Interpretation of TGA, DTA and DSC spectras of drug and excipients **b)** Bioassay, ELISA, Radioimmuno assay of digitalisand insulin.	**8 Hrs**

REFERENCES

1. Spectrometric Identification of Organic compounds – Robert M Silverstein, Sixth edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2004.
2. Principles of Instrumental Analysis – Doglas A Skoog, F. James Holler, Timothy A. Nieman, 5th edition, Eastern press, Bangalore, 1998.
3. Instrumental methods of analysis - Willards, 7th edition, CBS publishers.
4. Organic Spectroscopy – William Kemp, 3rd edition, ELBS, 1991.
5. Quantitative analysis of Pharmaceutical formulations by HPTLC – P D Sethi, CBS Publishers, New Delhi.

6. Quantitative Analysis of Drugs in Pharmaceutical formulation – P D Sethi, 3rd Edition, CBS Publishers, New Delhi, 1997.
7. Pharmaceutical Analysis– Modern methods - Part B – J W Munson, Volume 11, Marcel Dekker Series

ADVANCED ORGANIC CHEMISTRY - II (MPC 202T)	60 Hrs
Scope The subject is designed to provide in–depth knowledge about advances in organic chemistry, different techniques of organic synthesis and their applications to process chemistry as well as drug discovery. **Objectives :** Upon completion of course, the student shall able to understand • The principles and applications of Green chemistry • The concept of peptide chemistry. • The various catalysts used in organic reactions • The concept of stereochemistry and asymmetric synthesis.	
UNIT-I **Green Chemistry** **a.** Introduction, principles of green chemistry **b.** Microwave assisted reactions: Merit and demerits of its use, increased reaction rates, mechanism, superheating effects of microwave, effects of solvents in microwave assisted synthesis, microwave technology in process optimization, its applications in various organic reactions and heterocycles synthesis **c.** Ultrasound assisted reactions: Types of sonochemical reactions, homogenous, heterogeneous liquid–liquid and liquid–solid reactions, synthetic applications **d.** Continuous flow reactors: Working principle, advantages and synthetic applications. **e.** Ionic liquids, and solvent free reactions	**12 Hrs**
UNIT-II **Stereochemistry & Asymmetric Synthesis** **a)** Basic concepts in stereochemistry - optical activity, specific rotation, racemates and resolution of racemates, the Cahn, Ingold, Prelog (CIP) sequence rule, meso compounds, pseudo asymmetric centres, axes of symmetry, Fischers D and L notation, cis–trans isomerism, E and Z notation. **b)** Methods of asymmetric synthesis using chiral pool, chiral auxiliaries and catalytic asymmetric synthesis, enantiopure separation and Stereo selective synthesis with examples.	**12 Hrs**
UNIT-III **Chemistry of peptides** a) Coupling reactions in peptide synthesis b) Principles of solid phase peptide synthesis, t–BOC and FMOC protocols, various solid supports and linkers: Activation procedures, peptide bond formation, deprotection and cleavage from resin, low and high HF cleavage protocols, formation of free peptides and peptide amides, purification and case studies, site–specific chemical modifications of peptides c) Segment and sequential strategies for solution phase peptide synthesis with any two case studies d) Side reactions in peptide synthesis: Deletion peptides, side reactions initiated by proton abstraction, protonation, over– activation and side reactions of individual amino acids.	**12 Hrs**
UNIT-IV	**12 Hrs**

a) **Photochemical Reactions** Basic principles of photochemical reactions. Photo–oxidation, photo–addition and photo–fragmentation. b) **Pericyclic reactions** Mechanism, Types of pericyclic reactions such as cyclo addition, electrocyclic reaction and sigmatrophic rearrangement reactions with examples	
UNIT-V **Catalysis** **a)** Types of catalysis, heterogeneous and homogenous catalysis, advantages and disadvantages **b)** Heterogeneous catalysis - preparation, characterization, kinetics, supported catalysts, catalyst deactivation and regeneration, some examples of heterogeneous catalysis used in synthesis of drugs. **c)** Homogenous catalysis, hydrogenation, hydroformylation, hydrocyanation, Wilkinson catalysts, chiral ligands and chiral induction, Ziegler-Natta catalysts, some examples of homogenous catalysis used in synthesis of drugs **d)** Transition–metal and Organo–catalysis in organic synthesis: Metal–catalyzed reactions **e)** Biocatalysis: Use of enzymes in organic synthesis, immobilized enzymes/cells in organic reaction. **f)** Phase transfer catalysis - theory and applications	**12 Hrs**

REFERENCES

1) "Advanced Organic chemistry, Reaction, mechanisms and structure", J March, John Wiley and sons, New York.

2) "Mechanism and structure in organic chemistry", ES Gould, Hold Rinchart and Winston,NewYork.

3) "Organic Chemistry" Clayden, Greeves, Warren and Woihers., Oxford University Press 2001.

4) "Organic Chemistry" Vol I and II. I.L. Finar. ELBS, Sixth ed., 1995.

5) Carey, Organic chemistry, 5th edition (Viva Books Pvt. Ltd.)

6) Organic synthesis–the disconnection approach, S. Warren, Wily India

7) Principles of organic synthesis, ROCNorman and JMCoxan, Nelson thorns

8) Organic synthesis– Special techniques VK Ahluwalia and R Aggarwal, Narosa Publishers.

9) Organic reaction mechanisms IV edtn, VK Ahluwalia and RK Parashar, Narosa Publishers.

COMPUTER AIDED DRUG DESIGN (MPC 203T)	60 Hrs
Scope The subject is designed to impart knowledge on the current state of the art techniques involved in computer assisted drug design. **Objectives** At completion of this course it is expected that students will be able to understand • Role of CADD in drug discovery • Different CADD techniques and their applications • Various strategies to design and develop new drug like molecules. • Working with molecular modeling software's to design new drug molecules • The in silico virtual screening protocols	
UNIT-I **Molecular Properties and Drug Design** a) Prediction and analysis of ADMET properties of new molecules and its importance in drug design. b) De novo drug design: Receptor/enzyme–interaction and its analysis, Receptor/enzyme cavity size prediction, predicting the functional components of cavities, Fragment based drug design. c) Homology modeling and generation of 3D–structure of protein.	**12 Hrs**
UNIT-II • **Pharmacophore Mapping and Virtual Screening** Concept of pharmacophore, pharmacophore mapping, identification of Pharmacophore features and Pharmacophore modeling; Conformational search used in pharmacophore mapping. • In Silico Drug Design and Virtual Screening Techniques Similarity based methods and Pharmacophore based screening, structure based In-silico virtual screening protocols.	**12 Hrs**
UNIT-III **Molecular Modeling and Docking** **a)** Molecular and Quantum Mechanics in drug design. **b)** Energy Minimization Methods: comparison between global minimum conformation and bioactive conformation **c)** Molecular docking and drug receptor interactions: Rigid docking, flexible docking and extra–precision docking. Agents acting on enzymes such as DHFR, HMG–CoA reductase and HIV protease, choline esterase (AchE & BchE)	**12 Hrs**
UNIT-IV • **Introduction to Computer Aided Drug Design (CADD)** History, different techniques and applications. • **Quantitative Structure Activity Relationships**: Basics History and development of QSAR: Physicochemical parameters and methods to calculate physicochemical parameters: Hammett equation and electronic parameters (sigma), lipophilicity effects and parameters (log P, pi–substituent constant), steric effects (Taft steric and MR parameters) Experimental and theoretical approaches for the determination of these physicochemical parameters.	**12 Hrs**
UNIT-V • **Quantitative Structure Activity Relationships:**	**12 Hrs**

Applications: Hansch analysis, Free Wilson analysis and relationship between them, • **Advantages and disadvantages**; Deriving 2D-QSAR equations. • 3D–QSAR approaches and contour map analysis. • **Statistical methods** used in QSAR analysis and importance of statistical parameters.	

REFERENCES

1. Computational and structural approaches to drug discovery, Robert M Stroud and Janet. F Moore, RCS Publishers.
2. Introduction to Quantitative Drug Design by Y.C. Martin, CRC Press, Taylor & Francis group.
3. Drug Design by Ariens Volume 1 to 10, Academic Press, 1975, Elsevier Publishers.
4. Principles of Drug Design by Smith and Williams, CRC Press, Taylor & Francis.
5. The Organic Chemistry of the Drug Design and Drug action by Richard B. Silverman, Elsevier Publishers.
6. Medicinal Chemistry by Burger, Wiley Publishing Co.
7. An Introduction to Medicinal Chemistry -Graham L. Patrick, Oxford University Press.
8. Wilson and Gisvold's Text book of Organic Medicinal and Pharmaceutical Chemistry, Ippincott Williams & Wilkins.
9. Comprehensive Medicinal Chemistry - Corwin and Hansch, Pergamon Publishers.
10. Computational and structural approaches to drug design edited by Robert M Stroud and Janet. F Moore

PHARMACEUTICAL PROCESS CHEMISTRY (MPC 204T)	60 Hrs
Scope Process chemistry is often described as scale up reactions, taking them from small quantities created in the research lab to the larger quantities that are needed for further testing and then to even larger quantities required for commercial production. The goal of a process chemist is to develop synthetic routes that are safe, cost–effective, environmentally friendly, and efficient. The subject is designed to impart knowledge on the development and optimization of a synthetic route/s and the pilot plant procedure for the manufacture of Active Pharmaceutical Ingredients (APIs) and new chemical entities (NCEs) for the drug development phase. **Objectives** At completion of this course it is expected that students will be able to understand • The strategies of scale up process of apis and intermediates • The various unit operations and various reactions in process chemistry	
UNIT-I **Industrial Safety** **a)** MSDS (Material Safety Data Sheet), hazard labels of chemicals and Personal Protection Equipment (PPE) **b)** Fire hazards, types of fire & fire extinguishers Occupational Health & Safety Assessment Series 1800 (OHSAS–1800) and ISO–14001(Environmental Management System), Effluents and its management	**12 Hrs**
UNIT-II **Process chemistry** • Introduction, Synthetic strategy • **Stages of scale up process**: Bench, pilot and large scale process. In–process control and validation of large scale process. • Case studies of some scale up process of APIs. • Impurities in API, types and their sources including genotoxic impurities	**12 Hrs**
UNIT-III **Unit operations** **a. Extraction**: Liquid equilibria, extraction with reflux, extraction with agitation, counter current extraction. **b. Filtration**: Theory of filtration, pressure and vacuum filtration, centrifugal filtration, **c. Distillation**: azeotropic and steam distillation **d. Evaporation**: Types of evaporators, factors affecting evaporation. **e. Crystallization**: Crystallization from aqueous, non– aqueous solutions factors affecting crystallization, nucleation. Principle and general methods of Preparation of polymorphs, hydrates, solvates and amorphous APIs.	**12 Hrs**
UNIT-IV **Unit Processes – I** a) **Nitration**: Nitrating agents, Aromatic nitration, kinetics and mechanism of aromatic nitration, process equipment for technical nitration, mixed acid for nitration, **b) Halogenation**: Kinetics of halogenations, types of halogenations, catalytic halogenations. Case study on industrial halogenation	**12 Hrs**

process. **c) Oxidation**: Introduction, types of oxidative reactions, Liquid phase oxidation with oxidizing agents. Nonmetallic Oxidizing agents such as H2O2, sodium hypochlorite, Oxygen gas, ozonolysis	
UNIT-V **Unit Processes – II** a) **Reduction**: Catalytic hydrogenation, Heterogeneous and omogeneous catalyst; Hydrogen transfer reactions, Metal hydrides. Case study on industrial reduction process. b) **Fermentation**: Aerobic and anaerobic fermentation. Production of - i. Antibiotics; Penicillin and Streptomycin, ii. Vitamins: B2 and B12 iii. Statins: Lovastatin, Simvastatin c) Reaction progress kinetic analysis i. Streamlining reaction steps, route selection, ii. Characteristics of expedient routes, characteristics of cost-effective routes, reagent selection, families of reagents useful for scale–up.	**12 Hrs**

REFERENCES

1. Process Chemistry in the Pharmaceutical Industry: Challenges in an Ever– Changing Climate-An Overview; K. Gadamasetti, CRC Press.
2. Pharmaceutical Manufacturing Encyclopedia, 3rd edition, Volume 2.
3. Medicinal Chemistry by Burger, 6th edition, Volume 1–8.
4. W.L. McCabe, J.C Smith, Peter Harriott. Unit operations of chemical engineering, 7th edition, McGraw Hill
5. Polymorphism in Pharmaceutical Solids .Dekker Series Volume 95 Ed: H G Brittain (1999)
6. Regina M. Murphy: Introduction to Chemical Processes: Principles, Analysis, Synthesis
7. Peter J. Harrington: Pharmaceutical Process Chemistry for Synthesis: Rethinking the Routes to Scale–Up
8. P.H.Groggins: Unit processes in organic synthesis (MGH)
9. F.A.Henglein: Chemical Technology (Pergamon)
10. M.Gopal: Dryden's Outlines of Chemical Tech., WEP East–West Press Clausen,Mattson: Principle of Industrial Chemistry, Wiley Publishing Co.,
11. Lowenheim & M.K. Moran: Industrial Chemicals
12. S.D. Shukla & G.N. Pandey: A text book of Chemical Technology Vol. II, Vikas Publishing House
13. J.K. Stille: Industrial Organic Chemistry (PH)
14. Shreve: Chemical Process, Mc Grawhill.

PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMISTRY PRACTICALS – II (MPC 205P)
1) Synthesis of organic compounds by adapting different approaches involving (3 experiments) • Oxidation • Reduction/hydrogenation • Nitration
2) Comparative study of synthesis of APIs/intermediates by different synthetic routes (2 experiments)
3) Assignments on regulatory requirements in API (2 experiments)
4) Comparison of absorption spectra by UV and Wood ward - Fieser rule
5) Interpretation of organic compounds by FT–IR
6) Interpretation of organic compounds by NMR
7) Interpretation of organic compounds by MS
8) Determination of purity by DSC in pharmaceuticals
9) Identification of organic compounds using FT–IR, NMR, CNMR and Mass spectra
10) To carry out the preparation of following organic compounds
11) Preparation of 4–chlorobenzhydrylpiperazine. (An intermediate for cetirizine HCl).
12) Preparation of 4–iodotolene from p–toluidine.
13) NaBH4 reduction of vanillin to vanillyl alcohol
14) Preparation of umbelliferone by Pechhman reaction
15) Preparation of triphenyl imidazole
16) To perform the Microwave irradiated reactions of synthetic importance (Any two)
17) Determination of log P, MR, hydrogen bond donors and acceptors of selected drugs using softwares.
18) Calculation of ADMET properties of drug molecules and its analysis using softwares Pharmacophore modeling
19) 2D–QSAR based experiments
20) 3D–QSAR based experiments
21) Docking study based experiment
22) Virtual screening based experiment

PHARMACEUTICAL ANALYSIS (MPA)

ADVANCED PHARMACEUTICAL ANALYSIS
(MPA 102T)

SCOPE

This subject deals with the various aspects of Impurity, Impurities in new drug products, in residual solvents, Elemental impurities, Impurity profiling and characterization of degradents, Stability testing of phytopharmaceuticals and their protocol preparation. It also covers the biological testing of various vaccines and their principle and procedure.

OBJECTIVE

After completion of the course students shall able to know,

- Appropriate analytical skills required for the analytical method development.
- Principles of various reagents used in functional group analysis that renders necessary support in research methodology and demonstrates its application in the practical related problems.
- Analysis of impurities in drugs, residual solvents and stability studies of drugs and biological products

THEORY **60 Hrs**

1. Impurity and stabilitystudies:Definition, classification of impurities in drug Substance or Active Pharmaceutical Ingredients and quantification of impurities as per ICH guidelines Impurities in new drug products:Rationale for the reporting and control of degradation products, reporting degradation products content of batches, listing of degradation products in specifications, qualification of degradation products Impurities in residual solvents:General principles, classification of residual solvents, Analytical procedures, limits of residual solvents, reporting levels of residual solvents

   Elemental impurities:Element classification, control of elemental impurities, Potential Sources of elemental Impurities, Identification of Potential Elemental Impurities, analytical procedures, instrumentation & C, H, N and S analysis **10 Hrs**

2. Stability testing protocols:Selection of batches, container orientation, test parameters, sampling frequency, specification, storage conditions, recording of results, concept of stability, commitment etc. Important mechanistic and stability related information provided by results of study of factors like temperature, pH, buffering species ionic strength and dielectric constant etc. on the reaction rates. With practical considerations. **10 Hrs**

3. Impurity profiling and degradent characterization: Method development, Stability studies and concepts of validation accelerated stability testing & shelf life calculation, WHO and ICH stability testing guidelines, Stability zones, steps in development, practical considerations. Basics of impurity profiling and degradent characterization with special emphasis. Photostability testing guidelines, ICH stability guidelines for biological products **10 Hrs**

4. Stability testing of phytopharmaceuticals: Regulatory requirements, protocols,

HPTLC/HPLC finger printing, interactions and complexity. **10 Hrs**

5. Biological tests and assays of the following: a.) Adsorbed Tetanus vaccineb.)Adsorbed Diphtheria vaccine c.) Human anti haemophilic vaccine d.) Rabies vaccine e.) Tetanus Anti toxin f.) Tetanus Anti serum g.) Oxytocin h.) Heparin sodium IP i.) Antivenom. PCR, PCR studies for gene regulation, instrumentation (Principle and Procedures) **10 Hrs**

6. Immunoassays (IA) Basic principles, Production of antibodies, Separation of bound and unbound drug, Radioimmunoassay, Optical IA, Enzyme IA, Fluoro IA, Luminiscence IA, Quantification and applications of IA. **10 Hrs**

REFERENCES

1. Vogel‘s textbook of quantitative chemical analysis – Jeffery J Bassett, J. Mendham, R. C. Denney, 5th edition, ELBS, 1991.
2. Practical Pharmaceutical Chemistry – Beckett and Stenlake, Vol II, 4th Edition, CBS publishers, New Delhi, 1997.
3. Textbook of Pharmaceutical Analysis – K A Connors, 3rd Edition, John Wiley & Sons, 1982.
4. Pharmaceutical Analysis – Higuchi, Brochmman and Hassen, 2nd Edition, Wiley - Inter science Publication, 1961.
5. Quantitative Analysis of Drugs in Pharmaceutical formulation - P D Sethi, 3rd Edition, CBS Publishers New Delhi, 1997.
6. Pharmaceutical Analysis– Modern methods – J W Munson - Part B, Volume 11, Marcel Dekker Series.
7. The Quantitative analysis of Drugs – D C Carratt, 3rd edition, CBS Publishers, NewDelhi, 1964.
8. Indian Pharmacopoeia Vol I, II & III 2007, 2010, 2014.
9. Methods of sampling and microbiological examination of water, first revision, BIS
10. Practical HPLC method development - Snyder, Kirkland, Glajch, 2nd edition, John Wiley & Sons.
11. Analytical Profiles of drug substances - Klaus Florey, Volume 1 - 20, Elsevier, 2005
12. Analytical Profiles of drug substances and Excipients - Harry G Brittan, Volume 21 - 30, Elsevier, 2005.
13. The analysis of drugs in biological fluids – Joseph Chamberlain, 2nd edition, CRC press, London.
14. ICH Guidelines for impurity profiles and stability studies.

PHARMACEUTICAL VALIDATION
(MPA 103T)

SCOPE

The main purpose of the subject is to understand about validation and how it can be applied to industry and thus to improve the quality of the products. The subject covers the complete information about validation, types, methodology and application.

OBJECTIVES

Upon completion of the subject student shall be able to

- Explain the aspect of validation
- Carryout validation of manufacturing processes
- Apply the knowledge of validation to instruments and equipments
- Validate the manufacturing facilities

THEORY **60 Hrs**

1. Introduction: Definition of Qualification and Validation, Advantage of Validation, Streamlining of Qualification & Validation process and Validation Master Plan.

   Qualification: User Requirement Specification, Design Qualification, Factory Acceptance Test (FAT)/ Site Acceptance Test (SAT), Installation Qualification, Operational Qualification, Performance Qualification, Re – Qualification (Maintaining status – Calibration Preventive Maintenance, Change management), Qualification of Manufacturing Equipments, Qualification of Analytical Instruments and Laboratory equipments. **12 Hrs**

2. Qualification of analytical instruments: Electronic balance, pH meter, UV–Visible spectrophotometer, FTIR, GC, HPLC, HPTLC Qualification of Glassware: Volumetric flask, pipette, Measuring cylinder, beakers and burette. **12 Hrs**

3. Validation of Utility systems: Pharmaceutical Water System & pure steam, HVAC system, Compressed air and nitrogen. Cleaning Validation: Cleaning Validation – Cleaning Method development, Validation and validation of analytical method used in cleaning. Cleaning of Equipment, Cleaning of Facilities. Cleaning in place (CIP).

   12 Hrs

4. Analytical method validation: General principles, Validation of analytical method as per ICH guidelines and USP. Computerized system validation: Electronic records and digital significance–21 CFR part 11 and GAMP 5. **12 Hrs**

5. General Principles of Intellectual Property: Concepts of Intellectual Property (IP), Intellectual Property Protection (IPP), Intellectual Property Rights (IPR); Economic importance, mechanism for protection of Intellectual Property -patents, Copyright, Trademark; Factors affecting choice of IP protection; Penalties for violation; Role of IP

in pharmaceutical industry; Global ramification and financial implications. Filing a patent applications; patent application forms and guidelines. Types patent applications– provisional and non–provisional, PCT and convention patent applications; International patenting requirement procedures and costs; Rights and responsibilities of a patentee; Practical aspects regarding maintaining of a Patent file; Patent infringement meaning and scope. Significance of transfer technology (TOT), IP and ethics–positive and negative aspects of IPP; Societal responsibility, avoiding unethical practices.

12 Hrs

REFERENCES

1. B. T. Loftus & R. A. Nash, "Pharmaceutical Process Validation", Drugs and Pharm Sci. Series, Vol. 129, 3rd Ed., Marcel Dekker Inc., N.Y.
2. The Theory & Practice of Industrial Pharmacy, 3rd edition, Leon Lachman, Herbert A. Lieberman, Joseph. L. Karig, Varghese Publishing House, Bombay.
3. Validation Master plan by Terveeks or Deeks, Davis Harwood International publishing.
4. Validation of Aseptic Pharmaceutical Processes, 2nd Edition, by Carleton & Agalloco, (Marcel Dekker).
5. Michael Levin, Pharmaceutical Process Scale–Up", Drugs and Pharm. Sci. Series, Vol. 157,2nd Ed., Marcel Dekker Inc., N.Y.
6. Validation Standard Operating Procedures: A Step by Step Guide for Achieving Compliance in the Pharmaceutical, Medical Device, and Biotech Industries, Syed Imtiaz Haider
7. Pharmaceutical Equipment Validation: The Ultimate Qualification Handbook, Phillip A. Cloud, Interpharm Press
8. Validation of Pharmaceutical Processes: Sterile Products, Frederick J. Carlton (Ed.) and James Agalloco (Ed.), Marcel Dekker, 2nd Ed.
9. Analytical Method validation and Instrument Performance Verification by Churg Chan, Heiman Lam, Y.C. Lee, Yue. Zhang, Wiley Inter Science.

FOOD ANALYSIS
(MPA 104T)

SCOPE

This course is designed to impart knowledge on analysis of food constituents and finished food products. The course includes application of instrumental analysis in the determination of pesticides in variety of food products.

OBJECTIVES

At completion of this course student shall be able to understand various analytical techniques in the determination of

- Food constituents
- Food additives
- Finished food products
- Pesticides in food
- And also student shall have the knowledge on food regulations and legislations

THEORY 60 Hrs

1. Carbohydrates: classification and properties of food carbohydrates, General methods of analysis of food carbohydrates, Changes in food carbohydrates during processing, Digestion, absorption and metabolism of carbohydrates, Dietary fibre, Crude fibre and application of food carbohydrates

   Proteins: Chemistry and classification of amino acids and proteins, Physico–Chemical properties of protein and their structure, general methods of analysis of proteins and amino acids, Digestion, absorption and metabolism of proteins. **12 Hrs**

2. Lipids: Classification, general methods of analysis, refining of fats and oils; hydrogenation of vegetable oils, Determination of adulteration in fats and oils, various methods used for measurement of spoilage of fats and fatty foods.

   Vitamins: classification of vitamins, methods of analysis of vitamins, Principles of microbial assay of vitamins of B–series. **12 Hrs**

3. Food additives: Introduction, analysis of Preservatives, antioxidants, artificial sweeteners, flavors, flavor enhancers, stabilizers, thickening and jelling agents.

   Pigments and synthetic dyes: Natural pigments, their occurrence and characteristic properties, permitted syntheticyes, Non–permitted synthetic dyes used by industries, Method of detection of natural, permitted and non–permitted dyes. **12 Hrs**

4. General Analytical methods for milk, milk constituents and milk products like ice cream, milk powder, butter, margarine, cheese including adulterants and contaminants of milk. Analysis of fermentation products like wine, spirits, beer and vinegar.**12 Hrs**

5. Pesticide analysis: Effects of pest and insects on various food, use of pesticides in agriculture, pesticide cycle, organophosphorus and organochlorine pesticides analysis, determination of pesticide residues in grain, fruits, vegetables, milk and milk products. Legislation regulations of food products with special emphasis on BIS, Agmark, FDA and US–FDA. **12 Hrs**

REFERENCES

1. The chemical analysis of foods - David Pearson, Seventh edition, Churchill

Livingstone, Edinburgh London, 1976

2. Introduction to the Chemical analysis of foods - S. Nielsen, Jones & Bartlett publishers, Boston London, 1994.
3. Official methods of analysis of AOAC International, sixth edition, Volume I & II, 1997.
4. Analysis of Food constituents - Multon, Wiley VCH.
5. Dr. William Horwitz, Official methods of analysis of AOAC International, 18th edition, 2005.

PHARMACEUTICAL ANALYSIS PRACTICALS – II
(MPA 105P)

1) Analysis of Pharmacopoeial compounds and their formulations by UV Vis spectrophotometer
2) Simultaneous estimation of multi component containing formulations by UV spectrophotometry
3) Experiments based on HPLC
4) Experiments based on Gas Chromatography
5) Estimation of riboflavin/quinine sulphate by fluorimetry
6) Estimation of sodium/potassium by flame photometry
7) Assay of official compounds by different titrations
8) Assay of official compounds by instrumental techniques.
9) Quantitative determination of hydroxyl group.
10) Quantitative determination of amino group
11) Colorimetric determination of drugs by using different reagents
12) Imupurity profiling of drugs
13) Calibration of glasswares
14) Calibration of pH meter
15) Calibration of UV–Visible spectrophotometer
16) Calibration of FTIR spectrophotometer
17) Calibration of GC instrument
18) Calibration of HPLC instrument
19) Cleaning validation of any one equipment
20) Determination of total reducing sugar
21) Determination of proteins
22) Determination of saponification value, Iodine value, Peroxide value, Acid value in food products
23) Determination of fat content and rancidity in food products
24) Analysis of natural and synthetic colors in food
25) Determination of preservatives in food
26) Determination of pesticide residue in food products
27) Analysis of vitamin content in food products
28) Determination of density and specific gravity of foods
29) Determination of food additives

ADVANCED INSTRUMENTAL ANALYSIS
(MPA 201T)

SCOPE

This subject deals with various hyphenated analytical instrumental techniques for identification, characterization and quantification of drugs. Instruments dealt are LC–MS, GC–MS, and hyphenated techniques.

OBJECTIVES

After completion of course student is able to know,

- Interpretation of the NMR, Mass and IR spectra of various organic compounds
- Theoretical and practical skills of the hyphenated instruments
- Identification of organic compounds

THOERY **60 Hrs**

1. HPLC: Principle, instrumentation, pharmaceutical applications, peak shapes, capacity factor, selectivity, plate number, plate height, resolution, band broadening, pumps, injector, detectors, columns, column problems, gradient HPLC, HPLC solvents, trouble shooting, sample preparation, method development, New developments in HPLC–role and principles of ultra, nano liquid chromatography in pharmaceutical analysis. Immobilized polysaccharide CSP's: Advancement in enantiomeric separations, revised phase chiral method development and HILIC approaches. HPLC in Chiral analysis of pharmaceuticals. Preparative HPLC, practical aspects of preparative HPLC. **12 Hrs**

2. Biochromatography: Size exclusion chromatography, ion exchange chromatography, ion pair chromatography, affinity chromatography general principles, stationary phases and mobile phases.
   Gas chromatography: Principles, instrumentation, derivatization, head space sampling, columns for GC, detectors, quantification.
   High performance Thin Layer chromatography: Principles, instrumentation, pharmaceutical applications. **12 Hrs**

3. Super critical fluid chromatography: Principles, instrumentation, pharmaceutical applications.
   Capillary electrophoresis: Overview of CE in pharmaceutical analysis, basic configuration, CE characteristics, principles of CE, methods and modes of CE. General considerations and methoddevelopment in CE, Crown ethers as buffer additives in capillary electrophoresis. CE–MS hyphenation. **12 Hrs**

4. Mass spectrometry: Principle, theory, instrumentation of mass spectrometry, different types of ionization like electron impact, chemical, field, FAB and MALD, APCI, ESI, APPI mass fragmentation and its rules, meta stable ions, isotopic peaks and applications of mass spectrometry. LC–MS hyphenation and DART MS analysis. Mass analysers (Quadrpole, Time of flight, FT–ICR, ion trap and Orbitrap) instruments. MS/MS systems (Tandem: QqQ, TOF–TOF;Q–IT, Q–TOF, LTQ–FT, LTQ–Orbitrap. **12 Hrs**

5. NMR spectroscopy: Quantum numbers and their role in NMR, Principle,

Instrumentation, Solvent requirement in NMR, Relaxation process, NMR signals in various compounds, Chemical shift, Factors influencing chemical shift, Spin–Spin coupling, Coupling constant, Nuclear magnetic double resonance, Brief outline of principles of FT–NMR with reference to 13CNMR: Spin spin and spin lattice relaxation phenomenon. 13CNMR, 1–D and 2–D NMR, NOESY and COSY techniques, Interpretation and Applications of NMR spectroscopy. LC–NMR hyphenations. **12 Hrs**

REFERENCES

1. Spectrometric Identification of Organic compounds – Robert M Silverstein, Sixth edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2004.
2. Principles of Instrumental Analysis – Doglas A Skoog, F. James Holler, Timothy A. Nieman, 5th edition, Eastern press, Bangalore, 1998.
3. Instrumental methods of analysis - Willards, 7th edition, CBS publishers.
4. Organic Spectroscopy – William Kemp, 3rd edition, ELBS, 1991.
5. Quantitative analysis of Pharmaceutical formulations by HPTLC – P D Sethi, CBS Publishers, New Delhi.
6. Quantitative Analysis of Drugs in Pharmaceutical formulation – P D Sethi, 3rd Edition, CBS Publishers, New Delhi, 1997.
7. Pharmaceutical Analysis– Modern methods - Part B – J W Munson, Volume 11, Marcel Dekker Series.
8. Organic Spectroscopy by Donald L. Paviya, 5th Edition.

MODERN BIO-ANALYTICAL TECHNIQUES
(MPA 202T)

SCOPE

This subject is designed to provide detailed knowledge about the importance of analysis of drugs in biological matrices.

OBJECTIVES

Upon completion of the course, the student shall be able to understand

- Extraction of drugs from biological samples
- Separation of drugs from biological samples using different techniques
- Guidelines for BA/BE studies.

THEORY **60 Hrs**

1) Extraction of drugs and metabolites from biological matrices: General need, principle and procedure involved in the Bioanalytical methods such as Protein precipitation, Liquid – Liquid extraction and Solid phase extraction and other novel sample preparation approach.
Bioanalytical method validation: USFDA and EMEA guidelines. **12 Hrs**

2) Biopharmaceutical Consideration: Introduction, Biopharmaceutical Factors Affecting Drug Bioavailability, In Vitro: Dissolution and Drug Release Testing, Alternative Methods of Dissolution Testing Transport models, Biopharmaceutics Classification System. Solubility: Experimental methods. Permeability: In-vitro, in-situ and In-vivo methods. **12 Hrs**

3) Pharmacokinetics and Toxicokinetics: Basic consideration, Drug interaction (PK–PD interactions), the effect of protein–binding interactions, the effect of tissue–binding interactions, Cytochrome P450–based drug interactions, Drug interactions linked to transporters. Microsomal assays Toxicokinetics–Toxicokinetic evaluation in preclinical studies, Importance and applications of toxicokinetic studies. LC–MS in bioactivity screening and proteomics. **12 Hrs**

4) Cell culture techniques Basic equipments used in cell culture lab. Cell culture media, various types of cell culture, general procedure for cell cultures; isolation of cells, subculture, cryopreservation, characterization of cells and their applications. Principles and applications of cell viability assays (MTT assays), Principles and applications of flow cytometry. **12 Hrs**

5) Metabolite identification: In–vitro / in–vivo approaches, protocols and sample preparation. Microsomal approaches (Rat liver microsomes (RLM) and Human liver microsomes (HLM) in Met -ID. Regulatory perspectives. In-vitro assay of drug metabolites & drug metabolizing enzymes.
Drug Product Performance, In Vivo: Bioavailability and Bioequivalence: Drug Product Performance, Purpose of Bioavailability Studies, Relative and Absolute Availability. Methods for Assessing Bioavailability, Bioequivalence Studies, Design and Evaluation of Bioequivalence Studies, Study Designs, Crossover Study Designs, Generic Biologics (Biosimilar Drug Products), Clinical Significance of Bioequivalence Studies. **12 Hrs**

REFERENCES

1. Analysis of drugs in Biological fluids – Joseph Chamberlain, 2nd Edition. CRC Press, Newyork. 1995.
2. Principles of Instrumental Analysis – Doglas A Skoog, F. James Holler, Timothy A. Nieman, 5th edition, Eastern press, Bangalore, 1998.
3. Pharmaceutical Analysis – Higuchi, Brochmman and Hassen, 2ndEdition, Wiley - Interscience Publications, 1961.
4. Pharmaceutical Analysis– Modern methods- Part B – J W Munson, Volume 11, Marcel Dekker Series
5. Practical HPLC method Development - Snyder, Kirkland, Glaich, 2nd Edition, John Wiley & Sons, New Jercy. USA.
6. Chromatographic Analysis of Pharmaceuticals - John A Adamovics, 2nd Edition, Marcel Dekker, Newyork, USA. 1997.
7. Chromatographic methods in clinical chemistry & Toxicology - Roger L Bertholf, Ruth E Winecker, John Wiley & Sons, New Jercy, USA. 2007.
8. Good Laboratory Practice Regulations, 2ndEdition, Sandy Weinberg Vol. 69, Marcel Dekker Series, 1995.
9. Good laboratory Practice Regulations - Allen F. Hirsch, Volume 38, Marcel Dekker Series, 1989.
10. ICH, USFDA & CDSCO Guidelines.
11. Palmer

QUALITY CONTROL AND QUALITY ASSURANCE
(MPA 203T)

SCOPE

This course deals with the various aspects of quality control and quality assurance aspects of pharmaceutical industries. It covers the important aspects like cGMP, QC tests, documentation, quality certifications, GLP and regulatory affairs.

OBJECTIVES

At the completion of this subject it is expected that the student shall be able to know

- The cGMP aspects in a pharmaceutical industry
- To appreciate the importance of documentation
- To understand the scope of quality certifications applicable to Pharmaceutical industries
- To understand the responsibilities of QA & QC departments

THEORY **60 Hrs**

1. Concept and Evolution of Quality Control and Quality Assurance Good Laboratory Practice, GMP, Overview of ICH Guidelines – QSEM, with special emphasis on Q–series guidelines.
   Good Laboratory Practices: Scope of GLP, Definitions, Quality assurance unit, protocol for conduct of non clinical testing, control on animal house, report preparation and documentation. **12 Hrs**

2. cGMP guidelines according to schedule M, USFDA (inclusive of CDER and CBER) Pharmaceutical Inspection Convention (PIC), WHO and EMEA covering: Organization and personnel responsibilities, training, hygiene and personal records, drug industry location, design, construction and plant lay out, maintenance, sanitation, environmental control, utilities and maintenance of sterile areas, control of contamination and Good Warehousing Practice. CPCSEA guidelines. **12 Hrs**

3. Analysis of raw materials, finished products, packaging materials, in process quality control (IPQC), Developing specification (ICH Q6 and Q3)
   Purchase specifications and maintenance of stores for raw materials. In process quality control and finished products quality control for following formulation in Pharma industry according to Indian, US and British pharmacopoeias: tablets, capsules, ointments, suppositories, creams, parenterals, ophthalmic and surgical products (How to refer pharmacopoeias), Quality control test for containers, closures and secondary packing materials. **12 Hrs**

4. Documentation in pharmaceutical industry: Three tier documentation, Policy, Procedures and Work instructions, and records (Formats), Basic principles– How to maintain, retention and retrieval etc. Standard operating procedures (How to write), Master Formula Record, Batch Formula Record, Quality audit plan and reports. Specification and test procedures, Protocols and reports. Distribution records. Electronic data. **12 Hrs**

5. Manufacturing operations and controls: Sanitation of manufacturing premises, mix–ups and cross contamination, processing of intermediates and bulk products, packaging operations, IPQC, release of finished product, process deviations, charge–in

of components, time limitations on production, drug product inspection, expiry date calculation, calculation of yields, production record review, change control, sterile products, aseptic process control, packaging. **12 Hrs**

REFERENCES

1. Quality Assurance Guide by organization of Pharmaceutical Procedures of India, 3rd revised edition, Volume I & II, Mumbai, 1996.
2. Good Laboratory Practice Regulations, 2nd Edition, Sandy Weinberg Vol. 69, Marcel Dekker Series, 1995.
3. Quality Assurance of Pharmaceuticals– A compedium of Guide lines and related materials Vol I & II, 2nd edition, WHO Publications, 1999.
4. How to Practice GMP's - P P Sharma, Vandana Publications, Agra, 1991.
5. The International Pharmacopoeia - vol I, II, III, IV & V – General Methods of Analysis and Quality specification for Pharmaceutical Substances, Excepients and Dosage forms, 3rd edition, WHO, Geneva, 2005.
6. Good laboratory Practice Regulations - Allen F. Hirsch, Volume 38, Marcel Dekker Series, 1989.
7. ICH guidelines
8. ISO 9000 and total quality management
9. The drugs and cosmetics act 1940 - Deshpande, Nilesh Gandhi, 4th edition, Susmit Publishers, 2006.
10. QA Manual - D.H. Shah, 1st edition, Business Horizons, 2000.
11. Good Manufacturing Practices for Pharmaceuticals a plan for total quality control - Sidney H. Willig, Vol. 52, 3rd edition, Marcel Dekker Series.
12. Steinborn L. GMP/ISO Quality Audit Manual for Healthcare Manufacturers and Their Suppliers, Sixth Edition, (Volume 1 – With Checklists and Software Package). Taylor & Francis; 2003.
13. Sarker DK. Quality Systems and Controls for Pharmaceuticals. John Wiley & Sons; 2008.

HERBAL AND COSMETIC ANALYSIS
(MPA 204T)

SCOPE

This course is designed to impart knowledge on analysis of herbal products. Regulatory requirements, herbal drug interaction with monographs. Performance evaluation of cosmetic products is included for the better understanding of the equipments used in cosmetic industries for the purpose.

OBJECTIVES

At completion of this course student shall be able to understand

- Determination of herbal remedies and regulations
- Analysis of natural products and monographs
- Determination of Herbal drug–drug interaction
- Principles of performance evaluation of cosmetic products.

THEORY **60 Hrs**

1. Herbal remedies- Toxicity and Regulations: Herbals vs Conventional drugs, Efficacy of herbal medicine products, Validation of Herbal Therapies, Pharmacodynamic and Pharmacokinetic issues. Herbal drug standardization: WHO and AYUSH guidelines. **12 Hrs**

2. Adulteration and Deterioration: Introduction, types of adulteration/substitution of herbal drugs, Causes and Measure of adulteration, Sampling Procedures, Determination of Foreign Matter, and DNA Finger printing techniques in identification of drugs of natural origin, heavy metals, pesticide residues, phototoxin and microbial contamination in herbal formulations.
   Regulatory requirements for setting herbal drug industry: Global marketing management, Indian and international patent law as applicable herbal drugs and natural products and its protocol. **12 Hrs**

3. Testing of natural products and drugs: Effect of herbal medicine on clinical laboratory testing, Adulterant Screening using modern analytical instruments, Regulation and dispensing of herbal drugs, Stability testing of natural products, protocol.
   Monographs of Herbal drugs: Study of monographs of herbal drugs and comparative study in IP, USP, Ayurvedic Pharmacopoeia, American herbal Pharmacopoeia, British herbal Pharmacopoeia, Siddha and Unani Pharmacopoeia, WHO guidelines in quality assessment of herbal drugs. **12 Hrs**

4. Herbal drug-drug interaction: WHO and AYUSH guidelines for safety monitoring of natural medicine, Spontaneous reporting schemes for bio drug adverse reactions, bio drug–drug and bio drug–food interactions with suitable examples. Challenges in monitoring the safety of herbal medicines. **12 Hrs**

5. Evaluation of cosmetic products: Determination of acid value, ester value, saponification value, iodine value, peroxide value, rancidity, moisture, ash, volatile matter, heavy metals, fineness of powder, density, viscosity of cosmetic raw materials and finished products. Study of quality of raw materials and general methods of

analysis of raw material used in cosmetic manufacture as per BIS.
Indian Standard specification laid down for sampling and testing of various cosmetics in finished forms such as baby care products, skin care products, dental products, personal hygiene preparations, lips sticks. Hair products and skin creams by the Bureau Indian Standards. **12 Hrs**

REFERENCES

1. Pharmacognosy by Trease and Evans
2. Pharmacognosy by Kokate, Purohit and Gokhale
3. Quality Control Methods for Medicinal Plant, WHO, Geneva
4. Pharmacognosy & Pharmacobiotechnology by Ashutosh Kar
5. Essential of Pharmacognosy by Dr.S.H.Ansari
6. Cosmetics - Formulation, Manufacturing and Quality Control, P.P. Sharma, 4th edition, Vandana Publications Pvt. Ltd., Delhi
7. Indian Standard specification, for raw materials, BIS, New Delhi.
8. Indian Standard specification for 28 finished cosmetics BIS, New Delhi
9. Harry's Cosmeticology 8th edition
10. Suppliers catalogue on specialized cosmetic excipients
11. Wilkinson, Moore, seventh edition, George Godwin. Poucher's Perfumes, Cosmetics and Soaps
12. Hilda Butler, 10th Edition, Kluwer Academic Publishers. Handbook of Cosmetic Science and Technology, 3rd Edition

PHARMACEUTICAL ANALYSIS PRACTICALS – I
(MPA 205P)

1. Comparison of absorption spectra by UV and Wood ward - Fiesure rule
2. Interpretation of organic compounds by FT–IR
3. Interpretation of organic compounds by NMR
4. Interpretation of organic compounds by MS
5. Determination of purity by DSC in pharmaceuticals
6. Identification of organic compounds using FT–IR, NMR, CNMR and Mass spectra
7. Bio molecules separation utilizing various sample preparation techniques and Quantitative analysis of components by gel electrophoresis.
8. Bio molecules separation utilizing various sample preparation techniques and Quantitative analysis of components by HPLC techniques.
9. Isolation of analgesics from biological fluids (Blood serum and urine).
10. Protocol preparation and performance of analytical/Bioanalytical method validation.
11. Protocol preparation for the conduct of BA/BE studies according to guidelines.
12. In process and finished product quality control tests for tablets, capsules, parenterals and creams
13. Quality control tests for Primary and secondary packing materials
14. Assay of raw materials as per official monographs
15. Testing of related and foreign substances in drugs and raw materials
16. Preparation of Master Formula Record.
17. Preparation of Batch Manufacturing Record.
18. Quantitative analysis of rancidity in lipsticks and hair oil
19. Determination of aryl amine content and Developer in hair dye
20. Determination of foam height and SLS content of Shampoo.
21. Determination of total fatty matter in creams (Soap, skin and hair creams)
22. Determination of acid value and saponification value.
23. Determination of calcium thioglycolate in depilatories

PHARMACEUTICAL QUALITY ASSURANCE (MQA)

QUALITY MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS (MQA 102T)	60 Hrs

Scope

This course is designed to impart fundamental knowledge and concepts about various quality management principles and systems utilized in the manufacturing industry. It also aids in understanding the quality evaluation in the Pharmaceutical industries.

Objectives

Upon completion of the course the student shall be able to

- The importance of quality
- Tools for quality improvement
- Analysis of issues in quality
- Quality evaluation of pharmaceuticals
- Stability testing of drug and drug substances
- Statistical approaches for quality

COURSE CONTENT

UNIT-I • **Introduction to Quality: Evolution of Quality** • **Definition of Introduction to Quality**: Evolution of Quality, Definition of Quality, Dimensions of Quality • **Quality as a Strategic Decision**: Meaning of strategy and strategic quality management, mission and vision statements, quality policy, Quality objectives, strategic planning and implementation, McKinsey 7s model, Competitive analysis, Management commitment to quality Customer Focus: Meaning of customer and customer focus, Classification of customers, Customer focus, Customer perception of quality, Factors affecting customer perception, Customer requirements, Meeting customer needs and expectations, Customer satisfaction and Customer delight, Handling customer complaints, Understanding customer behaviour, concept of internal and external customers. Case studies. • **Cost of Quality**: Cost of quality, Categories of cost of Quality, Models of cost of quality, Optimising costs, preventing cost of quality.	**08 Hrs**
UNIT-II • **Pharmaceutical quality Management**: Basics of Quality Management, Total Quality Management (TQM), Principles of Six sigma, ISO 9001:2008, 9001:2015, ISO 14001:2004, Pharmaceutical Quality Management-ICH Q10, Knowledge management, Quality Metrics, Operational Excellence and Quality Management Review. OSHAS guidelines, NABL certification and accreditation, CFR-21 part 11, WHO-GMP requirements.	**16 Hrs**
UNIT-III • **Six System Inspection model** : Quality Management system, Production system, Facility and Equipment system, Laboratory control system, Materials system, Packaging and labelling system. Concept of self inspection. • **Quality systems**: Change Management / Change control. Deviations, Out of Specifications (OOS), Out of Trend (OOT), • **Complaints** - evaluation and handling, Investigation and determination	**12 Hrs**

of root cause, Corrective & Preventive Actions (CAPA), Returns and Recalls, Vendor Qualification, Annual Product Reviews, Batch Review and Batch Release. Concept of IPQC, area clearance/ Line clearance.	
UNIT-IV • **Drug Stability**: ICH guidelines for stability testing of drug substances and drug products. • Study of ICH Q8, Quality by Design and Process development report • **Quality risk management**: Introduction, risk assessment, risk control, risk review, risk management tools, HACCP, risk ranking and filtering according to ICH Q9 guidelines.	**12 Hrs**
UNIT-V • **Statistical Process control (SPC)**: Definition and Importance of SPC, Quality measurement in manufacturing, Statistical control charts - concepts and general aspects, Advantages of statistical control, Process capability, Estimating Inherent or potential capability from a control chart analysis, Measuring process control and quality improvement, Pursuit of decreased process variability.	**08 Hrs**
UNIT-VI • **Regulatory Compliance through Quality Management and development of Quality Culture Benchmarking**: Definition of benchmarking, Reasons for benchmarking, Types of Benchmarking, Benchmarking process, Advantages of benchmarking, Limitations of benchmarking.	**04 Hrs**

REFERENCES

1. Al Endres, Implementing Juran's Road Map for Quality Leadership: Benchmarks and Results, Wiley, 2000.
2. Jiju Antony; David Preece, Routledge, Understanding, Managing and Implementing Quality: Frameworks, Techniques and Cases, 2002.
3. Edward E. Lawler, Organizing for High Performance: Employee Involvement, TQM, Reengineering, and Knowledge Management in the Fortune 1000: The CEO Report, 2001.
4. James W. Fairfield-Sonn, Corporate Culture and the Quality Organization, Quorum Books, 2001.
5. Christine Avery; Diane Zabel, Routledge, the Quality Management Sourcebook: An International Guide to Materials and Resources 1997.
6. Nancy R. Tague, the Quality Toolbox, Second Edition, ASQ Publications.
7. Joseph M. Juran and Joseph A., De Feo, Juran's Quality Handbook, Sixth Edition, ASQ Publications.
8. Duke Okes, Root Cause Analysis, the Core of Problem Solving and Corrective Action, 2009, ASQ Publications.

QUALITY CONTROL AND QUALITY ASSURANCE (MQA 103T)	60 Hrs
Scope This course deals with the various aspects of quality control and quality assurance aspects of pharmaceutical industries. It covers the important aspects like cGMP, QC tests, documentation, quality certifications, GLP and regulatory affairs. **Objectives** **Upon completion of this course the student should be able to** • Understand the cGMP aspects in a pharmaceutical industry • To appreciate the importance of documentation • To understand the scope of quality certifications applicable to Pharmaceutical industries To understand the responsibilities of QA & QC departments.	
UNIT-I • **Introduction**: Concept and evolution and scopes of Quality Control and Quality Assurance, Good Laboratory Practice, GMP, Overview of ICH Guidelines - QSEM, with special emphasis on Qseries guidelines. Good Laboratory Practices: Scope of GLP, Definitions, Quality assurance unit, protocol for conduct of non clinical testing, control on animal house, report preparation and documentation. CPCSEA guidelines.	**12 Hrs**
UNIT-II • **cGMP guidelines according to schedule M, USFDA (inclusive ofCDER and CBER) Pharmaceutical Inspection Convention(PIC), WHO and EMEA covering**: Organization and personnel responsibilities, training, hygiene and personal records, drug industry location, design, construction and plant lay out, maintenance, sanitation, environmental control, utilities and maintenance of sterile areas, control of contamination and Good Warehousing Practice.	**12 Hrs**
UNIT-III • Analysis of raw materials, finished products, packaging materials, in process quality control (IPQC), Developing specification (ICH Q6 and Q3), purchase specifications and maintenance of stores for raw materials. 126 In process quality control and finished products quality control for following dosage forms in Pharma industry according to Indian, US and British pharmacopoeias: tablets, capsules, ointments, suppositories, creams, parenterals, ophthalmic and surgical products (How to refer pharmacopoeias).	**12 Hrs**
UNIT-IV • **Documentation in pharmaceutical industry**: Three tier documentation, Policy, Procedures and Work instructions, and records (Formats), Basic principles- How to maintain, retention and retrieval etc. Standard operating procedures (How to write), Master Batch Record, Batch Manufacturing Record, Quality audit plan and reports. Specification and test procedures, Protocols and reports. • Distribution records. Electronic data handling. Concepts of controlled and uncontrolled documents. Submission documents for regulators DMFs, as Common Technical Document and Electronic Common Technical Documentation (CTD, eCTD). Concept of regulated and non	**16 Hrs**

regulated markets.	
UNIT-V • **Manufacturing operations and controls**: Sanitation of manufacturing premises, mix-ups and cross contamination, processing of intermediates and bulk products, packaging operations, IPQC, release of finished product, process deviations, charge-in of components, time limitations on production, drug product inspection, expiry date calculation, calculation of yields, production record review, change control, sterile products, aseptic process control, packaging, reprocessing, salvaging, handling of waste and scrap disposal.	**08 Hrs**

REFERENCES

1. Quality Assurance Guide by organization of Pharmaceutical Procedures of India, 3rd revised edition, Volume I & II, Mumbai, 1996.
2. Sandy Weinberg, Good Laboratory Practice Regulations, 2nd Edition, Vol. 69, Marcel Dekker Series, 1995.
3. Quality Assurance of Pharmaceuticals- A compedium of Guide lines and related materials Vol I & II, 2nd edition, WHO Publications, 1999.
4. Sharma P. P., How to Practice GMP's Vandana Publications, Agra, 1991, 127.
5. The International Pharmacopoeia – Vol I, II, III, IV & V - General Methods of Analysis and Quality specification for Pharmaceutical Substances, Excepients and Dosage forms, 3rd edition, WHO, Geneva, 2005.
6. Allen F. Hirsch, Good laboratory Practice Regulations, Volume 38, Marcel Dekker Series, 1989.
7. ICH guidelines.
8. ISO 9000 and total quality management.
9. Deshpande, Nilesh Gandhi, The Drugs and Cosmetics Act 1940, 4th edition, Susmit Publishers, 2006.
10. D.H. Shah, QA Manual, 1st edition, Business Horizons, 2000.
11. Sidney H. Willig, Good Manufacturing Practices for Pharmaceuticals a plan for total quality control, Vol. 52, 3rd edition, Marcel Dekker Series.
9. Steinborn L. GMP/ISO Quality Audit Manual for Healthcare Manufacturers and Their Suppliers, Sixth Edition, (Volume 1 - With Checklists and Software Package). Taylor & Francis; 2003.
12. Sarker DK. Quality Systems and Controls for Pharmaceuticals. John Wiley & Sons; 2008.
13. Schedule M and Schedule N.

PRODUCT DEVELOPMENT AND TECHNOLOGY TRANSFER (MQA 104T)	60 Hrs
Scope This deal with technology transfer covers the activities associated with Drug Substance, Drug Product and analytical tests and methods, required following Candidate drug selection to completion of technology transfer from R&D to the first receiving site and technology transfer related to post-marketing changes in Manufacturing places. **Objectives** **Upon completion of this course the student should be able to** • To understand the new product development process • To understand the necessary information to transfer technology from R&D to actual manufacturing by sorting out various information obtained during R&D • To elucidate necessary information to transfer technology of existing products between various manufacturing places	
UNIT-I • **Principles of Drug discovery and development**: Introduction, Clinical research process. Development and informational content for Investigational New Drugs Application (IND), New Drug Application (NDA), Abbreviated New Drug Application (ANDA), Supplemental New Drug Application (SNDA), Scale Up Post Approval Changes (SUPAC) and Bulk active chemical Post approval changes (BACPAC), Post marketing surveillance, Product registration guidelines – CDSCO, USFDA.	**12 Hrs**
UNIT-II • **Pre-formulation studies**: Introduction / concept, organoleptic properties, purity, impurity profiles, particle size, shape and surface area. • **Solubility, Methods to improve solubility of Drugs**: Surfactants & its importance, co-solvency. Techniques for the study of Crystal properties and polymorphism. Pre-formulation protocol, Stability testing during product development.	**12 Hrs**
UNIT-III • **Pilot plant scale up** : Concept, Significance, design, layout of pilot plant scale up study, operations, large scale manufacturing techniques (formula, equipment, process, stability and quality control) of solids, liquids, semisolid and parenteral dosage forms. New era of drug products: opportunities and challenges.	**12 Hrs**
UNIT-IV • **Pharmaceutical packaging**: Pharmaceutical dosage form and their packaging requirments, Pharmaceutical packaging materials, Medical device packaging, Enteral Packaging, Aseptic packaging systems, Container closure systems, Issues facing modern drug packaging, Selection and evaluation of Pharmaceutical packaging materials. **Quality control test**: Containers, closures and secondary packing materials.	**12 Hrs**
UNIT-V • **Technology transfer**: Development of technology by R & D, Technology transfer from R & D to production, Optimization and	**12 Hrs**

Production, Qualitative and quantitative technology models. • **Documentation in technology transfer**: Development report, technology transfer plan and Exhibit.	

REFERENCES

1. Charles G. Smith, James T and O. Donnell, The process of new drug discovery and development. I and II Edition (2006) CRC Press, Group of Taylor and Francis.
2. Leon Lac Lachman, Herbert A. Liberman, Theory and Practice of Industrial Pharmacy. Marcel Dekker Inc. New York.
3. Sidney H Willing, Murray M, Tuckerman. Williams Hitchings IV, Good manufacturing of pharmaceuticals (A Plan for total quality control) 3rd E/d Bhalani publishing house Mumbai.
4. Leon Lachman, Herbert A. Liberman, Joseph B. Schwartz, Tablets Vol. I, II, III, 2nd E/d. (1989), Marcel Dekker Inc. New York.
5. Milo Gibaldi, Text book of Bio- Pharmaceutics and clinical Pharmacokinetics 3rd E/d Lea & Febriger, Philadelphia.
6. Vandana V. Patrevale. John I. Disouza. Maharukh T.Rustomji, Pharmaceutical product development. CRC Press, Group of Taylor and Francis.
7. Abdou H.M, Dissolution, Bioavailability and Bio-Equivalence, Mack Publishing company, Eastern Pennsylvania.
8. Alfonso & Gennaro, Remingtons Pharmaceutical Sciences, 19th Edn.(1995)OO2C Lippincott; Williams and Wilkins A Wolters Kluwer Company, Philadelphia.
9. D. A Sawant, The Pharmaceutical Sciences; the Pharma Path way Pure and applied Pharmacy, Pragathi Books Pvt. Ltd.
10. D.A. Dean. E.R. Evans, Pharmaceutical Packaging technology, I.H. Hall. 1st E/d (Reprint 2006). Taylor and Francis. London and New York. 130

QUALITY ASSURANCE PRACTICAL - I
(MQA 105P)

1. Analysis of Pharmacopoeial compounds in bulk and in their formulations (tablet / capsules / semisolids) by UV Vis spectrophotometer
2. Simultaneous estimation of multi-drug component containing formulations by UV spectrophotometry
3. Experiments based on HPLC
4. Experiments based on Gas Chromatography
5. Estimation of riboflavin/quinine sulphate by fluorimetry
6. Estimation of sodium/potassium by flame photometry or AAS
7. Case studies on –
   - Total Quality Management
   - Six Sigma
   - Change Management/ Change control. Deviations
   - Out of Specifications (OOS)
   - Out of Trend (OOT)
   - Corrective & Preventive Actions (CAPA)
   - Deviations
8. Development of Stability study protocol
9. Estimation of process capability
10. In process and finished product quality control tests for tablets, capsules, parenterals and semisolid dosage forms.
11. Assay of raw materials as per official monographs
12. Testing of related and foreign substances in drugs and raw materials
13. To carry out pre formulation study for tablets, parenterals (2 experiment).
14. To study the effect of pH on the solubility of drugs, (1 experiment)
15. Quality control tests for Primary and secondary packaging materials
16. Accelerated stability studies (1 experiment)
17. Improved solubility of drugs using surfactant systems (1 experiment)
18. Improved solubility of drugs using co-solvency method (1 experiment)
19. Determination of Pka and Log p of drugs.

HAZARDS AND SAFETY MANAGEMENT (MQA 201T)	60 Hrs

Scope

This course is designed to convey the knowledge necessary to understand issues related to different kinds of hazard and their management. Basic theoretical and practical discussions integrate the proficiency to handle the emergency situation in the pharmaceutical product development process and provides the principle based approach to solve the complex tribulations.

Objectives

At completion of this course it is expected that students will be able to

- Understand about environmental problems among learners.
- Impart basic knowledge about the environment and its allied problems.
- Develop an attitude of concern for the industry environment.
- Ensure safety standards in pharmaceutical industry
- Provide comprehensive knowledge on the safety management
- Empower an ideas to clear mechanism and management in different kinds of hazard management system
- Teach the method of Hazard assessment, procedure, methodology for provide safe industrial atmosphere.

UNIT-I • Multidisciplinary nature of environmental studies Natural Resources and associated problems, Renewable and non-renewable resources, a) Forest resources; b) Water resources; c) Mineral resources; d) Energy resources; e) Land resources • **Ecosystems**: Concept of an ecosystem, Structure and function of an ecosystem. Environmental hazards: Hazards based on Air, Water, Soil and Radioisotopes.	**12 Hrs**
UNIT-II • Air based hazards Sources, Types of Hazards, Air circulation, Air handling system, HVAC system, air maintenance in industry for sterile area and non sterile area.	**12 Hrs**
UNIT-III • **Chemical based hazards**: Sources of chemical hazards, Hazards of Organic synthesis, sulphonating hazard, Organic solvent hazard. Control measures for chemical hazards. Management of combustible gases, Toxic gases and Oxygen displacing gases management, Regulations for chemical hazard, MSDS, Labelling guidelines, Management of over-Exposure to chemicals and TLV concept, Disposal of hazardous material.	**12 Hrs**
UNIT-IV • **Fire and Explosion**: Introduction, Industrial processes and hazards potential, Mechanical, electrical, thermal and process hazards, mechanical and chemical explosion, multiphase reactions. Safety and hazards regulations • **Fire protection system**: Fire prevention, types of fire extinguishers and critical Hazard management system, Preventive and protective management from fires and explosion- electricity passivation, ventilation, and sprinkling, proofing, fire walls, bunds, relief systems - relief valves, flares, scrubbers.	**12 Hrs**

UNIT-V • **Hazard and risk management**: Self-protective measures against workplace hazards. Critical training for risk management, Process of hazard management, ICH guidelines on risk assessment and Risk management methods and Tools, Preliminary hazard analysis • Factory act and rules, fundamentals of accident prevention, elements of safety programme and safety management, Physicochemical measurements of effluents, BOD, COD, Determination of some contaminants, Effluent treatment procedure, Role of emergency services.	**12 Hrs**

REFERENCES

1. Y.K. Sing, Environmental Science, New Age International Pvt, Publishers, Bangalore
2. Quantitative Risk Assessment in Chemical Process Industries, American Institute of Chemical Industries, Centre for Chemical Process safety.
3. T.S.S. Dikshith, Hazardous Chemicals: Safety Management and Global Regulations, CRC press
4. M. N. Vyas, Safety and hazard management in chemical industries, Atlantic Publisher
5. Daniel A. Crowl, Joseph F. Louvar, Chemical Process Safety: Fundamentals with Applications, 3rd Edition, Prentice Hall, 2011
6. H. H. Fawcett and W.S. Wood, Safety and Accident Prevention in Chemical Operations, 2nd E/d, John Wiley & Sons, New York 1982.
7. C.S.Rao, Environmental Pollution Control Engineering, New Age international publisher
8. Phillip Carson, Clive Mumford, Butterworth-Heinemann, Hazardous Chemicals Handbook, Second edition, An imprint of Elsevier Science.

PHARMACEUTICAL VALIDATION (MQA 202T)	60 Hrs
Scope The main purpose of the subject is to understand about validation and how it can be applied to industry and thus improve the quality of the products. The subject covers the complete information about validation, types, methodology and application. **Objectives** At completion of this course, it is expected that students will be able to understand • The concepts of calibration, qualification and validation • The qualification of various equipments and instruments • Process validation of different dosage forms • Validation of analytical method for estimation of drugs Cleaning validation of equipments employed in the manufacture of pharmaceuticals	
UNIT-I • **Introduction to validation**: Definition of Calibration, Qualification and Validation, Scope, frequency and importance. Difference between calibration and validation. Calibration of weights and measures. Advantages of Validation, scope of Validation, Organization for Validation, Validation Master plan, Types of Validation, Streamlining of qualification & Validation process and Validation Master Plan. • **Qualification**: User requirement specification, Design qualification, Factory Acceptance Test (FAT)/Site Acceptance Test (SAT), Installation qualification, Operational qualification, Performance qualification, Re-Qualification (Maintaining status- Calibration Preventive Maintenance, Change management).	**10 Hrs**
UNIT-II • **Qualification of manufacturing equipment**: Dry Powder Mixers, Fluid Bed and Tray dryers, Tablet Compression (Machine), Dry heat sterilization / Tunnels, Autoclaves, Membrane filtration, Capsule filling machine. • **Qualification of analytical instruments**: UV-Visible spectrophotometer, FTIR, GC, HPLC, HPTLC.	**10 Hrs**
UNIT-III • **Qualification of laboratory equipments**: Hardness tester, Friability test apparatus, tap density tester, Disintegration tester, Dissolution test apparatus • **Validation of Utility systems**: Pharmaceutical water system & pure steam, HVAC system, Compressed air and nitrogen.	**10 Hrs**
UNIT-IV • **Process Validation**: Concept, Process and documentation of Process Validation. Prospective, Concurrent & Retrospective Validation, Re validation criteria, Process Validation of various formulations (Coated tablets, Capsules, Ointment/Creams, Liquid Orals and aerosols.), Aseptic filling: Media fill validation, USFDA guidelines on Process Validation- A life cycle approach. • **Analytical method validation**: General principles, Validation of analytical method as per ICH guidelines and USP.	**10 Hrs**
UNIT-V	**10 Hrs**

• Cleaning Validation: Cleaning Method development, Validation of analytical method used in cleaning, Cleaning of Equipment, Cleaning of Facilities. Cleaning in place (CIP). Validation of facilities in sterile and non-sterile plant. • **Computerized system validation**: Electronic records and digital signature - 21 CFR Part 11 and GAMP	
UNIT-VI • General Principles of Intellectual Property: Concepts of Intellectual Property (IP), Intellectual Property Protection (IPP), Intellectual Property Rights (IPR); Economic importance, mechanism for protection of Intellectual Property–patents, Copyright, Trademark; Factors affecting choice of IP protection; Penalties for violation; Role of IP in pharmaceutical industry; Global ramification and financial implications. Filing a patent applications; patent application forms and guidelines. Types patent applications-provisional and non provisional, PCT and convention patent applications; International patenting requirement procedures and costs; Rights and responsibilities of a patentee; Practical aspects regarding maintaining of a Patent file; Patent infringement meaning and scope. Significance of transfer technology (TOT), IP and ethics-positive and negative aspects of IPP; Societal responsibility, avoiding unethical practices.	**10 Hrs**

REFERENCES

1. B. T. Loftus & R. A. Nash, "Pharmaceutical Process Validation", Drugs and Pharm Sci. Series, Vol. 129, 3rd Ed., Marcel Dekker Inc., N.Y.
2. Leon Lachman, Herbert A. Lieberman, Joseph. L. Karig, The Theory & Practice of Industrial Pharmacy, 3rd edition, Varghese Publishing House, Bombay.
3. Terveeks , Validation Master plan Davis Harwood International publishing.
4. Carleton & Agalloco, Validation of Aseptic Pharmaceutical Processes, 2nd Edition, by
5. Michael Levin, Pharmaceutical Process Scale-Up", Drugs and Pharm. Sci. Series, Vol. 157,2nd Ed., Marcel Dekker Inc., N.Y.
6. Syed Imtiaz Haider.Validation Standard Operating Procedures: A Step by Step Guide for Achieving Compliance in the Pharmaceutical, Medical Device, and Biotech Industries,
7. Phillip A. Cloud, Pharmaceutical Equipment Validation: The Ultimate Qualification Handbook, , Interpharm Press.
8. Frederick J. Carlton (Ed.) and James Agalloco (Ed.), Validation of Pharmaceutical Processes: Sterile Products, Marcel Dekker.
9. Churg Chan, Heiman Lam, Y.C. Lee, Yue. Zhang, Analytical Method validation and Instrument Performance Verification, Wiley Interscience.
10. Huber L. Validation and Qualification in Analytical Laboratories. Informa Healthcare
11. Wingate G. Validating Corporate Computer Systems: Good IT Practice for Pharmaceutical Manufacturers. Interpharm Press.

12. LeBlanc D. A. Validated Cleaning Technologies for Pharmaceutical Manufacturing, Interpharm Press.

AUDITS AND REGULATORY COMPLIANCE (MPA 203T) — 60 Hrs

SCOPE

This course deals with the understanding and process for auditing in pharmaceutical industries. This subject covers the methodology involved in the auditing process of different in pharmaceutical industries.

Objectives

Upon completion of this course the student should be able to

- To understand the importance of auditing
- To understand the methodology of auditing
- To carry out the audit process
- To prepare the auditing report
- To prepare the check list for auditing

UNIT-I

- **INTRODUCTION**: Objectives, Management of audit, Responsibilities, Planning process, information gathering, administration, Classifications of deficiencies — **12 Hrs**

UNIT-II

- **Role of quality systems and audits in pharmaceutical manufacturing environment**: cGMP Regulations, Quality assurance functions, Quality systems approach, Management responsibilities, Resource, Manufacturing operations, Evaluation activities, transitioning to quality system approach, Audit checklist for drug industries. — **12 Hrs**

UNIT-III

- Auditing of vendors and production department: Bulk Pharmaceutical Chemicals and packaging material Vendor audit, Warehouse and weighing, Dry Production: Granulation, tableting, coating, capsules, sterile production and packaging. — **12 Hrs**

UNIT-IV

- **Auditing of Microbiological laboratory**: Auditing the manufacturing process, Product and process information, General areas of interest in the building raw materials, Water, Packaging materials. — **12 Hrs**

UNIT-V

- **Auditing of Quality Assurance and engineering department**: Quality Assurance Maintenance, Critical systems: HVAC, Water, Water for Injection systems, ETP. — **12 Hrs**

REFERENCES

1. Karen Ginsbury and Gil Bismuth,Compliance auditing for Pharmaceutical Manufacturers. Interpharm/CRC, Boca Raton, London New York, Washington D.C.
2. Shayne Cox Gad, Pharmaceutical Manufacturing Handbook, Regulations and Quality, Wiley-Interscience, A John Wiley and sons, Inc. Publications.
3. Rosamund M. Baird, Norman A. Hodges, Stephen P. Denyar. Handbook of microbiological Quality control,CRC Press. 2000.
4. C. Singer, Raluca-loana Stefan, Jacobus F. Van Staden, Laboratory auditing for quality and regulatory compliance. Donald Taylor and Francis (2005).

PHARMACEUTICAL MANUFACTURING TECHNOLOGY (MQA 204T)

60 Hrs

Scope

This course is designed to impart knowledge and skills necessary to train the students with the industrial activities during Pharmaceutical Manufacturing.

Objectives

At completion of this course it is expected that students will be able to Understand -

- The common practice in the pharmaceutical industry developments, plant layout and production planning
- Will be familiar with the principles and practices of aseptic process technology, non sterile manufacturing technology and packaging technology.
- Have a better understanding of principles and implementation of Quality by design (QbD) and process analytical technology (PAT) in pharmaceutical manufacturing

UNIT-I

- **Pharmaceutical industry developments**: Legal requirements and Licenses for API and formulation industry, Plant location- Factors influencing.
- **Plant layout**: Factors influencing, Special provisions, Storage space requirements, sterile and aseptic area layout. **12 Hrs**
- **Production planning**: General principles, production systems, calculation of standard cost, process planning, routing, loading, scheduling, dispatching of records, production control.

UNIT-II

- **Aseptic process technology**: Manufacturing, manufacturing flowcharts, in process-quality control tests for following sterile dosage forms: Ointment, Suspension and Emulsion, Dry powder, Solution (Small Volume & large Volume).
- **Advanced sterile product manufacturing technology** : Area planning & environmental control, wall and floor treatment, fixtures and machineries, change rooms, personnel flow, utilities & utilities equipment location, engineering and maintenance. **12 Hrs**
- **Process Automation in Pharmaceutical Industry**: With specific reference to manufacturing of sterile semisolids, Small Volume Parenterals & Large Volume Parenterals (SVP & LVP), Monitoring of Parenteral manufacturing facility, Cleaning in Place (CIP), Sterilization in Place (SIP), Prefilled Syringe, Powdered Jet, Needle Free Injections, and Form Fill Seal Technology (FFS). Lyophilization technology: Principles, process, equipment.

UNIT-III

- **Non sterile manufacturing process technology**: Manufacturing, manufacturing flowcharts, in process-quality control tests for following Non-Sterile solid dosage forms: Tablets (compressed & coated), Capsules (Hard & Soft). **12 Hrs**
- Advance non-sterile solid product manufacturing technology: Process Automation in Pharmaceutical Industry with specific reference to manufacturing of tablets and coated products,
- **Improved Tablet Production**: Tablet production process, granulation and pelletization equipments, continuous and batch mixing, rapid mixing

granulators, rota granulators, spheronizers and marumerisers, and other specialized granulation and drying equipments.

- **Problems encountered. Coating technology**: Process, equipments, particle coating, fluidized bed coating, application techniques. Problems encountered.

UNIT-IV

- **Containers and closures for pharmaceuticals**: Types, performance, assuring quality of glass; types of plastics used, Drug plastic interactions, biological tests, modification of plastics by drugs; different types of closures and closure liners; film wrapper; blister packs; bubble packs; shrink packaging; foil / plastic pouches, bottle seals, tape seals, breakable seals and sealed tubes; quality control of packaging material and filling equipment, flexible packaging, product package compatibility, transit worthiness of package, Stability aspects of packaging. Evaluation of stability of packaging material. **12 Hrs**

UNIT-V

- **Quality by design (QbD) and process analytical technology (PAT)**: Current approach and its limitations. Why QbD is required, Advantages,
- **Elements of QbD, Terminology**: QTPP. CMA, CQA, CPP, RLD, Design space, Design of Experiments, Risk Assessment and mitigation / minimization. Quality by Design, Formulations by Design, QbD for drug products, QbD for Drug Substances, QbD for Excipients, Analytical QbD. **12 Hrs**
- **FDA initiative on process analytical technology. PAT as a driver for improving quality and reducing costs**: quality by design (QbD), QA, QC and GAMP. PAT guidance, standards and regulatory requirements.

REFERENCES

1. Lachman L, Lieberman HA, Kanig JL. The theory and practice of industrial pharmacy, 3rd ed., Varghese Publishers, Mumbai 1991.
2. Sinko PJ. Martin's physical pharmacy and pharmaceutical sciences, 5th ed., B.I. Publications Pvt. Ltd, Noida, 2006.
3. Lieberman HA, Lachman L, Schwartz JB. Pharmaceutical dosage forms: tablets Vol. I-III, 2nd ed., CBS Publishers & distributors, New Delhi, 2005.
4. Banker GS, Rhodes CT. Modern Pharmaceutics, 4th ed., Marcel Dekker Inc, New York, 2005.
5. Sidney H Willing, Murray M, Tuckerman. Williams Hitchings IV, Good manufacturing of pharmaceuticals (A Plan for total quality control) 3rd Edition. Bhalani publishing house Mumbai.
6. Indian Pharmacopoeia. Controller of Publication. Delhi, 1996.
7. British Pharmacopoeia. British Pharmacopoeia Commission Office, London, 2008.
8. United States Pharmacopoeia. United States Pharmacopeial Convention, Inc, USA, 2003.
9. Dean D A, Evans E R and Hall I H. Pharmaceutical Packaging Technology. London, Taylor & Francis, 1st Edition. UK.

10. Edward J Bauer. Pharmaceutical Packaging Handbook. 2009. Informa Health care USA Inc. New york.
11. Shaybe Cox Gad. Pharmaceutical Manufacturing Handbook. John Willey and Sons, New Jersey, 2008.

QUALITY ASSURANCE PRACTICAL – II PRACTICALS
(MQA 205P)

1. Organic contaminants residue analysis by HPLC
2. Identification of antibiotic residue by TLC
3. Estimation of Chlorine in Work Environment.
4. Sampling and analysis of SO_2 using Colorimetric method
5. Qualification of following Pharma equipment
   a) Autoclave b) Hot air oven
   c) Powder Mixer (Dry) d) Tablet Compression Machine
6. Validation of an analytical method for a drug
7. Process validation of any non-sterile or sterile dosage form
8. Validation of a processing area
9. Qualification of at least two analytical instruments
10. Cleaning validation of one equipment
11. Qualification of Pharmaceutical Testing Equipment (Dissolution testing apparatus, riability Apparatus, Disintegration Tester)
12. Check list for Bulk Pharmaceutical Chemicals vendors
13. Check list for tableting production.
14. Check list for sterile production area
15. Check list for Water for injection.
16. Design of plant layout: Sterile and non-sterile
17. Case study on application of QbD
18. Case study on application of PAT

PHARMACEUTICALREGULATORY AFFAIRS (MRA)

GOOD REGULATORY PRACTICES (MRA 101T)

Scope

This course is designed to impart fundamental knowledge on various Good Regulatory Practices viz., cGMP, GLP, GALP and GDP for Pharmaceuticals, Cosmetics, Food & Nutraceuticals, Medical devices, In-vitro Diagnostic Medical Devices (IVDs) and biological products and understand the rationale behind these requirements and will propose ways and means of complying with them.

OBJECTIVES

At completion of this course it is expected that students will be able to understand,

- The key regulatory and compliance elements with respect to Good Manufacturing Practices, Good Laboratory Practices, Good Automated Laboratory Practices and Good Documentation Practices.
- Prepare and implement the check lists and SOPs for various Good Regulatory Practices
- Implement Good Regulatory Practices in the Healthcare and related Industries
- Prepare for the readiness and conduct of audits and inspections.

THEORY **60 Hrs**

1. Current Good Manufacturing Practices: Introduction, US cGMP Part 210 and Part 211.EC Principlesof GMP (Directive 91/356/EEC) Article 6 to Article 14 and WHO cGMP guidelines GAMP–5; Medical device and IVDs Global Harmonization Task Force(GHTF) Guidance docs. **12 Hrs**

2. Good Laboratory Practices: Introduction, USFDA GLP Regulations (Subpart A to Subpart K), Controlling the GLP inspection process, Documentation, Audit, goals of Laboratory Quality Audit, Audit tools, Future of GLP regulations, relevant ISO and Quality Council of India(QCI) Standards **12 Hrs**

3. Good Automated Laboratory Practices: Introduction to GALP, Principles of GALP, GALP Requirements, SOPs of GALP, Training Documentation,21 CFR Part 11, General check list of 21CFR Part 11, Software Evaluation checklist, relevant ISO and QCI Standards. **12 Hrs**

4. Good Distribution Practices: Introduction to GDP, Legal GDP requirements put worldwide, Principles, Personnel, Documentation, Premises and Equipment, Deliveries to Customers, Returns, Self–Inspection, Provision of information, Stability testing principles, WHO GDP, USP GDP (Supply chain integrity), relevant CDSCO guidance and ISO standards **12 Hrs**

5. Quality management systems: Concept of Quality, Total Quality Management, Quality by design, Six Sigma concept, Out of Specifications (OOS), Change control. Validation: Types of Validation, Types of Qualification, Validation master plan (VMP), Analytical Method Validation. Validation of utilities, [Compressed air, steam, water systems, Heat Ventilation and Air conditioning (HVAC)]and Cleaning Validation. The International Conference on Harmonization (ICH) process, ICH guidelines to establish quality, safety and efficacy of drug substances and products, ISO 13485, Sch MIII and other relevant CDSCO regulatory guidance documents. **12 Hrs**

REFERENCES

1. Good Laboratory Practice Regulations, by Sandy Weinberg, Fourth Edition Drugs and the Pharmaceutical Sciences, Vol.168
2. Good Pharmaceutical Manufacturing practice, Rational and compliance by John Sharp, CRC Press
3. Establishing a cGMP Laboratory Audit System, A practical Guide by David M.Bleisner, Wiley Publication.
4. How to practice GLP by PP Sharma, Vandana Publications.
5. Laboratory Auditing for Quality and Regulatory compliance bu Donald C.Singer, Drugs and the Pharmaceutical Sciences, Vol.150.
6. Drugs & Cosmetics Act, Rules & Amendments

DOCUMENTATION AND REGULATORY WRITING (MRA 102T)

SCOPE

This course is designed to impart fundamental knowledge on documentation and general principles involved in regulatory writing and submission to agencies.

OBJECTIVES

Upon completion of the course the student shall be able to,

- Know the various documents pertaining to drugs in pharmaceutical industry
- Understand the basics of regulatory compilation
- Create and assemble the regulation submission as per the requirements of agencies
- Follow up the submissions and post approval document requirements

THEORY **60 Hrs**

1. Documentation in pharmaceutical industry: Exploratory Product Development Brief (EPDB) for Drug substance and Drug product, Product Development Plan (PDP), Product Development Report (PDR), Master Formula Record, Batch Manufacturing Record and its calculations, Batch Reconciliation, Batch Packaging Records, Print pack specifications, Distribution records, Certificate of Analysis (CoA), Site Master File and Drug Master Files (DMF). **12 Hrs**

2. Dossier preparation and submission: Introduction and overview of dossiers, contents and organization of dossier, binders and sections, compilation and review of dossier. Paper submissions, overview and modules of CTD, electronic CTD submissions; Electronic submission: Planning electronic submission, requirements for submission, regulatory bindings and requirements, Tool and Technologies, electronic dossier submission process and validating the submission, Electronic Submission Gateway (ESG). Non eCTD electronic submissions (NeeS), Asian CTD formats (ACTD) submission. Organizing, process and validation of submission. Submission in Sugam system of CDSCO. **12 Hrs**

3. Audits: Introduction, Definition, Summary, Types of audits, GMP compliance audit, Audit policy, Internal and External Audits, Second Party Audits, External third party audits, Auditing strategies, Preparation and conducting audit, Auditing strategies, audit analysis, audit report, audit follow up. Auditing/inspection of manufacturing facilities by regulatory agencies. Timelines for audits/inspection. GHTF study group 4 guidance document. ISO 13485. **12 Hrs**

4. Inspections: Pre–approval inspections, Inspection of pharmaceutical manufacturers, Inspection of drug distribution channels, Quality systems requirements for national good manufacturing practice inspectorates, inspection report, model certificate of good manufacturing practices, Root cause analysis, Corrective and Preventive action (CAPA). **12 Hrs**
5. Product life cycle management: Prior Approval Supplement (PAS), Post Approval

Changes [SUPAC], Changes Being Effected in 30 Days (CBE–30), Annual Report, Post marketing Reporting Requirements, Post approval Labeling Changes, Lifecycle Management, FDA Inspection and Enforcement, Establishment Inspection Report (EIR), Warning Letters, Recalls, Seizure and Injunctions. ISO Risk Management Standard **12 Hrs**

REFERENCES

1. Compliance auditing for Pharmaceutical Manufacturers. Karen Ginsbury and Gil Bismuth, Interpharm/CRC, Boca Raton, London New York, Washington D.C.
2. Pharmaceutical Manufacturing Handbook, Regulations and Quality by Shayne Cox Gad. Wiley–Interscience, A John Wiley and sons, Inc., Publications.
3. Handbook of microbiological Quality control. Rosamund M. Baird, Norman A. Hodges, Stephen P. Denyar. CRC Press. 2000.
4. Laboratory auditing for quality and regulatory compliance. Donald C. Singer, Raluca–loana Stefan, Jacobus F. Van Staden. Taylor and Francis (2005).
5. Implementing Juran's Road Map for Quality Leadership: Benchmarks and Results, By Al Endres, Wiley, 2000
6. Understanding, Managing and Implementing Quality: Frameworks, Techniques and Cases, By Jiju Antony; David Preece, Routledge, 2002
7. Organizing for High Performance: Employee Involvement, TQM, Reengineering, and Knowledge Management in the Fortune 1000: The CEO Report By Edward E. Lawler; Susan Albers Mohrman; George Benson, Jossey–Bass, 2001
8. Corporate Culture and the Quality Organization By James W. Fairfield– Sonn, Quorum Books, 2001
9. The Quality Management Sourcebook: An International Guide to Materials and Resources By Christine Avery; Diane Zabel, Routledge, 1997
10. The Quality Toolbox, Second Edition, Nancy R. Tague, ASQ Publications
11. Juran's Quality Handbook, Sixth Edition, Joseph M. Juran and Joseph

A. De Feo, ASQ Publications

12. Root Cause Analysis, The Core of Problem Solving and Corrective Action, Duke Okes, 2009, ASQ Publications
13. International Medical Device Regulators Forum (IMDRF) Medical Device Single Audit Program (MDSAP)

CLINICAL RESEARCH REGULATIONS
(MRA 103T)

SCOPE

This course is designed to impart the fundamental knowledge on the clinical development process of drugs, pharmaceuticals and Medical Devices, phases and conduct of clinical trials and research, regulations and guidance governing the conduct of clinical research in India, USA and EU. It prepares the students to learn in detail on various laws, legislations and guidance related to safety, efficacy, ethical conduct and regulatory approval of clinical research.

OBJECTIVES

Upon completion of the course, the student shall be able to (know, do and appreciate)

- History, origin and ethics of clinical and biomedical research and evaluation
- Clinical drug, medical device development process and different types and phases of clinical trials
- Regulatory requirements and guidance for conduct of clinical trials and research

TTHOERY **60 Hrs**

1. Clinical Drug Development Process
   - Different types of Clinical Studies
   - Phases of clinical trials, Clinical Trial protocol
   - Phase 0 studies
   - Phase I and subtype studies (single ascending, multiple ascending, dose escalation, methods, food effect studies, drug - drug interaction, PK end points
   - Phase II studies (proof of concept or principle studies to establish efficacy)
   - Phase III studies (Multi ethnicity, global clinical trial, registration studies)
   - Phase IV studies (Post Marketing Studies; PSUR)
   - Clinical Investigation and Evaluation of Medical Devices & IVDs
   - Different Types of Studies
   - Key Concepts of Medical Device Clinical Evaluation Key concepts of Clinical Investigation **12 Hrs**

2. Ethics in Clinical Research:
   - Historical Perspectives: Nuremberg Code, Thalidomide study, Nazis Trials, Tuskegee Syphilis Study, The Belmont Report, The declaration of Helsinki
   - Origin of International Conference on Harmonization – Good Clinical Practice (ICH–GCP) guidelines.
   - The ethics of randomized clinical trials
   - The role of placebo in clinical trials
   - Ethics of clinical research in special population
   - Institutional Review Board / Independent Ethics Committee / Ethics Committee-composition, roles, responsibilities, review and approval process and ongoing monitoring of safety data

- Data safety monitoring boards.
- Responsibilities of sponsor, CRO, and investigator in ethical conduct of clinical research
- Ethical principles governing informed consent process
- Patient Information Sheet and Informed Consent Form
- The informed consent process and documentation **12 Hrs**

3. Regulations governing Clinical Trials
   - India: Clinical Research regulations in India - Schedule Y & Medical Device Guidance
   - USA: Regulations to conduct drug studies in USA (FDA)
   - NDA 505(b)(1) of the FD&C Act (Application for approval of a new drug)
   - NDA 505(b)(2) of the FD&C Act (Application for approval of a new drug that relies, at least in part, on data not developed by the applicant)
   - ANDA 505(j) of the FD&C Act (Application for approval of a generic drug product)
   - FDA Guidance for Industry – Acceptance of Foreign Clinical Studies
   - FDA Clinical Trials Guidance Document: Good Clinical Practice
   - EU: Clinical Research regulations in European Union (EMA) **12 Hrs**

4. Clinical Research Related Guidelines
   - Good Clinical Practice Guidelines (ICH GCP E6)
   - Indian GCP Guidelines
   - ICMR Ethical Guidelines for Biomedical Research
   - CDSCO guidelines
   - GHTF study group 5 guidance documents
   - Regulatory Guidance on Efficacy and Safety ICH Guidance's
   - E4 – Dose Response Information to support Drug Registration
   - E7 - Studies in support of General Population: Geriatrics
   - E8 - General Considerations of Clinical Trials
   - E10 - Choice of Control Groups and Related Issues in Clinical Trials
   - E 11 - Clinical Investigation of Medicinal Products in the Pediatric Population
   - General biostatics principle applied in clinical research **12 Hrs**

5. USA & EU Guidance USA: FDA Guidance
   - CFR 21Part 50: Protection of Human Subjects
   - CFR 21Part 54: Financial Disclosure by Clinical Investigators
   - CFR 21Part 312: IND Application
   - CFR 21Part 314: Application for FDA Approval to Market a New Drug
   - CFR 21Part 320: Bioavailability and bioequivalence requirements
   - CFR 21Part 812: Investigational Device Exemptions
   - CFR 21Part 822: Post–market surveillance
   - FDA Safety Reporting Requirements for INDs and BA/BE Studies
   - FDA Med Watch
   - Guidance for Industry: Good Pharmacovigilance Practices and

Pharmacoepidemiologic Assessment

- European Union: EMA Guidance
- EU Directives 2001
- EudraLex (EMEA) Volume 3- Scientific guidelines for medicinal products for human use
- EU Annual Safety Report (ASR)
- Volume 9A - Pharmacovigilance for Medicinal Products for Human Use
- EU MDD with respect to clinical research
- ISO 14155 **12 Hrs**

REFERENCES

1. Clinical Trials and Human Research: A Practical Guide to Regulatory Compliance By Fay A. Rozovsky and Rodney K. Adams
2. HIPAA and Human Subjects Research: A Question and Answer Reference Guide By Mark Barnes, JD, LLM and Jennifer Kulynych, JD, PhD
3. Principles and Practices of Clinical Research, Second Edition Edited by John I. Gallin and Frederick P. Ognibene
4. Reviewing Clinical Trials: A Guide for the Ethics Committee; Johan PE Karlberg and Marjorie A Speers; Karlberg, Johan Petter Einar, Hong Kong.
5. International Pharmaceutical Product Registration: Aspects of Quality, Safety and Efficacy; Anthony C. Cartwright; Taylor & Francis Inc., USA.
6. New Drug Approval Process: The Global Challenge; Guarino, Richard A; Marcel Dekker Inc., NY.
7. FDA regulatory affairs: a guide for prescription drugs, medical devices, and biologics; Douglas J. Pisano, David Mantus; CRC Press, USA
8. Country Specific Guidelines from official websites.
9. Drugs & Cosmetics Act & Rules and Amendments

RECOMMENDED WEBSITES:

1. EU Clinical Research Directive 2001

   http://www.eortc.be/services/doc/clinical–eudirective–04–april–01.pdf
2. Code of FederalRegulations,FDA:

   http://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/cdrh/cfdocs/cfcfr/cfrsearch.cfm
3. Guidelines of International Conference on Harmonization:

   http://www. ich.org/products/guidelines.html
4. Eudralex Guidelines

   http://www.gmpcompliance.info/euguide.htm
5. FDA New Drug Application:

   http://www.fda.gov/regulatoryinformation/legislation/FederalFoodDrugandCosmetic ActFDCAct/FDCActChapterVDrugsandDevices/ucm108125.htm

6. Medicines and Healthcare products Regulatory Agency:
http://www.mhra.gov.uk
7. Central Drugs Standard Control Organization Guidance for Industry:
http://cdsco.nic.in/CDSCO–GuidanceForIndustry.pdf
8. ICMR Ethical Guidelines for Biomedical Research:
http://icmr.nic.in/ethical_guidelines.pdf

REGULATIONS AND LEGISLATION FOR DRUGS & COSMETICS, MEDICAL DEVICES, BIOLOGICALS & HERBALS, AND FOOD & NUTRACEUTICALS IN INDIA AND INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS
(MRA 104T)

SCOPE

This course is designed to impart fundamental knowledge on regulations and legislation in India w.r.t. Drugs & Cosmetics, Medical Devices, Biologicals & Herbals, and Food & Nutraceuticals. It prepares the students for basic regulatory requirements in India of Drugs & Cosmetics, Medical Devices, Biologicals & Herbals, and Food & Nutraceuticals. For manufacture, import & registration, export, sale, marketing authorization, clinical trials and intellectual property rights.

OBJECTIVES

Upon the completion of the course the student shall be able to:

- Know different Acts and guidelines that regulate Drugs & Cosmetics, Medical Devices, Biologicals & Herbals, and Food & Nutraceuticals industry in India.
- Understand the approval process and regulatory requirements for Drugs & Cosmetics, Medical Devices, Biologicals & Herbals, and Food & Nutraceuticals

THEORY **60 Hrs**

1. Biologicals & Herbals, and Food & Nutraceuticals Acts and Rules (with latest amendments):
   a. Drugs and Cosmetics Act 1940 and Rules 1945: DPCO and NPPA
   b. Other relevant provisions (rules schedules and guidelines for approval of Drugs Cosmetics, Medical Devices, Biologicals & Herbals, and Food & Nutraceuticals in India

   Other relevant Acts: Narcotics Drugs and Psychotropic Substances Act; Medicinal and Toilet Preparations (Excise Duties) Act, 1955; Pharmacy Act, 1948; Drugs and Magic Remedies (Objectionable Advertisements) Act, 1955; Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act. **12 Hrs**

2 Regulatory requirements and approval procedures for Drugs & Cosmetics Medical Devices, Biologicals & Herbals, and Food & Nutraceuticals CDSCO (Central Drug Standard Control Organization) and State Licensing Authority: Organization, Responsibilities

- Rules, regulations, guidelines and standards for regulatory filing of Drugs & Cosmetics, Medical Devices, Biologicals & Herbals, and Food & Nutraceuticals
- Format & contents of Regulatory dossier filing Clinical trial / investigations

12 Hrs

3. Indian Pharmacopoeial Standards, BIS standards and ISO and other relevant standards **12 Hrs**

4. Bioavailability and Bioequivalence data (BA &BE), BCS Classification of Drugs, Regulatory Requirements for Bioequivalence study
   Stability requirements: ICH and WHO
   Guidelines for Drug testing in animals/Preclinical Studies
   Animal testing: Rationale for conducting studies, CPCSEA Guidelines Ethical guidelines for human participants ICMR–DBT Guidelines for Stem Cell Research

12 Hrs

5. Intellectual Property Rights: Patent, Trademark, Copyright, Industrial Designs and Geographical Indications, Indian Patent Scenario. IPR vs Regulatory Affairs

12 Hrs

REFERENCES

1. Manual of Patent Practice & Procedure, 3rd Edition, by the Patent Office of India
2. Patent Failure How Judges, Bureaucrats, and Lawyers put innovators at risk by James Bessen and Michael J. Meurer
3. Principles and Practice of Clinical Trial Medicine by Richard Chin and Bruce Y. Lee
4. Ethical Guidelines for Biomedical Research on Human Participants by Indian Council of Medical Research New delhi 2006.
5. CPCSEA Guidelines for Laboratory Animal Facility by Committee for the purpose of control and supervision on experiments on animals (CPCSEA)
6. ICH E6 Guideline - Good Clinical Practice" by ICH Harmonised Tripartite
7. Guidance for Industry on Submission of Clinical Trial Application for Evaluating Safety and Efficacy by CDSCO (Central Drug Standard Control Organisation)
8. Guidance for Industry on Requirement of Chemical & Pharmaceutical Information including Stability Study Data before approval of clinical trials / BE studies by CDSCO
9. Guidelines for Import and Manufacture of Medical Devices by CDSCO
10. Guidelines from official website of CDSCO

REGULATORY AFFAIRS PRACTICAL - I (MRA 105P)

1. Case studies (4 Nos.) of each of Good Pharmaceutical Practices.
2. Documentation for in process and finished products Quality control tests for Solid, liquid, Semisolid and Sterile preparations.
3. Preparation of SOPs, Analytical reports (Stability and validation)
4. Protocol preparation for documentation of various types of records (BMR, MFR, DR)
5. Labeling comparison between brand & generics.
6. Preparation of clinical trial protocol for registering trial in India
7. Registration for conducting BA/ BE studies in India
8. Import of drugs for research and developmental activities
9. Preparation of regulatory dossier as per Indian CTD format and submission in SUGAM
10. Registering for different Intellectual Property Rights in India
11. GMP Audit Requirements as per CDSCO
12. Preparation and documentation for Indian Patent application.
13. Preparation of checklist for registration of IND as per ICH CTD format.
14. Preparation of checklist for registration of NDA as per ICH CTD format.
15. Preparation of checklist for registration of ANDA as per ICH CTD format.
16. Case studies on response with scientific rationale to USFDA Warning Letter
17. Preparation of submission checklist of IMPD for EU submission.
18. Comparison study of marketing authorization procedures in EU.
19. Comparative study of DMF system in US, EU and Japan
20. Preparation of regulatory submission using eCTD software
21. Preparation of Clinical Trial Application (CTA) for US submission
22. Preparation of Clinical Trial Application (CTA) for EU submission
23. Comparison of Clinical Trial Application requirements of US, EU and Japan of a dosage form.
24. Regulatory requirements checklist for conducting clinical trials in India.
25. Regulatory requirements checklist for conducting clinical trials in Europe.
26. Regulatory requirements checklist for conducting clinical trials in USA

SEMESTER II
REGULATORY ASPECTS OF DRUGS & COSMETICS
(MRA 201T)

SCOPE

This course is designed to impart the fundamental knowledge on the drug development process, regulatory requirements for approval of new drugs, drug products and cosmetics in regulated and semi–regulated countriesIt prepares the students to learn in detail on the regulatory requirements, documentation requirements, and registration procedures for marketing the drug products and cosmetics in regulated and semi–regulated countries.

OBJECTIVES

Upon completion of the course, the student shall be able to know

- Process of drug discovery and development and generic product development
- Regulatory approval process and registration procedures for API and drug products in US, EU
- Cosmetics regulations in regulated and semi–regulated countries
- A comparative study of India with other global regulated markets

THEORY **60 Hrs**

1. USA & CANADA: Organization structure and functions of FDA. Federal register and Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), History and evolution of United States Federal, Food, Drug and Cosmetic

   Act (FFDCA), Hatch Waxman act and Orange book, Purple book, Drug Master Files (DMF) system in US, Regulatory Approval Process for Investigational New Drug (IND), New Drug Application(NDA), Abbreviated New Drug Application (ANDA), Supplemental New Drug Application (SNDA); Regulatory requirements for Orphan drugs and Combination Products, Changes to an approved NDA / ANDA.

   Regulatory considerations for manufacturing, packaging and labeling of pharmaceuticals in USA. Legislation and regulations for import, manufacture, distribution and sale of cosmetics in USA and Canada.

   12 Hrs

2. European Union & Australia: Organization and structure of EMA & EDQM, General guidelines, Active Substance Master Files (ASMF) system in EU, Content and approval process of IMPD, Marketing Authorization procedures in EU (Centralized procedure,Decentralized procedure, Mutual recognition procedure and National Procedure). Regulatory considerations for manufacturing, packaging and labeling of pharmaceuticals in EU, Eudralex directives for human medicines, Variations & extensions, Compliance of European Pharmacopoeia (CEP)/ Certificate of Suitability (CoS), Marketing Authorization (MA) transfers, Qualified Person (QP) in EU. Legislation and regulations for import, manufacture, distribution and sale of cosmetics in European Union & Australia.

   12 Hrs

3. Japan: Organization of the PMDA, Pharmaceutical Laws and regulations, types of registration applications, DMF system in Japan, drug regulatory approval process, regulatory considerations for manufacturing, packaging and labeling of pharmaceuticals in Japan, Post marketing surveillance in Japan. Legislation and regulations for import, manufacture, distribution and sale of cosmetics in Japan **12 Hrs**

4. Emerging Market: Introduction, Countries covered, Study of the world map,study of various committees across the globe (ASEAN, APEC, EAC, GCC, PANDRH, SADC) WHO: WHO, GMP, Regulatory Requirements for registration of drugs and post approval requirements in WHO through prequalification programme, Certificate of Pharmaceutical Product (CoPP) – General and Country Specific (South Africa, Egypt, Algeria and Morocco, Nigeria, Kenya and Botswana) **12 Hrs**

5. Brazil, ASEAN, CIS and GCC Countries: ASIAN Countries: Introduction to ACTD, Regulatory Requirements for registration of drugs and post approval requirements in China and South Korea & Association of Southeast Asian Nations (ASEAN) Region i.e. Vietnam, Malaysia, Philippines, Singapore and Thailand.

   CIS (Commonwealth Independent States): Regulatory pre– requisites related to Marketing authorization requirements for drugs and post approval requirements in CIS countries i.e. Russia, Kazakhstan and Ukraine GCC (Gulf Cooperation Council) for Arab states: Regulatory pre–requisites related to Marketing authorization requirements for drugs and post approval requirements in Saudi Arabia and UAE

   Legislation and regulations for import, manufacture, distribution and sale of cosmetics in Brazil, ASEAN, CIS and GCC Countries. **12 Hrs**

REFERENCES :

1. Generic Drug Product Development, Solid Oral Dosage forms, Leon Shargel and Isader Kaufer, Marcel Dekker series, Vol.143
2. The Pharmaceutical Regulatory Process, Edited by Ira R. Berry Marcel Dekker Series, Vol.144
3. The Pharmaceutical Regulatory Process, Second Edition Edited by Ira R. Berry and Robert P. Martin, Drugs and the Pharmaceutical Sciences, Vol.185 Informa Health care Publishers.
4. New Drug Approval Process: Accelerating Global Registrations by Richard a Guarino, MD, 5th edition, Drugs and the Pharmaceutical Sciences, Vol.190.
5. Guidebook for drug regulatory submissions / Sandy Weinberg. By John Wiley & Sons. Inc.
6. Drugs: From Discovery to Approval, Second Edition By Rick Ng
7. New Drug Development: A Regulatory Overview, Eighth Edition By Mark Mathieu
8. Pharmaceutical Risk Management by Jeffrey E. Fetterman, Wayne L. Pines and Gary H. Slatko
9. Preparation and Maintenance of the IND Application in eCTD Format by William K. Sietsema
10. Country Specific Guidelines from official websites.

11. http://www.who.int/medicines/areas/quality_safety/regulation_legislation/ListMRAWebsites.pdf
12. Roadmap to an ASEAN economic community Edited by Denis Hew. ISEAS Publications, Singapore 2005, ISBN981–230–347–2
13. ASEAN, Rodolfo C. Severino, ISEAS Publications, Singapore 2005, ISBN 978–981–230–750–7
14. Building a Future with Brics: The Next Decade for Offshoring, Mark Kobayashi–Hillary, Springer
15. Outsourcing to India: The Offshore Advantage, Mark Kobayashi–Hillary, Springer Trade performance and Regional Integration of the CIS Countries, Lev Freinkman,
16. The World Bank, Washington, DC, ISBN: 0–8212–5896–0
17. Global Pharmaceutical Policy: Ensuring Medicines for Tomorrow's World ByFrederick M. Abbott, Graham Dukes, Maurice Nelson Graham Dukes 139
18. The Gulf Cooperation Council: A Rising Power and Lessons for ASEAN by Linda Low and Lorraine Carlos Salazar (Nov 22, 2010)
19. Doing Business in the Asean Countries, Balbir Bhasin, Business Expert Press ISBN: 13:978–1–60649–108–9
20. Realizing the ASEAN Economic Community: A Comprehensive Assessment, Michael G Plummer (Editor), Chia Siow Yue (Editor), Instute of South East Asian studies, Singapore

REGULATORY ASPECTS OF HERBAL AND BIOLOGICALS
(MRA 202T)

SCOPE

This course is designed to impart fundamental knowledge on Regulatory Requirements, Licensing and Registration, Regulation on Labelling of Biologics in India, USA and Europe

It prepares the students to learn in detail on Regulatory Requirements for Biologics, Vaccines and Blood Products

OBJECTIVES

Upon the completion of the course the student shall be able to:

- Know the regulatory Requirements for Biologics and Vaccines
- Understand the regulation for newly developed biologics and biosimilars
- Know the pre–clinical and clinical development considerations of biologics
- Understand the Regulatory Requirements of Blood and/or Its Components Including Blood Products and label requirements

THEORY **60 Hrs**

1. India : Introduction, Applicable Regulations and Guidelines , Principles for Development of Similar Biologics, Data Requirements for Preclinical Studies, Data Requirements for Clinical Trial Application, Data Requirements for Market Authorization Application, Post Market Data for Similar Biologics, Pharmacovigilance. GMP & GDP. **12 Hrs**
2. USA: Introduction to Biologics; biologics, biological and biosimilars, different biological products, difference between generic drug and biosimilars, laws, regulations and guidance on biologics/ biosimilars, development and approval of biologics and biosimilars (IND, PMA, BLA, NDA, 510(k), pre–clinical and clinical development considerations, advertising, labelling and packing of biologics. **12 Hrs**
3. European Union: Introduction to Biologics; directives, scientific guidelines and guidance related to biologics in EU, comparability/ biosimilarity assessment, Plasma master file, TSE/ BSE evaluation, development and regulatory approval of biologics (Investigational medicinal products and biosimilars), pre–clinical and clinical development considerations; stability, safety, advertising, labelling and packing of biologics in EU **12 Hrs**
4. Vaccine regulations in India, US and European Union: Clinical evaluation, Marketing authorisation, Registration or licensing, Quality assessment, Pharmacovigilance, Additional requirements Blood and Blood Products Regulations in India, US and European Union: Regulatory Requirements of Blood and/or Its Components Including Blood Products, Label Requirements, ISBT (International Society of Blood Transfusion) and IHN (International Haemovigilence Network) **12 Hrs**
5. Herbal Products: Quality, safety and legislation for herbal products in India, USA and European Union. **12 Hrs**

REFERENCES

1. FDA Regulatory Affairs: A Guide for Prescription Drugs, Medical Devices, and Biologics, Douglas J. Pisano , David S. Mantus ; Informa ,2008
2. Biological Drug Products: Development and Strategies; Wei Wang, Manmohan Singh; wiley ,2013
3. Development of Vaccines: From Discovery to Clinical Testing; Manmohan Singh , Indresh K. Srivastava ;Wiley, 2011
4. www.who.int/biologicals/en
5. www.fda.gov/BiologicsBloodVaccines/GuidanceComplianceRegulatoryInfo rmation /
6. www.ihn–org.com
7. www.isbtweb.org
8. Guidelines on Similar Biologics: Regulatory Requirements for Marketing Authorization in India
9. www.cdsco.nic.in
10. www.ema.europa.eu › scientific guidelines › Biologicals
11. www.fda.gov/biologicsbloodVaccines/GuidanceCompliance RegulatoryInformation (Biologics)

REGULATORY ASPECTS OF MEDICAL DEVICES
(MRA 203T)

SCOPE

This course is designed to impart the fundamental knowledge on the medical devices and in vitro diagnostics, basis of classification and product life cycle of medical devices, regulatory requirements for approval of medical devices in regulated countries like US, EU and Asian countries along with WHO regulations. It prepares the students to learn in detail on the harmonization initiatives, quality and ethical considerations, regulatory and documentation requirements for marketing medical devices and IVDs in regulated countries.

OBJECTIVES

Upon completion of the course, the student shall be able to know

- Basics of medical devices and IVDs, process of development, ethical and quality considerations
- Harmonization initiatives for approval and marketing of medical devices and IVDs
- Regulatory approval process for medical devices and IVDs in India, US, Canada, EU, Japan and ASEAN
- Clinical evaluation and investigation of medical devices and IVDs

THEORY **60 Hrs**

1. Medical Devices: Introduction, Definition, Risk based classification and Essential Principles of Medical Devices and IVDs. Differentiating medical devices IVDs and Combination Products from that of pharmaceuticals, History of Medical Device Regulation, Product Lifecycle of Medical Devices and Classification of Medical Devices.

   IMDRF/GHTF: Introduction, Organizational Structure, Purpose and Functions, Regulatory Guidelines, Working Groups, Summary Technical Document (STED), Global Medical Device Nomenclature (GMDN). **12 Hrs**

2. Ethics: Clinical Investigation of Medical Devices, Clinical Investigation Plan for Medical Devices, Good Clinical Practice for Clinical Investigation of medical devices (ISO 14155:2011) Quality: Quality System Regulations of Medical Devices: ISO 13485, Quality Risk Management of Medical Devices: ISO 14971, Validation and Verification of Medical device, Adverse Event Reporting of Medical device **12 Hrs**

3. USA: Introduction, Classification, Regulatory approval process for Medical Devices (510k) Premarket Notification, Pre–Market Approval (PMA), Investigational Device Exemption (IDE) and In vitro Diagnostics, Quality System Requirements 21 CFR Part 820, Labeling requirements 21 CFR Part 801, Post marketing surveillance of MD and Unique Device Identification (UDI). Basics of In vitro diagnostics, classification and approval process. **12 Hrs**

4. European Union: Introduction, Classification, Regulatory approval process for Medical Devices (Medical Device Directive, Active Implantable Medical Device Directive) and In vitro Diagnostics (In Vitro Diagnostics Directive), CE certification process. Basics of In vitro diagnostics, classification and approval process. **12 Hrs**

5. ASEAN, China & Japan: Medical Devices and IVDs, Regulatory registration procedures, Quality System requirements and clinical evaluation and investigation. IMDRF study groups and guidance documents. **12 Hrs**

REFERENCES

1. FDA regulatory affairs: a guide for prescription drugs, medical devices, and biologics by Douglas J. Pisano, David Mantus.
2. Medical Device Development: A Regulatory Overview by Jonathan S. Kahan
3. Medical Product Regulatory Affairs: Pharmaceuticals, Diagnostics, Medical Devices by John J. Tobin and Gary Walsh
4. Compliance Handbook for Pharmaceuticals, Medical Devices and Biologics by Carmen Medina
5. Country Specific Guidelines from official websites.

REGULATORY ASPECTS OF FOOD & NUTRACEUTICALS
(MRA 204T)

SCOPE

This course is designed to impart the fundamental knowledge on Regulatory Requirements, Registration and Labeling Regulations of Nutraceuticals in India, USA and Europe.

It prepares the students to learn in detail on Regulatory Aspects for Nutraceuticals and food supplements.

OBJECTIVES

Upon completion of the course, the student shall be able to

- Know the regulatory Requirements for nutraceuticals
- Understand the regulation for registration and labeling of nutraceuticals and food supplements in India, USA and Europe.

THEORY **60 Hrs**

1. Nutraceuticals: Introduction, History of Food and Nutraceutical Regulations, Meaning of Nutraceuticals, Dietary Supplements, Functional Foods, Medical Foods, Scope and Opportunities in Nutraceutical Market. **12 Hrs**
2. Global Aspects: WHO guidelines on nutrition. NSF International: Its Role in the Dietary Supplements & Nutraceuticals Industries, NSF Certification, NSF Standards for Food Dietary Supplements. Good Manufacturing Practices for Nutraceuticals.**12 Hrs**
3. India : Food Safety and Standards Act, Food Safety and Standards Authority of India: Organization and Functions, Regulations for import, manufacture and sale of nutraceutical products in India, Recommended Dietary Allowances (RDA) in India.

   12 Hrs
4. USA: US FDA Food Safety Modernization Act, Dietary Supplement Health and Education Act. U.S. regulations for manufacture and sale of nutraceuticals and dietary supplements, Labelling Requirements and Label Claims for Dietary Supplements, Recommended Dietary Allowances (RDA) in the U.S **12 Hrs**
5. European Union: European Food Safety Authority (EFSA): Organization and Functions. EU Directives and regulations for manufacture and sale of nutraceuticals and dietary supplements. Nutrition labelling. European Regulation on Novel Foods and Novel Food Ingredients. Recommended Dietary Allowances (RDA) in Europe.

   12 Hrs

REFERENCES

1. Regulation of Functional Foods and Nutraceuticals: A Global Perspective by Clare M. Hasler (Wiley Online Library)
2. Nutraceutical and Functional Food Regulations in the United States and Around the World by Debasis Bagchi (Academic Press, Elsevier)
3. http://www.who.int/publications/guidelines/nutrition/en/
4. http://www.europarl.europa.eu/RegData/etudes/STUD/2015/536324/IPOL_STU(2015)536324_EN.pdf

5. Handbook of Nutraceuticals by Yashwant Pathak (CRC Press)
6. Food Regulation: Law, Science, Policy and Practice by Neal D. Fortin (Wiley)
7. Country Specific Guidelines from official websites.

REGULATORY AFFAIRS PRACTICAL – II
(MRA 205P)

1. Case studies on
2. Change Management/ Change control. Deviations
3. Corrective & Preventive Actions (CAPA)
4. Documentation of raw materials analysis as per official monographs
5. Preparation of audit checklist for various agencies
6. Preparation of submission to FDA using eCTD software
7. Preparation of submission to EMA using eCTD software
8. Preparation of submission to MHRA using eCTD software
9. Preparation of Biologics License Applications (BLA)
10. Preparation of documents required for Vaccine Product Approval
11. Comparison of clinical trial application requirements of US, EU and India of Biologics
12. Preparation of Checklist for Registration of Blood and Blood Products
13. Registration requirement comparison study in 5 emerging markets (WHO) and preparing check list for market authorization
14. Registration requirement comparison study in emerging markets (BRICS) and preparing check list for market authorization
15. Registration requirement comparison study in emerging markets (China and South Korea) and preparing check list for market authorization
16. Registration requirement comparison study in emerging markets (ASEAN) and preparing check list for market authorization
17. Registration requirement comparison study in emerging markets (GCC) and preparing check list for market authorization
18. Checklists for 510k and PMA for US market
19. Checklist for CE marking for various classes of devices for EU
20. STED Application for Class III Devices
21. Audit Checklist for Medical Device Facility
22. Clinical Investigation Plan for Medical Devices

PHARMACEUTICAL BIOTECHNOLOGY (MPB)

MICROBIAL AND CELLULAR BIOLOGY
(MPB 102T)

SCOPE

This subject is designed to provide the advanced knowledge to the biotechnology students in invaluable areas of advanced microbiology which plays a crucial role in determining its future use and applications in medicine, drug discovery and in pharmaceutical industry.

OBJECTIVE

At the completion of this course it is expected that the students will get an understanding about the following aspects;

- Importance of Microorganisms in Industry
- Central dogma of molecular biology
- Structure and function of cell and cell communication
- Cell culture technology and its applications in pharmaceutical industries.
- Microbial pathogenesis and correlating it to rational use of antimicrobial agents.

THEORY **60 Hrs**

1. Microbiology Introduction - Prokaryotes and Eukaryotes. Bacteria, fungi, actionomycetes and virus – structure, chemistry and morphology, cultural, physiological and reproductive features. Methods of isolation, cultivation and maintenance of pure cultures. Industrially important microorganisms – examples and applications **12 Hrs**

2. Molecular Biology: Structure of nucleus and chromosome, Nucleic acids and composition, structure and types of DNA and RNA. Central dogma of molecular biology: Replication, Transcription and translation.

   Gene regulation Gene copy number, transcriptional control and translational control.

   RNA processing Modification & aturation, RNA splicing, RNA editing, RNA amplification. Mutagenesis and repair mechanisms, types of mutants, application of mutagenesis in stain improvement, gene mapping of plasmids types purification and application. Phage genetics, geneticorganization, phage mutation and lysogeny.

   12 Hrs

3. Cell structure and function Cell organelles, cytoskeleton & cell movements, basic aspectsof cell regulation, bioenergetics and fuelling reactions of aerobics and anaerobics, secondary metabolism & its applications. Cell communication, cell cycle and apoptosis, mechanism of cell division. Celljunctions/adhesion and extra cellular matrix, germ cells and fertilization, histology - thelife and death of cells in tissues.

   Cell Cycle and Cytoskeleton : Cell Division and its Regulation, G–Protein CoupledReceptors, Kinases, Nuclear receptors, Cytoskeleton & cell movements, IntermediateFilaments.

   Apoptosis and Oncogenes : Programmed Cell Death, Tumor cells, carcinogens & repair.

Differentiation and Developmental Biology : Fertilization, Events of Fertilization, In vitro Fertilization, Embryonic Germ Cells, Stem Cells & its Application. **12 Hrs**

4. Principles of microbial nutrition: Physical and chemical environment for microbial growth, Stability and degeneration of microbial cultures.

   Growth of animal cells in culture: General procedure for cell culture, Nutrient composition, Primary, established and transformed cell cultures, applications of cell cultures in pharmaceutical industry and research. Growth of viruses in cell culture propagation and enumeration. In-vitro screening techniques– cytotoxicity, anti–tumor, anti–viral assays. **12 Hrs**

5. Microbial pathology : Identifying the features of pathogenic bacteria, fungi and viruses. Mechanism of microbial pathogenicity, etiology and pathology of common microbial diseases and currently recommended therapies for common bacterial, fungal & viral infections. Mechanism of action of antimicrobial agents and possible sites of chemotherapy. **12 Hrs**

REFERENCES

1. W.B. Hugo and A.D. Russel: Pharmaceutical Microbiology, Blackwell Scientific publications, Oxford London.
2. Prescott and Dunn, Industrial Microbiology, CBS Publishers & Distributors, Delhi.
3. Pelczar, Chan Kreig, Microbiology, Tata McGraw Hill edn.
4. David Freifelder, Molecular Biology, 2nd edition, Narosa Publishing House.
5. R. Ian Freshney, Culture of animal cells - A manual of Basic techniques, 6th edition, Wileys publication house.
6. David Baltimore, Molecular cell biology, W H Freeman & Co publishers.
7. Cell biology vol–I,II,III by Julio E.Cells
8. Bergeys manual of systematic bacteriology, Williams and Wilkins– A Waverly Company.

BIOPROCESS ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY
(MPB 103T)

SCOPE

This paper has been designed to provide the knowledge to the biotechnology students in invaluable areas of bioprocess technology to develop skills to modify, design and operate different types of fermenters, to understand and implement various fermentation procedures, to train students in scale up fermentation operations.

OBJECTIVE

At the completion of this subject it is expected that students will be able to,

- Understand basics and design of fermentation technology
- Scale up and scale down processing of fermentation technology
- Bioprocessing of the industrially important microbial metabolites in industries and R & D organizations.
- Regulation governing the manufacturing of biological products
- Understand and conduct fermentation process kinetics.

THEORY **60 Hrs**

1. Introduction to fermentation technology
   - Basic principles of fermentation
   - Study of the design and operation of bioreactor
   - Ancillary parts and function, impeller design and agitation, power requirements on measurements and control of dissolved oxygen, carbon dioxide, temperature, pH and foam.
   - Types of bioreactor
   - CSTR, tower, airlift, bubble column, packed glass bead, hollow fiber, configuration and application
   - Computer control of fermentation process
   - System configuration and application **12 Hrs**

2. Mass transfer : Theory, diffusional resistance to oxygen requirements of microorganisms, measurements of mass transfer co– efficient and factor affecting them, effects of aeration and agitation on mass transfer, supply of air, air compressing, cleaning and sterilization of air and plenum ventilation, air sampling and testing standards for air purity.

   Rheology : Rheological properties of fermentation system and their importance in bioprocessing. **12 Hrs**

3. Scale up of fermentation process : Principles, theoretical considerations, techniques used, media for fermentation, HTST sterilization, advantage and disadvantage, liquid sterilization.

   Cultivation and immobilized culture system Cultivation system – batch culture, continuous culture, synchronous cultures, fed batch culture. Graphical plot representing the above systems.

Introduction to immobilization: Techniques, immobilization of whole cell, immobilized culture system to prepare fine chemicals. Immobilization of enzymes and their applications in the industry. Reactors for immobilized systems and perspective of enzyme engineering. **12 Hrs**

4. Scale down of fermentation process : Theory, equipment design and operation, methods of filtration, solvent extraction, chromatographic separation, crystallization turbidity analysis and cell yield determination, metabolic response assay, enzymatic assay, bioautographic techniques and disruption of cells for product recovery.

   Isolation and screening : Primary and secondary, maintenance of stockculture, strain improvement for increased yield. **12 Hrs**

5. Bioprocessing of the industrially important microbial metabolites

   a) Organic solvents - Alcohol and Glycerol

   b) Organic acids – Citric acids, Lactic acids,

   c) Amino acids – Glutamic acids, Lysine, Cyclic AMP and GMP

   d) Antibiotics – Penicillin, Streptomycin, Griseofulvin,

   e) Vitamins – B12, Riboflavin and Vitamin C

   Biosynthetic pathways for some secondary metabolites, microbial transformation of steroids and alkaloids

   Regulation governing the manufacturing of biological products. **12 Hrs**

REFERENCES

1. Peter Stanbury, Allan Whitaker, Stephen Hall, Principles of Fermentation technology, Elsevier stores.
2. L.E. Casida, Industrial Microbiology, John Wiley & sons Inc.
3. F.M. Asubel, Current protocols in molecular biology, volume I and II, John Wiley Publishers.
4. Biotol Board, Bioreactor design and product yield, Butterworth and Helhemann Publishers.
5. H. Patel, Industrial microbiology, Macmillan India Limited.

ADVANCED PHARMACEUTICAL BIOTECHNOLOGY
(MPB 104T)

SCOPE

This paper has been designed to provide the knowledge to the students to develop skills of advanced techniques of isolation and purification of enzymes, to enrich students with current status of development of vaccines and economic importance of biotechnology products.

OBJECTIVE

At the completion of this subject it is expected that students will be able to

- Understand about the latest technology development in biotechnology technique, tools and their uses in drug and vaccine development.
- Identify appropriate sources of enzymes.
- Understand and perform genetic engineering techniques in gene manipulation, r–DNA technology and gene amplification.
- Understand the overview of pharmacogenomics.
- Learn the regulatory approval process and key regulatory agencies for new drugs, biologics, devices, and drug–device combinations.

THEORY **60 Hrs**

1. Enzyme Technology: Classification, general properties of enzymes, dynamics of enzymatic activity, sources of enzymes, extraction and purification, pharmaceutical, therapeutic and clinical application. Production of amyloglucosidase, glucose isomerase, amylase and trypsin. **12 Hrs**

2. Genetic Engineering : Techniques of gene manipulation, cloning strategies,procedures, cloning vectors expression vectors, recombinant selection andscreening, expression in E.coli and yeast.

   Site directed mutagenesis, polymerase chain reaction, and analysis of DNAsequences.

   Gene library and cDNA

   Applications of the above technique in the production of,

   - Regulatory proteins - Interferon, Interleukins
   - Blood products - Erythropoietin
   - Vaccines - Hepatitis–B
   - Hormones - Insulin **12 Hrs**

3. Therapeutic peptides: Study on controlled and site specified delivery of therapeutic peptides and proteins through various routes of administration.

   Transgenic animals: Production of useful proteins in transgenic animals and gene therapy.

   Human Genome: The human genome project–a brief study, Human chromosome - Structure and classification, chromosomal abnormalities - Syndromes **12 Hrs**

4. Signal transduction: Introduction, cell signaling pathways, Ion channels, Sensors and effectors, ON and OFF mechanisms, Spatial and temporal aspects of signaling, cellular process, development, cell cycle and proliferation, neuronal signaling, cell stress, inflammatory responses and cell death, signaling defects and diseases.

   Oncogenes: Introduction, definition, various oncogenes, their proteins. **12 Hrs**

5. Microbial Biotransformation : Biotransformation for the synthesis of chiral drugs and steroids.

   Microbial Biodegradation : Biodegradation of xenobiotics, chemical and industrial wastes, Production of single–cell protein,

   Applications of microbes in environmental monitoring.

   Biosensors : Definition, characteristics of ideal biosensors, types of biosensors, biological recognition elements, transducers, application of biosensors. **12 Hrs**

REFERENCES

1. Biotechnology The biological principles: MD Trevan, S Boffey, KH Goulding and P.F. Stanbury.
2. Immobilization of cells and enzymes: HosevearKennadycabral& Bicker staff
3. Principles of Gene Manipulating: RW Old and S.B.Primrose.
4. Molecular Cell Biology:Harvey Lodish, David Baltimore, Arnold Berk, S awence Zipursky, Paul Matsudaira, James Darnell.
5. Modern Biotechnology: S.B Primrose
6. Gene transfer and expression protocols–methods in Molecular Biology, vol. VII, Edit E.T. Murray
7. Current protocols in Molecular Biology, Vo1.I & II:F.M. Asubel, John wiley Publishers
8. Current protocols in cellular biology, Vo1.1 & II John wiley publishers.
9. Principles of human genetics; by Curt Stern, published by W.H. Freeman.

PHARMACEUTICAL BIOTECHNOLOGY PRACTICAL – I
(MPB 105P)

1. Analysis of Pharmacopoeial compounds and their formulations by UV Vis spectrophotometer
2. Simultaneous estimation of multi component containing formulations by UV spectrophotometry
3. Experiments based on HPLC
4. Experiments based on Gas Chromatography
5. Estimation of riboflavin/quinine sulphate by fluorimetry
6. Estimation of sodium/potassium by flame photometry
7. Isolation and Purification of microorganism from the soil
8. Microbial contamination of Water and biochemical parameters.
9. Determination of Minimum Inhibitory concentration by gradient plate technique and serial dilution method.
10. UV– survival curve and Dark repair
11. Sterility test for pharmaceutical preparations
12. Sub culturing of cells and cytotoxicity assays.
13. Construction of growth curve and determination of specific growth rate and doubling time
14. Fermentation process of alcohol and wine production
15. Fermentation of vitamins and antibiotics
16. Whole cell immobilization engineering
17. Thermal death kinetics of bacteria
18. Replica plating
19. Bio–autography.
20. Isolation and estimation of DNA
21. Isolation and estimation of RNA
22. Isolation of plasmids
23. Agarose gel electrophoresis.
24. Transformation techniques
25. SDS - polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis for proteins
26. Polymerase chain reaction technique.

PROTEINS AND PROTEIN FORMULATIONS
(MPB 201T)

SCOPE

This course is designed to impart knowledge and skills necessary for knowing fundamental aspects of proteins and their formulations is a part of drug research and development process. Basic theoretical discussions of the principles of more integrated and coherent use of information for protein formulation and design are provided to help the students to clarify the various biological concepts of protein.

OBJECTIVE

At the completion of this course it is expected that students will be able to understand,

- Various methods of purification of proteins
- Peptides in drug development
- Protein identification and characterization
- Protein based formulations
- Sequencing proteins

THEORY **60 Hrs**

1. Protein engineering : Concepts for protein engineering. Isolation and purification of proteins, Stability and activity based approaches of protein engineering, Chemical and Physical Considerations in Protein and Peptide Stability, Different methods for protein engineering, gene shuffling, and direct evolution. **12 Hrs**

2. Peptidomimetics : Introduction, classification; Conformationally restricted peptides, design, pseudopeptides, peptidomimetics and transition state analogs; Biologically active template; Amino acid replacements; Peptidomimetics and rational drug design; CADD techniques in peptidomimetics; Development of non peptide peptidomimetics.

   12 Hrs

3. Proteomics : Protein identification and characterization: Methods/strategies, protein identification, de novo protein characterization, Isotope labelling, N– and C–terminal tags.

   2-Dimensional gel electrophoresis : Methods including immobilized pH gradients (IPGs), resolution, reproducibility and image analysis, future developments **12 Hrs**

4. Protein formulation : Different strategies used in the formulation of DNA and proteins, Analytical and biophysical parameters of proteins and DNA in pre– formulation, Liposomes, Neon–spears, Neon–particulate system, PEGylation, Biological Activity, Biophysical Characterization Techniques, Forced degradation studies of protein.

   12 Hrs

5. Methods of protein sequencing: Various methods of protein sequencing, characterisation, Edman degradation, Tryptic and/or Chymotryptic Peptide Mapping.

   12 Hrs

REFERENCES

1. H. Lodhishet. Al. Molecular Cell Biology, W. H. Freeman and Company

2. Protein Purification - Hand Book, Amersham pharmacia biotech
3. EngelbertBuxbaum, Fundamentals of Protein Structure and Function, Springer Science
4. Sheldon J. Park, Jennifer R. Cochran, Protein Engineering and Design, CRC press.
5. Robert K. Skopes. Protein purification, principle and practice, springer link.
6. David Whitford, Proteins–Structure and Function, John Wiley & Sons Ltd.
7. James Swarbrick, Protein Formulation and Delivery Informa Healthcare USA,Inc.
8. Rodney Pearlman, Y. John Wang Formulation, Characterization, and Stability of Protein Drugs, Kluwer Academic Publishers.

IMMUNOTECHNOLOGY
(MPB 202T)

SCOPE

This course is designed to impart knowledge on production and engineering of antibodies, the application of antigens, the design of (recombinant) vaccines, strategies for immune intervention, etc. The Immunotechnology – based techniques will be used for therapeutics and diagnostics, industries in the production, quality control and quality assurance, and in R&D.

OBJECTIVE

After this course, the students will be able to:–

- Understand the techniques like immunodiagnostic tests,
- Characterization of lymphocytes, purification of antigens and antibody, etc.
- Access health problems with immunological background; Develop approaches for the immune intervention of diseases

THEORY 60 Hrs

1. Fundamental aspects of immunology : Introduction, cells and organs of the immune system, cellular basis of Immune response, primary and secondary lymphoid organs, antigen antibody and their structure.

   Types of immune responses, anatomy of immune response. Overview of innate and adaptive Immunity.

   Humoral Immunity : B - Lymphocytes and their activation. Structure and function of immunoglobulins, idiotypes and anti idiotypic antibodies.

   Cell mediated Immunity : Thymus derived lymphocytes (T cells) - their ontogeny and types, MHC complex, antigen presenting cells (APC), mechanisms of T cell activation, macrophages, dendritic cells, langerhans cells, mechanism of phagocytosis **12 Hrs**

2. Immune Regulation and Tolerance: Complement activation and types and their biological functions, cytokines and their role in immune response.

   Hypersensitivity: Hypersensitivity Types I–IV, Hypersensitivity reactions and treatment Autoimmune diseases **12 Hrs**

3. Vaccine technology : Vaccine and their types, conventional vaccines, novel methods for vaccine production, antiidiotype vaccine, DNA vaccine, genetically engineered vaccine, iscoms, synthetic peptides, and immunodiagnostics.

   Stem cell technology : Technology and applications to immunology **12 Hrs**

4. Hybridoma Technology : Hybridoma techniques - fusion methods for myeloma cells and B–ymphocytes, selection and screening techniques. Production and purification of monoclonal antibodies and their applications in Pharmaceutical industry. **12 Hrs**

5. Immunological Disorder : Autoimmune disorders and types,pathogenic mechanisms, treatment, experimental models of auto immune diseases, primary and secondary immunodeficiency disorders.

   Immunodiagnosis : Antigen antibody interaction - Precipitation reaction, Agglutination reactions, Principles and applications of ELISA, Radio Immuno Assay, Western blot

analysis, immune–electrophoresis, immuno fluorescence, chemiluminescence assay, complement fixation reaction. **12 Hrs**

REFERENCES

1. J. Kubey, Immunology - an Introduction.
2. S.C. Rastogi, Immunodiagonstics, New Age International.
3. Ashim Chakravarthy, Immunology and Immunotechnology, Oxford University Press.
4. E. Benjamini, Molecular Immunology.

BIOINFORMATICS AND COMPUTATIONAL BIOTECHNOLOGY (MPB 203T)

SCOPE

This paper has been designed to provide the advanced knowledge to the biotechnology students in invaluable areas of advanced bioinformatics which plays a crucial role in determining its future use and applications in medicine, drug discovery and in pharmaceutical industry.

OBJECTIVES

Upon completion of this course it is expected that the students will be able to understand,

- Use of computers in developing a new drugs
- Biological concepts for bioinformatics
- Proteins and their diversity
- Various gene findingmethods
- Searching the biological databases
- Target searching
- Various methods of drug designing

THEORY 60 Hrs

1. Introduction to Bioinformatics : Definition and History of Bioinformatics, Internet and Bioinformatics, Introduction to Data Mining, Applications of Data Mining to Bioinformatics, Biological Database

   Protein and nucleic acid databases. Structural data bases. Collecting and storing the sequence and Applications of Bioinformatics. **12 Hrs**

2 Sequence analysis : Sequence alignment, pair wise alignment techniques, multiple sequence analysis, multiple sequence alignment; Flexible sequence similarity searching with the FAST3 program package, the use of CLUSTALW and CLUSTALX for the multiple sequence alignment. Tools used for sequence analysis. **12 Hrs**

3. Protein informatics : Introduction; Force field methods; Energy, buried and exposed residues, side chains and neighbours; Fixed regions, hydrogen bonds, mapping properties onto surfaces; Fitting monomers, R & S fit of conformers, assigning secondary structures; Sequence alignment–methods, evaluation, scoring; Protein completion, backbone construction and side chain addition; Small peptide methodology, software accessibility, building peptides; Protein displays; Substructure manipulations, annealing.

   Protein structure prediction : Protein folding and model generation; Secondary structure prediction, analyzing secondary structures; Protein loop searching, loop generating methods, loop analysis; Homology modeling, concepts of homology modeling, potential applications, description, methodology, homologous sequence identification; Align structures, align model sequence; Construction of variable and conserved regions, threading techniques, Topology fingerprint approach for prediction, evaluation of alternate models; Structure prediction on a mystery sequence, structure aided sequence techniques of structure prediction, structural

profiles, alignment algorithms, mutation tables, prediction, validation, sequence based methods of structure prediction, prediction using inverse folding, fold prediction; Significance analysis, scoring techniques, sequence– sequence scoring.

Docking : Docking problems, methods for protein– ligand docking, validation studies and applications; Screening small molecule databases, docking of combinatorial libraries, input data, analyzing docking results. **12 Hrs**

4. Diversity of Genomes : Prokaryotic and Eukaryotic Gene Families. Genome Analysis: Introduction, Gene prediction methods, Gene mapping and applications– Genetic and Physical Mapping, Integrated map, Sequence assembly and gene expression.

   Completed Genomes

   Bacterium, Nematode, Plant and Human

   Evolution of Genomes

   Lateral or Horizontal Transfer among Genomes, Transcriptome and Proteome– General Account

   Phylogenetic analysis

   Evolutionary Change in Nucleotide Sequences, Rates and Patterns of Nucleotide Substitution, Models for Nucleotide Substitution, Construction of Phylogenetic Tree, Genome Annotation technique. **12 Hrs**

5. Target searching and Drug Designing : Target and lead, timeline for drug development, target discovery, target modulators, In-silico gene expression, microarray, and lead discovery, libraries of ligands, active site analysis, and prediction of drug quality. **12 Hrs**

REFERENCES

1. David W. Mount, Bioinformatics Sequence and Genome Analysis, CBS Publishers and Distributors
2. S. C. Rastogiet. al. Bioinformatics– Concepts Skill and Applications, CBS Publishers and Distributors
3. T.E.Creighton, Protein Structure and Molecular Properties, W.H.Freeman and Company
4. Andreas D. Baxevanis, B. F. Francis Ouellette, Bioinformatics; A Practical Guide to the Analysis of Genes and Proteins, John Wiley & Sons, Inc.
5. Arthur M. Lesk, Introduction to Bioinformatics, Oxford University Press.
6. Shui Qing Ye. Bioinformatics: A Practical Approach, Chapman & Hall/CRC.
7. David Posada, Bioinformatics for DNA Sequence Analysis, Humana press.
8. Lesk, A.M. Introduction to Bioinformatics. Oxford University Press.
9. Letovsky, S.I. Bioinformatics. Kluwer Academic Publishers.
10. Baldi, P. and Brunak, S. Bioinformatics. The MIT Press.

BIOLOGICAL EVALUATION OF DRUG THERAPY
(MPB 204T)

SCOPE

This paper has been designed to provide the knowledge to the biotechnology students to understand the importance of biological and evaluation of drug therapy of biological medicines.

OBJECTIVE

At the completion of this subject it is expected that students will be able to,

- Understand about the general concept of standardization of biological.
- Understand the importance of transgenic animals and knockout animals.
- Understand the biological medicines in development of various diseases.
- Learn the biological evaluation of drugs in vitro and in vivo

TTHEORY **60 Hrs**

1. Biological Standardization : General principles, Scope and limitation of bio–assay, bioassay of some official drugs.

   Preclinical drug evaluation : Preclinical drug evaluation of its biological activity, potency and toxicity–Toxicity test in animals including acute, sub–acute and chronic toxicity, ED50 and LD50 determination, special toxicity test like teratogenecity and mutagenecity.

   Guidelines for toxicity studies : Various guidelines for toxicity studies. Animal experiments assessing safety of packaging materials. **12 Hrs**

2. Pyrogens: Sources, Chemistry and properties of bacterial pyrogens and endotoxins, Official pyrogen tests.

   Microbiological assay: Assay of antibiotics and vitamins.

   Biological evaluation of drugs screening and evaluation (including principles of screening, development of models for diseases: In vivo models / In vitro models / cell line study). **12 Hrs**

3. Biologic Medicines in Development for various diseases - By Therapeutic Category

   - Genetic Disorders
   - Eye related Disorders
   - Digestive Disorders
   - Diabetes/Related Conditions
   - Cardiovascular Disease
   - Cancer/Related Conditions
   - Blood Disorders
   - Autoimmune Disorders
   - Infectious Diseases
   - Neurologic Disorders
   - Skin Diseases
   - Organe Transplantation

Biologic Medicines in Development for various diseases - by Product Category

- Antisense
- Vaccines
- Recombinant Hormones/Proteins
- Monoclonal Antibodies (mAb)
- Interferons
- Growth Factors
- Gene Therapy
- RNA Interference **12 Hrs**

4. Regulatory aspects: drugs, biologics and medical devices An introduction to the regulations and documents necessary for approval of a medical product.
   Regulatory consideration: Regulatory consideration for pre-clinical testing and clinical testing of drugs, biologics and medical devices.
   New Drug Applications for Global Pharmaceutical Product Approvals **12 Hrs**

5. Bioavailability: Objectives and consideration in bio–availability studies of Biopharmaceuticals, Concept of equivalents, Measurements of bio–availability.
   Determination of the rate of absorption, Bioequivalence and its importance, Regulatory aspects of bio–availability and bioequivalence studies for conventional dosage forms and controlled drug delivery systems of Biopharmaceuticals.
   Pharmacokinetics: Basic consideration, Pharmacokinetic models, Application of Pharmacokinetics in new drug development of Biopharmaceuticals and designing of dosage forms and Novel drug delivery systems of Biopharmaceuticals. **12 Hrs**

REFERENCES

1. Perkins F.T., Hennessen W. Standardization and Control of Biologicals Produced by Recombinant DNA Technology, International Association of Biological tandardization
2. J.H. Burn., Biological Standardization, Oxford University Press
3. Drug Discovery and Evaluation in Pharmacology assay: Vogel
4. Chow, Shein, Ching, Design and analysis of animal studies in pharmaceutical development,
5. Nodine and Siegler, Animal and Clinical pharmacologic Techniques in Drug Evaluation.
6. Screening methods in pharmacology (vol I& II), R.A. Turner.

PHARMACEUTICAL BIOTECHNOLOGY PRACTICAL – II
(MPB 205P)

1. Protein identification
2. Protein characterization
3. Protein biochemistry
4. Recombinant DNA Technology
5. Protein expression
6. Protein formulations
7. Database searching
8. Sequence analysis methods
9. Protein structure prediction
10. Gene annotation methods
11. Phylogenetic analysis
12. Protein, DNA binding studies
13. Preparation of DNA for PCRapplications - Isolation, Purity and Quantification
14. Introduction to PCR - working of PCR, Programming.
15. Introduction to RT–PCR - working, programming.
16. Primer design using softwares.
17. Gene DNA amplification by random / specific primers.
18. Southern Hybridization
19. Western Blotting
20. Gene transformation

PHARMACY PRACTICE (MPP)

CLINICAL PHARMACY PRACTICE
(MPP 101T)

SCOPE

This course is designed to impart the basic knowledge and skills that are required to practice pharmacy including the provision of pharmaceutical care services to both healthcare professionals and patients in clinical settings.

OBJECTIVES

Upon completion of this course it is expected that students shall be able to :

- Understand the elements of pharmaceutical care and provide comprehensive patient care services
- Interpret the laboratory results to aid the clinical diagnosis of various disorders
- Provide integrated, critically analyzed medicine and poison information to enable healthcare professionals in the efficient patient management

THEORY **60 Hrs**

1. Introduction to Clinical Pharmacy: Definition, evolution and scope of clinical pharmacy, International and national scenario of clinical pharmacy practice, Pharmaceutical care
   Clinical Pharmacy Services: Ward round participation, Drug therapy review (Drug therapy monitoring including medication order review, chart endorsement, clinical review and pharmacist interventions) **12 Hrs**

2. Clinical Pharmacy Services: Patient medication history interview, Basic concept of medicine and poison information services, Basic concept of pharmacovigilance, Hemovigilance, Materiovigilance and AEFI, Patient medication counselling, Drug utilisation evaluation, Documentation of clinical pharmacy services, Quality assurance of clinical pharmacy services. **12 Hrs**

3. Patient Data Analysis: Patient Data & Practice Skills: Patient's case history – its structure and significances in drug therapy management, Common medical abbreviations and terminologies used in clinical practice, Communication skills: verbal and non–verbal communications, its applications in patient care services.
   Lab Data Interpretation : Hematological tests, Renal function tests, Liver function tests. **12 Hrs**

4. Lab Data Interpretation: Tests associated with cardiac disorders, pulmonary function tests, Thyroid function tests, Fluid and electrolyte balance, Microbiological culture sensitivity tests. **12 Hrs**

5. Medicines & Poison Information Services : Medicine Information Service: Definition and need for medicine information service, Medicine information resources, Systematic approach in answering medicine information queries, Preparation of verbal and written response, Establishing a drug information centre.

Poison Information Service: Definition, need, organization and functions of poison information centre. **12 Hrs**

REFERENCES

1. A Textbook of Clinical Pharmacy Practice - Essential concepts and skills - Parthasarathi G, Karin Nyfort–Hansen and Milap Nahata
2. Practice Standards and Definitions – The Society of Hospital Pharmacists of Australia
3. Basic skills in interpreting laboratory data – Scott LT, American Society of Health System Pharmacists Inc
4. Relevant review articles from recent medical and pharmaceutical literature.

PHARMACOTHERAPEUTICS-I (MPP 102T)

SCOPE

This course aims to enable the students to understand the different treatment approaches in managing various disease conditions. Also, it imparts knowledge and skills in optimizing drug therapy of a patient by individualizing the treatment plan through evidence–based medicines.

OBJECTIVES

Upon completion of this course it is expected that students shall be able to:

- Describe and explain the rationale for drug therapy
- Summarize the therapeutic approach for management of various disease conditions including reference to the latest available evidence
- Discuss the clinical controversies in drug therapy and evidence based medicine
- Prepare individualized therapeutic plans based on diagnosis
- Identify the patient specific parameters relevant in initiating drug therapy, and monitoring therapy (including alternatives, time– course of clinical and laboratory indices of therapeutic response and adverse effect/s)

THEORY 60 Hrs

1. Etiopathogenesis and pharmacotherapy of diseases associated with following systems

   Cardiovascular system: Hypertension, Congestive cardiac failure, acute coronary eyndrome, Arrhythmias, Hyperlipidemias. **12 Hrs**

2. Respiratory system: Asthma, Chronic obstructive airways disease, Drug induced pulmonary diseases

   Endocrine system: Diabetes, Thyroid diseases **12 Hrs**

3. Gastrointestinal system: Pepticulcer diseases, Reflux esophagitis, Inflammatory bowel diseases, Jaundice & hepatitis **12 Hrs**

4. Gastrointestinal system: Cirrhosis, Diarrhea and Constipation, Drug–induced liver disease
   Hematological diseases: Anemia, Deep vein thrombosis, Drug induced hematological disorders. **12 Hrs**

5. Bone and joint disorders: Rheumatoid arthritis, Osteoarthritis, Gout, Osteoporosis
   Dermatological Diseases: Psoriasis, Eczema and scabies, impetigo, drug induced skin disorders
   Ophthalmology: Conjunctivitis, Glaucoma **12 Hrs**

REFERENCES

1. Roger and Walker. Clinical Pharmacy and Therapeutics – Churchill Livingstone publication
2. Joseph T. Dipiro et al. Pharmacotherapy: A Pathophysiologic Approach– Appleton & Lange
3. Robins SL. Pathologic basis of disease –W.B. Saunders publication

4. Eric T. Herfindal. Clinical Pharmacy and Therapeutics– Williams and Wilkins Publication
5. Lloyd Young and Koda–Kimble MA Applied Therapeutics: The clinical Use of Drugs– Lippincott Williams and Wilkins
6. Chisholm– Burns Wells Schwinghammer Malone and Joseph P Dipiro. Pharmacotherapy Principles and practice - McGraw Hill Publication
7. Carol Mattson Porth. Principles of Pathophysiology– Lippincott Williams and Wilkins
8. Harrison's. Principles of Internal Medicine – McGraw Hill
9. Relevant review articles from recent medical and pharmaceutical literature

HOSPITAL & COMMUNITY PHARMACY
(MPP 103T)

SCOPE

This course is designed to impart basic knowledge and skills that are required to practice pharmacy in both hospital and community settings.

Objectives

Upon completion of this course it is expected that students shall be able to:

- Understand the organizational structure of hospital pharmacy
- Understand drug policy and drug committees
- Know about procurement & drug distribution practices
- Know the admixtures of radiopharmaceuticals
- Understand the community pharmacy management
- Know about value added services in community pharmacies

THEORY **60 Hrs**

1. Introduction toHospitals - Definition,classification, organizational structure

   Hospital Pharmacy: Definition, Relationship of hospital pharmacy department with other departments, Organizational structure, legal requirements, work load statistics, Infrastructural requirements, Hospital Pharmacy Budget and Hospital Pharmacy management

   Hospital Drug Policy: Pharmacy & Therapeutics Committee, Infection Control committee, Research & Ethics Committee, Management of Medicines as per NABH

   12 Hrs

2. Hospital Formulary Guidelines and its development, Developing Therapeutic guidelines, Drug procurement process, and methods of Inventory control, Methods of Drug distribution, Intravenous admixtures, Hospital Waste Management

3. Education and training: Training of technical staff, training and continuing education for pharmacists, Pharmacy students, Medical staff and students, Nursing staff and students, Formal and informal meetings and lectures, Drug and therapeutics newsletter.

   Community Pharmacy Practice: Definition, roles & responsibilities of community pharmacists, and their relationship with other health care providers.

   Community Pharmacy management: Legal requirements to start community pharmacy, site selection, lay out & design, drug display, super drug store model, accounts and audits, Good dispensing practices, Different softwares & databases used in community pharmacies. Entrepreneurship in community pharmacy. **12 Hrs**

4. Prescription - Legal requirements & interpretation, prescription related problems

   Responding to symptoms of minor ailments: Head ache, pyrexia, menstrual pains, food and drug allergy,

   OTC medication: Rational use of over the counter medications

Medication counseling and use of patient information leaflets Medication adherence - Definition, factors influencing adherence behavior, strategies to improve medication adherence

Patient referrals to the doctors

ADR monitoring in community pharmacies **12 Hrs**

5. Health Promotion - Definition and health promotion activities, family planning, Health screening services, first aid, prevention of communicable and non–communicable diseases, smoking cessation, Child & mother care

   National Health Programs- Role of Community Pharmacist in Malaria and TB control programs

   Home Medicines review program - Definition, objectives, Guidelines, method and outcomes

   Research in community pharmacy Practice **12 Hrs**

REFERENCES

1. Hospital Pharmacy – Hassan WE. Lea and Febiger publication.
2. Textbook of hospital pharmacy – Allwood MC and Blackwell.
3. Avery's Drug Treatment, Adis International Limited.
4. Community Pharmacy Practice - Ramesh Adepu, BSP Publishers, Hyderabad
5. Remington Pharmaceutical Sciences.
6. Relevant review articles from recent medical and pharmaceutical literature

CLINICAL RESEARCH
(MPP 104T)

SCOPE

This course aims to provide the students an opportunity to learn drug development process especially the phases of clinical trials and also the ethical issues involved in the conduct of clinical research. Also, it aims to imparts knowledge and develop skills on conceptualizing, designing, conducting and managing clinical trials.

OBJECTIVES

Upon completion of this course it is expected that students shall be able to:

- Know the new drug development process.
- Understand the regulatory and ethical requirements.
- Appreciate and conduct the clinical trials activities
- Know safety monitoring and reporting in clinical trials
- Manage the trial coordination process

THEORY **60 Hrs**

1. Drug development process: Introduction, various approaches to drug discovery, Investigational new drug application submission Ethics in Biomedical Research: Ethical Issues in Biomedical Research - Principles of ethics in biomedical research, Ethical committee [institutional review board] – its constitution and functions, Challenges in implementation of ethical guidelines, ICH GCP guidelines and ICMR guidelines in conduct of Clinical trials, Drug Safety Reporting. **12 Hrs**

2. Types and Designs used in Clinical Research: Planning and execution of clinical trials, Various Phases of clinical trials, Bioavailability and Bioequivalence studies, Randomization techniques (Simple randomization, restricted randomization, blocking method and stratification), Types of research designs based on Controlling Method (Experimental, Quasi experimental, and Observational methods) Time Sequences (Prospective and Retrospective), Sampling methods (Cohort study, case Control study and cross sectional study), Health outcome measures (Clinical & Physiological, Humanistic and economic)

   Clinical Trial Study team: Roles and responsibilities of: Investigator, Study Coordinator, Sponsor, Monitor, and Contract Research Organization. **12 Hrs**

3. Clinical trial Documents: Guidelines to the preparation of following documents: Protocols, Investigator's Brochure, Informed Consent Form, Case report forms, Contracts and agreements, Dairy Cards

   Clinical Trial Start up activities: Site Feasibility Studies, Site/Investigator selection, Pre–study visit, Investigator meeting, Clinical trial agreement execution, Ethics committee document preparation and submission **12 Hrs**

4. Investigational Product: Procurement and Storage of investigation product

   Filing procedures: Essential documents for clinical trial, Trial Master File preparation and maintenance, Investigator Site File, Pharmacy File, Site initiation visit, Conduct, Report and Follow up

   Clinical Trial Monitoring and Close out:

Preparation and conduct of monitoring visit: Review of source documents, CRF, ICF, IP storage, accountability and reconciliation, Study Procedure, EC communications, Safety reporting, Monitoring visit reporting and follow–up

Close-Out visit: Study related documents collection, Archival requirement, Investigational Product reconciliation and destruction, Close–Out visit report.

12 Hrs

5. Quality Assurance and Quality Control in Clinical Trials: Types of audits, Audit criteria, Audit process, Responsibilities of stakeholders in audit process, Audit follow–up and documentation, Audit resolution and Preparing for FDA inspections, Fraud and misconduct management. Data Management

   Infrastructure and System Requirement for Data Management: Electronic data capture systems, Selection and implementation of new systems, System validation and test procedures, Coding dictionaries, Data migration and archival

   Clinical Trial Data Management: Standard Operating Procedures, Data management plan, CRF & Data base design considerations, Study set–up, Data entry, CRF tracking and corrections, Data cleaning, Managing laboratory and ADR data,

   Data transfer and database lock, Quality Control and Quality Assurance in CDM, Data mining and warehousing. **12 Hrs**

REFERENCES

1. Principles and practice of pharmaceutical medicine, Second edition. Authors: Lionel. D. Edward, Aadrew.J.Flether Anthony W Fos , Peter D Sloaier Publisher:Wiley;
2. Handbook of clinical research. Julia Lloyd and Ann Raven Ed. Churchill Livingstone
3. Principles of Clinical Research edited by Giovanna di Ignazio, Di Giovanna and Haynes.
4. Central Drugs Standard Control Organization. Good Clinical Practices– Guidelines for Clinical Trials on Pharmaceutical Products in India. New Delhi: Ministry of Health.
5. International Conference on Harmonisation of Technical requirements for registration of Pharmaceuticals for human use. ICH Harmonised Tripartite Guideline. Guideline for Good Clinical Practice.E6; May 1996.
6. Ethical Guidelines for Biomedical Research on Human Subjects. Indian Council of Medical Research, New Delhi.
7. Textbook of Clinical Trials edited by David Machin, Simon Day and Sylvan Green, John Wiley and Sons.
8. Clinical Data Management edited by R K Rondels, S A Varley, C F Webbs. Second Edition, Jan 2000, Wiley Publications.
9. Goodman & Gilman: JG Hardman, LE Limbard, McGraw Hill Publications.
10. Relevant review articles from recent medical and pharmaceutical literature.

PHARMACY PRACTICE PRACTICAL – I
(MPP 105P)

SCOPE

Pharmacy Practice practical component includes experiments covering important topics of the courses Clinical Pharmacy Practice, Pharmacotherapeutics–I, Hospital & Community Pharmacy and Clinical Research.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS (24)

1. Treatment Chart Review (one)
2. Medication History Interview (one)
3. Patient Medication Counseling (two)
4. Drug Information Query (two)
5. Poison Information Query (one)
6. Lab Data Interpretation (two)
7. Presentation of clinical cases of various disease conditions adopting Pharmaceutical Care Plan Model (eight)
8. ABC Analysis of a given list of medications (one)
9. Preparation of content of a medicine, with proper justification, for the inclusion in the hospital formulary (one)
10. Formulation and dispensing of a given IV admixtures (one)
11. Preparation of a patient information leaflet (two)
12. Preparation of Study Protocol (one)
13. Preparation of Informed Consent Form (one)

PRINCIPLES OF QUALITY USE OF MEDICINES
(MPP 201T)

SCOPE:

This course is designed to impart basic knowledge and skills that are required to practice quality use of medicines (QUM) in different healthcare settings and also to promote quality use of medicines, in clinical practice, through evidence–based medicine approach.

OBJECTIVES:

Upon completion of this course it is expected that students shall be able to:

- Understand the principles of quality use of medicines
- Know the benefits and risks associated with use of medicines
- Understand regulatory aspects of quality use of medicines
- Identify and resolve medication related problems
- Promote quality use of medicines
- Practice evidence–based medicines

THEORY **60 Hrs**

1. Introduction to Quality use of medicines (QUM): Definition and Principles of QUM, Key partners and responsibilities of the partners, Building blocks in QMC, Evaluation process in QMC, Communication in QUM, Cost effective prescribing. **12 Hrs**

2. Concepts in QUM

   Evidence based medicine: Definition, concept of evidence based medicine, Approach and practice of evidence based medicine in clinical settings

   Essential drugs: Definition, need, concept of essential drug, National essential drug policy and list

   Rational drug use: Definition, concept and need for rational drug use, Rational drug prescribing, Role of pharmacist in rational drug use. **12 Hrs**

3. QUM in various settings: Hospital settings, Ambulatory care / Residential care, Role of health care professionals in promoting the QUM, Strategies to promote the QUM, Impact of QUM on E–health, integrative medicine and multidisciplinary care. QUM in special population: Pediatric prescribing, Geriatric prescribing, prescribing in pregnancy and lactation, prescribing in immune compromised and organ failure patients. **12 Hrs**

4. Regulatory aspects of QUM in India: Regulation including scheduling, Regulation of complementary medicines, Regulation of OTC medicines, Professional responsibility of pharmacist, Role of industry in QUM in medicine development. **12 Hrs**

5. Medication errors: Definition, categorization and causes of medication errors, Detection and prevention of medication errors, Role of pharmacist in monitoring and management of medication errors

   Pharmacovigilance: Definition, aims and need for pharmacovigilance, Types, predisposing factors and mechanism of adverse drug reactions (ADRs), Detection,

reporting and monitoring of ADRs, Causality assessment of ADRs, Management of ADRs, Role of pharmacist in pharmacovigilance. **12 Hrs**

REFERENCES:

1. A Textbook of Clinical Pharmacy Practice - Essential concepts and skills - Parthasarathi G, Karin Nyfort–Hansen and Milap Nahata
2. Andrews EB, Moore N. Mann's Pharmacovigilance
3. Dipiro JT, Talbert RL, Yee GC. Pharmacotherapy: A Pathophysiologic Approach
4. Straus SE, Richardson WS, Glasziou P, Haynes RB. Evidence–Based Medicine: How to practice and teach it
5. Cohen MR. Medication Errors
6. Online:
   - http://medicinesaustralia.com.au/files/2012/05/MA_QUM_External_Red uced.pdf
   - http://curriculum.racgp.org.au/statements/quality–use–of–medicines/
   - http://www.rug.nl/research/portal/files/14051541/Chapter_2.pdf
7. Relevant review articles from recent medical and pharmaceutical literature.

PHARMACOTHERAPEUTICS II
(MPP 202T)

SCOPE

This course aims to enable the students to understand the different treatment approaches in managing various disease conditions. Also, it imparts knowledge and skills in optimizing drug therapy of a patient by individualizing the treatment plan through evidence–based medicines.

OBJECTIVES

Upon completion of this course it is expected that students shall be able to:

- Describe and explain the rationale for drug therapy
- Summarize the therapeutic approach for management of various disease conditions including reference to the latest available evidence
- Discuss the clinical controversies in drug therapy and evidence based medicine
- Prepare individualized therapeutic plans based on diagnosis
- Identify the patient specific parameters relevant in initiating drug therapy, and monitoring therapy (including alternatives, time – course of clinical and laboratory indices of therapeutic response and adverse effect/s)

THEORY 60 Hrs

1. Nervous system: Epilepsy, Parkinson's disease, Stroke, Headache, Alzheimer's disease, Neuralgias and Pain pathways and Pain management. **12 Hrs**
2. Psychiatric disorders: Schizophrenia,Depression, Anxiety disorders, Sleep disorders, Drug induced psychiatric disorders renal system: Acute renal failure, chronic renal failure, Renal dialysis, Drug induced renal disease **12 Hrs**
3. Infectious diseases: General guidelines for the rational use of antibiotics and surgical prophylaxis, Urinary tract infections, Respiratory tract infections, Gastroenteritis, Tuberculosis, Malaria, Bacterial endocarditis, Septicemia. **12 Hrs**
4. Infectious diseases: Meningitis, HIV and opportunistic infections, Rheumatic fever, Dengue fever, H1N1, Helmenthiasis, Fungal infections
   Gynecological disorders: Dysmenorrhea, Hormone replacement therapy. **12 Hrs**
5. Oncology: General principles of cancer chemotherapy, pharmacotherapy of breast cancer, lung cancer, head & neck cancer, hematological malignancies, Management of nausea and vomiting, Palliative care **12 Hrs**

REFERENCES

1. Roger and Walker. Clinical Pharmacy and Therapeutics – Churchill Livingstone publication.
2. Joseph T. Dipiro et al. Pharmacotherapy: A Pathophysiologic Approach– Appleton & Lange
3. Robins SL. Pathologic basis of disease –W.B. Saunders publication
4. Eric T. Herfindal. Clinical Pharmacy and Therapeutics– Williams and Wilkins Publication

5. Lloyd Young and Koda–Kimble MA Applied Therapeutics: The clinical Use of Drugs– Lippincott Williams and Wilkins

6. Chisholm– Burns Wells Schwinghammer Malone and Joseph P Dipiro. Pharmacotherapy Principles and practice–- McGraw Hill Publication

7. Carol Mattson Porth. Principles of Pathophysiology– Lippincott Williams and Wilkins

8. Harrison's. Principles of Internal Medicine – McGraw Hill

9. Relevant review articles from recent medical and pharmaceutical literature

CLINICAL PHARMACOKINETICS AND THERAPEUTIC DRUG MONITORING (MPP 203T)

SCOPE

This course is designed to enable students to understand the basics principles and applications of pharmacokinetics in designing the individualized dosage regimen, to interpret the plasma drug concentration profile in altered pharmacokinetics, drug interactions and in therapeutic drug monitoring processes to optimize the drug dosage regimen. Also, it enables students to understand the basic concepts of pharmacogenetics, pharmacometrics for modeling and simulation of pharmacokinetic data.

OBJECTIVES

Upon completion of this course it is expected that students shall be able to:

- Design the drug dosage regimen for individual patients
- Interpret and correlate the plasma drug concentrations with patients' therapeutic outcomes
- Recommend dosage adjustment for patients with renal/ hepatic impairment
- Recommend dosage adjustment for paediatrics and geriatrics
- Manage pharmacokinetic drug interactions
- Apply pharmacokinetic parameters in clinical settings
- Interpret the impact of genetic polymorphisms of individuals on pharmacokinetics and or pharmacodynamics of drugs
- Do pharmacokinetic modeling for the given data using the principles of pharmacometrics

THEORY 60 Hrs

1. Introduction to Clinical pharmacokinetics: Compartmental and Non compartmental models, Renal and non–renal clearance, Organ extraction and models of hepatic clearance, Estimation and determinants of bioavailability, Multiple dosing, Calculation of loading and maintenance doses

   Designing of dosage regimens: Determination of dose and dosing intervals, Conversion from intravenous to oral dosing, Nomograms and Tabulations in designing dosage regimen. **12 Hrs**

2 Pharmacokinetics of Drug Interaction: Pharmacokinetic drug interactions, Inhibition and Induction of Drug metabolism, Inhibition of Biliary Excretion

   Pharmacogenetics: Genetic polymorphism in Drug metabolism: Cytochrome P–450 Isoenzymes, Genetic Polymorphism in Drug Transport and Drug Targets, Pharmacogenetics and Pharmacokinetic / Pharmacodynamic considerations

   Introduction to Pharmacometrics: Introduction to Bayesian Theory, Adaptive method or dosing with feedback, Analysis of Population pharmacokinetic Data. **12 Hrs**

3. Non Linier Mixed Effects Modelling: The Structural or Base Model, Modeling Random Effects, Modeling Covariate Relationships, Mixture Model, Estimation Methods, Model Building Techniques, Covariate Screening Methods, Testing the model assumptions, Precision of the parameter estimates and confidence intervals, Model misspecification and violation of the model assumptions, Model Validation, Simulation of dosing regimens and dosing recommendations, Pharmacometrics software. **12 Hrs**

4. Altered Pharmacokinetics: Drug dosing in the elderly, Drug dosing in the paediatrics, Drug dosing in the obese patients, Drug dosing in the pregnancy and lactation, Drug dosing in the renal failure and extracorporeal removal of drugs, Drug dosing in the in hepatic failure. **12 Hrs**

5. Therapeutic Drug monitoring: Introduction, Individualization of drug dosage regimen (Variability - Genetic, age, weight, disease and Interacting drugs), Indications for TDM, Protocol for TDM, Pharmacokinetic/Pharmacodynamic Correlation in drug therapy, TDM of drugs used in the following conditions: Cardiovascular disease: Digoxin, Lidocaine, Amiodarone; Seizure disorders: Phenytoin, Carbamazepine, Sodium Valproate; Psychiatric conditions: Lithium, Fluoxetine, Amitriptyline;
Organ transplantations: Cyclosporine; Cytotoxic Agents: Methotrexate, 5–FU,Cisplatin; Antibiotics: Vancomycin, Gentamicin, Meropenem. **12 Hrs**

REFERENCES

1. Leon Shargel, Susanna Wu–Pong, Andrew Yu. Applied Biopharmaceutics & Pharmacokinetics. New York: Mc Graw Hill.
2. Peter L. Bonate. Pharmacokinetic – Pharmacodynamic Modeling and Simulation. Springer Publications.
3. Michael E. Burton, Leslie M. Shaw, Jerome J. Schentag, William E.Evans. Applied Pharmacokinetics & Pharmacodynamics: Principles of Therapeutic Drug Monitoring. Iippincott Williams & Wilkins.
4. Steven How–Yan Wong, Irving Sunshine. Handbook of Analytical Therapeutic Drug Monitoring and Toxicology. CRC Press, USA.
5. Soraya Dhillon, Andrzej Kostrzewski. Clinical pharmacokinetics. 1st edition. London: Pharmaceutical Press.
6. Joseph T.Dipiro, William J.Spruill, William E.Wade, Robert A.Blouin and Jane M.Pruemer .Concepts in Clinical Pharmacokinetics. American Society of Health–System Pharmacists, USA.
7. Malcolm Rowland, Thomas N. Tozer .Clinical Pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamics: concepts and applications. Iippincott Williams & Wilkins, USA.
8. Evans, Schentag, Jusko. Applied pharmacokinetics. American Society of Health system Pharmacists, USA.
9. Michael E. Winter. Basic Clinical Pharmacokinetics. Iippincott Williams & Wilkins, USA.
10. Milo Gibaldi. Biopharmaceutics and Clinical Pharmacokinetics. Pharma Book

Syndicate, USA.

11. Dhillon and Kostrzewski. Clinical pharmacokinetics. Pharmaceutical Press, London.
12. John E .Murphy. Clinical Pharmacokinetics. 5th edition. US: American Society of Health– System Pharmacist, USA.
13. Relevant review articles from recent medical and pharmaceutical literature

PHARMACOEPIDEMIOLOGY & PHARMACOECONOMICS
(MPP 204T)

SCOPE

This course enables students to understand various pharmacoepidemiological methods and their clinical applications. Also, it aims to impart knowledge on basic concepts, assumptions, terminology, and methods associated with Pharmacoeconomics and health related outcomes, and when should be appropriate Pharmacoeconomic model should be applied for a health care regimen.

OBJECTIVES

Upon completion of this course it is expected that students shall be able to:

- Understand the various epidemiological methods and their applications
- Understand the fundamental principles of Pharmacoeconomics.
- Identify and determine relevant cost and consequences associated with pharmacy products and services.
- Perform the key Pharmacoeconomics analysis methods
- Understand the Pharmacoeconomic decision analysis methods and its applications.
- Describe current Pharmacoeconomic methods and issues.
- Understand the applications of Pharmacoeconomics to various pharmacy settings.

THEORY **60 Hrs**

1. Introduction to Pharmacoepidemiology: Definition, Scope, Need, Aims & Applications; Outcome measurement: Outcome measures, Drug use measures: Monetary units, Number of prescriptions, units of drug dispensed, defineddaily doses, prescribed daily doses, Diagnosis and Therapy surveys, Prevalence, Incidence rate, Monetary units, number of prescriptions, unit of drugs dispensed, defined daily doses and prescribed daily doses, medications adherence measurements. Concept of risk: Measurement of risk, Attributable risk & relative risk, Time risk relationship & odds ratio

12 Hrs

2. Pharmacoepidemiological Methods: Qualitative models: Drug Utilization Review; Quantitative models: case reports, case series, Cross sectional studies, Cohort and case control studies, Calculation of Odds' ratio, Meta analysis models, Drug effects study in populations: Spontaneous reporting, Prescription event monitoring, Post marketing surveillance, Record linkage systems, Applications of Pharmacoepidemiology

12 Hrs

3. Introduction to Pharmacoeconomics: Definition, history of Pharmacoeconomics, Need of Pharmacoeconomic studies in Indian healthcare system.
   Cost categorization and resources for cost estimation: Direct costs. Indirect costs. Intangible costs.
   Outcomes and Measurements of Pharmacoeconomics: Types of outcomes: Clinical outcome, Economic outcomes, Humanistic outcomes; Quality Adjusted Life Years, Disability Adjusted Life Years Incremental Cost Effective Ratio, Average Cost

Effective Ratio. Person Time, Willingness to Pay, Time Trade Off and Discounting. **12 Hrs**

4. Pharmacoeconomic evaluations: Definition, Steps involved, Applications, Advantages and disadvantages of the following Pharmacoeconomic models: Cost Minimization Analysis (CMA), Cost Benefit Analysis (CBA), Cost Effective Analysis (CEA), Cost Utility Analysis (CUA), Cost of Illness (COI), Cost Consequences Analysis (COA). **12 Hrs**

5. Definition, Steps involved, Applications, Advantages and disadvantages of the following: Health related quality of life (HRQOL): Definition, Need for measurement of HRQOL, Common HRQOL measures.
   Definition, Steps involved, Applications of the following: Decision Analysis and Decision tree, Sensitivity analysis, Markov Modeling, Software used in pharmacoeconomic analysis, Applications of Pharmacoeconomics. **12 Hrs**

REFERENCES

1. Rascati K L. Essentials of Pharmacoeconomics, Woulters Kluwer Lippincott Williams & Wilkins, Philadelphia.
2. Thomas E Getzen. Health economics. Fundamentals and Flow of Funds. John Wiley & Sons, USA.
3. Andrew Briggs, Karl Claxton, Mark Sculpher. Decision Modelling for Health Economic Evaluation, Oxford University Press, London.
4. Michael Drummond, Mark Sculpher, George Torrence, Bernie O'Brien and Greg Stoddart. Methods for the Economic Evaluation of Health Care Programmes Oxford University Press, London.
5. GeorgeE Mackinnon III. Understanding health outcomes and pharmacoeconomics.
6. Graker, Dennis. Pharmacoeconomics and outcomes.
7. Walley, Pharmacoeconomics.
8. Pharmacoeconomic - ed. by Nowakowska - University of Medical Sciences, Poznan.
9. Relevant review articles from recent medical and pharmaceutical literature

PHARMACY PRACTICE PRACTICAL – II
(MPP 205P)

SCOPE

Pharmacy Practice practical component includes experiments covering important topics of the courses Principles of Quality Use of Medicines, Pharmacotherapeutics– II, Clinical Pharmacokinetics & Therapeutic Drug Monitoring and Pharmacoepidemiology and Pharmacoeconomics.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS (24)

1. Causality assessment of adverse drug reactions (three)
2. Detection and management of medication errors (three)
3. Rational use of medicines in special population (three)
4. Presentation of clinical cases of various disease conditions adopting Pharmaceutical Care Plan Model (eight)
5. Calculation of Bioavailability and Bioequivalence from the given data (two)
6. Interpretation of Therapeutic Drug Monitoring reports of a given patient (three)
7. Calculation of various Pharmacoeconomic outcome analyses for the given data (two)

PHARMACOLOGY (MPL)

ADVANCED PHARMACOLOGY – I
(MPL 102T)

SCOPE

The subject is designed to strengthen the basic knowledge in the field of pharmacology and to impart recent advances in the drugs used for the treatment of various diseases. In addition, this subject helps the students to understand the concepts of drug action and mechanisms involved

OBJECTIVES

Upon completion of the course the student shall be able to:

- Discuss the pathophysiology and pharmacotherapy of certain diseases
- Explain the mechanism of drug actions at cellular and molecular level
- Understand the adverse effects, contraindications and clinical uses of drugs used in treatment of diseases

THEORY **60 Hrs**

Unit-I **General Pharmacology** **12 Hrs**

Pharmacokinetics: The dynamics of drug absorption, distribution, biotransformation and elimination. Concepts of linear and non–linear compartment models. Significance of Protein binding.

Pharmacodynamics: Mechanism of drug action and the relationship between drug concentration and effect. Receptors, structural and functional families of receptors, quantitation of drug receptors interaction and elicited effects.

Unit -II. **Neurotransmission** **12 Hrs**

Neurotransmission

General aspects and steps involved in neurotransmission.

Neurohumoral transmission in autonomic nervous system (Detailed study about neurotransmitters– Adrenaline and Acetyl choline).

Neurohumoral transmission in central nervous system (Detailed study about neurotransmitter histamine, serotonin, dopamine, GABA, glutamate and glycine).

Non adrenergic non cholinergic transmission (NANC). Co– transmission

Systemic Pharmacology

A detailed study on pathophysiology of diseases, mechanism of action, pharmacology and toxicology of existing as well as novel drugs used in the following systems.

Autonomic Pharmacology

Parasympathomimetics and lytics, sympathomimetics and lytics, agents affecting neuromuscular junction.

Unit-III **Central nervous system Pharmacology** **12 Hrs**

General anesthetics

Sedatives and hypnotics, anti-anxiety drugs.

Depression, psychosis, mania, epilepsy, neurodegenerative diseases Parkinsonism and Alzheimer's).
Narcotic and non–narcotic analgesics.

Unit-IV **Cardiovascular Pharmacology** **12 Hrs**

Diuretics, anti-hypertensives, anti-ischemics, anti-arrhythmics, drugs for heart failure and hyperlipidemia.
Hematinics, coagulants and anticoagulants, fibrinolytics and anti– platelet drugs.

Unit-V **Autocoid Pharmacology** **12 Hrs**

The physiological and pathological role of Histamine, Serotonin, Kinins Prostaglandins Opioid autocoids.
Pharmacology of antihistamines, 5HT antagonists.

REFEERENCES

1. The Pharmacological Basis of Therapeutics, Goodman and Gillman's.
2. Principles of Pharmacology. The Pathophysiologic basis of drug Therapy by David E Golan, Armen H, Tashjian Jr, Ehrin J,Armstrong, April W, Armstrong, Wolters, Kluwer–Lippincott Williams & Wilkins Publishers.
3. Basic and Clinical Pharmacology by B.G Katzung.
4. Hand book of Clinical Pharmacokinetics by Gibaldi and Prescott.
5. Applied biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics by Leon Shargel and Andrew B.C.Yu.
6. Graham Smith. Oxford textbook of Clinical Pharmacology.
7. Avery Drug Treatment.
8. Dipiro Pharmacology, Pathophysiological approach.
9. Green Pathophysiology for Pharmacists.

PHARMACOLOGICAL AND TOXICOLOGICAL SCREENING METHODS - I (MPL 103T)

SCOPE

This subject is designed to impart the knowledge on preclinical evaluation of drugs and recent experimental techniques in the drug discovery and development. The subject content helps the student to understand the maintenance of laboratory animals as per the guidelines, basic knowledge of various *in-vitro* and *in-vivo* preclinical evaluation processes

OBJECTIVES

Upon completion of the course the student shall be able to,

- Appraise the regulations and ethical requirement for the usage of experimental animals.
- Describe the various animals used in the drug discovery process and good laboratory practices in maintenance and handling of experimental animals
- Describe the various newer screening methods involved in the drug discovery process
- Appreciate and correlate the preclinical data to humans

THEORY **60 Hrs**

Unit-I **Laboratory Animals** **12 Hrs**

Common Laboratory animals: Description, handling and applications of different species and strains of animals.
Transgenic animals: Production, maintenance and applications.
CPCSEA Guidelines for experimental animals.
Anesthesia and euthanasia of experimental animals
Maintenance and breeding of laboratory animals.
Good laboratory Practice.

Unit -II **Preclinical screening of new substances for the pharmacological activity using *in vivo*, *in vitro* and other possible alternative methods in animals.** **12 Hrs**

CNS Pharmacology:
General principles of preclinical screening, screening of behavioral and muscle coordination, CNS stimulants and depressants, anxiolytics, anti-psychotics, anti-epileptics, nootropics, Parkinsonism and Alzheimer's.
Drugs acting on Autonomic nervous system.

Unit-III **Preclinical screening of new substances for the pharmacological activity using *in vivo*, *in vitro* and other possible alternative methods in animals.** **12 Hrs**

Respiratory Pharmacology:
Anti-asthmatics, drugs for COPD and anti-allergic.
Reproductive Pharmacology: Aphrodisiacs and ant-fertility agents
Gastrointestinal drugs:

Anti-ulcer, anti-emetic, anti-diarrheal and laxatives
Analgesic, anti-inflammatory and anti-pyretic drugs.

Unit-IV **Preclinical screening of new substances for the pharmacological activity using *in vivo, in vitro* and other possible alternative methods in animals.** **12 Hrs**

Cardiovascular Pharmacology:
Anti-hypertensive, anti-arrhythmic, anti-anginals, anti-atherosclerotic, and diuretics.
Drugs for metabolic disorders:
Anti-diabetic, anti-hyperlipidemic and anti-cancer drugs.
Methods for screening of Hepatoprotective drugs.

Unit-V **Preclinical screening of new substances for the pharmacological activity using *in vivo, in vitro* and other possible alternative methods in animals.** **12 Hrs**

Immunosuppressant's and immunomodulators
General principles of immunoassay: Theoretical basis and optimization of immunoassay, heterogeneous and homogenous immunoassay system. Immunoassay methods evaluation; protocol outline, objectives and preparation. Immunoassay for digoxin and insulin.
Limitation of animal experimentation and alternate animal experiments. Extrapolation of in vitro data to preclinical and preclinical to humans.

REFERENCES

1. Biological standardization by J.H. Burn D.J. Finney and I.G. Goodwin.
2. Screening methods in Pharmacology by Robert Turner. A.
3. Evaluation of drugs activities by Laurence and Bachrach.
4. Methods in Pharmacology by Arnold Schwartz.
5. Fundamentals of experimental Pharmacology by M. N. Ghosh.
6. Pharmacological experiment on intact preparations by Churchill Livingstone.
7. Drug discovery and Evaluation by Vogel H.G.
8. Experimental Pharmacology by R. K. Goyal.
9. Preclinical evaluation of new drugs by S. K. Gupta.
10. Handbook of Experimental Pharmacology, S. K. Kulkarni.
11. Practical Pharmacology and Clinical Pharmacy, S. K. Kulkarni, 3rd Edition.
12. David R. Gross. Animal Models in Cardiovascular Research, 2nd Edition, Kluwer Academic Publishers, London, UK.
13. Rodents for Pharmacological Experiments, Dr. Tapan Kumar Chatterjee.
14. Practical Manual of Experimental and Clinical Pharmacology by Bikash Medhi , Ajay Prakash.

CELLULAR AND MOLECULAR PHARMACOLOGY
(MPL 104T)

SCOPE

This subject imparts a fundamental knowledge on the structure and functions of cellular components and helps to understand the interaction of these components with drug. This information will further help the student to apply the knowledge in drug discovery.

OBJECTIVES

Upon completion of the course the student shall be able to:

- Explain the receptor signal transduction processes.
- Explain the molecular pathways affected by drugs.
- Appreciate the applicability of molecular pharmacology and biomarkers in drug discovery process.
- Demonstrate molecular biology techniques as applicable for pharmacology.

THEORY **60 Hrs**

Unit-I **Cell biology** **12 Hrs**

Structure and function of cell and is organelles.
Genome organization. Gene expression and its regulation, importance of siRNA and micro RNA, gene mapping and gene sequencing.
Cell cycle and its regulation.
Cell death events, regulators intrinsic and extrinsic pathways of apoptosis. Necrosis and autophagy.

Unit -II **Cell signaling** **12 Hrs**

Intercellular and intracellular signaling pathways.
Classification of receptor family and molecular structure of :
Ligand gated ion channels, G-protein coupled receptors, tyrosine kinase receptor and nuclear receptor.

Secondary messengers :

cyclic AMP , cyclic GMP, calcium ion , inositol 1,4,5-triphosphte (IP_3), NO and diacylglycerol (DAG).

Detailed study of following intracellular signaling pathways:

cyclic AMP signaling pathway, mitogen-activated protein kinase (MAPK) signaling, Janus kinase (JAK) / signal transducer and activator of transcription (STAT) signaling pathway.

Unit-III **Principle and application of genomic and proteomic tools:** **12 Hrs**

DNA electrophoresis, PCR (reverse transcriptase and real time), Gene sequencing, microarray technique, SDS page, ELISA and western blotting.

Basic principles of recombinant DNA technology:

Restriction enzymes, various types of vectors. Applications of various recombinant DNA technology.

Gene therapy: various types of gene transfer techniques, clinical

applications and recent advances in gene therapy.

Unit IV **Pharmacogenomics :** **12 Hrs**

Gene mapping and cloning of disease gene.
Gene variation and its role in health / pharmacology.
Polymorphism affecting drug metabolism.
Genetic variation in drug transporters.
Genetic variation in G-protein coupled receptors.

Application of proteomic science :

Genomics, proteomics, metbolomics , functionomics , nutrigenomics.

Immunotherapeutics :

Types of immunotherapeutics, humanisation, antibody therapy, Immunotherapeutics in clinical practice.

Unit V **Cell culture techniques :** **12 Hrs**

Basic equipments used in cell culture lab. Cell culture media, various types of cell culture, general procedure for cell culture, isolation of cells 'subculture, cryopreservation, characterization of cells and their application.

Principles and applications of cell viability assays, glucose uptake assay, Calcium influx assays.

Principles and application of flow cytometry.

Introduction and applications of Biosimilars

REFERENCES

1. The Cell, A Molecular Approach. Geoffrey M Cooper.
2. Pharmacogenomics: The Search for Individualized Therapies. Edited by J. Licinio and M L. Wong.
3. Handbook of Cell Signaling (Second Edition) Edited by Ralph A. et.al.
4. Molecular Pharmacology: From DNA to Drug Discovery. John Dickenson et.al.
5. Basic Cell Culture protocols by Cheril D. Helgason and Cindy L. Miller.
6. Basic Cell Culture (Practical Approach) by J. M. Davis.
7. Animal Cell Culture: A Practical Approach by John R. Masters.
8. Current protocols in molecular biology Vol I to VI edited by Frederick M. Ausuvel et la.

PHARMACOLOGICAL PRACTICAL-I
(MPL 105P)

1. Analysis of pharmacopoeial compounds & their formulations by UV Vis spectrophotometer.
2. Simultaneous estimation of multi component containing formulations by UV Spectrophotometry.
3. Experiments based on HPLC.
4. Experiments based on Gas Chromatography.
5. Estimation of riboflavin/quinine sulphate by Fluorimetry.
6. Estimation of sodium/potassium by flame photometry.

LABORATORY ANIMALS EXPERIMENTS

1. Various routes of drug administration.
2. Techniques of blood sampling, anesthesia and euthanasia of experimental animals.
3. Functional observation battery tests (modified Irwin test)
4. Evaluation of CNS stimulant, depressant, anxiogenics and anxiolytic, anticonvulsant activity.
5. Evaluation of analgesic, anti–inflammatory, local anesthetic, mydriatic and miotic activity.
6. Evaluation of diuretic activity.
7. Evaluation of antiulcer activity by pylorus ligation method.
8. Oral glucose tolerance test.
9. Isolation and identification of DNA from various sources (Bacteria, Cauliflower, onion, Goat liver).
10. Isolation of RNA from yeast
11. Estimation of proteins by Braford/Lowry's in biological samples.
12. Estimation of RNA/DNA by UV Spectroscopy
13. Gene amplification by PCR.
14. Protein quantification Western Blotting.
15. Enzyme based in-vitro assays (MPO, AChEs, a -amylase, a- glucosidase).
16. Cell viability assays (MTT/Trypan blue/SRB).
17. DNA fragmentation assay by agarose gel electrophoresis.
18. DNA damage study by Comet assay.

19. Apoptosis determination by fluorescent imaging studies.
20. Pharmacokinetic studies and data analysis of drugs given by different routes of administration using softwares.
21. Enzyme inhibition and induction activity
22. Extraction of drug from various biological samples and estimation of drugs in biological fluids using different analytical techniques (UV)
23. Extraction of drug from various biological samples and estimation of drugs in biological fluids using different analytical techniques (HPLC)

REFERENCES

1. CPCSEA, OECD, ICH, USFDA, Schedule Y, EPA guidelines.
2. Fundamentals of experimental Pharmacology by M. N. Ghosh.
3. Handbook of Experimental Pharmacology by S.K. Kulkarni.
4. Drug discovery and Evaluation by Vogel H.G.
5. Spectrometric Identification of Organic compounds – Robert M Silverstein,
6. Principles of Instrumental Analysis – Doglas A Skoog, F. James Holler, Timothy A. Nieman.
7. Vogel's Text book of quantitative chemical analysis –Jeffery, Basset, Mendham, Denney.
8. Basic Cell Culture protocols by Cheril D. Helgason and Cindy L. Mille.
9. Basic Cell Culture (Practical Approach) by J. M. Davis.
10. Animal Cell Culture: A Practical Approach by John R. Masters.
11. Practical Manual of Experimental and Clinical Pharmacology by Bikash Medhi, Ajay Prakash Jaypee brothers' medical publishers Pvt. Ltd

ADVANCED PHARMACOLOGY-II
(MPL201T)

SCOPE

The subject is designed to strengthen the basic knowledge in the field of pharmacology and to impart recent advances in the drugs used for the treatment of various diseases. In addition, the subject helps the student to understand the concepts of drug action and mechanism involved.

OBJECTIVES

Upon completion the course the student shall be able to:

- Explain the mechanism of drug actions at cellular and molecular level.
- Discuss the pathophysiology and pharmacotherapy of certain diseases.
- Understand the adverse effects, contraindications and clinical uses of drugs used in the treatment of diseases.

THEORY **60 Hrs**

Unit-I **Endocrine Pharmacology** **12 Hrs**

Molecular and cellular mechanism of action of hormones such as growth hormone, prolactin, thyroid, insulin and sex hormone.

Anti-thyroid drugs, oral hypoglycemic agents, oral contraceptives, corticosteroids and drugs affecting on calcium regulation.

Unit -II **Chemotherapy** **12 Hrs**

Cellular and molecular mechanism of actions and resistance of antimicrobial agents such as β-lactams, aminoglycosides, quinolones, Macrolides antibiotics.

Antifungal, antiviral and anti-TB drugs.

Unit-III **Chemotherapy** **12 Hrs**

Drugs used in Protozoal infections, Helminthiasis and cancer.

Cellular and biochemical mediators of inflammation and immune response, allergy or hypersensitivity reactions, Pharmacotherapy of asthma and COPD.

Immunosuppressants and immunomodulators.

Unit-IV **GIT Pharmacology** **12 Hrs**

Anti-ulcer drugs, Prokinetics, anti-emetics, anti-diarrheals and drugs for constipation and irritable bowel syndrome.

Chronopharmacology

Biological and circadian rhythms, applications of chronotherapy in various diseases like cardiovascular disease, diabetes, asthma and peptic ulcer.

Unit-V **Free Radical Pharmacology** **12 Hrs**

Generation of free radicals, role of free radicals in etiopathology of various diseases such as diabetes, neurodegenerative diseases and cancer.

Protective activity of certain important antioxidants such as Vitamin E, Vitamin C, Curcumin, CoQ10, Lipoic acid etc.

Recent advances in the treatment of Alzheimer's disease, Parkinson's disease, cancer and diabetes mellitus.

REFERENCES

1. The Pharmacological basis of therapeutics-Goodman and Gill man's
2. Principles of Pharmacology. The Pathophysiologic basis of drug therapy by David E Golan et al.
3. Basic and Clinical Pharmacology by B.G-Katzung.
4. Pharmacology by H.P. Rang and M.M. Dale.
5. Hand book of Clinical Pharmacokinetics by Gibaldi and Prescott.
6. Text book of Therapeutics, drug and disease management by E T. Herfindal and Gourley.
7. Applied biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics by Leon Shargel and Andrew B.C.Yu.
8. Handbook of Essential Pharmacokinetics, Pharmacodynamics and Drug Metabolism for Industrial Scientists.
9. Robbins and Cortan Pathologic Basis of Disease, 9^{th} Ed. (Robbins Pathology)
10. A Complete Textbook of Medical Pharmacology by Dr. S.K Srivastava published by APC Avichal Publishing Company.
11. K. D. Tripathi. Essentials of Medical Pharmacology
12. Principles of Pharmacology. The Pathophysiologic basis of drug Therapy by David E Golan, Armen H, Tashjian Jr, Ehrin J, Armstrong, April W, Armstrong, Wolters, Kluwer–Lippincott Williams & Wilkins Publishers.

PHARMACOLOGICAL AND TOXICOLOGICAL SCREENING METHODS-II (MPL202T)

SCOPE

This subject imparts knowledge on the preclinical safety and toxicological evaluation of drug and new chemical entity. This knowledge will make the student competent in regulatory toxicological evaluation.

OBJECTIVES

Upon completion of the course the student shall be able to:

- Explain the various types of toxicity studies.
- Appreciate the importance of ethical and regulatory requirements for toxicity studies.
- Demonstrate the practical skills require conducting the preclinical toxicity studies.

THEORY **60 Hrs**

Unit-I	Basic definition and types of toxicology (general, mechanistic, regulatory and descriptive) Regulatory guidelines for conducting toxicity studies OECD, ICH, EPA and Schedule Y OECD principles of Good laboratory practice. History, concept and its importance in drug development	**12 Hrs**
Unit -II	Acute, Sub-acute and chronic-oral, dermal and inhalational studies as per OECD guidelines. Acute eye irritation, skin sensitization, dermal irritation & dermal toxicity studies. Test item characterization- importance and methods in regulatory toxicity studies.	**12 Hrs**
Unit-III	Reproductive toxicity studies, Male reproductive toxicity studies, Female reproductive studies (segment I and III), teratogenicity studies (segment II) Genotoxicity studies (Ames Test, *in vitro* and *in vivo* Micronucleus and Chromosomal aberrations studies) In vivo carcinogenicity studies	**12 Hrs**
Unit-IV	IND enabling studies (IND studies): Definition of IND, importance of IND, industry perspective, list of studies needed for IND submission. Safety pharmacology studies: origin, concepts and importance of safety pharmacology Tier 1- CVS, CNS and respiratory safety pharmacology, HERG assay. Tier 2- GI, renal and other studies.	**12 Hrs**
Unit-V	Toxicokinetics – Toxicokinetic evaluation in preclinical studies, saturation kinetics. Importance and applications of toxicokinetic studies. Alternative methods to animal toxicity testing.	**12 Hrs**

REFERENCES

1. Hand book on GLP, Quality practices for regulated non–clinical research and development (http://www.who.int/tdr/publications/documents/glp– handbook.pdf).
2. Schedule Y Guideline: drugs and cosmetics (second amendment) rules,2005, ministry of health and family welfare (department of health) New Delhi.
3. Drugs from discovery to approval by Rick NG.
4. Animal Models in Toxicology, 3rd Edition, Lower and Bryan.
5. OECD test guidelines.
6. Principles of toxicology by Karen E. Stine, Thomas M. Brown.
7. Guidance for Industry M3(R2) Nonclinical Safety Studies for the Conduct of Human Clinical Trials and Marketing Authorization for Pharmaceuticals

   (http://www.fda.gov/downloads/drugs/guidancecomplianceregulatoryinformation/guidances/ucm073246.pdf)

PRINCIPLES OF DRUG DISCOVERY
(MPL203T)

SCOPE:

The subject imparts basic knowledge of drug discovery process. This information will make the student competent in drug discovery process.

OBJECTIVES:

Upon completion of the course, the student shall be able to,

- Explain the various stages of drug discovery.
- Appreciate the importance of the role of genomics, proteomics and bioinformatics in drug discovery.
- Explain various targets, biomarkers and *in vitro* screening techniques for drug discovery.
- Explain various lead seeking method and lead optimization.
- Appreciate the importance of the role of computer aided drug design in drug discovery.

THEORY **60 Hrs**

Unit-I **An overview of modern drug discovery process:** **12 Hrs**

Target identification, target validation, lead identification and lead His Optimization Economics of drug discovery.

Target Discovery and validation- Role of Genomics, Proteomics and Bioinformatics. Role of Nucleic acid microarrays, Protein microarrays, Antisense technologies, siRNAs oligonucleotides, Zinc finger proteins Role of transgenic animals in target validation.

Unit -II **Lead Identification** **12 Hrs**

Combinatorial chemistry & high throughput screening in silico lead discovery techniques, Assay development for hit identification.

Protein structure

Levels of protein structure, Domains, motifs, and folds in protein structure. Computational prediction of protein structure Threading and homology modeling methods, Application of NMR and X-ray crystallography in protein structure prediction.

Unit-III **Rational Drug Design** **12 Hrs**

Structure and pharmacophore based approaches, virtual screening technique, rational approaches for reperfusing of existing molecules for new therapeutic target.

Introduction to molecular docking and QSAR statistical method and product concept.

Unit-IV **Classical Targets, Translational Medicine and Biomarkers in Drug Discovery** **12 Hrs**

Enzymes and Enzymes Inhibition, G-Protein-Coupled Receptors (GPCRs), Ion Channels, Membrane Transport Proteins (Transporters), Emerging Targets.

Definition of a Biomarker and Their Classification, Characteristics and Impact of Biomarkers, Biomarkers versus Surrogate End Points, Imaging Technologies, The Practical Application of Biomarkers.

Biomarkers for cancer (breast, lung, skin), diabetes, CVs etc.

Unit-V ***In vitro*** **screening systems** **12 Hrs**

The Language of Screening: Basic Terms, Biochemical versus Cellular Assays, Assay Systems and Methods of Detection, Radioligand Assay Systems (RIA), Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay (ELISA), Fluorescence-Based Assay Systems, Reporter Gene Assays, Kinetic Fluorescent Measurement Systems, Label-Free Assay Systems, Electrophysiological Patch Clamp, General Consideration for All Screening Methods.

REFERENCES

1. Mouldy Sioud. Target Discovery and Validation Reviews and Protocols: Volume 2 Emerging Molecular Targets and Treatment Options. 2007 Humana Press Inc.
2. Darryl León. Scott Markel In. Silico Technologies in Drug Target Identification and Validation. 2006 by Taylor and Francis Group, LLC.
3. Johanna K. DiStefano. Disease Gene Identification. Methods and Protocols. Springer New York Dordrecht Heidelberg London.
4. Hugo Kubiny. QSAR: Hansch Analysis and Related Approaches. Methods and Principles in Medicinal Chemistry. Publisher Wiley–VCH
5. Klaus Gubernator, Hans Joachin Bohm. Structure–Based Ligand Design. Methods and Principles in Medicinal Chemistry. Publisher Wiley–VCH
6. Abby L . Parrill. M . Rami Reddy. Rational Drug Design. Novel Methodology and Practical Applications. ACS Symposium Series; American Chemical Society: Washington, DC, 1999.
7. J. Rick Turner. New drug development design, methodology and, analysis. John Wiley & Sons, Inc., New Jersey.
8. Benjamin Blass. Basic Principles of Drug Discovery and Development.1st Edition, Academic Press.

CLINICAL RESEARCH AND PHARMACOVIGILANCE
(MPL204T)

SCOPE:

This subject will provide a value addition and current requirement for the students in clinical research and pharmacovigilance. It will reach the students on conceptualizing, designing, conducting, managing and reporting of clinical trials. This subject also focuses on global scenario of Pharmacovigilance in different methods that can be used to generate safety data. It will teach the students in developing drug safety data in Pre-clinical, Clinical phases of Drug development and post market surveillance.

OBJECTIVES:

Upon completion of the course, the student shall be able to:

- Explain the regulatory requirements for conducting clinical trial.
- Demonstrate the types of clinical trial designs.
- Explain the responsibilities of key players involved in clinical trials.
- Execute safety monitoring, reporting and close-out activities.
- Explain the principles of Pharmacovigilance.
- Detect new adverse drug reaction and their assessment.
- Perform the adverse drug reaction reporting systems and communication in Pharmacovigilance.

THEORY **60 Hrs**

Unit-I **Regulatory Perspective of Clinical Trials:** **12 Hrs**

Origin and Principles of International Conference on Harmonization-Good Clinical Practice (ICH-GCP) guidelines.

Ethical Committee: Institutional Review Board, Ethical guidelines for Biomedical Research and Human Participant Schedule Y, ICMR.

Inform Consent Process: Structure and content of an Inform Consent Process Ethical principles governing informed consent process.

Unit -II **Clinical Trials: Types and Design** **12 Hrs**

Experimental Study- RCT and Non RCT

Observation Study: Cohort , Case control, Cross sectional

Clinical trial Study Team

Roles and responsibilities of Clinical Trial Personnel: Investigator, Study Coordinator, Sponsor, Contract Research Organization and its management

Unit-III **Clinical Trial Documentation**- Guidelines to the preparation of documents, Preparation of protocol, Investigator Brochure, Case Report Forms, Clinical Study Report Clinical Trial Monitoring Safety monitoring in CT **12 Hrs**

Adverse Drug Reactions: definition and types. Detection and reporting methods. Severity and seriousness assessment. Predictability and preventability assessment, Management of adverse drug reactions ; terminologies of ADR

Unit-IV **Basic aspects, terminologies and establishment of Pharmacovigilance** **12 Hrs**

History and progress of Pharmacovigilance, Significant of safety

monitoring, pharmacovigilance in India and international aspects, WHO international drug monitoring programme, WHO and Regulatory terminologies of ADR, evaluation of medication safety, Establishing pharmacovigilance centers in Hospitals, Industry and National programmes related to pharmacovigilance. Roles and responsibilities in Pharmacovigilance

Unit-V **Methods, ADR reporting and tools used in Pharmacovigilance** **12 Hrs**

International classification of diseases, International Non-proprietary names for drugs, Passive and Active surveillance, Comparative observational studies, Targeted clinical investigations and Vaccine safety surveillance. Spontaneous reporting system and Reporting to regulatory authorities, Guidelines for ADRs reporting. Arugs, Aris G Pharmacovigilance, Vigiflow, Statistical methods for evaluating medication safety data. Introduction to pharmacoepidemiology and pharmacoeconomics.

REFERENCES

1. Central Drugs Standard Control Organization– Good Clinical Practices, Guidelines for Clinical Trials on Pharmaceutical Products in India. New Delhi: Ministry of Health;2001.
2. International Conference on Harmonization of Technical requirements for registration of Pharmaceuticals for human use. ICH Harmonized Tripartite Guideline. Guideline for Good Clinical Practice.E6; May 1996.
3. Ethical guidelines for Biomediical Research on Human Subjects 2000. Indian Council of Medical Research, New Delhi.
4. Textbook of Clinical trials by David Machin, Simon Day and Sylvan Green. 2005. John Wiley and Sons.
5. Clinical Data management edited by R. K. Rondels, S A Varley, C F Webbs. Second edition, 2000. Wiley Publications.
6. Handbook of Clinical research. Julia Lloyd and Ann Raven Ed. Churchill Livingstone.
7. Principles of Clinical Research edited by Giovanna di lgnazio, di Giovanna and Haynes.

PHARMACOLOGICAL PRACTICAL – II
(MPL 205P)

1. To record the DRC of agonist using suitable isolated tissues preparation.
2. To study the effects of antagonist/potentiating agents on DRC of agonist using suitable isolated tissue preparation.
3. To determine to the strength of unknown sample by matching bioassay by using suitable tissue preparation.
4. To determine to the strength of unknown sample by interpolation bioassay by using suitable tissue preparation
5. To determine to the strength of unknown sample by bracketing bioassay by using suitable tissue preparation
6. To determine to the strength of unknown sample by multiple point bioassay by using suitable tissue preparation.
7. Estimation of PA2 values of various antagonists using suitable isolated tissue preparations.
8. To study the effects of various drugs on isolated heart preparations
9. Recording of rat BP, heart rate and ECG.
10. Recording of rat ECG
11. Drug absorption studies by averted rat ileum preparation.
12. Acute oral toxicity studies as per OECD guidelines.
13. Acute dermal toxicity studies as per OECD guidelines.
14. Repeated dose toxicity studies– Serum biochemical, haematological, urine analysis, functional observation tests and histological studies.
15. Drug mutagenicity study using mice bone–marrow chromosomal aberration test.
16. Protocol design for clinical trial.(3 Nos.)
17. Design of ADR monitoring protocol.
18. In-silico docking studies. (2 Nos.)
19. In-silico pharmacophore based screening.
20. In-silico QSAR studies.
21. ADR reporting

REFERENCES

1. Fundamentals of experimental Pharmacology–by M.N.Ghosh
2. Hand book of Experimental Pharmacology–S.K.Kulakarni
3. Text book of in-vitro practical Pharmacology by Ian Kitchen
4. Bioassay Techniques for Drug Development by Atta–ur–Rahman, Iqbal choudhary and William Thomsen

5. Applied biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics by Leon Shargel and Andrew B.C.Yu.

6. Handbook of Essential Pharmacokinetics, Pharmacodynamics and Drug Metabolism for Industrial Scientists.

PHARMACOGNOSY (MPG)

ADVANCED PHARMACOGNOSY – I (MPG 102T) **60 Hrs**

SCOPE

To learn and understand the advances in the field of cultivation and isolation of drugs of natural origin, various phytopharmaceuticals, nutraceuticals and their medicinal use and health benefits.

OBJECTIVES

Upon completion of the course, the student shall be able to know the,

- advances in the cultivation and production of drugs
- various phyto-pharmaceuticals and their source, its utilization and
- medicinal value.
- various nutraceuticals/herbs and their health benefits
- Drugs of marine origin
- Pharmacovigilance of drugs of natural origin

UNIT 1

Plant drug cultivation: General introduction to the importance of Pharmacognosy in herbal drug industry, Indian Council of Agricultural Research, Current Good Agricultural Practices,Current Good Cultivation Practices, Current Good Collection Practices, Conservation of medicinal plants- Ex-situ and Insitu conservation of medicinal plants. **12 Hrs**

UNIT 2

Marine natural products: General methods of isolation and purification, Study of Marine toxins, Recent advances in research in marine drugs, Problems faced in research on marine drugs such as taxonomical identification, chemical screening and their solution. **12 Hrs**

UNIT 3

Nutraceuticals: Current trends and future scope, Inorganic mineral supplements, Vitamin supplements, Digestive enzymes, Dietary fibres, Cereals and grains, Health drinks of natural origin,Antioxidants, Polyunsaturated fatty acids, Herbs as functional foods, Formulation and standardization of neutraceuticals,Regulatory aspects, FSSAI guidelines, Sources, name of marker compounds and their chemical nature, medicinal uses and health benefits of following **12 Hrs**

i) Spirulina ii) Soya bean iii) Ginseng iv) Garlic v) Broccoli vi) Green and Herbal Tea vii**)** Flax seeds viii) Black cohosh ix) Turmeric.

UNIT 4

Phytopharmaceuticals: Occurrence, isolation and characteristic features (Chemical nature, uses in pharmacy, medicinal and health benefits) of following. **12 Hrs**

a) Carotenoids – i) α and β - Carotene ii) Xanthophyll (Lutein)
b) Limonoids – i) d-Limonene ii) α – Terpineol
c) Saponins – i) Shatavarins
d) Flavonoids – i) Resveratrol ii) Rutin iii) Hesperidin iv) Naringin v) Quercetin
e) Phenolic acids- Ellagic acid
f) Vitamins
g) Tocotrienols and Tocopherols
h) Andrographolide, Glycolipids, Gugulipids, Withanolides,

Vascine, Taxol
i) Miscellaneous

UNIT 5

Pharmacovigilance of drugs of natural origin: WHO and AYUSH guidelines for safety monitoring of natural medicine,Spontaneous reporting schemes for biodrug adverse reactions,bio drug-drug and bio drug-food interactions with suitable examples. **12 Hrs**

REFERENCES (Latest Editions of)

1. Pharmacognosy - G. E. Trease and W.C. Evans. Saunders Edinburgh,New York.
2. Pharmacognosy-Tyler, Brady, Robbers
3. Modem Methods of Plant Analysis- Peach & M.V. Tracey, Vol. I&II
4. Text Book of Pharmacognosy by T.E. Wallis
5. Marine Natural Products-Vol.I to IV.
6. Natural products: A lab guide by Raphael Ikan , Academic Press 1991.
7. Glimpses of Indian Ethano Pharmacology, P. Pushpangadam. Ulf Nyman.V.George Tropical Botanic Garden & Research Institute, 1995.
8. Medicinal natural products (a biosynthetic approach), Paul M. Dewick, John Wiley & Sons Ltd., England, 1998.
9. Chemistry of Marine Natural Products- Paul J. Schewer 1973.
10. Herbal Drug Industry by RD. Choudhary, Eastern Publisher, New Delhi,1996.
11. Cultivation of Medicinal Plants by C.K. Atal & B.M. Kapoor.
12. Cultivation and Utilization of Aromatic Plants, C.K. Atal & B.M. Kapoor
13. Cultivation of medicinal and aromatic crops, AA Farooqui and B.S.Sreeramu. University Press, 2001
14. Natural Products from Plants, 1st edition, by Peter B. Kaufman, CRC Press, New York, 1998
15. Recent Advances in Phytochemistry- Vol. 1&4: Scikel Runeckles- Appleton Century crofts.
16. Text book of Pharmacognosy, C.K.Kokate, Purohit, Ghokhale, Nirali Prakasshan, 1996.
17. Pharmacognosy and Pharmacobiotechnology, Ashutoshkar, New Age Publications, New Delhi.

PHYTOCHEMISTRY (MPG 103T) **60 Hrs**

SCOPE

Students shall be equipped with the knowledge of natural product drug discovery and will be able to isolate, identify and extract and the phytoconstituents

OBJECTIVES

Upon completion of the course, the student shall be able to know the,

- different classes of phytoconstituents, their biosynthetic pathways, their
- properties, extraction and general process of natural product drug
- discovery
- phytochemical fingerprinting and structure elucidation of
- phytoconstituents

UNIT 1

Biosynthetic pathways and Radio tracing techniques: Constituents & their Biosynthesis, Isolation, Characterization and purification with a special reference to their importance in herbal industries of following phyto-pharmaceuticals containing drugs:

a) Alkaloids: Ephedrine, Quinine, Strychynine, Piperine,Berberine, Taxol, Vinca alkoloids. **12 Hrs**

b) Glycosides: Digitoxin, Glycyrrhizin, Sennosides,Bacosides, Quercitin.

c) Steroids: Hecogenin, guggulosterone and withanolides

d) Coumarin: Umbelliferone.

e) Terpenoids: Cucurbitacins

UNIT 2

Drug discovery and development: History of herbs as source of drugs and drug discovery, the lead structure selection process,structure development, product discovery process and drug registration, Selection and optimization of lead compounds with suitable examples from the following source : artemesin, andrographolides. Clinical studies emphasising on phases of clinical trials, protocol design for lead molecules. **12 Hrs**

UNIT 3

Extraction and Phytochemical studies: Recent advances in extractions with emphasis on selection of method and choice of solvent for extraction, successive and exhaustive extraction and other methods of extraction commonly used like microwave assisted extraction, Methods of fractionation. Separation of phytoconstituents by latest CCCET, SCFE techniques including preparative HPLC and Flash column chromatography **12 Hrs**

UNIT 4

Phytochemical finger printing: HPTLC and LCMS/GCMS applications in the characterization of herbal extracts. Structure elucidation of phytoconstituents. **12 Hrs**

UNIT 5

Structure elucidation of the following compounds by spectroscopic techniques like UV, IR, MS, NMR (1H, 13C) **12 Hrs**

a. Carvone, Citral, Menthol

b. Luteolin, Kaempferol

c. Nicotine, Caffeine iv) Glycyrrhizin.

REFERENCES (LATEST EDITIONS OF)

1. Organic chemistry by I.L. Finar Vol.II

2. Pharmacognosy by Trease and Evans, ELBS.
3. Pharmacognosy by Tylor and Brady.
4. Text book of Pharmacognosy by Wallis.
5. Clark's isolation and Identification of drugs by A.C. Mottal.
6. Plant Drug Analysis by Wagner & Bladt.
7. Wilson and Gisvolds text book of Organic Medicinnal and Pharmaceutical Chemistry by Deorge. R.F.
8. The Chemistry of Natural Products, Edited by R.H. Thomson, Springer International Edn. 1994.
9. Natural Products Chemistry Practical Manual by Anees A Siddiqui and SeemiSiddiqui
10. Organic Chemistry of Natural Products, Vol. 1&2. Gurdeep R Chatwal.
11. Chemistry of Natural Products- Vol. 1 onwards IWPAC.
12. Modem Methods of Plant Analysis- Peach & M.V. Tracey, Vol. I&II
13. Medicinal Natural products – a biosynthetic approach, Dewick PM, John Wiley & Sons, Toronto, 1998.
14. Chemistry of Natural Products, Bhat SV, Nagasampagi BA, Meenakshi S, Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi.
15. Pharmacognosy & Phytochemistry of Medicinal Plants, 2nd edition, Bruneton J, Interceptt Ltd., New York, 1999

INDUSTRIAL PHARMACOGNOSTICAL TECHNOLOGY (MPG 104T)	60 Hrs
SCOPE To understand the Industrial and commercial potential of drugs of natural origin, integrate traditional Indian systems of medicine with modern medicine and also to know regulatory and quality policy for the trade of herbals and drugs of natural origin. **OBJECTIVES** By the end of the course the student shall be able to know, • the requirements for setting up the herbal/natural drug industry. • the guidelines for quality of herbal/natural medicines and regulatory issues. • the patenting/IPR of herbals/natural drugs and trade of raw and finished materials.	
UNIT 1 **Herbal drug industry:** Infrastructure of herbal drug industry Involved in production of standardized extracts and various Dosage forms. Current challenges in upgrading and modernization of herbal formulations. Entrepreneurship Development, Project selection, project report, technical knowledge, Capital venture, plant design, layout and construction. Pilot plant scale –up techniques, case studies of herbal extracts. Formulation and production management of herbals.	**12 Hrs**
UNIT 2 **Regulatory requirements for setting herbal drug industry:** Global marketing management. Indian and international patent law as applicable herbal drugs and natural products. Export - Import (EXIM) policy, TRIPS. Quality assurance in herbal/natural drug products. Concepts of TQM, GMP, GLP, ISO-9000.	**12 Hrs**
UNIT 3 **Monographs of herbal drugs:** General parameters of monographs of herbal drugs and comparative study in IP, USP, Ayurvedic Pharmacopoeia, Siddha and Unani Pharmacopoeia, American herbal pharmacopoeia, British herbal pharmacopoeia, WHO guidelines in quality assessment of herbal drugs.	**12 Hrs**
UNIT 4 **Testing of natural products and drugs:** Herbal medicines -clinical laboratory testing. Stability testing of natural products, protocols.	**12 Hrs**
UNIT 5 **Patents:** Indian and international patent laws, proposed amendments as applicable to herbal/natural products and process. Geographical indication, Copyright, Patentable subject maters, novelty, non obviousness, utility, enablement and best mode, procedure for Indian patent filing, patent processing, grant of patents, rights of patents, cases of patents, opposition and revocation of patents, patent search and literature, Controllers of patents.	**12 Hrs**

REFERENCES (Latest Editions of)

1. Herbal drug industry by R.D. Choudhary (1996), Eastern Publisher, New Delhi.
2. GMP for Botanicals - Regulatory and Quality issues on Phytomedicine by Pulok K Mukharjee (2003), Ist Edition, Business horizons Robert Verpoorte, New Delhi.

3. Quality control of herbal drugs by Pulok K Mukarjee (2002), Business Horizons Pharmaceutical Publisher, New Delhi.

4. PDR for Herbal Medicines (2000), Medicinal Economic Company, New Jersey.

5. Indian Herbal Pharmacopoeia (2002), IDMA, Mumbai.

6. Text book of Pharmacognosy by C.K. Kokate, Purohit, Gokhlae (1996), Nirali Prakashan, New Delhi.

7. Text book of Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry by Vinod D. RangarI (2002), Part I & II, Career Publication, Nasik, India.

8. Plant drug analysis by H.Wagner and S.Bladt, Springer, Berlin.

9. Standardization of Botanicals. Testing and extraction methods of medicinal herbs by V. Rajpal (2004), Vol.I, Eastern Publisher, New Delhi.

10. Phytochemical Dictionary. Handbook of Bioactive Compounds from Plants by J.B.Harborne, (1999), IInd Edition, Taylor and Francis Ltd, UK.

11. Herbal Medicine. Expanded Commission E Monographs by M.Blumenthal, (2004), IST Edition,

12. Drug Formulation Manual by D.P.S.Kohli and D.H.Shah (1998), Eastern Publisher, New Delhi.

PHARMACOGNOSY PRACTICAL – I
(MPG I05P)

1. Analysis of Pharmacopoeial compounds of natural origin and their formulations by UV Vis spectrophotometer
2. Analysis of recorded spectra of simple phytoconstituents
3. Experiments based on Gas Chromatography
4. Estimation of sodium/potassium by flame photometry
5. Development of fingerprint of selected medicinal plant extracts commonly used in herbal drug industry viz. Ashwagandha, Tulsi, Bael, Amla, Ginger, Aloe, Vidang, Senna, Lawsonia by TLC/HPTLC method.
6. Methods of extraction
7. Phytochemical screening
8. Demonstration of HPLC- estimation of glycerrhizin
9. Monograph analysis of clove oil
10. Monograph analysis of castor oil.
11. Identification of bioactive constituents from plant extracts
12. Formulation of different dosage forms and their standardisation.

REFERENCES (Latest Editions of)

1. Indian Pharmacopoeia, 2017.

2. Florey K., "Analytical Profiles of Drug Substances", Academic press, Harcourt Brace Publishers, New York.
3. Skoog D.A., "Principles of Instrumental Analysis", 5th edition, 1998, Estern Press, Banglore.
4. Wagner H., Baldt S., "Plant Drug Analysis", Springer Publications, Berlin.
5. Deore S.L., Khadbadi S.S., et.al. "Experimental Phytopharmacognosy-A Comprehensive Guide", Nirali Prakashan, Mumbai,
6. Indian Herbal Pharmacopoeia, IDMA, Delhi.
7. Rangari V.D., "Pharmacognosy & Phytochemistry", Vol I &II, 3rd edition, Career Publications, Pune.
8. Kaushik A., et.al. "Formulation and Evaluation of Herbal Cough Syrup", European Journal of Pharmaceutical and Medical Research, Department of Pharmacy/Teerthankar Mahaveer University, Moradabad, India.

MEDICINAL PLANT BIOTECHNOLOGY (MPG 201T) **60 Hrs**

SCOPE

To explore the knowledge of Biotechnology and its application in the improvement of quality of medicinal plants

OBJECTIVES

Upon completion of the course, the student shall be able to,

- Know the process like genetic engineering in medicinal plants for higher yield of Phytopharmaceuticals.
- Use the biotechnological techniques for obtaining and improving the quality of natural products/medicinal plants

UNIT 1

Introduction to Plant biotechnology: Historical perspectives,prospects for development of plant biotechnology as a source of medicinal agents. Applications in pharmacy and allied fields. **12 Hrs**

Genetic and molecular biology as applied to pharmacognosy, study of DNA, RNA and protein replication, genetic code, regulation of gene expression, structure and complicity of genome, cell signaling, DNA recombinant technology**.**

UNIT 2

Different tissue culture techniques: Organogenesis and embryogenesis, synthetic seed and monoclonal variation, Protoplast fusion, Hairy root multiple shoot cultures and their applications. Micro propagation of medicinal and aromatic plants. Sterilization methods involved in tissue culture, gene transfer in plants and their applications.. **15 Hrs**

UNIT 3

Immobilisation techniques & Secondary Metabolite Production: Immobilization techniques of plant cell and its application on secondary metabolite Production. Cloning of plant cell: Different methods of cloning and its applications. Advantages and disadvantages of plant cell cloning. Secondary metabolism in tissue cultures with emphasis on production of medicinal agents. Precursors and elicitors on production of secondary metabolites.. **15 Hrs**

UNIT 4

Biotransformation and Transgenesis: Biotransformation bioreactors for pilot and large scale cultures of plant cells and Hrs retention of biosynthetic potential in cell culture. Transgenic plants, methods used in gene identification, localization and sequencing of genes. Application of PCR in plant genome analysis **13 Hrs**

UNIT 5

Fermentation technology: Application of Fermentation technology, Production of ergot alkaloids, single cell proteins, enzymes of pharmaceutical interest**.** **05 Hrs**

REFERENCES (Latest Editions of)

1. Plant tissue culture, Bhagwani, vol 5, Elsevier Publishers.
2. Plant cell and Tissue Culture (Lab. Manual), JRMM. Yeoman.
3. Elements in biotechnology by PK. Gupta, Rastogi Publications, New Delhi.
4. An introduction to plant tissue culture by MK. Razdan, Science Publishers.
5. Experiments in plant tissue culture by John HD and Lorin WR., Cambridge University Press.

6. Pharmaceutical biotechnology by SP. Vyas and VK. Dixit, CBS Publishers.
7. Plant cell and tissue culture by Jeffrey W. Pollard and John M Walker, Humana press.
8. Plan tissue culture by Dixon, Oxford Press, Washington DC, 1985
9. Plant tissue culture by Street.
10. Pharmacognosy by G. E. Trease and WC. Evans, Elsevier.
11. Biotechnology by Purohit and Mathur, Agro-Bio, 3rd revised edition.
12. Biotechnological applications to tissue culture by Shargool, Peter D, Shargoal, CKC Press.
13. Pharmacognosy by Varo E. Tyler, Lynn R. Brady and James E. Robberrt, That Tjen, NGO.
14. Plant Biotechnology, Ciddi Veerasham

ADVANCED PHARMACOGNOSY- II (MPG 202T)	**60 Hrs**
SCOPE To know and understand the Adulteration and Deterioration that occurs in herbal/natural drugs and methods of detection of the same. Study of herbal remedies and their validations, including methods of screening **OBJECTIVES** **Upon completion of the course, the student shall be able to know** • the validation of herbal remedies • methods of detection of adulteration and evaluation techniques for the herbal drugs • methods of screening of herbals for various biological properties	
UNIT 1 **Herbal remedies –** Toxicity and Regulations: Herbals vs 12 Conventional drugs, Efficacy of Herbal medicine products, Hrs Validation of herbal therapies, Pharmacodynamic and Pharmacokinetic issues	**12 Hrs**
UNIT 2 **Adulteration and Deterioration :** Introduction, Types of Adulteration/ Substitution of Herbal drugs, Causes and Measures of Adulteration, Sampling Procedures, Determination of Foreign Matter, DNA Finger printing techniques in identification of drugs of natural origin, detection of heavy metals, pesticide residues, phytotoxin, microbial contamination in herbs and their formulations.	**12 Hrs**
UNIT 3 **Ethnobotany and Ethnopharmacology:** Ethnobotany in herbal drug evaluation, Impact of Ethnobotany in traditional medicine, New development in herbals, Bio-prospecting tools for drug discovery, Role of Ethnopharmacology in drug evaluation, Reverse Pharmacology.	**12 Hrs**
UNIT 4 **Analytical Profiles of herbal drugs:** *Andrographis paniculata, Boswellia serata, Coleus forskholii, Curcuma longa, Embelica officinalis, and Psoralea corylifolia***.**	**12 Hrs**
UNIT 5 **Biological screening of herbal drugs:** Introduction and Need for Phyto-Pharmacological Screening, New Strategies for evaluatingNatural Products, In vitro evaluation techniques for Antioxidants, Antimicrobial and Anticancer drugs. In vivo evaluation techniques for Anti-inflammatory, Antiulcer, Anticancer, Wound healing, Antidiabetic, Hepatoprotective, Cardio protective, Diuretics and Antifertility, Toxicity studies as per OECD guidelines	**12 Hrs**

REFERENCES (Latest Editions of)

1. Glimpses of Indian Ethano Pharmacology by P. Pushpangadam. Ulf Nyman. V.George Tropical Botanic Garden & Research Institute.
2. Natural products: A lab guide by Raphael Ikan, Academic Press.
3. Pharmacognosy - G. E. Trease and W.C. Evans. WB. Saunders Edinburgh, New York.
4. Pharmacognosy-Tyler, Brady, Robbers, Lee & Fetiger.

5. Modem Methods of Plant Analysis- Peach & M.V. Tracey, Vol. I & II, Springer Publishers.
6. Herbal Drug Industry by RD. Choudhary, Eastern Publishers, New Delhi.
7. Text book of Pharmacognosy by C.K.Kokate, Purohit, Ghokhale, Nirali Prakashan.
8. Text Book of Pharmacognosy by T.E. Wallis, J & A Churchill Ltd., London.
9. Quality control of herbal drugs by Pulok K Mukherjee, Business Horizons Pharmaceutical Publishers, New Delhi.
10. Indian Herbal Pharmacopoeia, IDMA, Mumbai.
11. Text book of Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry by Vinod D. RangarI, Part I & II, Career Publication, Nasik, India.
12. Plant drug analysis by H.Wagner and S.Bladt, 2nd edition, Springer, Berlin.
13. Standardization of Botanicals. Testing and extraction methods of medicinal herbs by V. Rajpal (2004), Vol.I, Eastern PublisherS, New Delhi.
14. Herbal Medicine. Expanded Commission E Monographs, M.Blumenthal

INDIAN SYSTEMS OF MEDICINE (MPG 203T)	60 Hrs
SCOPE To make the students understand thoroughly the principles, preparations of medicines of various Indian systems of medicine like Ayurveda, Siddha, Homeopathy and Unani. Also focusing on clinical research of traditional medicines, quality assurance and challenges in monitoring the safety of herbal medicines. **OBJECTIVES** **After completion of the course, student is able to** -To understand the basic principles of various Indian systems of medicine -To know the clinical research of traditional medicines, Current Good Manufacturing Practice of Indian systems of medicine and their formulations.	
UNIT 1 Fundamental concepts of Ayurveda, Siddha, Unani and Homoeopathy systems of medicine Different dosage forms of the ISM. **Ayurveda**: Ayurvedic Pharmacopoeia, Analysis of formulations and bio crude drugs with references to: Identity, purity and quality. **Siddha**: Gunapadam (Siddha Pharmacology),raw drugs/Dhatu/Jeevam in Siddha system of medicine, Purification process (Suddhi).	**12 Hrs**
UNIT 2 Naturopathy, Yoga and Aromatherapy practices a) Naturopathy - Introduction, basic principles and treatment modalities. b) Yoga - Introduction and Streams of Yoga. Asanas, Pranayama, Meditations and Relaxation techniques. c) Aromatherapy – Introduction, aroma oils for common problems, carrier oils.	**12 Hrs**
UNIT 3 Formulation development of various systems of medicine Salient features of the techniques of preparation of some of the important class of Formulations as per Ayurveda, Siddha, Homeopathy and Unani Pharmacopoeia and texts. Standardization, Shelf life and Stability studies of ISM formulations	**12 Hrs**
UNIT 4 Schedule T – Good Manufacturing Practice of Indian systems of medicine. Components of GMP (Schedule – T) and its objectives Infrastructural requirements, working space, storage area machinery and equipments, standard operating procedures health and hygiene, documentation and records Quality assurance in ISM formulation industry GAP GMP and GLP. Preparation of documents for new drug application and export registration Challenges in monitoring the safety of herbal medicines Regulation , Quality assurance and control National/Regional pharmcopeias	**12 Hrs**
UNIT 5 TKDL, Geographical indication Bill, Government bills in AYUSH, ISM, CCRAS, CCRS, CCRH, CCRU	**12 Hrs**

REFERENCES (Latest Editions of)

1. Ayurvedic Pharmacopoeia, the Controller of Publications, Civil Lines, Govt. of India, New Delhi.

2. Hand Book on Ayurvedic Medicines, H. Panda, National Institute of Industrial Research, New Delhi.
3. Ayurvedic System of Medicine, Kaviraj Nagendranath Sengupata, Sri Satguru Publications, New Delhi.
4. Ayurvedic Pharmacopoeia. Formulary of Ayurvedic Medicines, IMCOPS, Chennai.
5. Homeopathic Pharmacopoeia. Formulary of Homeopathic Medicines, IMCOPS, Chennai.
6. Homeopathic Pharmacy: An introduction & Hand book, Steven B. Kayne, Churchill Livingstone, and New York.
7. Indian Herbal Pharmacopoeia, IDMA, Mumbai.
8. British Herbal Pharmacopoeia, British Herbal Medicine Association, UK.
9. GMP for Botanicals - Regulatory and Quality issues on Phytomedicine, Pulok K Mukharjee, Business Horizons, New Delhi.
10. Indian System of Medicine and Homeopathy in India, Planning and Evaluation Cell, Govt. of India, New Delhi.
11. Essential of Food and Nutrition, Swaminathan, Bappco, Bangalore.
12. Clinical Dietitics and Nutrition, F.P. Antia, Oxford University Press, Delhi.
13. Yoga - The Science of Holistic Living by V.K.Yoga, Vivekananda Yoga Prakashna Publishing, Bangalore.

HERBAL COSMETICS (MPG 204T)	**60 Hrs**
SCOPE This subject deals with the study of preparation and standardization of herbal/natural cosmetics. This subject gives emphasis to various national and international standards prescribed regarding herbal cosmeceuticals. **OBJECTIVES** After completion of the course, student shall be able to, • understand the basic principles of various herbal/natural cosmetic preparations • current Good Manufacturing Practices of herbal/natural cosmetics as per the regulatory authorities	
UNIT 1 **Introduction**: Herbal/natural cosmetics, Classification & Economic aspects. Regulatory Provisions relation to manufacture of cosmetics: - License, GMP, offences & Penalties, Import & Export of Herbal/natural cosmetics, Industries involved in the production of Herbal/natural cosmetics	**12 Hrs**
UNIT 2 **Commonly used herbal cosmetics, raw materials**, preservatives, surfactants, humectants, oils, colors, and some functional herbs, preformulation studies, compatibility studies, possible interactions between chemicals and herbs, design of herbal cosmetic formulation.	**12 Hrs**
UNIT 3 **Herbal Cosmetics :** Physiology and chemistry of skin and pigmentation, hairs, scalp, lips and nail, Cleansing cream, Lotions,Face powders,Face packs, Lipsticks, Bath products, soaps and baby product, Preparation and standardisation of the following : Tonic, Bleaches, Dentifrices and Mouth washes & Tooth Pastes, Cosmetics for Nails.	**12 Hrs**
UNIT 4 **Cosmeceuticals of herbal and natural origin:** Hair growth formulations, Shampoos, Conditioners, Colorants & hair oils, Hrs Fairness formulations, vanishing & foundation creams, anti-sun burn preparations, moisturizing creams, deodorants.	**12 Hrs**
UNIT 5 Analysis of Cosmetics, Toxicity screening and test methods: Quality control and toxicity studies as per Drug and Cosmetics Act.	**12 Hrs**

REFERENCES (Latest Editions of)

1. Panda H. Herbal Cosmetics (Hand book), Asia Pacific Business Press Inc, New Delhi.
2. Thomson EG. Modern Cosmetics, Universal Publishing Corporation, Mumbai.
3. P.P.Sharma. Cosmetics - Formulation, Manufacturing & Quality Control, Vandana Publications, New Delhi.
4. Supriya K B. Handbook of Aromatic Plants, Pointer Publishers, Jaipur.
5. Skaria P. Aromatic Plants (Horticulture Science Series), New India Publishing Agency, New Delhi.
6. Kathi Keville and Mindy Green. Aromatheraphy (A Complete Guide to the Healing Art), Sri Satguru Publications, New Delhi.

7. Chattopadhyay PK. Herbal Cosmetics & Ayurvedic Medicines (EOU), National Institute of Industrial Research, Delhi.

8. Balsam MS & Edward Sagarin. Cosmetics Science and Technology, Wiley Interscience, New York.

HERBAL COSMETICS PRACTICALS
(MPG 205P)

1. Isolation of nucleic acid from cauliflower heads
2. Isolation of RNA from yeast
3. Quantitative estimation of DNA
4. Immobilization technique
5. Establishment of callus culture
6. Establishment of suspension culture
7. Estimation of aldehyde contents of volatile oils
8. Estimation of total phenolic content in herbal raw materials
9. Estimation of total alkaloid content in herbal raw materials
10. Estimation of total flavonoid content in herbal raw materials
11. Preparation and standardization of various simple dosage forms from Ayurvedic, Siddha, Homoeopathy and Unani formulary
12. Preparation of certain Aromatherapy formulations
13. Preparation of herbal cosmetic formulation such as lip balm, lipstick, facial cream, herbal hair and nail care products
14. Evaluation of herbal tablets and capsules
15. Preparation of sunscreen, UV protection cream, skin care formulations.
16. Formulation & standardization of herbal cough syrup.

REFERENCES (Latest Editions of)

1. Dubey R.C., "A Textbook of Biotechnology", 1st edition, 1993, S. Chand Publication, New Delhi.
2. Indian Pharmacopoeia, Vol I & II, 2017
3. Deore S.L., Khadbadi S.S., et.al. "Experimental Phytopharmacognosy-A Comprehensive Guide", 1st edition, Nirali Prakashan, Mumbai, may 2011.
4. Ayurvedic Pharmacopeia of India
5. Worwood A.V., "The complete Book of Essential oil and Aromatherapy", Sept.1991, New World Liabrary, Calofornia.
6. Sharma P.P., "Cosmetics Formulation, Manufacturing & Quality control", 3rd edition, 2005, Vandana Publications, Delhi.
7. Gupta S., "Herbal Cosmetics and Beauty Products with Formulations", Engineers India Research Institute, Delhi.

SEMESTER III

MRM 301T - Research Methodology & Biostatistics

UNIT – I

General Research Methodology: Research, objective, requirements, practical difficulties, review of literature, study design, types of studies, strategies to eliminate errors/bias, controls, randomization, crossover design, placebo, blinding techniques.

UNIT – II

Biostatistics: Definition, application, sample size, importance of sample size, factors influencing sample size, dropouts, statistical tests of significance, type of significance tests, parametric tests(students "t" test, ANOVA, Correlation coefficient, regression), non–parametric tests (wilcoxan rank tests, analysis of variance, correlation, chi square test), null hypothesis, P values, degree of freedom, interpretation of P values.

UNIT – III

Medical Research: History, values in medical ethics, autonomy, beneficence, non–maleficence, double effect, conflicts between autonomy and beneficence/non–maleficence, euthanasia, informed consent, confidentiality, criticisms of orthodox medical ethics, importance of communication, control resolution, guidelines, ethics committees, cultural concerns, truth telling, online business practices, conflicts of interest, referral, vendor relationships, treatment of family members, sexual relationships, fatality.

UNIT – IV

CPCSEA guidelines for laboratory animal facility: Goals, veterinary care, quarantine, surveillance, diagnosis, treatment and control of disease, personal hygiene, location of animal facilities to laboratories, anesthesia, euthanasia, physical facilities, environment, animal husbandry, record keeping, SOPs, personnel and training, transport of lab animals.

UNIT – V

Declaration of Helsinki: History, introduction, basic principles for all medical research, and additional principles for medical research combined with medical care.